## Facile preparation of Au(111)/MICA substrates for high-quality graphene nanoribbon synthesis

## M. Hell<sup>1</sup>, B. Senkovskiy<sup>1</sup>, A. Fedorov<sup>1</sup>, A. Nefedov<sup>2</sup>, C. Wöll<sup>2</sup>, A. Grüneis<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> II. Physikalisches Institut, Universität zu Köln <sup>2</sup> Institut für Funktionelle Grenzflächen, Karlsruher Institut für Technologie, Eggenstein-Leopoldshafen



500x10<sup>3</sup>



**Motivation** The present work establishes the in-situ preparation of Au(111)/MICA as an inexpensive and simple method to prepare substrates of desired shape and thickness for surface polymerization reactions which are of interest to a growing community of researchers working on graphene nanoribbons.





Wavenumber [cm<sup>-1</sup>]

Br

## Photon energy [eV]

Photon energy [eV]

**Summary** We show an inexpensive and simple method to prepare high quality disposable Au(111)/MICA substrates for the surface polymerization of graphene nanoribbons using a molecular precusor. The spectroscopic investigation of GNR samples grown on this substrate indicates that the GNRs have spectra identical to those obtained from single crystal substrates. This has been checked using Raman spectroscopy, XPS and NEXAFS. The method introduced here is important for the growing GNRs community which wishes to synthesize GNRs on purpose made substrates.

Acknowledgements M.H., B.S. and A.G. acknowledge the ERC grant no. 648589 'SUPER-2D', funding from Quantum Matter and Materials and DFG project GR 3708=2-1. A.N. and C.W. acknowledge funding from the Science and Technology of Nanosystems program. Research supported by the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE), Office of Science, Basic Energy Sciences (BES), under Award no. DE-SC0010409 (design, synthesis and characterization of molecular building blocks) and the Center for Energy Efficient Electronics Science NSF Award 0939514 (SPM imaging and spectroscopy). We also thank Helmholtz Zentrum Berlin for the beamtime allocation.