

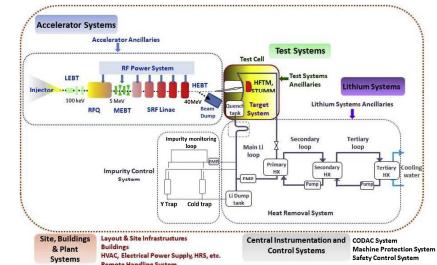


Small specimen test techniques activities within IFMIF/DONES

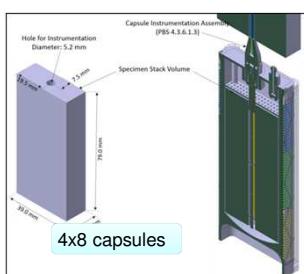
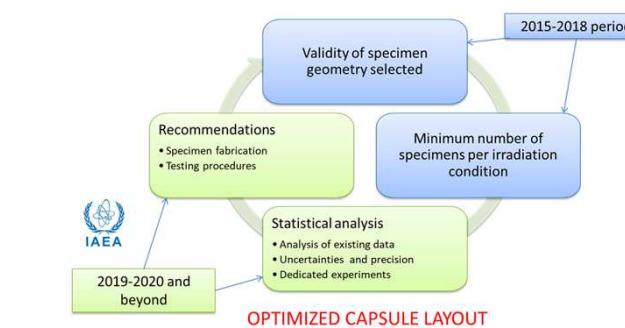
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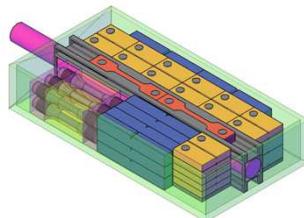
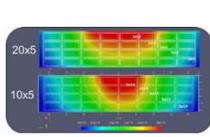
- The International Fusion Materials Irradiation Facility - Demo Oriented NEutron Source (IFMIF-DONES) is a single-sited novel Research Infrastructure for**
 - (1) generation of materials irradiation test data for design, licensing, construction and safe operation of the fusion demonstration power reactor (DEMO) and
 - (2) generation of data base for benchmarking of radiation responses of materials hand in hand with computational material science.
- The irradiation capsule of the High Flux Test Module (HFTM) developed during IFMIF/EVEDA is now being adapted to the situation in IFMIF-DONES in the frame of the EUROfusion Early Neutron Source work package (WPENS). Due to limited extension of the neutron flux field, the use of small specimens is mandatory .**



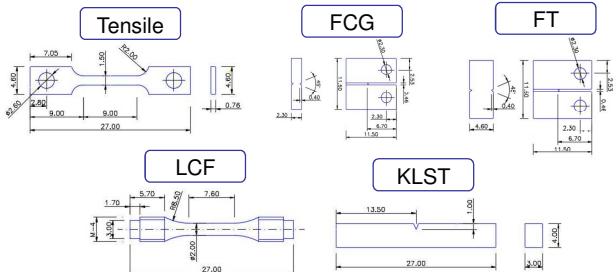
IFMIF-DONES Plant configuration.
 D. Bernardi, et al, Fusion Engineering and Design, 2019,



- The neutron flux = $5 \times 10^{14} \text{ n/cm}^2/\text{s}$.
- Dose: 12–25 dpa/fpy $\rightarrow 306 \text{ cm}^3$ of usable specimen volume \rightarrow corresponding to about 850 specimens.
- Helium production rate = 13 appm He / dpa
- Hydrogen production rate = 53 appm H / dpa.



Types and sizes of the specimens proposed by Möslang et al.

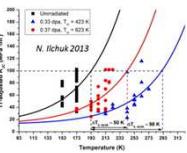
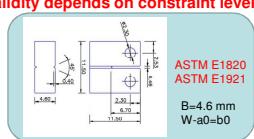


Fracture toughness validity (Eurofer97)

$$K_{Ic} \text{ Limit} \leq \sqrt{\frac{E(W - a_0)R_{p0.2}}{30(1 - \mu^2)}}$$

$$J_{max} \leq B \frac{R_{p0.2} + R_m}{20}$$

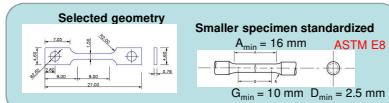
Validity depends on constraint level



Room T°	E399	E1820
dpa	ISO 12135	ISO 12135
0	23	279
5	36	380
10	39	417
15	41	435
20	42	445

T	K_Ic Limit MPa/m
-150	162.6
-100	154.5
-50	148.0
0	142.9

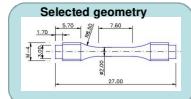
Tensile validity



Validity depends on Specimen geometry

- Tensile test Minimum number per irradiation condition = 8-12 specimens
- Impact test Minimum number per irradiation condition = 6-8 specimens
- Fracture toughness Minimum number per irradiation condition = 12 specimens
- Fatigue crack growth Minimum number per irradiation condition = 4 specimens
- Fatigue Minimum number per irradiation condition = 6-8 specimens

Low Cycle Fatigue Validity



ASTM: E2368
 ISO 12111
 Validity depends on Specimen geometry

Not valid according existing standard
 Minimum diameter 5 mm

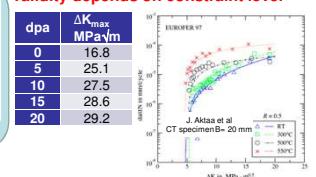
Fatigue Crack Growth Validity

$$(W - a) \geq \frac{K_{max}^2}{\pi \sigma_{YS}} \rightarrow \sqrt{(W - a)\pi/4} * \sigma_{YS} \geq K_{max}$$

$$K_{max} = \frac{\Delta K}{1 - R} \rightarrow \sqrt{(W - a)\pi/4} * \sigma_{YS}(1 - R) \geq \Delta K$$



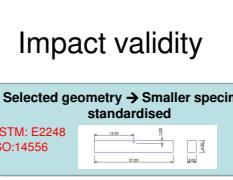
Validity depends on constraint level



Selected geometry \rightarrow Smaller specimen standardised

ASTM: E2248
 ISO:14556

Need correlation procedures to compare with the standard specimens data.



Selected geometry \rightarrow Smaller specimen standardised

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