



Continuous and Urban Resilient Power Supply during Critical States

Waves

Storms

Floods

Smart

Grids

Smart Grids & Critical Infrastructures: Emerging Supply Risks

Dark doldrums

> Cyber Attacks

Dependencies:

- Most critical infrastructures like hospitals or the water supply depend on the continuous supply of power
- Power dependencies will increase further - potentially in Smart Cities



Find **system-embedded** controls or management options to...

...maintain Security of Supply as far as possible with regard to critical services!



- Fluctuation of power generation
- Climate Change related risks
- Drastic change in power consumption due to
 - climate change,
 - dissemination of new technologies
- Cyber risks…
- ...enable continuous and fair power supply of critical services in the phase of a degraded state of the power system.

Criticality & Flexibility: Supply Index

- Criticality c_l of an infrastructure x_l measures the severity of the consequences a failure has to an urban population result of a socio-political process and the dynamic features of demand and supply [Ot]
- Power demand interval [P^l_{D,min}, P^l_{D,max}] of x_l- power range, where essential services are running.
 Supply Index:

$$\mathfrak{si} = \sum_{i \in I} \widetilde{c_i} q_i (\mathfrak{sp}_i, P_{D,min}^i, P_{D,max}^i)$$

Methodology & Results

Resilient Smart Controls Management

- Advanced Metering Infrastructures, Smart Meters
- Energy and Distribution Management System
 - Resilient real-time Controls
 - Smart Contingency Planning, Scheduling

Composite Resilience Supply Metric:

 $w_1 \cdot \mathbf{si} + w_2 \cdot \mathbf{se} + w_3 \cdot \boldsymbol{\rho}$, $w_1, w_2, w_3 \ge 0$; $w_1 + w_2 + w_3 = 1$,

where \mathfrak{se} is an **efficiency indicator** and ρ measures fairness in terms of equal treatment

Benchmark-Cases: Blackouts occur, systemically in terms of contingency planning e.g. rolling blackouts – 75 % of current demand



[Ot] Ottenburger, S.S., Münzberg, Th., Strittmatter, M. (2018), Smart Grid Topologies Paving the Way for an Urban Resilient Continuity Management, International Journal of Information systems for Crisis Response and Management 9 (4), p. 1 – 22, DOI: 10.4018/IJISCRAM.2017100101

Sadeeb Simon Ottenburger, Karlsruhe Institute of Technology (KIT), Karlsruhe, Germany - ottenburger@kit.edu