KERNTECHNIK 2022



TREATMENT OF RADIOACTIVE SECONDARY WASTE FROM WATERJET ABRASIVE SUSPENSION CUTTING USING SEPARATION TECHNIQUES

Muhammad Junaid Chaudhry

Institute for Technology and Management in Construction (TMB) Institute for Nuclear Waste Disposal (INE)



Project overview

- Wet sieving and magnetic separation of grain mixtures to minimise secondary waste in the dismantling of nuclear facilities (NaMaSK)
- Project partner: Institute for Nuclear Waste Disposal (INE)
- Time duration: 01.01.2021 31.12.2023
- Working together with: Dipl.-Ing. Alexander Heneka, Dr.-Ing. Dipl.-Phys. Carla-Olivia Krauß
- Special thanks:

2





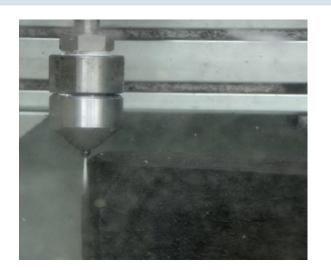
Federal Ministry of Education and Research

SPONSORED BY THE

Waterjet-Abrasive-Suspension-Cutting (WAS)

WAS nozzle at the start of the cutting process







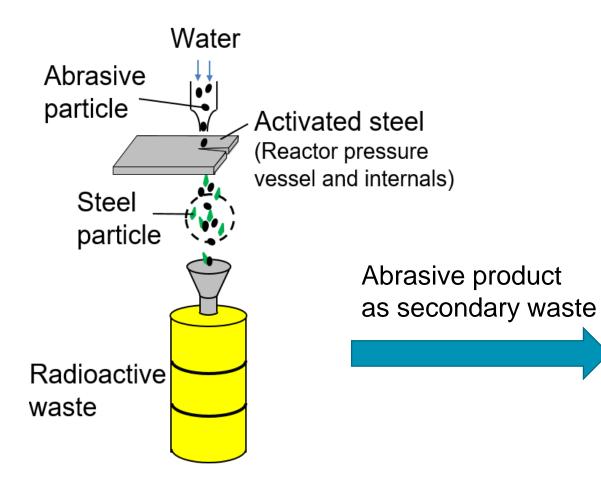
Technical advantages:

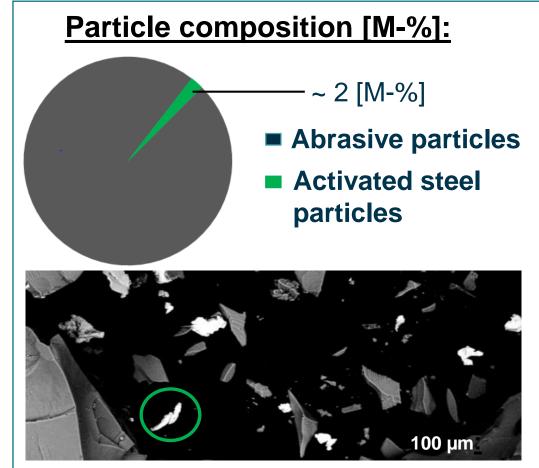
- Remotely-controlled to provide maximum safety for the operating personnel
- No aerosol by-products
- Cutting-capability for a wide variety of materials
- Application also underwater

Downside:

Large amount of secondary waste

WAS-Cutting and secondary waste



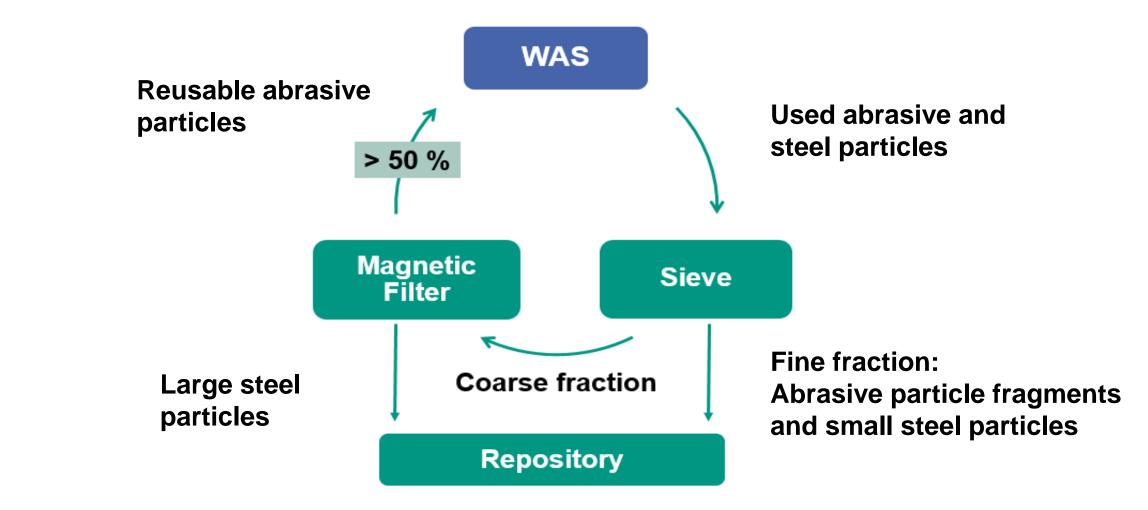


Reference: Dr. Schild, KIT-INE

Kerntechnik 2022, Leipzig, 21-22 June 2022

Karlsruhe Institute for Technology (KIT)

Principle of reuse of abrasive and separation process

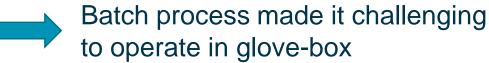


Kerntechnik 2022, Leipzig, 21-22 June 2022

Development in abrasive treatment through separation process (Previous project MaSK)

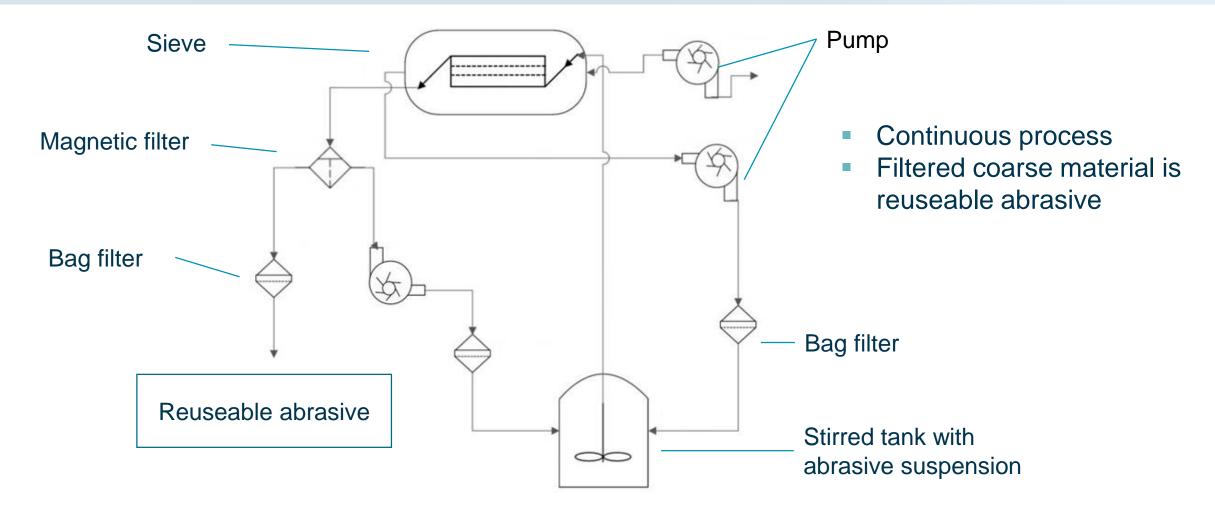
- Separation unit containing sieve and magnetic filter
- Batch process
- Over 98% reduction of steel in the reusable abrasive after sieving and magnetic separation

Sieve (enclosed in housing)





Separation process through wet sieving and magnetic filtration (Project NaMaSK)

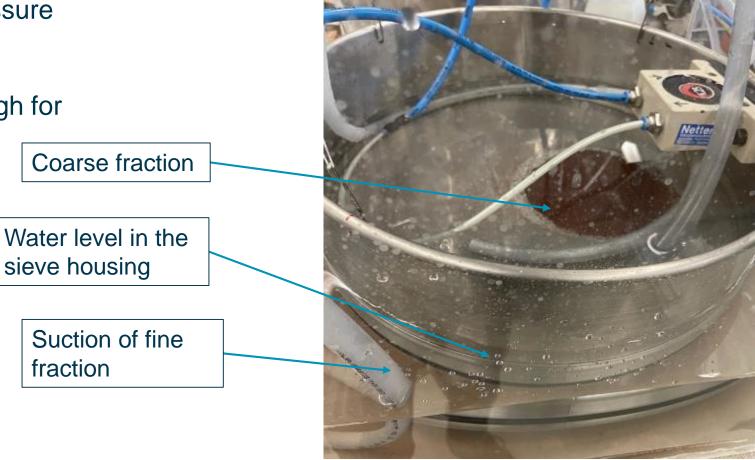


Sieve

- Operation under negative pressure
- Continuous suction of coarse fraction and fine fraction
- Sieving results are good enough for abrasive reuse

Need for improvement:

- Increase in residence time
- Efficient suction of coarse and fine fraction



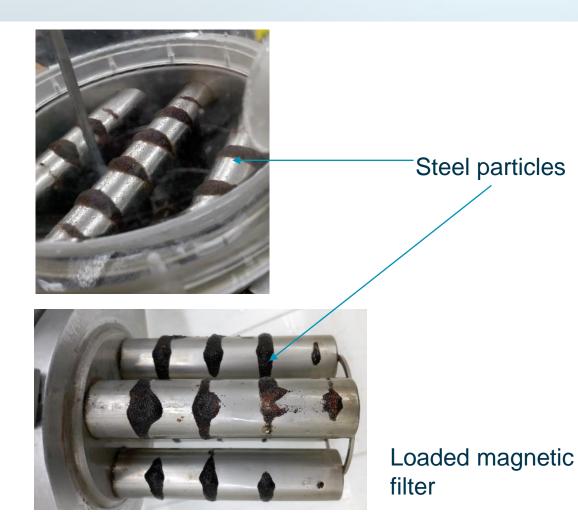
Magnetic Filter

Structure of magnetic filter:

- Permanent magnetic bars in cladding tubes
- Washing the filter after removing the magnets from the cladding tubes

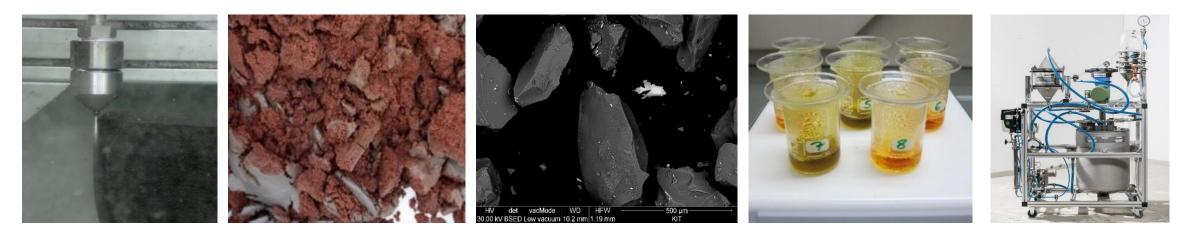
Need for improvement:

- Filter is quickly loaded
- Testing under negative pressure
- Selection of appropriate type of filter



Outlook

- Improvement in the efficiency of sieve and magnetic filter by optimising process parameters
- Continuous and effective suction of coarse and fine particles
- Adaptation of the system for operation in a glove box



Kerntechnik 2022, Leipzig, 21-22 June 2022

Karlsruhe Institute for Technology (KIT)

Thank you for your attention

SPONSORED BY THE



Federal Ministry of Education and Research

Muhammad Junaid Chaudhry www.tmb.kit.edu +49 721 608 48236 Muhammad.Chaudhry@kit.edu

This project has received funding from the Federal Ministry of Education and Research under grant nº 15S9423A&B.