

Simulations and pre-experiment uncertainty analyses for a hydrogen diffusion experiment using a “two side purged membrane” setup

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Background and Objective

An experiment “Q-PETE” representative for the situation in the Helium Cooled Pebble Bed breeding zone and suitable for validation of relevant tritium transport codes is planned. In a temperature controlled setup a hydrogen loaded feed gas is directed over a steel membrane into which it can permeate. On the other side of the membrane a sweep gas flow collects the permeated hydrogen and transports it to a gas analysis (QMS) for quantitative time resolved detection.

→ **Methods to handle time resolved permeation experiments with sweep gas**, considering the **residence time distribution** of the sweep gas are introduced.

Issue

- The **time resolved** permeate flux signal over the membrane $j_{QQ}^M(t)$ is of interest for code validation and material parameter (Diffusivity D , Sieverts constant K_S) determination
- The purge flow **residence time distribution** in the permeate chamber (PSC) and the piping effects a **lag** and a **dispersion** in the measurable concentration signal $x_{QMS}(t) = j_{QQ}^{QMS}(t)/j_{SG}$

→ **The difference between $j_{QQ}^M(t)$ and $x_{QMS}(t)$ must be described!**

Simulation methodology

- System response $j_{QQ}^{QMS}(t) = j_{QQ}^M(t) * g(t) = \int_{u=0}^t s(u) \cdot g(t-u) du$
- Impulse response function $g(t)$ is residence time distribution
- Convolution integral $j_{QQ}^M(t) * g(t)$ is numerically solved
- Further model for QMS sampling and noise applied

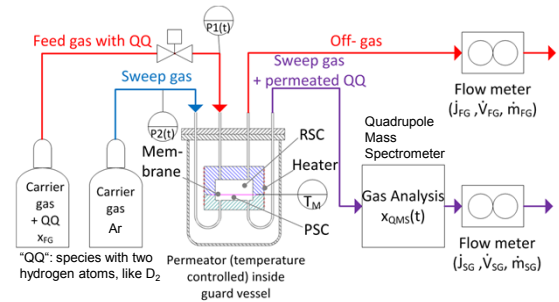
→ **Complete system signal simulation (prediction) implemented.**

Uncertainty estimation

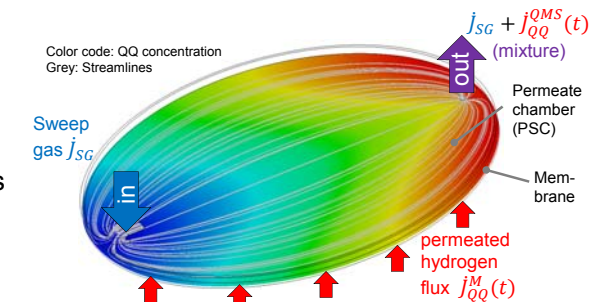
- As figure of merit, propagated uncertainties to D and K_S are estimated for a simplified analytic evaluation method.

$$(1) D \approx 0.16877 \cdot w_M^2 / \Delta\tau, \quad (2) \phi = D K_S = \frac{2 w_M}{A_M} \cdot \frac{x_{QMS}(t \rightarrow \infty) \cdot j_{SG}}{\sqrt{p_{QQ,1}} \cdot \sqrt{p_{QQ,2}}}$$
- Experimental setpoints can be optimized. For example: large flow rate and/or large membrane thickness: → good time resolution *but* low signal level (and vice versa).

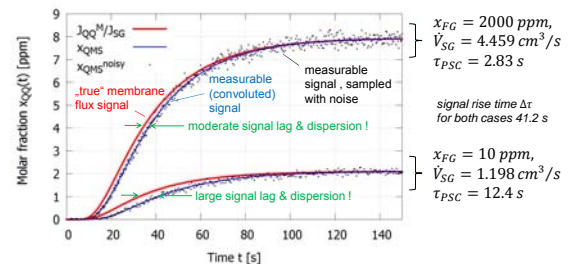
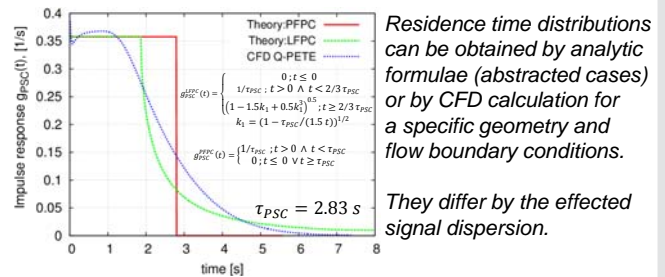
- The residence time distribution in the permeation setup volume before the analysis station has **significant** effect and can be predicted by appropriate methods.
- Experimental **uncertainties of ~ 15%** for the derived Sieverts constant for breeder zone typical conditions are expected for the Q-PETE purged permeation experiments.



Schematic flow and instrumentation diagram of Q-PETE



Flow and concentration field in the purged permeate chamber



Simulated signals for two experimental conditions
 x_{FG} : feed gas hydrogen content. V_{SG} : Sweep gas flow rate

