

Precombination vs. Precoordination

**Comparing LSCH
and RSWK**

Two subject heading languages

Library of Congress Subject Headings (LCSH):

- **prevalent Anglo-American indexing language**
developed by the Library of Congress since 1898
- **inspired many other subject heading languages**
e.g. the French RAMEAU

Regeln für den Schlagwortkatalog (RSWK):

(Rules for subject catalogs)

- **indexing language of the German speaking countries**
used in Germany, Austria and Switzerland
- **first edition 1986**
current: 3rd ed. 1998 (last revised in 2010)
major revision impending

Agenda

- 1. Some basic principles**
- 2. Presentation**
- 3. Browsing and searching**
- 4. Facets**
- 5. Conclusion**

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Precombination vs. precoordination

LCSH:

Academic libraries—Collection development

RSWK (*with English translation*):

Wissenschaftliche Bibliothek ; Bestandsaufbau

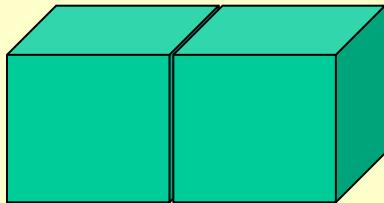
Academic library ; Collection development



*looks superficially similar
but: underlying principles completely different*

LCSH:

Academic libraries—Collection development

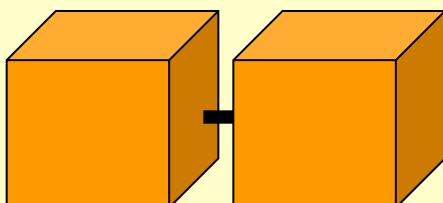


Two elements which have been precombined in advance („glued together“) to form one single heading

RSWK:

Wissenschaftliche Bibliothek ; Bestandsaufbau

Academic library ; Collection development



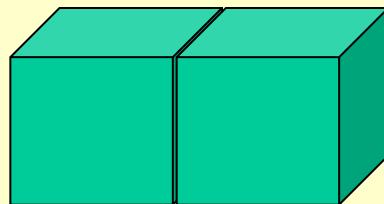
Two separate elements which are precoordinated („put together“) during the process of indexing according to the topic of the resource in hand

Authority records

- LCSH: one single authority record
for a complex concept, comprising two aspects

150 __ |a Academic libraries |x Collection development

550 __ |w g |a Collection development (Libraries)

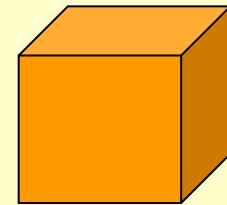


one large building block

- RSWK: two authority records
each for a simple concept: small building blocks

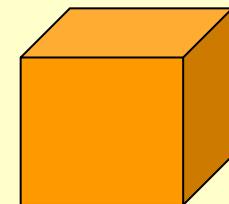
150 Wissenschaftliche Bibliothek
450 Wissenschaftliche Bibliotheken
550 !208865586!Bibliothek\$4obal

Academic library



150 Bestandsaufbau
450 Erwerbungspolitik\$vQuasisynonym
550 !211955949!Erwerbungsrichtlinie\$4vbal
550 !208911774!Erwerbung\$4vbal

Collection development

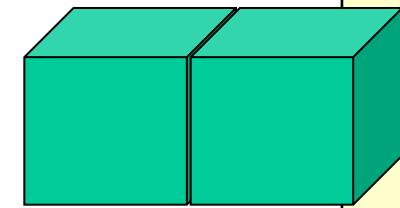


Structure of authority files

- many authority records needed in LCSH
each complex concept needs its own authority record

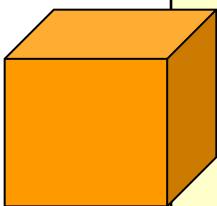
LCSH: *nine authority records for the following concepts*

Academic libraries—Collection development
Academic libraries—Interlibrary loans
Academic libraries—Reference services
Public libraries—Collection development
Public libraries—Interlibrary loans
Public libraries—Reference services
Medical libraries—Collection development
Medical libraries—Interlibrary loans
Medical libraries—Reference services



RSWK: only six records needed to express the concepts:

Wissenschaftliche Bibliothek	(Academic library)
Öffentliche Bibliothek	(Public library)
Medizinische Bibliothek	(Medical library)
Bestandsaufbau	(Collection development)
Leihverkehr	(Interlibrary loans)
Auskunftsdiest	(Reference services)



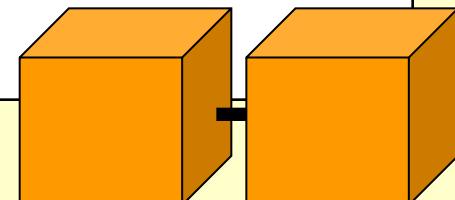
- **single concept headings can be freely combined to form the necessary subject heading strings, e.g.:**

Wissenschaftliche Bibliothek ; Bestandsaufbau

Öffentliche Bibliothek ; Bestandsaufbau

Medizinische Bibliothek ; Bestandsaufbau

etc.



Rules for combination in RSWK

Fixed citation order according to primary categories:

1. *persons (p)*
2. *geographic aspects (g)*
3. *topical aspects (s)*
4. *temporal aspects (z)*
5. *form aspects (f)*

g. Frankreich ; s. Architektur ; z. Geschichte 1998-2007 ;

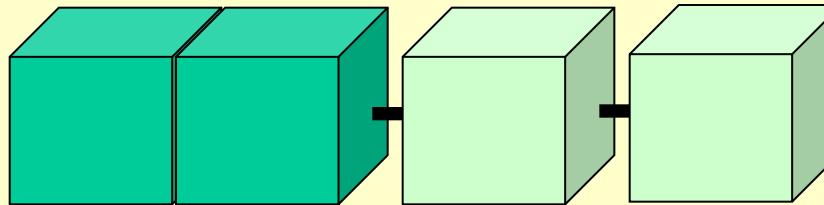
f. Bildband

g. France ; s. Architecture ; z. History 1998-2007 ; f. Pictorial work

- **Note:** *indicators for categories usually not shown in library catalogs*

Precoordination in LCSH

- **precombination supplemented by precoordination**
e.g. geographic subdivisions and „free-floating“ subdivisions, which can be freely added to precombined headings (note: no full authority record in these cases)



Examples:

Academic libraries—Collection development—United States—History—20th century

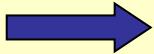
Public libraries—Reference services—Handbooks, manuals, etc.

Introduction of new topics

RSWK:

- **in most cases no need for new authority records**
typically the necessary single concept headings are already there and only have to be combined in a new way

LCSH:

- **often no suitable authority record exists**
or can be built by using free-floating subdivisions etc.
- **new headings difficult and time-consuming to create**
 *typical solution: combination of several existing headings although each of them is broader than the topic of the resource in hand*

Building Area Studies Collections

Edited by Dan Hazen
and James Henry Spohrer

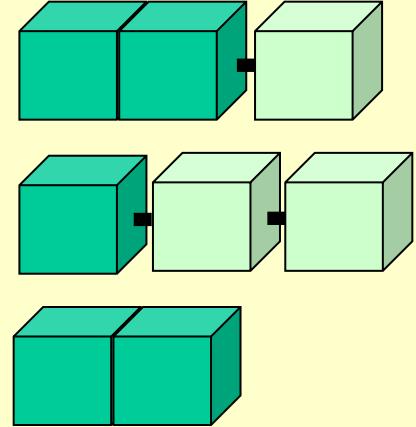
2007
Harrassowitz Verlag ·

Topic: Development of collections for area studies (Africa, Southeast Asia, Latin America etc.) in libraries

<i>David L. Easterbrook</i>	
Building Area Studies Collections in African Studies	13
Historical Background	13
Organizations	15
Organizational Publications and Websites	17
African Bibliographical Resources	21
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Ethical Issues	26
Conclusion	27
Bibliography	27
<i>Judith Henchy</i>	
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Challenges for Collections	61
Southeast Asia Collections:	
Breadth of Coverage and Diversity of Sources	63
Assessing Southeast Asia Collections in the United States	65
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Libraries --Special collections --Area studies.
Area studies --Bibliography --Methodology.
Academic libraries --Collection development.

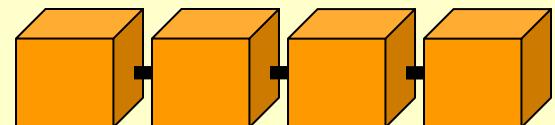
- **LCSH:** *three headings, each of them fairly broad*



Bibliothek ; Kulturraumforschung ; Bestandsaufbau ; Aufsatzsammlung

Library ; Area studies ; Collection development ; Essays

- **RSWK:** *one subject headings string which matches the topic exactly*



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User understanding

- **LCSH/RSWK: sometimes rather longish constructs**
can easily consist of more than three bits of information
- **RSWK: headings are simply put one after the other**
no additional means of expressing relationships
- **LCSH: makes use of prepositions and conjunctions**
close to natural language, more expressive and easier to understand than structured headings

Examples:

Libraries and children with mental disabilities

Librarians in motion pictures

Cows on postage stamps

Understanding of structured strings?

Personal name: Eberlein, Johann Konrad.

Main title: Harald de Bary : Leben und Werk / von Johann Konrad Eberlein ; mit einem Beitrag von Ilonka Czerny und dem vollständigen Werkverzeichnis
= Harald de Bary : life and work / by Johann Konrad Eberlein ; with a contribution from Ilonka Czerny and a complete catalogue of his work.

Published/Created: Frankfurt am Main : Dielmann, c2006.

Description: 223 p. : ill. (chiefly col.) ; 34 cm.

ISBN: 9783866381230

3866381239

Parallel title: Harald de Bary : life and work

Related names Bary, Harald de, 1935-

Subjects: Bary, Harald de, 1935- --Catalogues raisonnés.

Abstract expressionism --Germany --Catalogs.

- **Harald de Bary:**
exponent of a type of abstract art called „Informel“ or „Informal art“ (French: „art informel“)

Bary, Harald de ; Informel ; Geschichte 1955-2005 ; Bildband
Bary, Harald de ; Werkverzeichnis 1955-2005
Bary, Harald de ; Biographie

Bary, Harald de ; Informel ; History 1955-2005 ; Pictorial work
Bary, Harald de ; Catalogue raisonné 1955-2005
Bary, Harald de ; Biography

RSWK

Bachelor thesis (Sabrina Stutz):

- **only the subject headings were shown to students**
test persons were then asked what the book is about
- **results for this example:**
 - several test persons did not understand that the book is about Harald de Bary
 - some test persons thought that the three strings referred to three different books

Should we re-think presentation?

- present several topics in a clearer way

Topic 1: (...)

Topic 2: (...)

Topic 3: (...)

- break up strings in several facets, e.g.

Topic 2:

Person treated: Bary, Harald de

Form of treatment: Biography

Topic 3:

Person treated: Bary, Harald de

Form of treatment: Catalogue raisonné

Period covered: 1955-2005

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Strengths and weaknesses

- **LCSH:** *strong on browsing, weak on keyword searching*
- **RSWK:** *weak on browsing, strong on keyword searching*

Browse index

Number of entries

- **LCSH:** **headings often fairly general**
*reasonable number of different headings in the index,
often several titles with the same heading*
- **RSWK:** **very specific strings**
*very many different strings in the index,
often only one title for each string*

#	Hits	Headings (Select to View Titles)
[1]	11	Stuttgart (Germany)--Biography.
[2]	1	Stuttgart (Germany)--Biography--Portraits.
[MORE INFO]	3	Stuttgart (Germany) Bosch-Areal
[4]	57	Stuttgart (Germany)--Buildings, structures, etc.
[5]	1	Stuttgart (Germany)--Buildings, structures, etc.--Catalogs.
[6]	1	Stuttgart (Germany)--Buildings, structures, etc.--Designs and plans.
[7]	1	Stuttgart (Germany)--Buildings, structures, etc.--Designs and plans--Exhibitions.
[8]	5	Stuttgart (Germany)--Buildings, structures, etc--Exhibitions.
[9]	5	Stuttgart (Germany)--Buildings, structures, etc.--Guidebooks.
[10]	4	Stuttgart (Germany)--Buildings, structures, etc.--Pictorial works.
[11]	1	Stuttgart (Germany)--Census, 1987--Maps.
[12]	4	Stuttgart (Germany)--Church history.
[13]	1	Stuttgart (Germany)--Church history--Exhibitions.

extract from LC's browse index

- 1 [stuttgart / architekt / geschichte 1900-1960](#)
- 5 [stuttgart / architekt / geschichte 1900-1960 / bibliographie](#)
- 2 [stuttgart / architektur](#)
- 1 [stuttgart / architektur / bautätigkeit / zeitschrift](#)
- 1 [stuttgart / architektur / behnisch, günter / ausstellung / stuttgart 2003](#)
- 1 [stuttgart / architektur / bildband](#)
- 1 [stuttgart / architektur / geschichte](#)
- 1 [stuttgart / architektur / geschichte / atlas](#)
- 1 [stuttgart / architektur / geschichte / bildband](#)
- 1 [stuttgart / architektur / geschichte 1800-1850](#)
- 1 [stuttgart / architektur / geschichte 1875-1924](#)
- 1 [stuttgart / architektur / geschichte 1893-1910 / bildband](#)
- 2 [stuttgart / architektur / geschichte 1893-1910 / kunstführer](#)
- 1 [stuttgart / architektur / geschichte 1900-1990 / kunstführer](#)
- 1 [stuttgart / architektur / geschichte 1900-2000](#)
- 1 [stuttgart / architektur / geschichte 1918-1945](#)
- 1 [stuttgart / architektur / geschichte 1924-2004 / bildband](#)
- 1 [stuttgart / architektur / geschichte 1950-1960](#)
- 1 [stuttgart / architektur / geschichte 1996-2006 / kunstführer](#)
- 1 [stuttgart / architektur / geschichte 1997 / aufsatzsammlung](#)

*extract from the browse index
of the Southwest German
library network (SWB)*

Additional entry points:

- LCSH: covered by structural references
only possible if there is an authority record

150 __ |a Libraries |x Special collections

450 __ |a Library special collections

450 __ |a Special collections in libraries

550 __ |w g |a Library resources

second entry point under „s“

But:

Academic libraries—Austria

no entry point under „Austria“

Austria—Economic conditions

no entry point under „Economic conditions“

- **RSWK: covered by permutations**

order of the headings in a string is changed in order to bring each significant heading to front position

Stuttgart ; Architektur ; Geschichte 1875-1924

Stuttgart ; Architecture ; History 1875-1924

second, permuted string:

Architektur ; Stuttgart ; Geschichte 1875-1924

Architecture ; Stuttgart ; History 1875-1924

But:

- **no longer obligatory since 2010**

was also never done consistently in former times

- **alternatives need to be implemented**

e.g. KWOC index

Keyword searching

Different data models:

- **German-speaking countries**

*title records are linked with authority records,
both headings and see references can be used in
keyword searching*

- **Anglo-American world**

*mostly no links from title records to authority records:
only headings can be searched, but not see references*



*general technical problem, which will hopefully be
overcome by technical means in the near future*

Structural problems in LCSH:

- „see references“ for synonyms
stored in authority records for basic concepts only

150 __ |a Social sciences

450 __ |a Behavioral sciences

450 __ |a Human sciences

450 __ |a Sciences, Social

450 __ |a Social science

450 __ |a Social studies

550 __ |w g |a Civilization

150 __ |a Digital libraries

450 __ |a Digital curation

450 __ |a Digital media collections

450 __ |a Digital media libraries

450 __ |a Electronic libraries

450 __ |a Electronic publication collections

450 __ |a Electronic publication libraries

450 __ |a Electronic text collections

450 __ |a Virtual libraries

550 __ |w g |a Libraries

550 __ |a Information storage and retrieval systems

550 __ |a Web archives

- **precombined headings**
no „see references“ for synonyms

150 __ |a Social sciences |x Digital libraries
550 __ |w g |a Digital libraries

- **geographic or free-floating subdivisions**
no authority records, i.e. no references possible



*these problems are unknown in RSWK
due to its different structure*

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Seven facets
aimed specifically at the
browsing of poems

Need to make a toast? ▶ Find poems for weddings, commitment ceremonies, and other occasions.

POEMS
& POETS

FEATURES

RESOURCES

PROGRAMS
& INITIATIVES

POETRY
MAGAZINE

Home > Poems & Poets

POEMS

Share

POETS

REFINE YOUR SEARCH

SUBJECT

OCCASION

HOLIDAY

SCHOOL / PERIOD

POET'S REGION

POET'S BIRTHDATE

POETIC TERMS

1–20 of 10756 Poems

◀ 1 2 3 4 ▶

Views

Sort by Recently Added

Years

BY ALICIA OSTRIKER

I have wished you dead and myself dead,
How could it be otherwise.
I have broken into you like a burglar ...

Br
BY
She

<http://www.poetryfoundation.org>

Thanks to Debora Shon for this great example!

SUBJECT	Love Nature Social Commentaries ▼ more subjects
OCCASION	Anniversary Birth Birthdays ▼ more occasions
HOLIDAY	
SCHOOL / PERIOD	
POETS REGION	
POETS BIRTHDATE	
POETIC TERMS	▼ Verse Forms ▼ Stanza Forms ▼ Meters Blank Verse Common Measure Syllabic Free Verse ▼ Techniques ▼ Types/Modes

Some basic points about facets:

- **specific vs. universal facets**
„poetic terms“ or „occasion“ specific to a certain area, but there are also universal facets like place and time
- **number and presentation of values**
facets make most sense if the number of different values is not too large (e.g. „occasion“: only 11 values) and the values are well-arranged (e.g. hierarchically as in „poetic terms“)
 building of facets from RSWK and LCSH should concentrate on universal dimensions of time, place and form

Faceting LCSH/RSWK

RSWK:

- **has „built-in“ facets**
e.g. person headings, geographic headings, form headings, time headings
- **but: usually only one facet for subject headings**
e.g. University Library of Augsburg: all kinds of headings presented in the same drill-down facet

<https://opac.bibliothek.uni-augsburg.de/InfoGuideClient.ubasis/start.do?Login=iguba>

Themen/Schlagwörter (grob)
Kunst (30)
Abstrakte Kunst (28)
Geschichte (24)
Deutschland (23)
Ausstellung (18)
Lehrbuch (16)
Ästhetik (14)
Aufsatzsammlung (12)
Abstrakte Malerei (9)
Malerei (9)
Deutsch (8)
Kandinsky, Wassily (8)
Konkrete Poesie (8)
Literatur (8)
Konkrete Kunst (7)
Rezeption (6)
Staatsrecht (6)
Allgemeines Ver... (5)
Kongress (5)
Kunsterziehung (5)
Theorie (5)

LCSH:

- **complex headings must first be split up
in order to create facets**
- **FAST project (OCLC)**
Faceted Application of Subject Terminology

United States—Civilization—Italian influences—History—
20th century—Sources

reworked in FAST as:

Geographic: United States

Topical: Civilization—Italian influences—History

Period: 1900-1999

Form: Sources

- **there are also different attempts at creating facets
e.g. Endeca catalog of NCSU Libraries**

Time Period

- 1775-1783 (5)
- 17th century (9)
- 1815-1861 (5)
- 1837-1901 (4)
- 18th century (19)
- 1918-1945 (4)
- 1919-1932 (1)
- 1933-1945 (5)
- 1945- (49)
- 1945-1964 (3)
- 1945-1989 (2)
- 1947-1984 (1)
- 1971-1990 (1)
- 1975- (3)
- 1979- (3)
- 1979-1997 (16)
- 1984- (1)
- 1990- (3)
- 1993- (4)
- 19th century (44)
- 20th century (124)
- 21st century (23)
- Allied occupation, 1945-1952 (1)
- Civil War, 1642-1649 (10)
- German occupation, 1940-1945 (1)
- King William's War, 1689-1697 (3)
- Revolution, 1775-1783 (13)
- Soviet occupation, 1979-1989 (2)
- To 1863 (1)
- To 1900 (1)

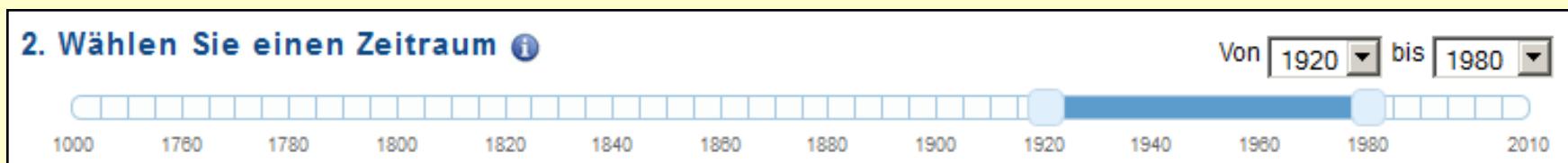
Time facet (Endeca):

- **more normalization needed**
using FAST headings would help
- **too many different values**
if presented in a facet at all, it would be better to have broader, yet more regular units (e.g. only centuries or decades)
- **only explicit years are used**
there are also cases like e.g. „Art, Early Christian“ or „Punic wars“, where the time information is hidden/implicit

<http://www.lib.ncsu.edu/catalog/>

Time headings in RSWK:

- even more manifold, as exact years are given, e.g.
Geschichte 1904-1912
Geschichte 1892-1929
Geschichte 1907
→ would all be relevant for somebody interested in the time span „1900-1910“
- could be solved by a special algorithm
which works out the relevant results for every query;
could be presented as a time bar instead of a facet
(a concept for this has already been developed)



Region

- Boston (7)
- Boston (Mass.) (4)
- Chicago (4)
- Connecticut (4)
- England (52)
- Europe (6)
- Florence (6)
- Florence (Italy) (4)
- France (8)
- Great Britain (19)
- Illinois (5)
- Istanbul (5)
- Italy (32)
- London (13)
- London (England) (6)
- Massachusetts (13)
- Mexico (8)
- New England (11)
- New York (State) (5)
- North Carolina (13)
- Pennsylvania (6)
- Philadelphia (4)
- Rome (14)
- Rome (Italy) (7)
- Russia (Federation) (5)
- South Carolina (7)
- Southern States (4)
- Spain (6)
- Turkey (7)
- United States (34)

Region facet (Endeca):

- **more normalization needed**
e.g. „Boston“ (place as geographic subdivision) vs. „Boston (Mass.)“ (place as main heading), using FAST headings would help
- **no hierarchical display**
„Europe“, „England“ and „London“ in the same list
- **only explicit place information**
geographic information about e.g. persons is not covered

Geographic facet based on RSWK

- **two prototypic implementations**
University Library of Mannheim
University Library of Heidelberg
- **based on country codes in authority records**
hierarchically structured codes:
continent – country – (federal state or canton)
e.g. *XA-DE-BW:*
Europe – Germany – Baden-Wurttemberg
- **country codes are stored in many records**
not only in geographic headings, but also in records for persons, corporate bodies, buildings, historic events etc.
 *in retrieval, the recall is much better when using the codes instead of geographic names*

043 XA-DE-BW

065 19.1b

083 T2--4346\$t2007-01-01

151 Schwarzwald

550 !209582146!Mittelgebirge\$4obin

670 B 1996, Geo-Du.

Black Forest

043 XD-US

065 7.14p;16.5p

083 973.932092\$sd3

100 Obama, Barack

375 m

400 Obama, Barack Hussein

400 Ūbāmā, Bārāk

500 !302386661!Obama, Michelle*1964-*\$4bezf\$vEhefrau

500 !178890049!Obama, Auma*1960-*\$4bezf\$vSchwester

548 1961\$4datl

548 04.08.1961\$4datx

550 !209069961!Politiker\$4berc

550 !208980806!Jurist\$4beru

550 !209494697!Präsident\$4beru

551 !209559403!Honolulu, Hawaii\$4ortg

670 LCAuth

678 \$b44. Präsident der USA seit 20.01.2009,
Friedensnobelpreisträger 2009

043 XA-FR

065 16.5

083 940.27\$sd1\$t2009-11-23

083 944.04\$sd3\$t2009-11-23

150 Französische Revolution

450 Revolution\$g1789

451 Frankreich\$xRevolution\$g1789

548 1789\$b1799\$4datb

551 !208922857!Frankreich\$4geoa

667 Beispiel in RSWK 3. Aufl.

670 M

679 1789-1799

French Revolution

Geographic Reference

- EUROPE (61)
 - Switzerland (2)
 - East Germany (GDR) (3)
 - Germany (44)
 - Baden-Württemberg (2)
 - Bavaria (2)
 - Lower Saxony (1)
 - North Rhine-Westphalia (2)
 - France (2)
 - United Kingdom (3)
- More options ▾

- **Geographic facet
in Mannheim**
*short version (left) and
full version (right)*

<http://www.bib.uni-mannheim.de/133.html>

Refine Search

Include	Exclude	Geographic Reference
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	EUROPE (61)
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	- Switzerland (2)
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	- East Germany (GDR) (3)
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	- Germany (44)
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	-- Baden-Württemberg (2)
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	-- Bavaria (2)
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	-- Lower Saxony (1)
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	-- North Rhine-Westphalia (2)
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	- France (2)
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	- United Kingdom (3)
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	- Russian Federation (3)
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	- Sweden (1)
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	- Ukraine (2)
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	ASIA (6)
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	- China (2)
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	- India (1)
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	- Japan (1)
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	- Taiwan, Province of China (1)
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	AMERICA (3)
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	- USA (3)

Continue

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Agenda

- 1. Some basic principles**
- 2. Presentation**
- 3. Browsing and searching**
- 4. Facets**
- 5. Conclusion**

Comparing LCSH and RSWK

- **radical structural differences between the systems**
very instructive to note and explore them
- **problems are partly similar, partly very different**
*often it can help to look at the solutions
of the other subject heading language*
- **browsing and searching**
*RSWK needs to improve on browsing,
LCSH needs to improve on keyword searching*
- **presentation and facetting**
should be further developed in both systems

References:

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**Thank you
for your attention!**

wiesenmueller@hdm-stuttgart.de