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Analysis of image and drilling logs for formation instability uncertainty analysis

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Motivation

- Azimuthal LWD logs provide images of the borehole wall, which are widely used for the analysis of borehole breakouts
- These breakouts develop when the circumferential stress around the borehole wall exceeds the compressive strength of the rock

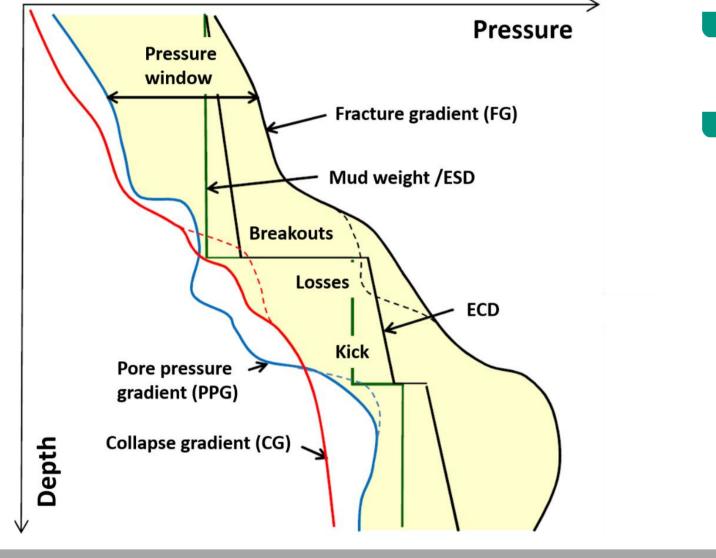
Conclusion and Perspectives

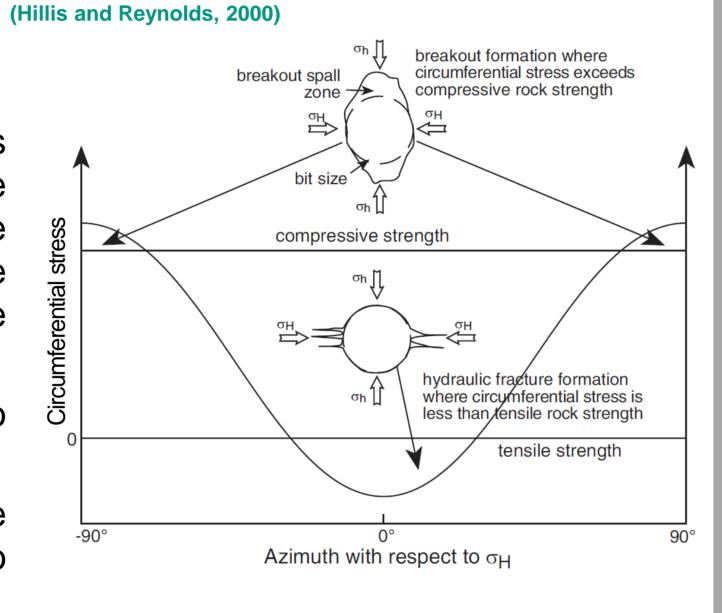
- Observation of a relation between drilling processes and breakouts
- Negative pressure variations may have contributed to the development of breakouts
- Breakouts tend to grow both azimuthally and in their depth extent
- Uncertainty on how drilling processes (such as tripping) influence the development of breakouts
- Future research could benefit from the availability of relogs and/or multiple image logging tools in the same wellbore

Theoretical background

- Borehole breakouts (Tingay et al., 2008):
 - Occurrence breakouts Of when stresses around the borehole are higher than the stress required to generate compressive failure of the borehole wall
 - Orientation to parallel minimum horizontal stress $\sigma_{\rm h}$
 - weight has to be Mud adjusted accordingly to prevent breakouts

Pressure window Modified after Wessling et al. (2012)



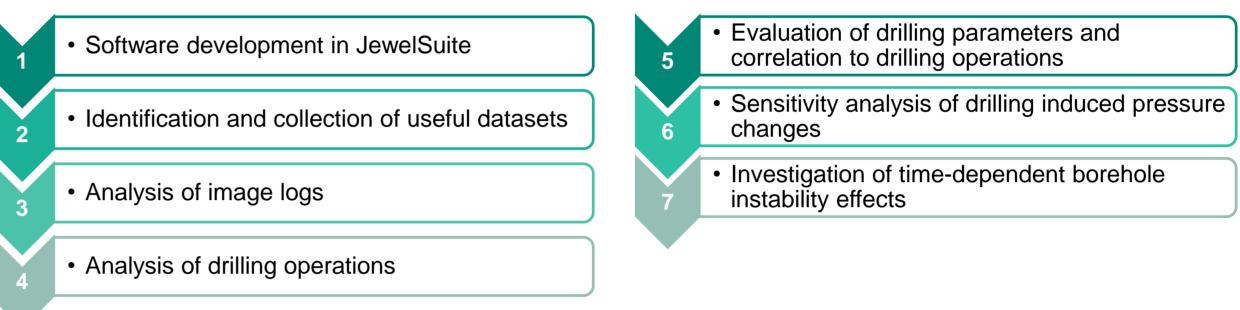


Schematic cross sections of borehole breakouts

- Overview of relevant drilling processes (SOG, 2019):
 - Pipe trips: (Partial) removal of the drill string
- Connections: Extension of the drill string by an additional segment

Methodology and software development

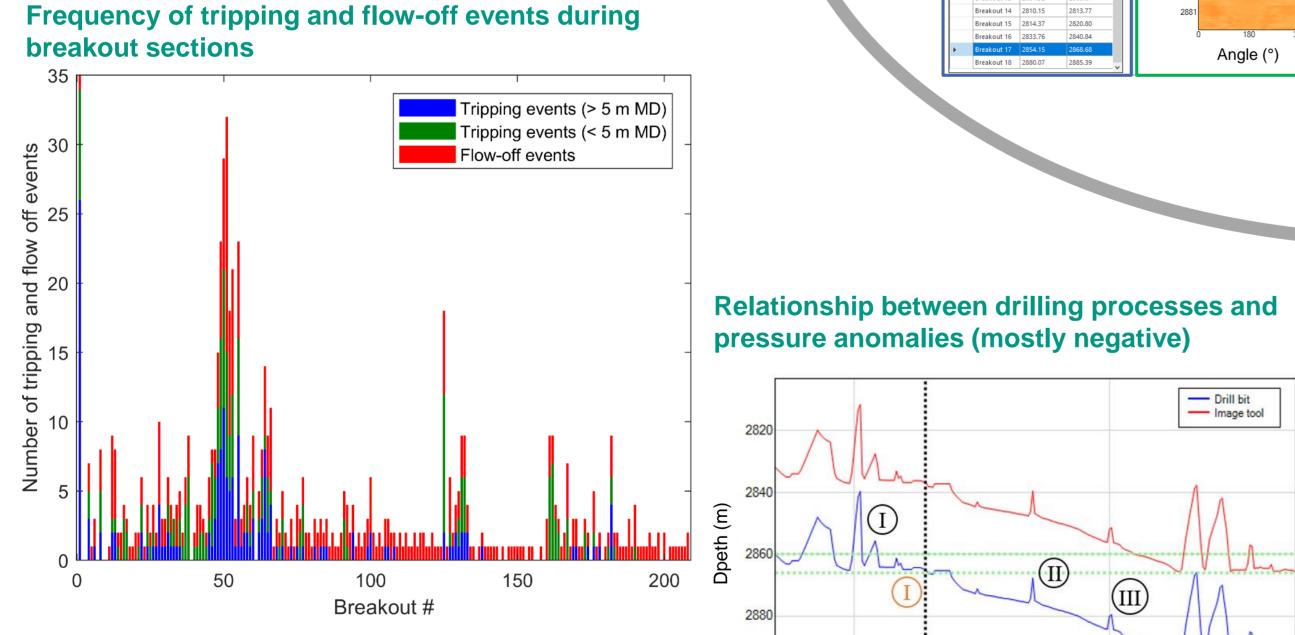
Methodology



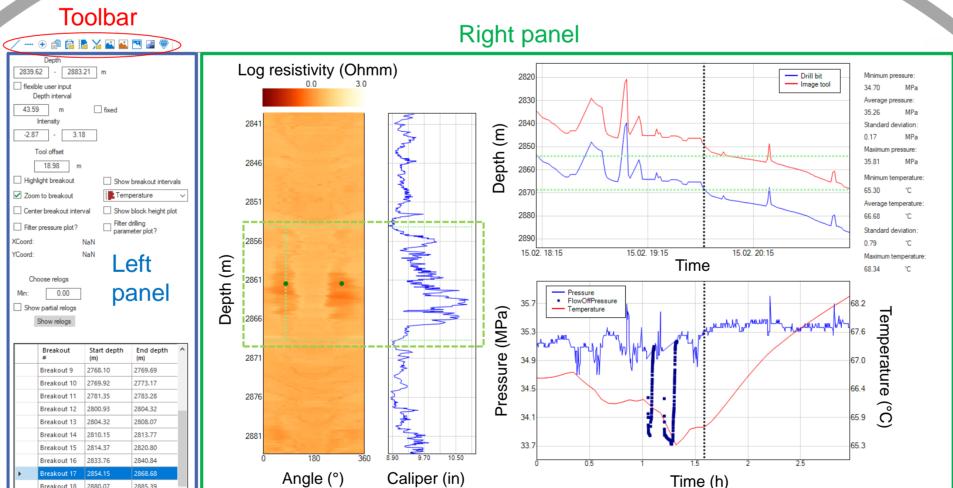
Software development

- Basis for development: Previously developed MATLAB prototype
- Programming language: C# (development environment: Microsoft Visual Studio)
- Platform: JewelSuite (BHGE 3D Reservoir Software)
- Major challenge: Visualization of image log data (no implementation in the JewelSuite framework available) \rightarrow pixel-by-pixel realization
- Design: The main graphical user interface of the software is divided into:
 - Left Panel: multiple user controls to manipulate the displayed data in the plots

Influence of drilling processes



Software prototype



- Observations of increased breakout depth extent and opening angles by using relog images
- Comparison of different images in the same BHA potentially enables the temporal analysis of breakout evolutions

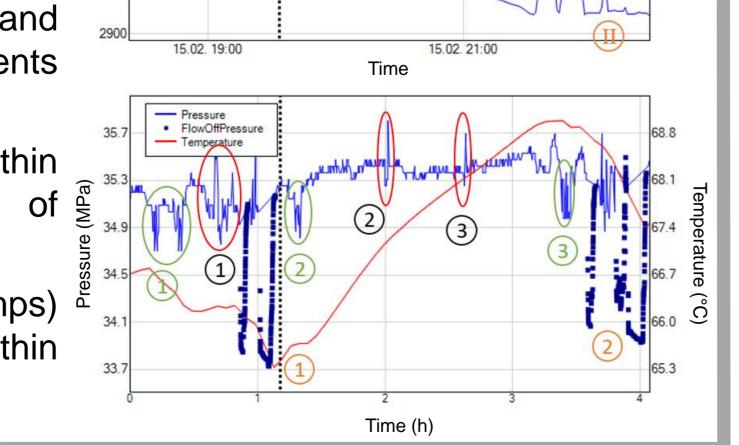
- Right Panel: plots for image, caliper, bit and image tool depth as well as time based pressure and temperature data
- Toolbar: multiple user controls to e.g. load/save breakout data or screenshots of the view

Temporal breakout evolution

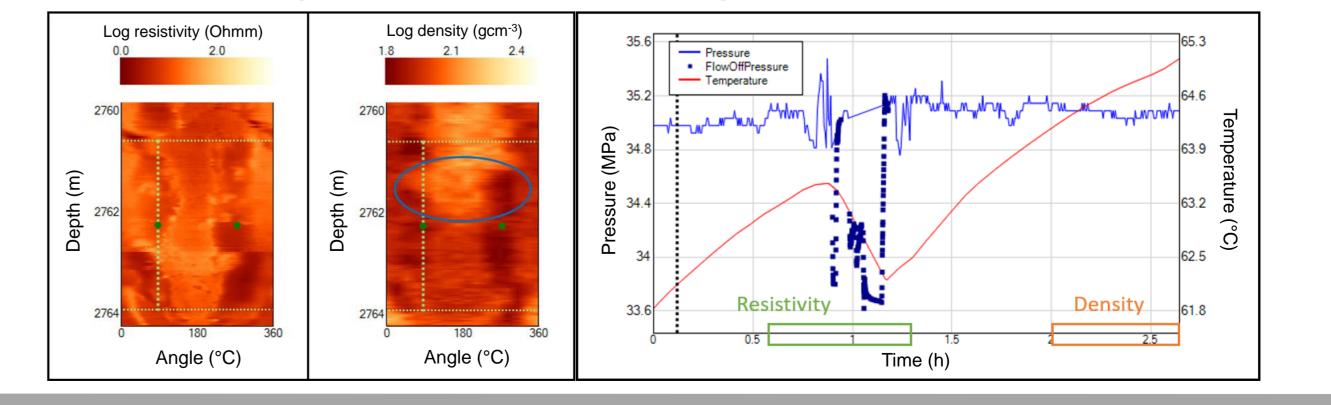
Relog images of the same wellbore section

Original log	Relog 1	Relog 2	Relog 3	Relog 3
Log resistivity (Ohmm)	Log resistivity (Ohmm)	Log resistivit (Ohmm)	y Log resistivity (Ohmm)	y Log resistivity (Ohmm)
2841	2841	2841	2841	2841
2846	2846	2846	2846	2846
2851	2851	2851	2851	2851
ε ²⁸⁵⁶	2856 E	Ê 2856	E 2856	E 2856
- ↓ ²⁸⁶¹	2861	- ²⁸⁶¹	£ 2861	↓ ²⁸⁶¹
Depth (m)	E 2861 2866	Depth (m)	Depth (m) 5861 5862	Depth (m)
2871	2871	2871	2871	2871
2876	2876	2876	2876	2876
2881	2881	2881	2881	2881
Angle (°C)	Angle (°C)	Angle (°C)	Angle (°C)	Angle (°C)

- Clear relation between breakouts and tripping operations / flow-off events \rightarrow Cause for occurrence?
- Frequency of tripping events within breakout intervals one order of magnitude higher than outside
- Flow-off events (switched-off pumps) also occur more frequently within breakout intervals



Comparison of images for the identification of drilling-related breakout development



References

- Hillis, R. and Reynolds, S. (2000): The Australian stress map. Journal of the Geological Society, 157, 5: 915-921.
- SOG (2019): Schlumberger Oilfield Glossary. https://www.glossary.oilfield.slb.com
- Tingay, M., Reinecker, J. and Müller, B. (2008): Borehole breakout and drilling-induced fracture analysis from image logs
- Wessling, S., Bartetzko, A., Pei, J. and Dahl, T. (2012): Automation in Wellbore Stability Workflows. SPE Intelligent Energy International, Utrecht, The Netherlands, 27-29 March 2012.







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