

# Hardware-in-the-Loop Test Rig for Rapid Prototyping of Battery Management System Algorithms

Alexis Kalk<sup>1\*</sup>, Yusuf Salikoglu<sup>1\*</sup>, Lars Leister<sup>1\*</sup>, Dennis Braeckle<sup>1\*</sup>, Marc Hiller<sup>1\*</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Institute of Electrical Engineering, Karlsruhe Institute of Technology, Karlsruhe, Germany

\* E-Mail: Alexis.Kalk@kit.edu, Yusuf.Salikoglu@kit.edu, Lars.Leister@kit.edu, Dennis.Braeckle@kit.edu, Marc.Hiller@kit.edu

## Motivation

- Testing is an integral and inseparable part of Battery Management System (BMS) software development process:
  - Model-in-the-Loop (MiL)
  - Software-in-the-Loop (SiL)
  - Hardware-in-the-Loop (HiL)
- Limitations of battery emulators and MiL/SiL [1]:
  - Battery model accuracy
  - Resolution and iteration rate of emulation hardware
- Handicaps of testing model based algorithms with model based emulators
- Reliable validation of state algorithms requires HiL testing with real battery cells [2].

## Objectives

- Main Objective of the study is the development of a hardware-in-the-loop test bench for **rapid prototyping, testing and evaluation of BMS algorithms in real-time with real cell packs.**
  - Cost and time efficient HiL testing
  - Validating algorithms with real cell packs
  - Fine tuning of algorithms under realistic conditions

## System Structure

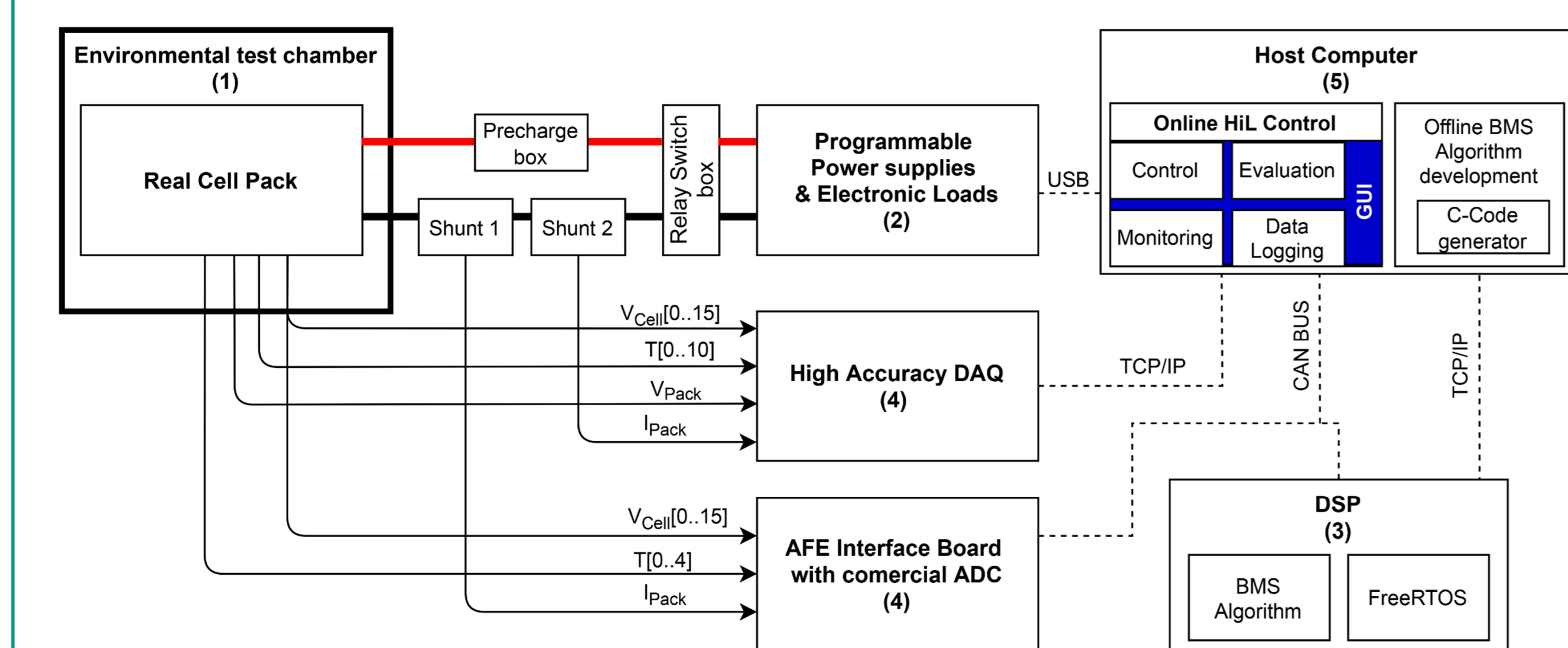


Fig. 1 Structure of HiL-System

## System Structure

- Testing up to **100V** and **80A**
- Modular** structure supports upscaling
- Safety** test chamber with temperature conditioning
- Two independent parallel working **Data Acquisition Systems (DAQ)**
  - Reference system: High accuracy DAQ-System
  - Industry standard: DAQ-IC based analog front end (AFE)
- 16 cell voltage** and **11 temperature measurements**
- DSP-System** to run BMS-algorithms in real-time
- Automated code generation** from MATLAB/Simulink to C-Code
- Software to control and monitor test process, record data, evaluate results
- Testing procedures:
  - Predefined tests: CCCV, CC, Capacity test, WLTP, NEDC, DST
  - Custom tests: Time or SOC dependent user defined profiles



Fig. 2 Implemented HiL-System

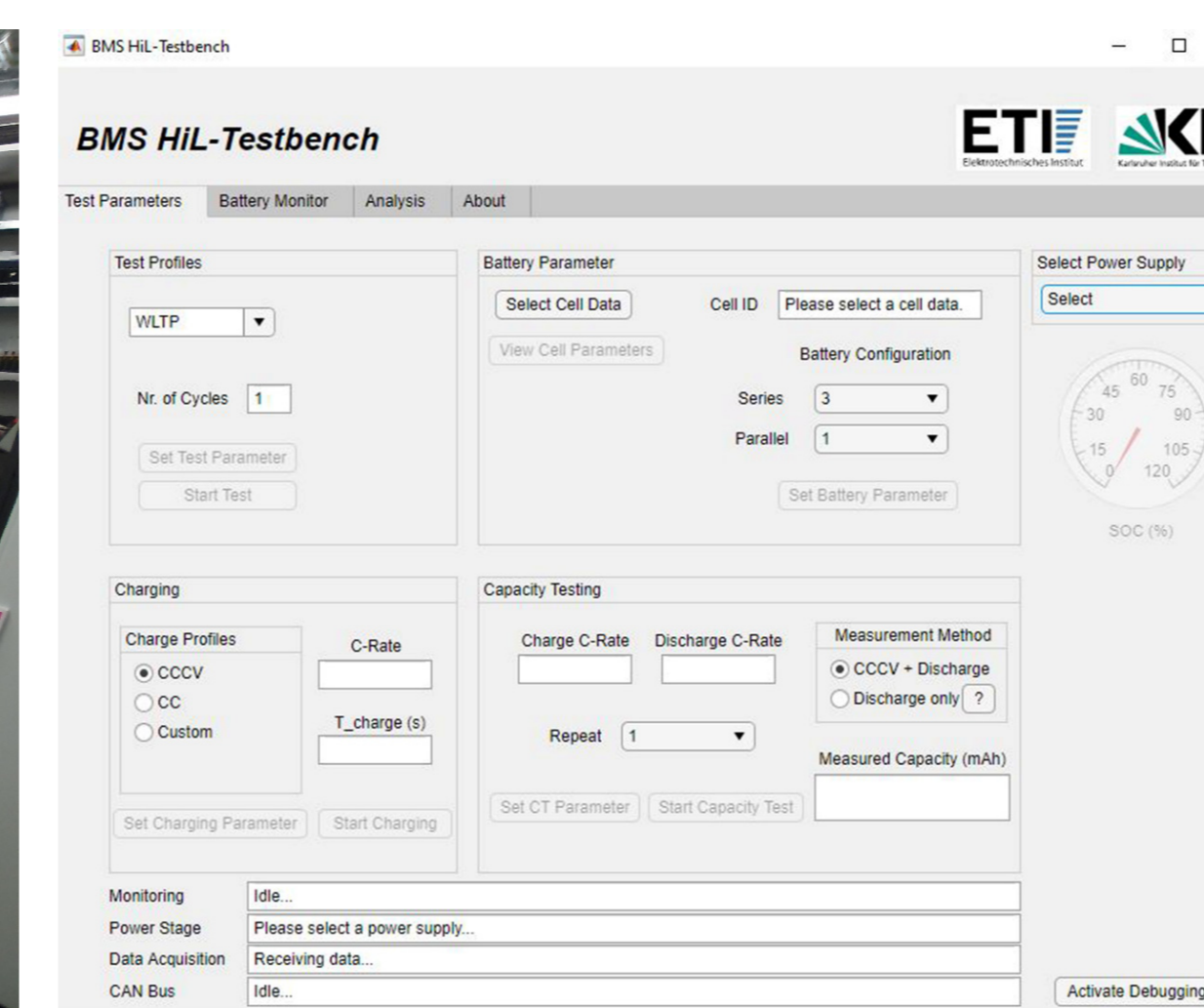


Fig. 3 Main screen of the developed GUI

## Experimental Results

- SOC estimator tested with real cells successfully in real-time **without any additional electronics and casing.**
- SiL overestimates performance of estimation algorithm.
- SOC estimator **optimized** significantly with HiL results.

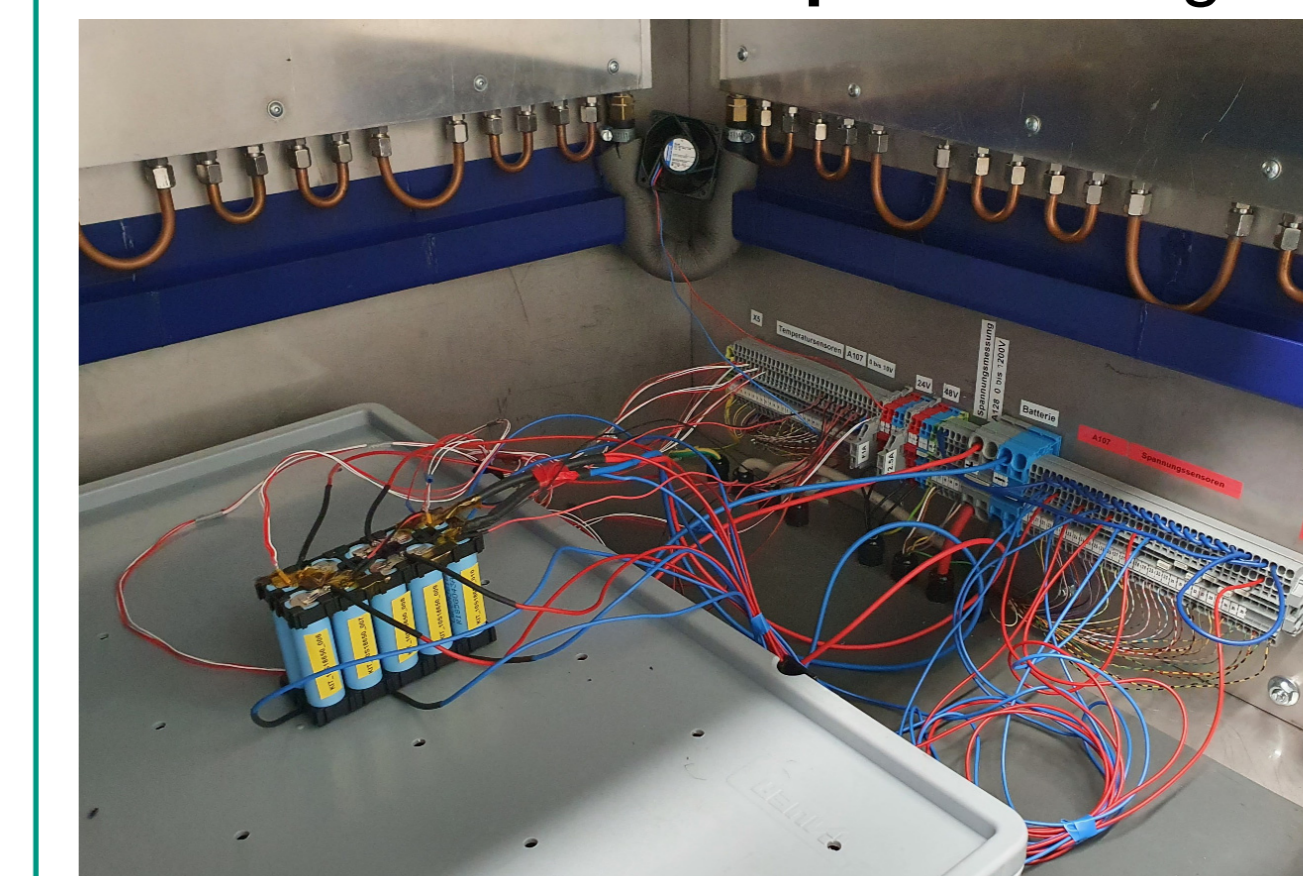


Fig. 4 36V cell pack at HiL test rig

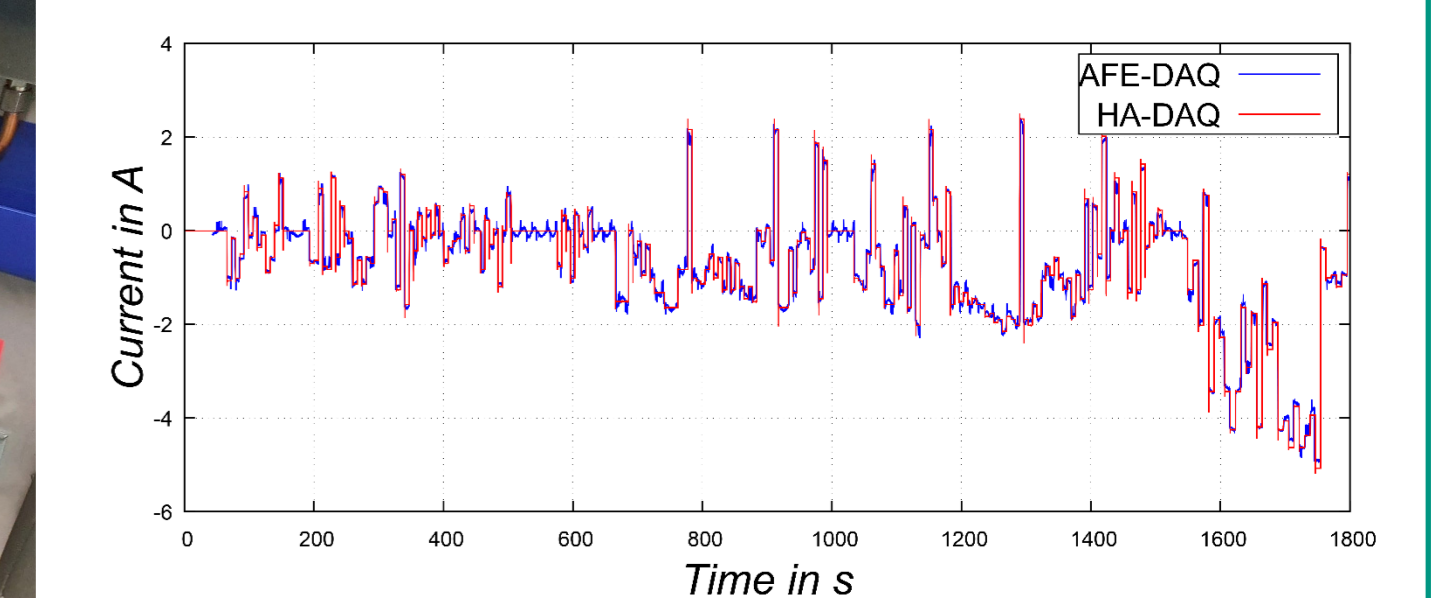


Fig. 5 WLTP Current Profile measurements by HA-DAQ- and AFE-DAQ-System

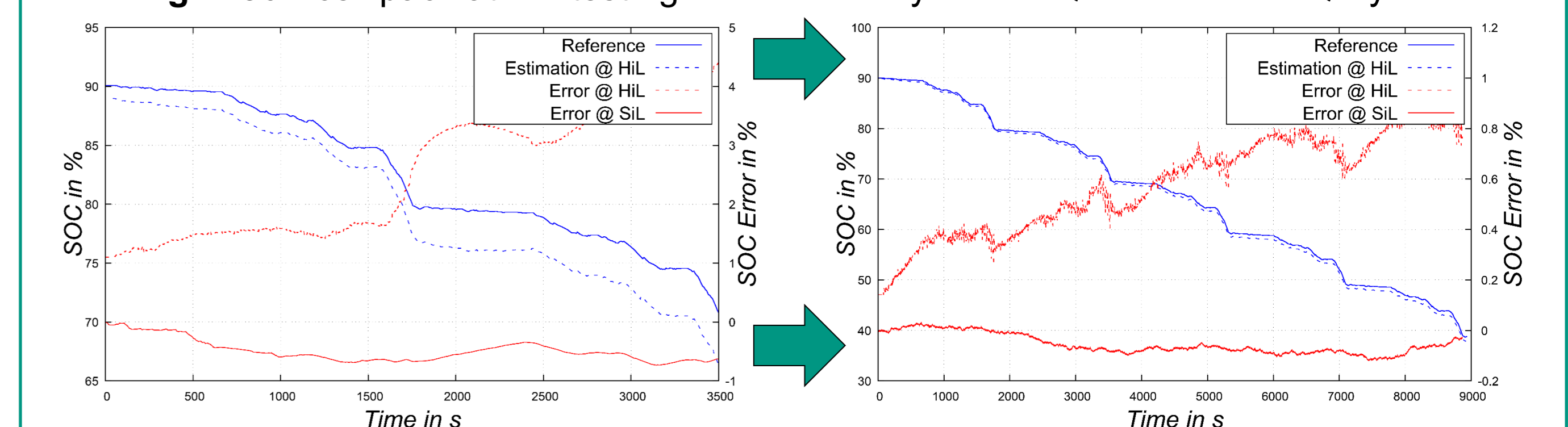


Fig. 6 SiL- and HiL-Test results of an EKF based SOC estimator by testing at 25 °C

## Conclusion

- Innovative HiL concept for **rapid prototyping** of BMS software
- Agile** BMS software development process
- Realistic and efficient** testing
- With exemplary case **verified concept**

## References & Acknowledgements

- This work was supported by the Helmholtz Association under the program "Energy System Design".
- References:
  - [1] C. Fleischer, et al., "Development of software and strategies for Battery Management System testing on HiL simulator," in 2016 Eleventh International Conference on Ecological Vehicles and Renewable Energies (EVER),
  - [2] A. Stadler, "EVERLASTING D2.5: Development of reliability test procedures for EV BMS," Tech. Rep., 2018. [Online]. Available: <http://www.everlasting-project.eu>