











## Overview of European Fusion Neutron Source activities within the **ISFNT-15** IFMIF/EVEDA Project

D. Jimenez-Rey<sup>1,2\*</sup>, H. Dzitko<sup>2</sup>, Y. Carin<sup>2,3</sup>, S. Becerril<sup>4</sup>, P. Cara<sup>2</sup>, D.N. Dongiovani<sup>5</sup>, F. Martin-Fuertes<sup>1</sup>, F. S. Nitti<sup>5</sup>, T. Pinna<sup>5</sup>, Y. Qiu<sup>6</sup>, B. Renard<sup>3,7</sup>, and EU-FNS team

<sup>1</sup>CIEMAT, Madrid, Spain. <sup>2</sup>IFMIF/EVEDA Project Team, Rokkasho-mura, Aomori, Japan. <sup>3</sup>Fusion for Energy (F4E), BA/IFMIF, Garching, Germany. <sup>4</sup>IFMIF-DONES consortium. <sup>5</sup>ENEA, Brasimone, Italy. <sup>6</sup>KIT, Karlsruhe, Germany. <sup>7</sup>IRFU, CEA, Université Paris-Saclay, France

\*d.Jimenez@ciemat.es & David.Jimenez@ext.f4e.europa.eu

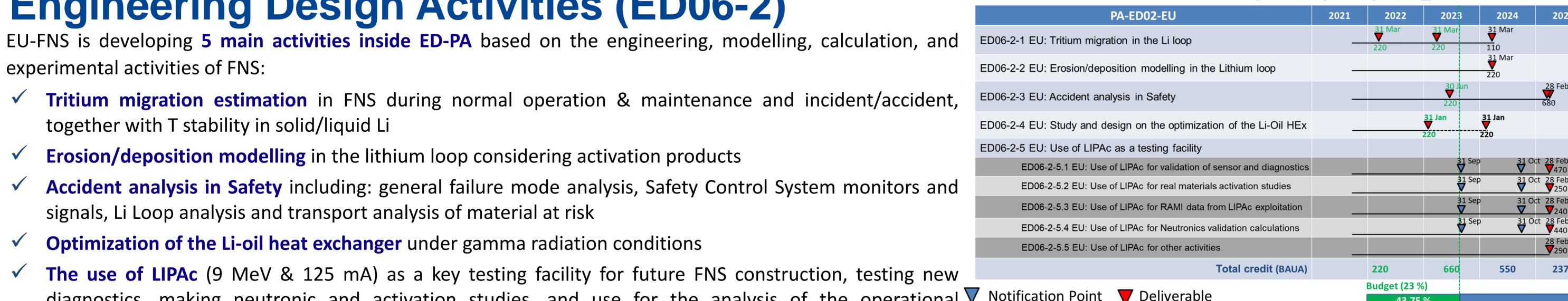
## Introduction

See PL5 contribution, Hervé Dzitko "Overview of Broader Approach activities" (13-Sep) See P5B2 contribution, Yann Carin "IFMIF/EVEDA achievements overview" (14-Sep) See PL9 contribution, Angel Ibarra "Status of IFMIF-DONES Project" (15-Sep)

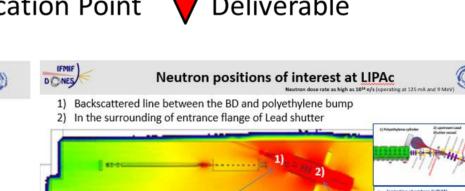
- The EU fusion roadmap defines as a key facility for the fusion development the fusion-like neutron source for testing the candidate materials for fusion reactors
- The Fusion Neutron Source (FNS) is conceived to generate fusion-relevant neutrons through Li(d,xn), by means of a linear particle accelerator to obtain an intense deuteron beam (125 mA, 40 MeV) impinging onto a liquid lithium target
- High Neutrons flux, up to 10<sup>14</sup> n/(cm<sup>2</sup>·s), will irradiate, under controlled conditions, the candidate samples in the Test System
- Since 2021 EU and JA have been developing different FNS facilities
- Common Europa (EU)-Japan (JA) FNS design activities have been defined in the frame of a new international collaboration, the Broader Approach Phase Two (BA-II), in addition to IFMIF Engineering Validation and Engineering Design Activities (IFMIF/EVEDA)
- Several EU Engineering Design (ED) and Lithium Facilities (LF) design activities required for advancement in an FNS design are being developed from **2022 to 2025** under two Procurement Arrangements (PAs)

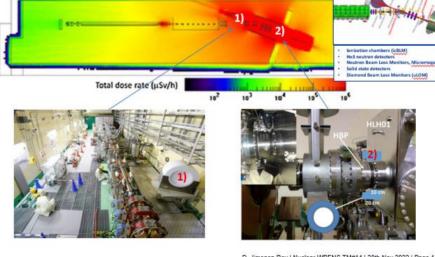
## **Deliverables Timeline of Engineering Design (PA\_ED-06-2 EU)**

Facility – Demo Oriented NEutron Source



diagnostics, making neutronic and activation studies, and use for the analysis of the operational  $\overline{V}$  Notification Point  $\overline{V}$  Deliverable









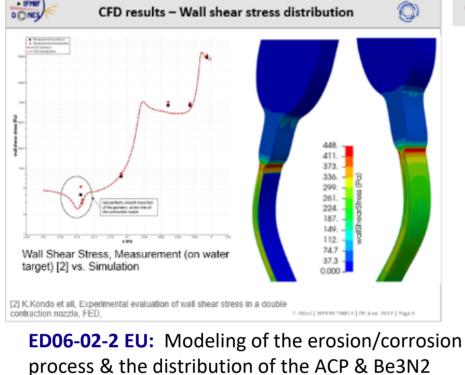
# experience reliability data collection (RAMI)

ED06-02-1 EU: A complete EcosimPro model of Li Loop

to predict the T transfers in the Li loop & Li rooms

experimental activities of FNS:

together with T stability in solid/liquid Li

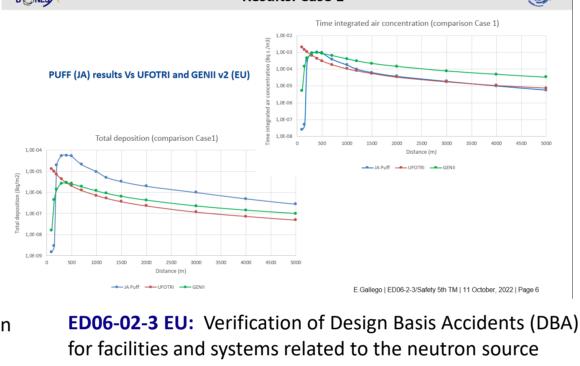


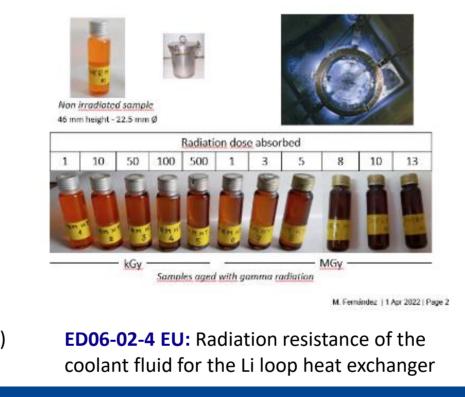
**Engineering Design Activities (ED06-2)** 

**Erosion/deposition modelling** in the lithium loop considering activation products

Optimization of the Li-oil heat exchanger under gamma radiation conditions

signals, Li Loop analysis and transport analysis of material at risk





ED06-02-5 EU:use of LIPAc for material activation analysis & neutronic validations



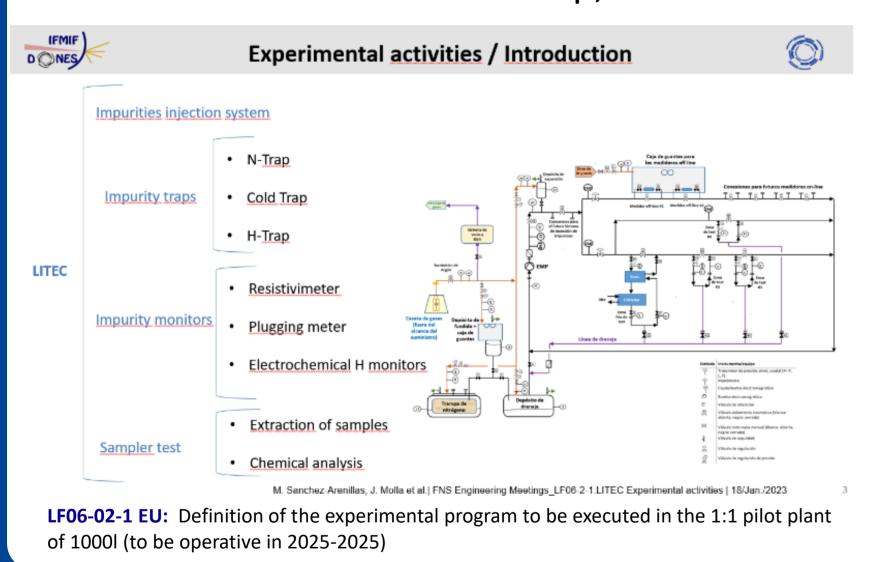
# Lithium Design Activities (LF06-2)

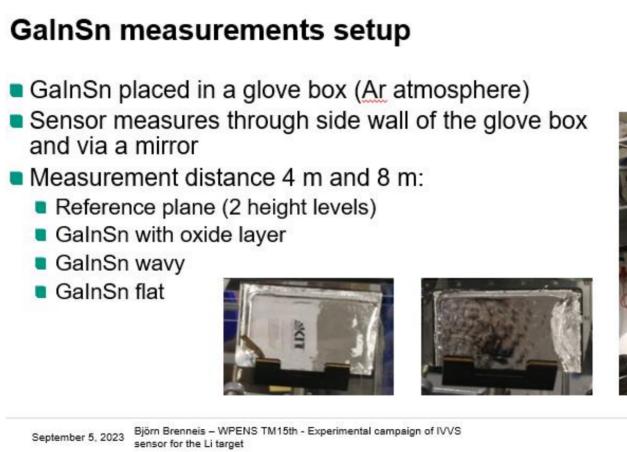
- LF-PA activities of EU-FNS includes 3 main activities inside ED-PA:
  - Li purification system validation activities by means of pilot plants 1:1
  - Li target diagnostics design and validation by laser for thickness measure
  - Erosion/corrosion analysis and modelling materials of a dismantled test loop, the EVEDA Lithium Test Loop (ELTL)

Images of the free surface lithium flow in ELTL taken with 2 s and 10 μs exposure time [Kondo et al. (2015), Wakai et al. (2016)]

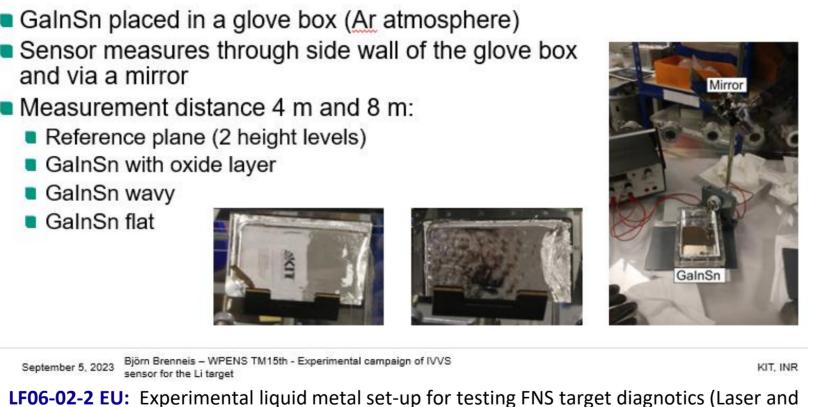
### PA-LF02-EU 2022 2023 2024 2025 28 Feb LF06-2-1 EU: Li purification system validation activity 2480 28 Feb LF06-2-1 EU: Li target diagnostics design and validation LF06-2-1 EU: Erosion/corrosion analysis on ELTL materials **Total credit (BAUA)** 110 3250 **Budget (2.8%)** ▼ Notification Point ▼ Deliverable 43.75%

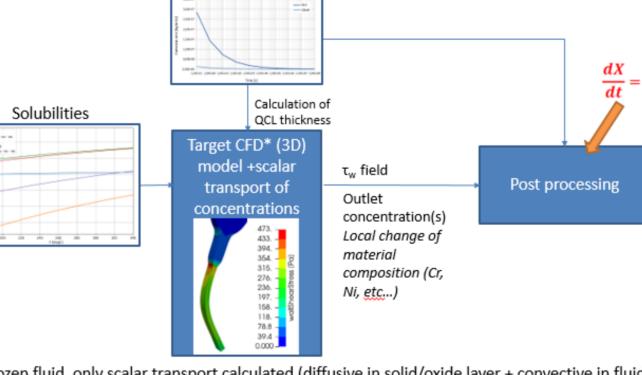
**Deliverables Timeline of Lithium Design (PA\_LF-06-2 EU)** 

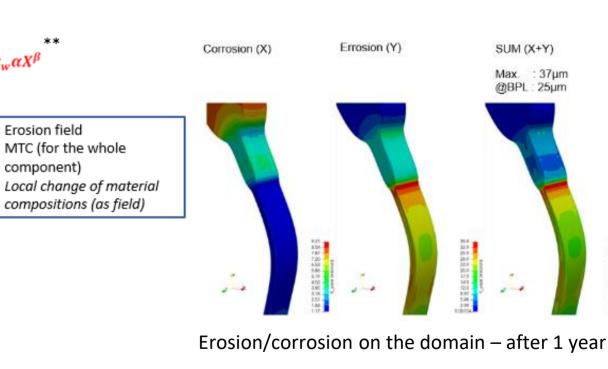




ITER in Vessel Viewing System (F4E)) for Li thickness measurement







Frozen fluid, only scalar transport calculated (diffusive in solid/oxide layer + convective in fluid) \*\*Calibrating the parameters based on the measurements

**LF06-02-3 EU:** Development of 3D CFD quasi-experimental model of the ELTL TA section for prediction of the wall shear stress distribution

# Beyond 2025 (ED06-03 & LF06-3)

- The content (modelling, calculation, engineering and experimental activities) of both new PAs and budget are being defined, in order to be agreed early 2024:
  - LF06-3: Lithium Target Enhancement Part 2 (EU)
  - **ED06-3: Design feedback for neutron source Part 2 (EU)**
- The LF06-3 activities are linked to experimental Li loop facilities operation under nominal conditions
- The ED06-3 activities are strongly correlated with LIPAc commissioning/operation schedule and advances

### **FACILITIES** of common interest by JA-EU to be used:

- LIPAc as the unique world d+@125 mA experimental facility for perform FNS studies on instrumentation, activation studies, safety, control, tested operational procedures, RAMI, extraction of lessons learned, etc
- LITEC Li Loop and experiments for impurities studies
- QST purification loop
- OSAKA Li Loop for free surface Li diagnostics (laser and radar) experiment
- LIFIRE for LI extreme conditions studies

# Summary

- Activities on engineering design, modelling, calculation and experimental studies are being performed by EU-HT for the fast track of the FNS (based on IFMIF) of common interest for EU and JA
- Highly interesting and fruitful bidirectional R&D collaboration between JA-EU for the development of future FNSD
- The activities continuation beyond 2025 (ED/LF06-3) are being drafted and will discussed in the ISFNT Satellite Meeting "FNS-Technical Meeting#2 (FNS-TM#2)"