

# Valves actuated by electric stepper motor-based linear drive

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#### Introduction

At present valves in cryogenic plants are mostly driven by pneumatic actuators. PLC generated electrical analogue or digital signals are guiding control valves via an electro-pneumatic positioner or digital shut-off valves by switching an electromagnetic pneumatic valve. However, the pneumatic air supply system with the needed electronic signal cabling is complicate and the complexity increases with the number of valves in the cryogenic plant and their geographical extent. Furthermore, a pneumatic air supply system has a very low energy efficiency, needs continuous servicing and requires space. Thus OPEX and CAPEX of an electro-pneumatic system to actuate the valves are high. One can observe new developments in in the refrigeration, natural gas and energy industries which use pneumatic free electric driven control or shut-off valves. Based on the positive experiences in these industries, innovative cryogenic and warm valves, actuated by an electric stepper motor-based linear drive were developed. Together with the electronic control module the full functionality including fail open or fail closed positions as well as many further control advantages are available. Using of electric stepper motor-based linear drives for cryogenic and warm valves allows a highly simplified installation and open a potential to reduce operation and capital costs remarkably. Presently, available are valves driven by an electric stepper motor-based linear drive up to size DN40 depending on the requested shut-off pressure. For bigger size of valves and higher shut-off pressure, innovative actuator systems with their own electro-hydraulic drive control system are available. Examples of such valves will be shown and described. Development perspectives will be discussed.



#### Today's electro-pneumatic driven valves

- Control and shut-off valves of a cryogenic plant/system are actuated by pneumatic air
- Many ancillary components: Air compressor, condensers/dryers, pneumatic distribution lines, drop lines, air supply filter control, e-p positioner, 3/2-way solenoid valves etc.
- Needs space, risk leaks, needs continuous servicing
- Operates at very low efficiency of about 6...10%
- Operation and capital costs for an electro-pneumatic valve actuating system are high!

#### Electric stepper motor-based linear drive

- Rotary movement of an electric stepper motor turns stepwise a high precision nut and threaded screw gear for a directly converse into a linear action
- High stable dynamic & holding torque, fine resolution, for accurate position control
- Open loop control requires accurate sizing of stepper motor and gear drive considering valve size and service conditions
- Increased applications for high accurate positioning devices (3D printing, medical and laboratory engineering etc.) allows further new applications ==> prices coming down remarkably!
- Electric energy supply and control system is considerably simpler, efficiency of 70% or even higher

### **Electronic control module**

- Does control the power supply to electric stepper motor-based linear drive in an open-loop
- Includes an adjusted control electronics with the valve specific algorithms (routines to confirm the
  valve travel calibrations, the speed control profile for spot landing set point w/h overshooting etc.)
- Independent power failure energy supply by super-cap for emergency operation (FC or FO) optional
- Actual control module with an analogue 0...10V signal, developments on direct digital signals are ongoing

## Valve design — cryogenic or warm valve

- Requests a similar level of accuracy and quality to make use of the advantages of a high precise electric stepper motor-based linear actuator (orifice bore, flow plug, seat design, travel, zero backlash coupling, seat seal for high tightness and zero calibration, high MTBF and low maintenance etc.)
- Retrofit of existing standard valves is possible

#### **Conclusions and prospects**

Cryogenic or warm valves for control or shut-off function, driven by an electric stepper motor-based linear drive and controlled with their programmed electronics shows a high potential of a massive simplification and cost reduction for the instrumentation of a cryogenic or any other process plants. Furthermore a high precise valve design allows to combine flow control and flow measuring functions, if pressure and temperature are known. First valves are already in service in specific applications. Further developments on the electronic control module will allow a full digital control of the valve. Actual available size of the stepper actuators, limiting the valve size up to DN40 depending on service conditions. However, there are further developments for high power actuator based on micro-hydraulic systems. For specific applications, such actuators are already available. Furthermore, rated design of the electric stepper motor-based linear drive allows services in high-vacuum, radiation loaded and space ambient. Thus, further specific valve design for mounting inside the cryogenic vacuum insulation as well as in radiation load surroundings are conceivable variants. For high accurate applications also stepper motor with encoder — for a closed loop valve travel control — may be possible. Next steps are to gain further operational experiences with cryogenic or warm valves actuated by an electric stepper motor-based linear drive controlled by their programmed electronics.