

# First thermal-hydraulic and thermal-mechanical analysis of a CO<sub>2</sub>-cooled solid breeding blanket for the EU-DEMO

PL188

Shuai Wang<sup>a</sup>, Francisco A. Hernández<sup>b</sup>, Guangming Zhou<sup>b\*</sup>, Hongli Chen<sup>a</sup>

<sup>a</sup>University of Science and Technology of China (USTC), School of Physical Sciences, Hefei, 230026, Anhui, China

<sup>b</sup>Karlsruhe Institute of Technology (KIT), Institute for Neutron Physics and Reactor Technology (INR), 76344, Eggenstein-Leopoldshafen, Germany

**ABSTRACT :** Due to the larger density of CO<sub>2</sub>, the use of this gas as primary coolant for DEMO can lead to key advantageous features, mitigating most of the issues posed for He-cooling and resulting in a higher net efficiency than that of HCPB, as reported in a previous study. Therefore, a CO<sub>2</sub>-cooled Pebble Bed (CCPB) has been proposed as an alternative coolant to He for the EU-DEMO. After identifying that CO<sub>2</sub> will have a negligible influence on the neutronic performance, making the CCPB's TBR almost equal to the HCPB's one (TBR ≈ 1.15), a full first set of thermo-hydraulic and thermo-mechanical analyses with the commercial code of ANSYS CFX are reported here. The analyses are based on the newly proposed design of breeding zone (BZ) in the enhanced HCPB fuel-pin concept for the EU-DEMO. Such pin-type fuel elements have been already used, for instance, in liquid metal fast reactors since the 1960s. The paper will show that, despite the lower heat transfer capability of CO<sub>2</sub> with respect to He, the fuel-pin design breeding zone improves the thermo-hydraulic performance, meeting the materials' temperature requirements. For the thermal-mechanical analysis, the structural behavior under normal operation has been assessed according to the available codes and standards (RCC-MRx). The results show that the CCPB can satisfy the basic thermal and mechanical blanket requirements and that CO<sub>2</sub> is a realistic option as primary coolant for gas-cooled fusion reactors.

## 1. Introduction

The EU Demonstration Fusion Power Plant (DEMO) is considered to be the last step before building a commercial fusion power plant. The main goals of EU DEMO are:

- resolving all remaining physics and technical issues foreseen in the plant and demonstrating the necessary reactor relevant technologies;
- demonstrating production of several 100's MW of electricity power;
- achieving tritium self-sufficiency;
- operating with adequate availability over a reasonable time span;
- minimization of radioactive wastes, with no-long-term storage; (vi) extrapolation to a commercial fusion power plant.

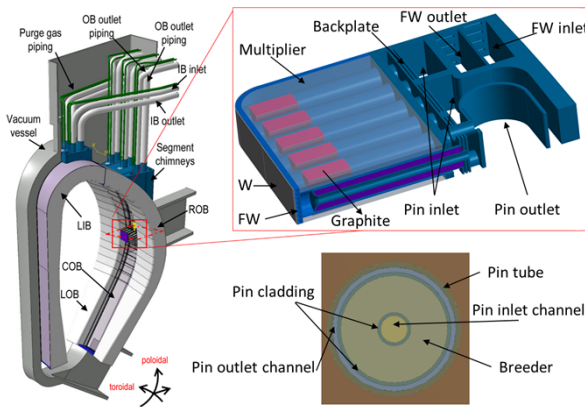


Fig. 1 CCPB integrated in EU DEMO BL2017 sector

## 2. The CCPB BB design

### 2.1 Material selection

- Structure material: EUROFER97
- Tritium breeder: Li<sub>4</sub>SiO<sub>4</sub>
- Neutron multiplier: Be<sub>12</sub>Ti

### 2.2 Basic structure

- Combined FW design
- 12 Pins for CCPB BZ
- Pin diameter: 86 mm

### 2.3 Coolant parameters and gas flow scheme

- CO<sub>2</sub> as coolant, inlet/outlet temperature: 300 ° C / 500 ° C;
- Coolant pressure: 8 MPa, 0.2 MPa purge gas (He+ 0.1% vol. H<sub>2</sub>).

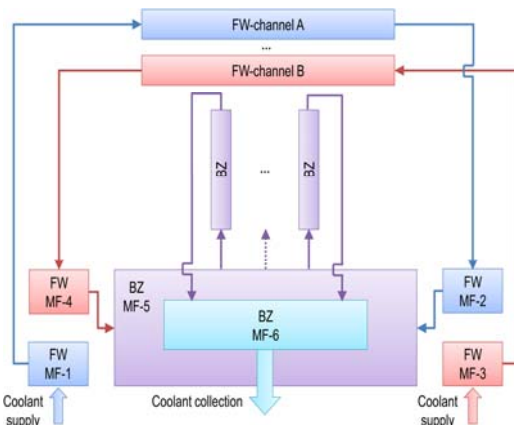
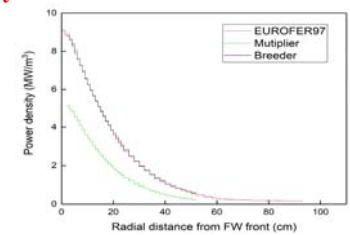


Fig. 2 Schematic flow scheme

## 4. Thermal-hydraulic analysis

- Combined FW design;
- 12 Pins for CCPB BZ;
- Pin diameter: 86 mm;
- Thermal power for BB: 2248.9 MW;
- A total mass flow of BB: 10199.5 kg/s;
- The mass flow for one cooling channel of FW is 0.12 kg/s ;
- The inlet mass flow for one pin of BZ is 0.08 kg/s.



- Heat flux of 0.37 MW/m<sup>2</sup>, including the radiation heat flux of 0.31 MW/m<sup>2</sup> and the particle heat flux of 0.06 MW/m<sup>2</sup> ;
- The maximum temperature of the structural material, the Li<sub>4</sub>SiO<sub>4</sub> and the Be<sub>12</sub>Ti are 574.6 ° C, 917.6 ° C and 895.9 ° C.

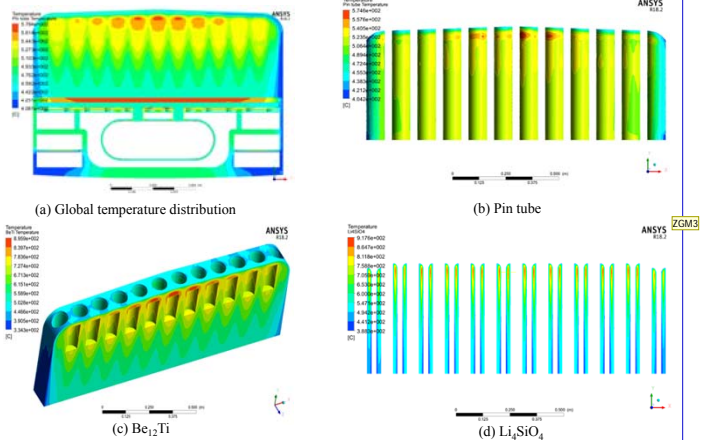


Fig. 4 Temperature distribution of typical CCPB unit slice

## 5. Thermal-mechanical analysis

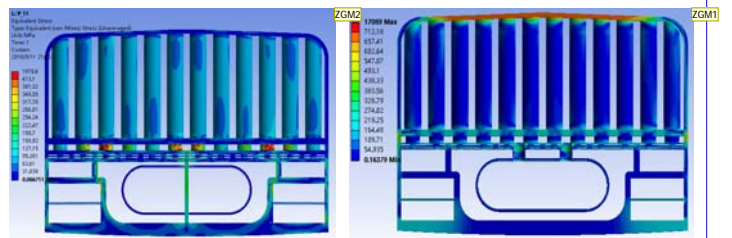


Fig. 5 Primary stress of typical CCPB slice

Fig. 6 P-Q of typical CCPB slice

- A well global structural performance at FW and BSS
- Improvement needed for connecting regions of BZ and BSS

## 6. Conclusion

- ✓ A EU DEMO CCPB BB has been firstly presented in this paper. CO<sub>2</sub> is selected as coolant for the blanket;
- ✓ The basic structure, preliminary thermal hydraulic and thermal mechanical analysis have been described;
- ✓ Results show that the current CCPB BB meets the basic thermal requirements and the mechanical performance should be improved.

### Reference:

[1] F. Hernández, et al. "A new HCPB breeding blanket for the EU DEMO: Evolution, rationale and preliminary performances." Fusion Engineering and Design 124 (2017): 882-886.

**ZGM1** Zhou, Guangming;  
12 09 2018

**ZGM2** Figure should be  
changed.

Zhou, Guangming; 12.09.2018

**ZGM3** Fig.4 Figures should  
be changed.

Zhou, Guangming; 12.09.2018