

Status of the THz-Streaking Experiment with Split Ring **Resonators at FLUTE**

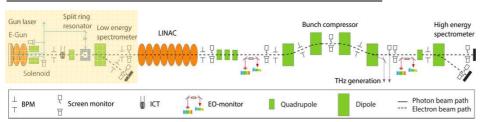
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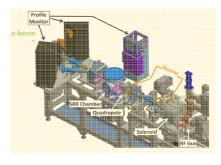
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The SRR Experiment at the FLUTE Test Facility

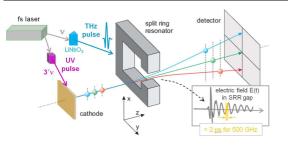




<u>σ_{y0}</u> ~ 2 fs

ASTRA Simulations

Principle of THz-Streaking with Split Ring Resonators



Temporal Resolution (similar to RF deflectors)

 σ_{y0} cs $\sin(\Delta \Psi)$ $(s_1) eV 2\pi f$

- > FLUTE beam energy: E = 7 MeV > SRR gap (deflecting) voltage: V = 12 kV
- > SRR resonance frequency:
- β-function (@ SRR): > bunch charge:

Q = 50 fC

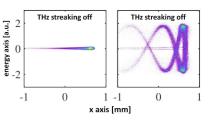
> emittance: > phase advance SRR / screen:



1

f = 300 GHz

 $\beta(s_0) = 1 \text{ m}$



for conservatively assumed kick strength of 5keV/c (considering e.g. losses in the THz beam transport) clearly visible streaking image on FLUTE low energy spectrometer screen (FLUTE bunch length is 2 ps)

Split Ring Resonator Design Optimization

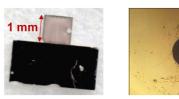




"classical SRR" 20 μm x 20 μm x 20 μm gap dimensions

"manufacturing SRR design" 20 μm x 20 μm x 80 μm gap dimensions

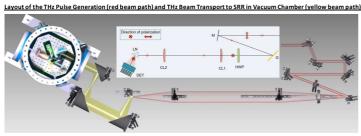
increased interaction region for larger kick strength

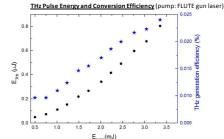


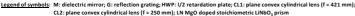
images of SRR for FLUTE experiment manufactured from glass with gold coating avoids charging up and heating by halo electrons or accidental hit by main beam

THz Pulse Generation and Characterization

milled and drilled out of a solid plate







- > Optical rectification in LiNbO, crystal with FLUTE gun laser pulses (6mJ @ 800 nm, 35 fs (FWHM) @ 1 kHz)
- > Conversion efficiency of 0.024% results in maximum THz pulse energy of 80 μJ for 3.35 mJ pump laser energy
- > 4f imaging system provides THz spot dimensions of 0.92 mm (horizontal) and 1.15 mm (vertical)
- > Maximum THz field strength of 14 MV/m can be reached at the location of the SRR in the experimental chamber

