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SIMULATION OF DROPLET IMPACT AT HIGH DYNAMICS USING A DIFFUSE INTERFACE PHASE-FIELD METHODS IN OPENFOAM

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ABSTRACT

We have developed a unified solver framework for two-phase flow based on diffuseinterface phase-field methods [1], which is to be released within the FOAM-extend project. In contrast to standard sharp interface model approaches, phase-field methods rely on diffuse interface models. As their name suggests, these methods allow for diffusion of the phase constituents in a thin interfacial region of well-defined thickness, thus, promoting a smooth but rapid transition of phase properties such as density and viscosity. Particularly, capillary-dominated two-phase flow can be dealt with at high accuracy, i.e. parasitic currents are found to be low and consistently converging under mesh refinement [2].

The present work focus on droplet impact and impingement scenarios at high dynamics. Recent simulations for both droplet impact on thin liquid films of the same fluid, and droplet impingement and bouncing on a heated hydrophobic surface show very good agreement with experiments (see Fig. 1). The talk will detail on necessary method enhancements to achieve this.



Figure 1: Image sequence of bouncing droplet ($d_0 = 2.3 \text{ mm}$, We = 20, $T_{d,0} = 20^{\circ}$ C) on the smooth hydrophobic surface ($\theta_e = 120, T_s = 60^{\circ}$ C). Top: experiment [3], bottom: simulation.

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