

The toxicology and functional impact of ultrafine particles on the respiratory mucosa evaluated in a primary cell based air-liquid interface model

Totta Ehret Kasemo¹, Mathilde Delaval², Anusmita Das^{2,3}, Elias Zimmermann^{2,3}, Jana Panzke², Anja Huber², Johannes Becker^{2,3}, Svenja Offer², Evelyn Kuhn², Seongho Jeong^{2,3}, Maria Steinke^{1,4}, Helena Moratin¹, Martin Sklorz^{2,3}, Ralf Zimmermann², Agmal Scherzad¹, Stephan Hackenberg¹, Sebastiano Di Bucchianico^{2,3}, **Till J. Meyer¹**

1. University Hospital Würzburg, Department of Otorhinolaryngology, Plastic, Aesthetic and Reconstructive Head and Neck Surgery, Wuerzburg, Germany

2. Helmholtz Zentrum München, Joint Mass Spectrometry Center (JMSC) at Comprehensive Molecular Analytics (CMA), Neuherberg, Germany

3. University of Rostock, Joint Mass Spectrometry Center (JMSC) at Analytical Chemistry, Institute of Chemistry, Rostock, Germany

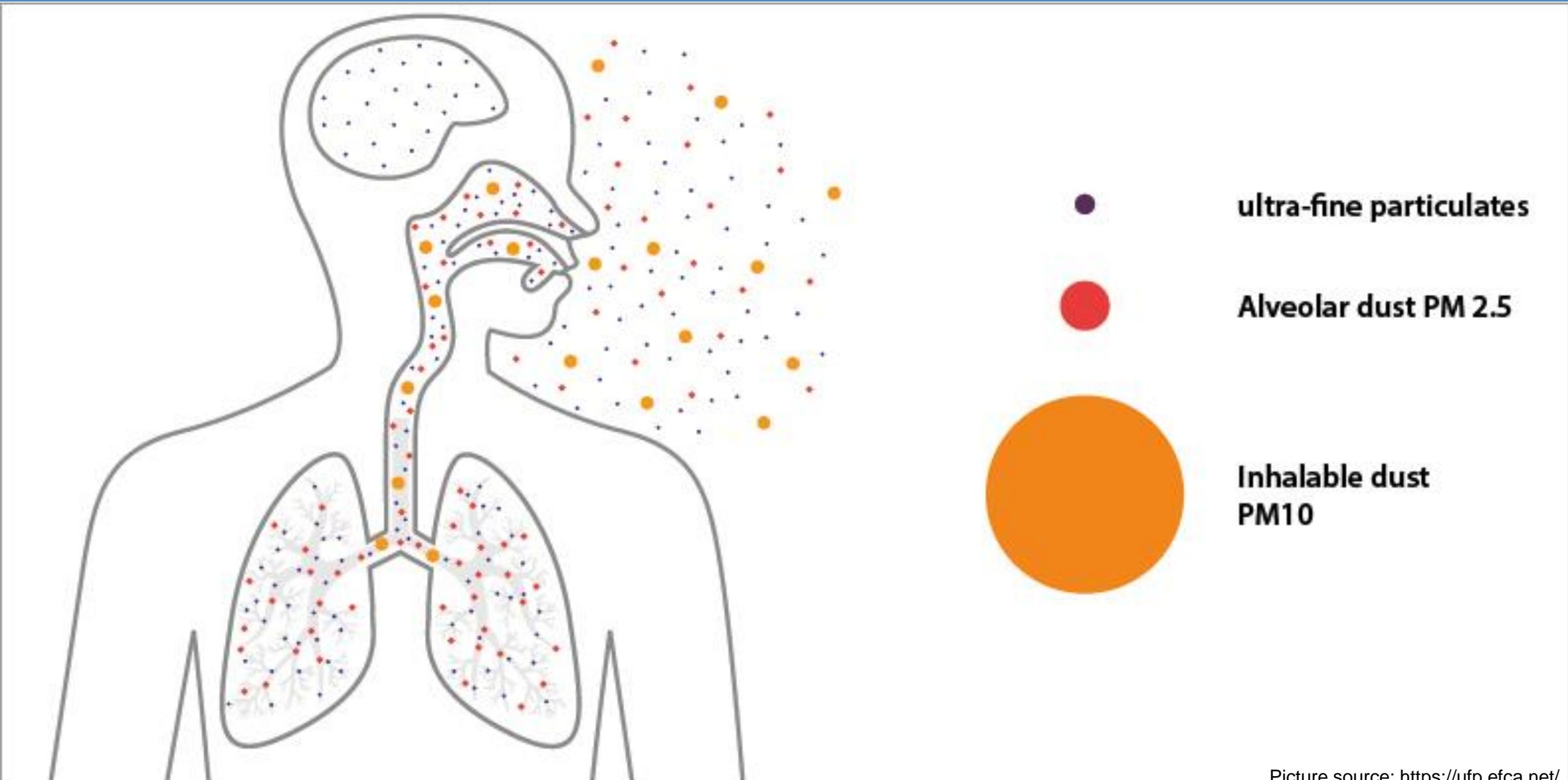
4. Fraunhofer Institute for Silicate Research ISC, Wurzburg, Germany



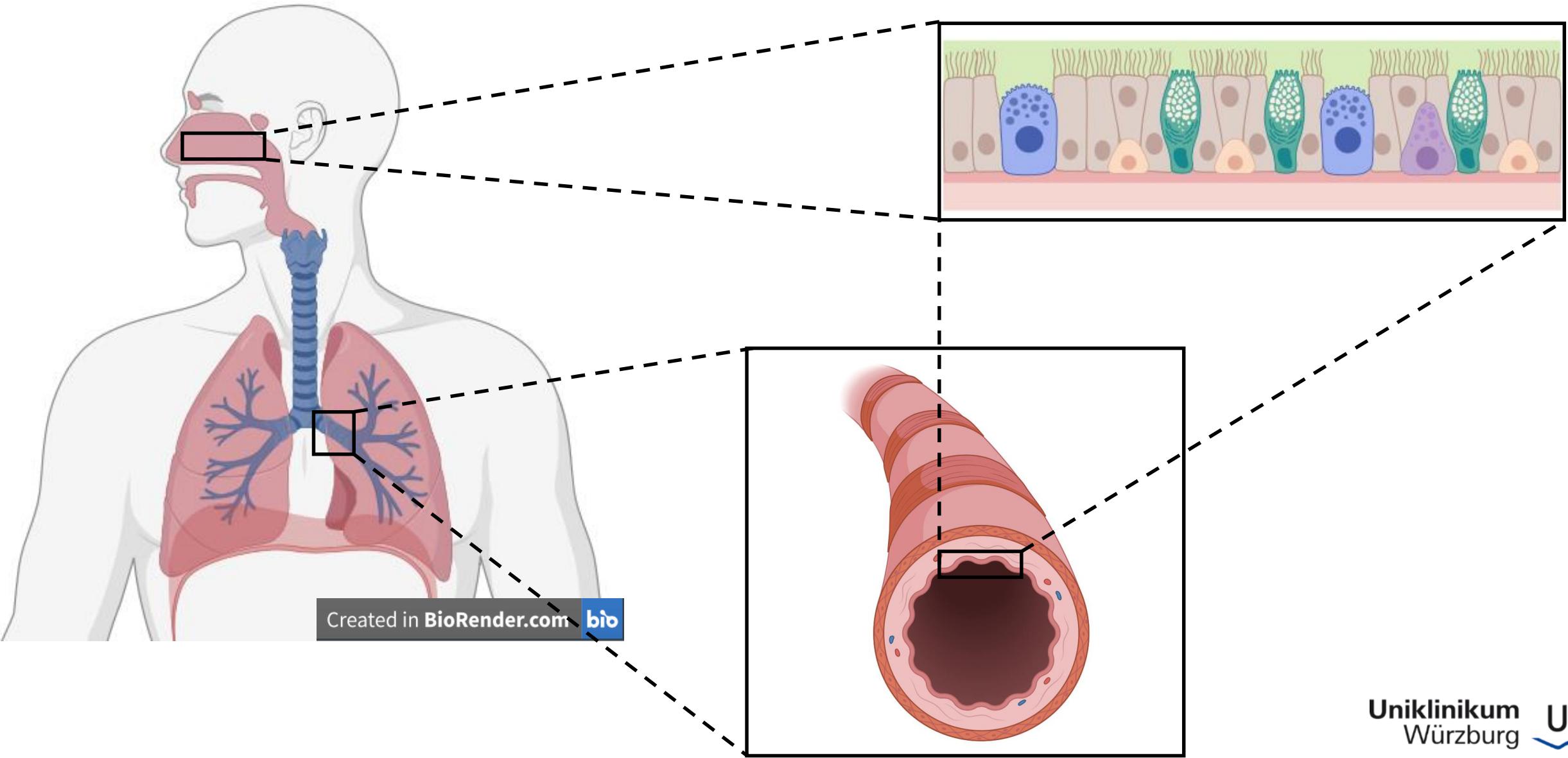
Klinik und Poliklinik für Hals-, Nasen- und Ohrenkrankheiten,
plastische und ästhetische Operationen
Direktor: Prof. Dr. S. Hackenberg



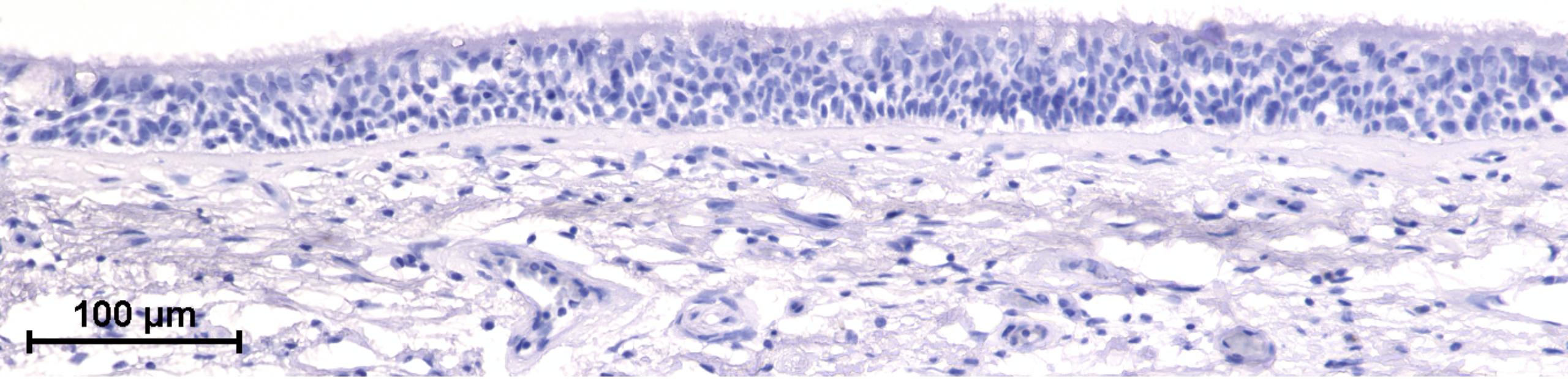
Respiratory mucosa



Respiratory mucosa

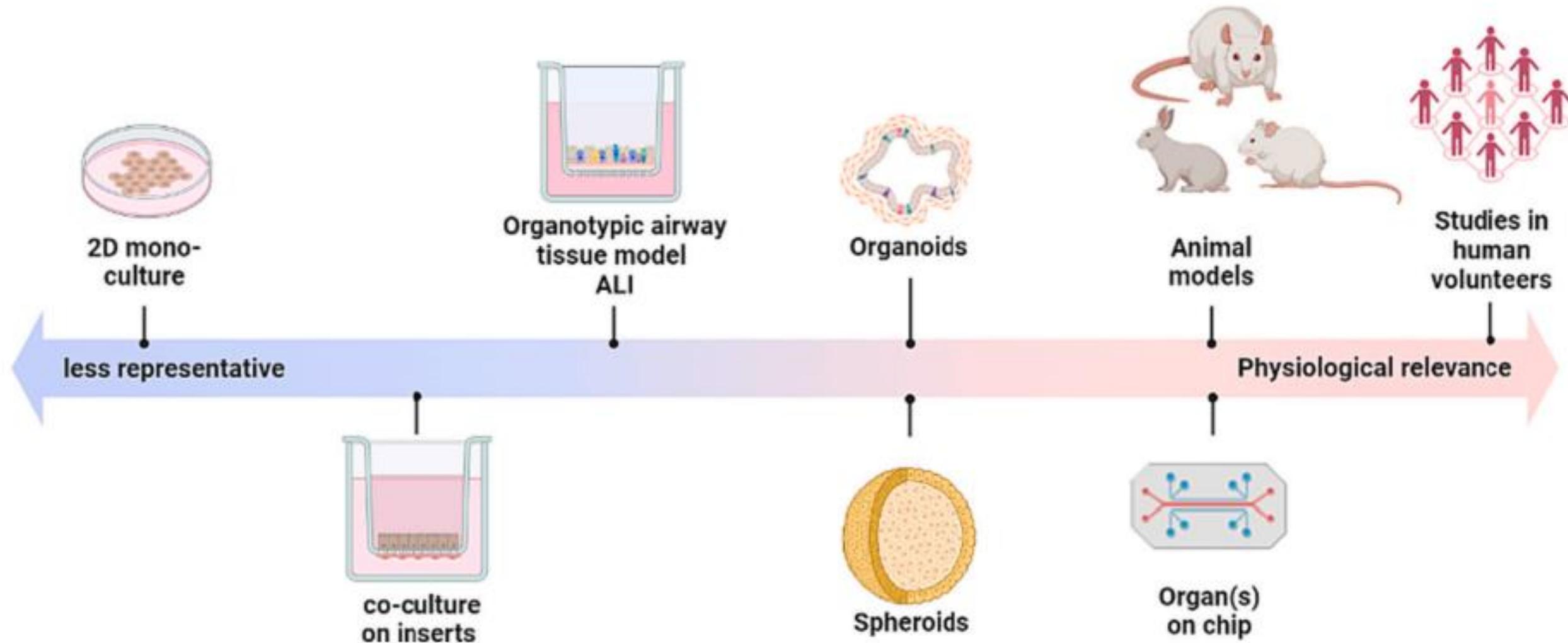


How to get the best respiratory mucosa model?

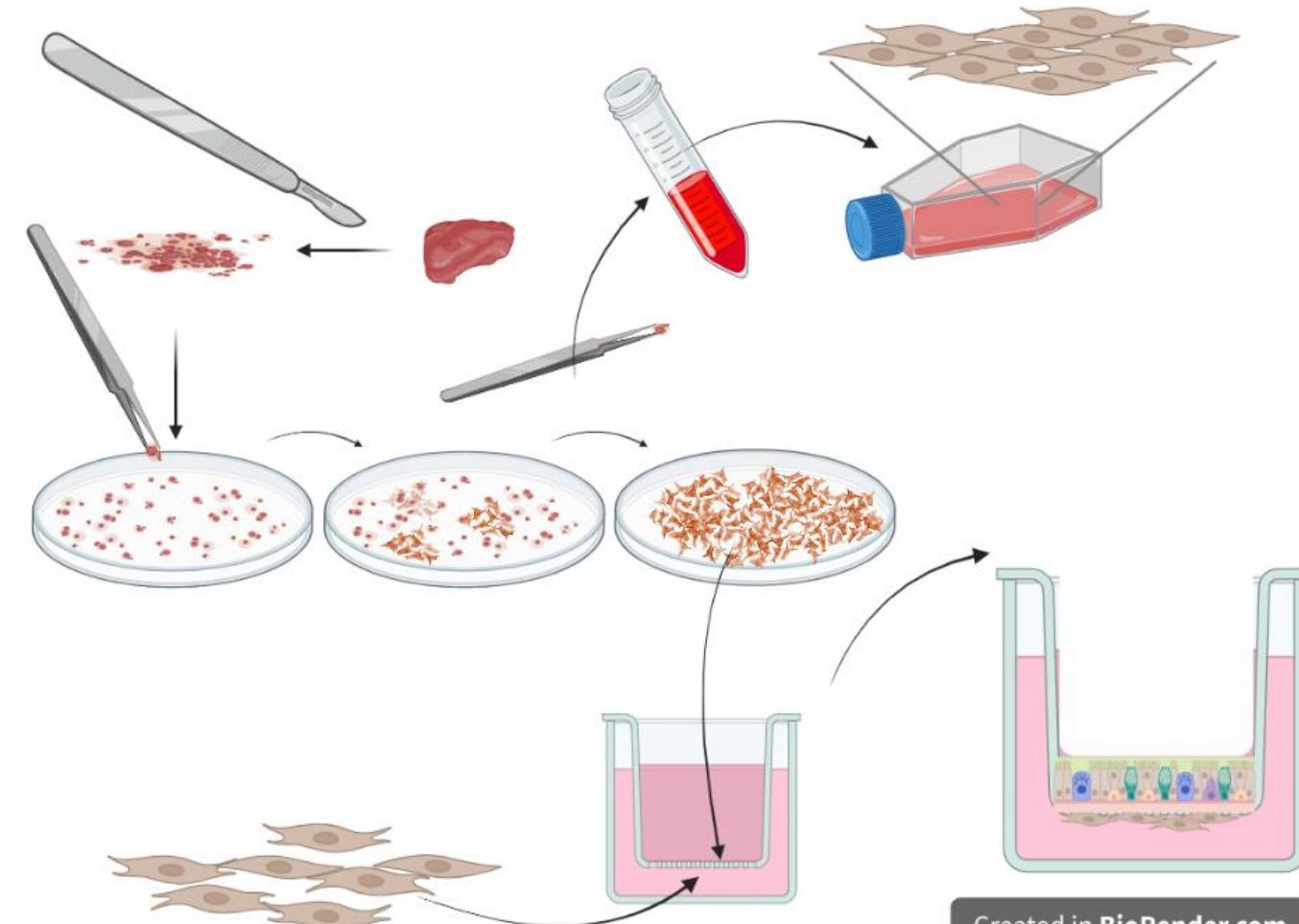


100 μm

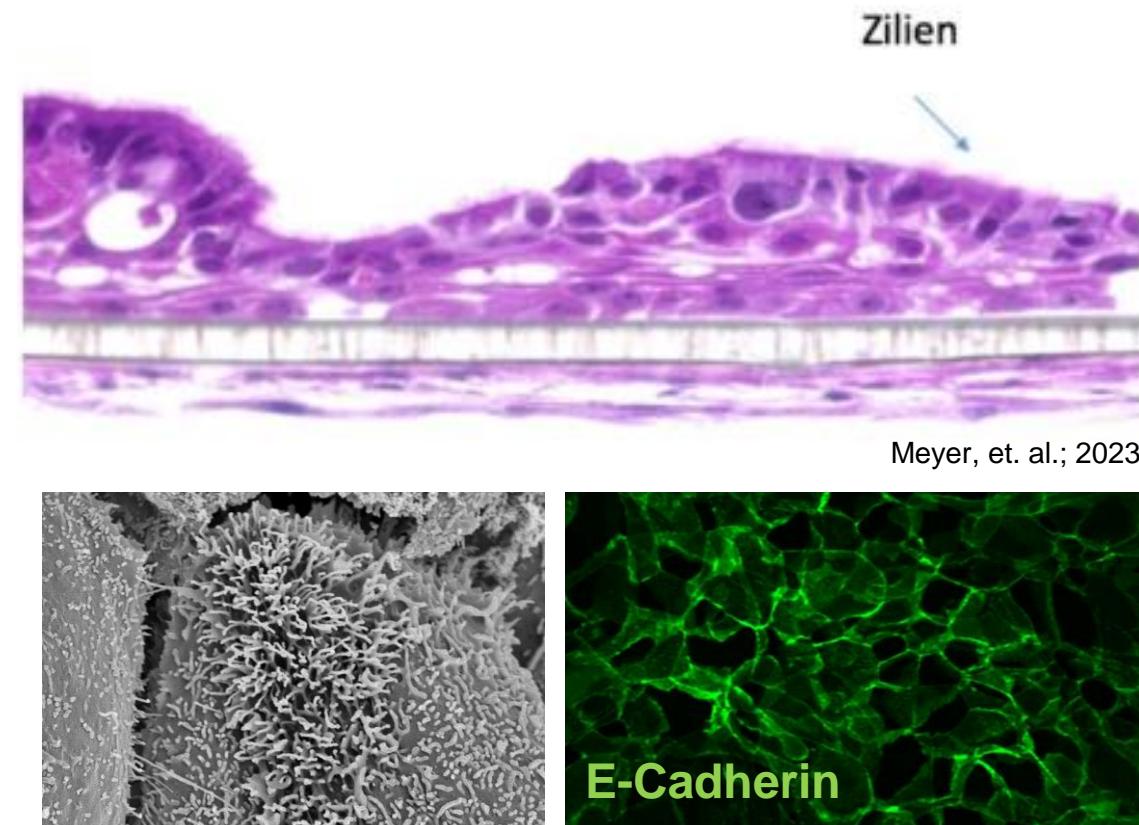
How to get the best respiratory mucosa model?



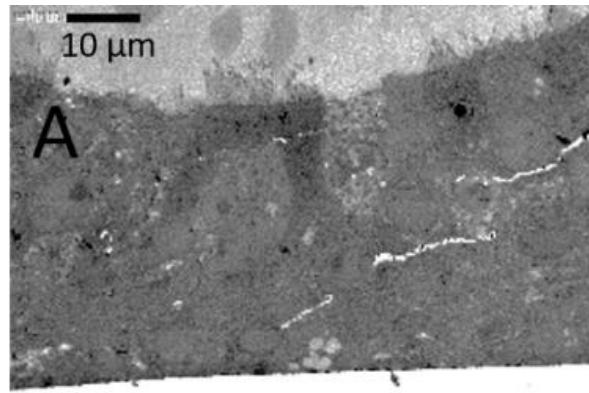
Primary cell based respiratory mucosa model



Created in BioRender.com 



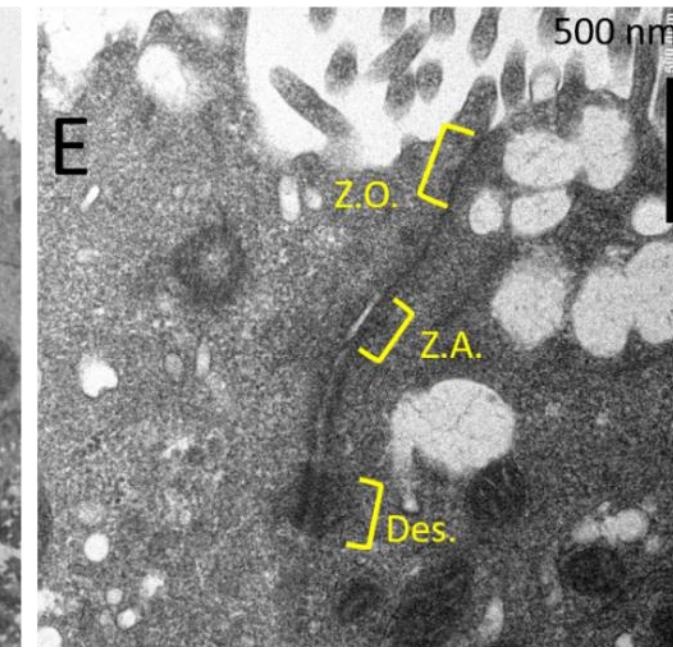
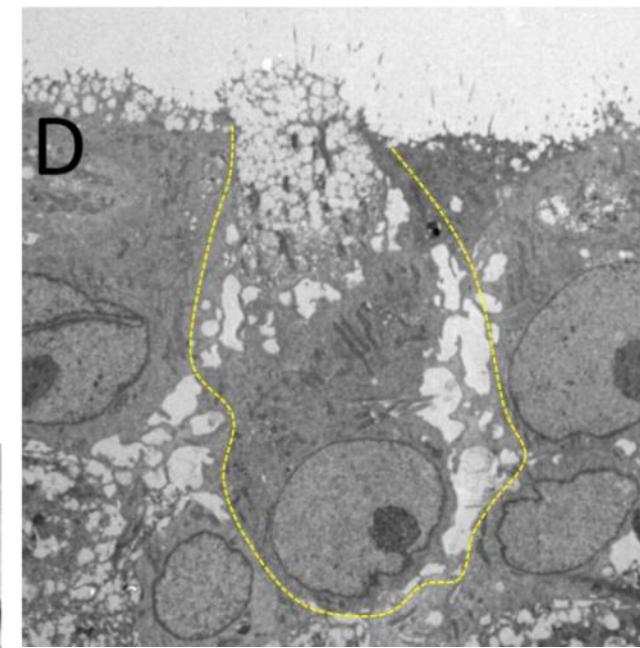
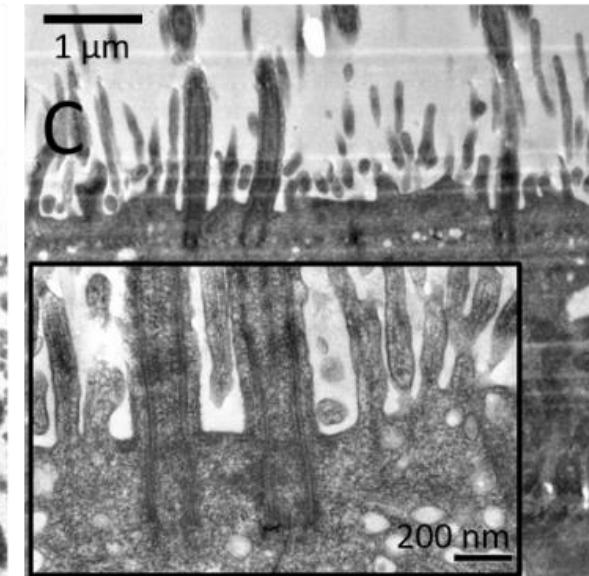
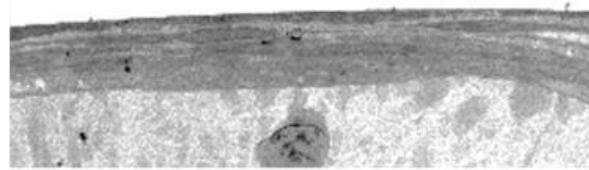
Ultrastructure of the models by TEM



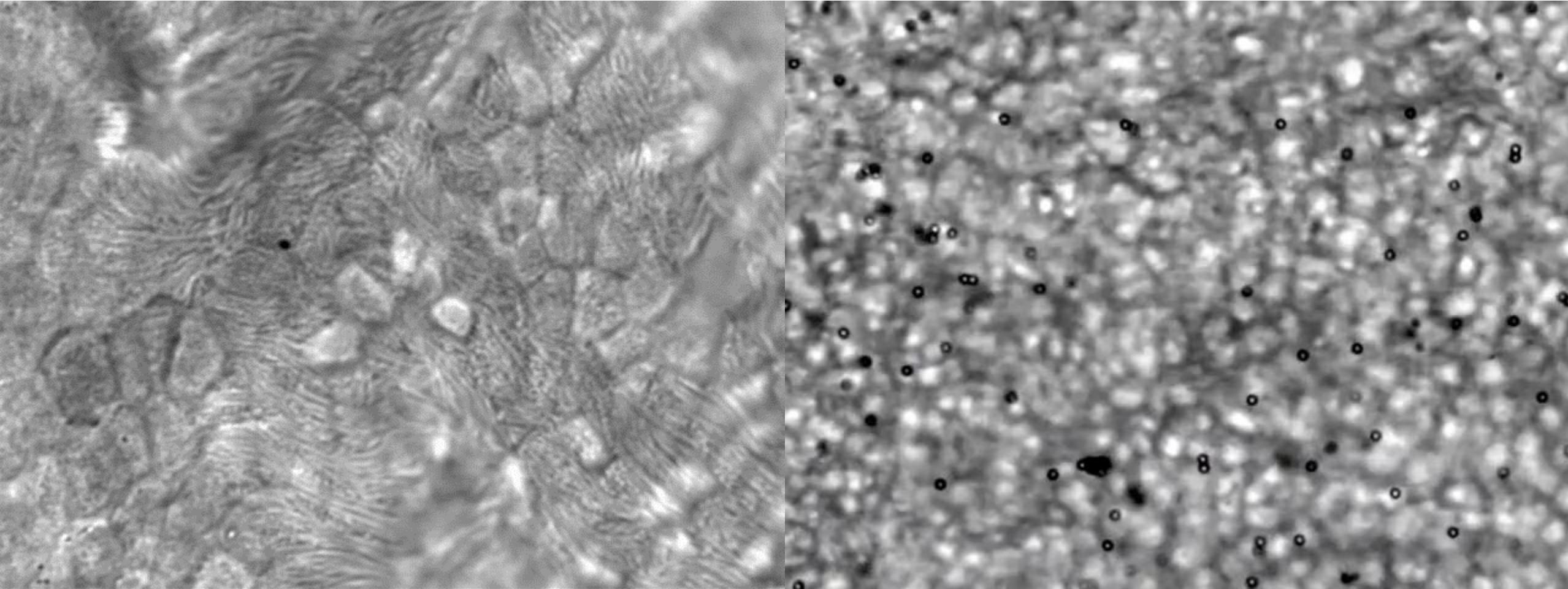
PET membrane

Autolog fibroblasts

Apical cell culture based on epithelial cells isolated from nasal mucosa biopsies and cultured for a minimum of 26 days at ALI



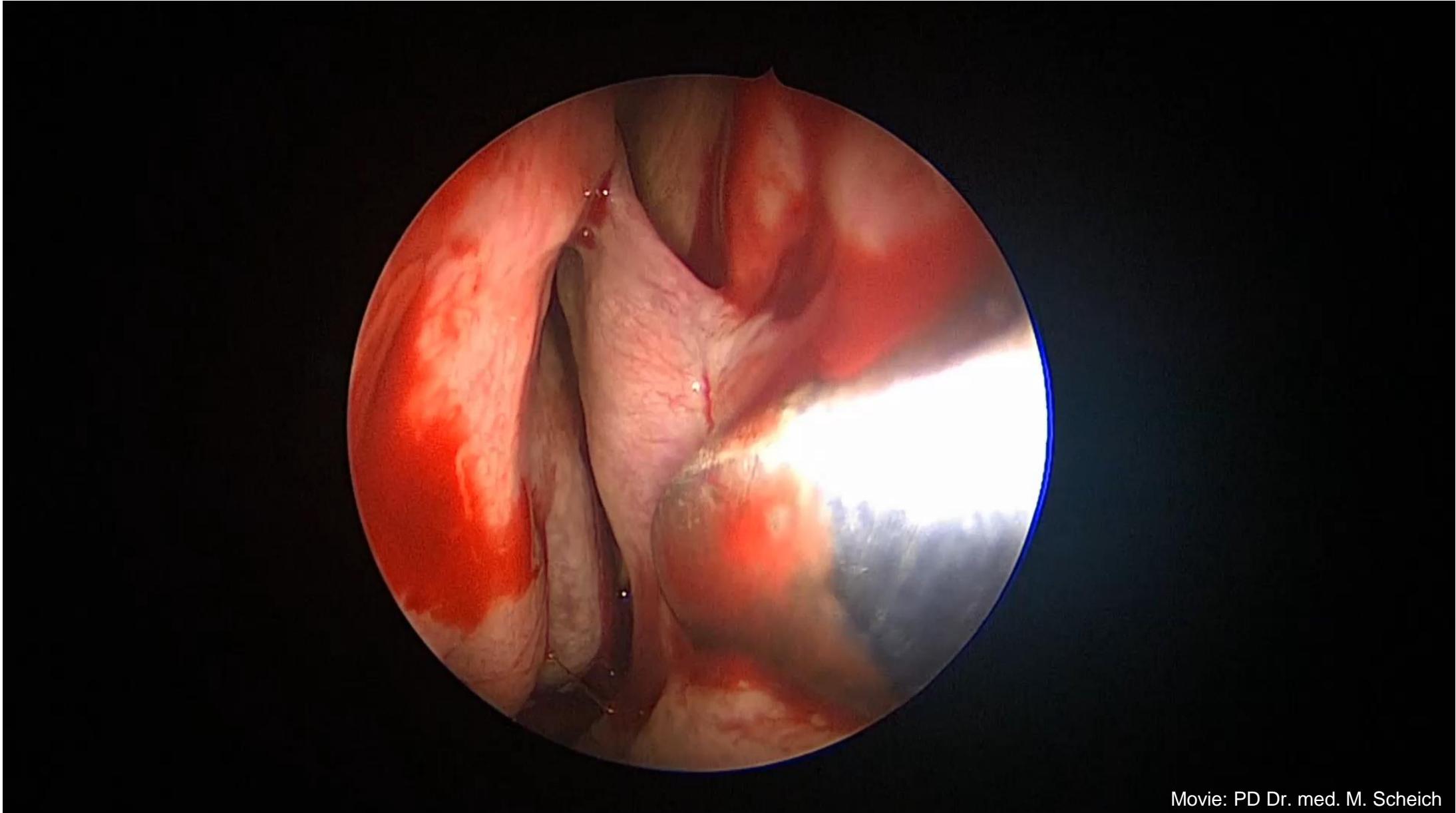
Kinocilia beat – models with function



Beads: $d = \sim 3\mu\text{m}$

Movie: Dr. Maria Steinke

Source of donor tissue?



Use of primary cells – an advantage?

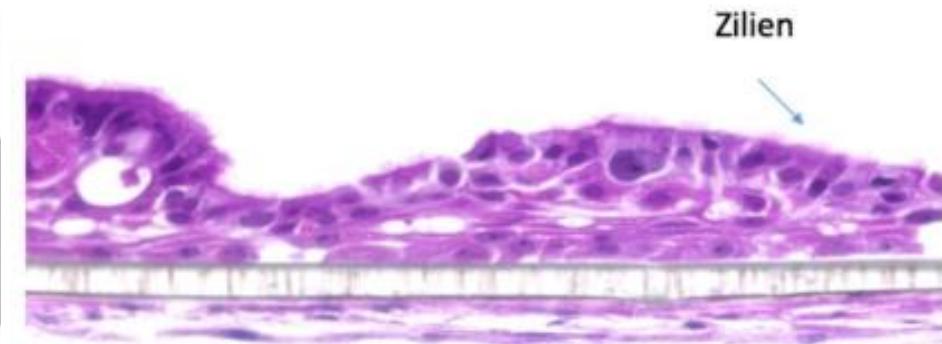
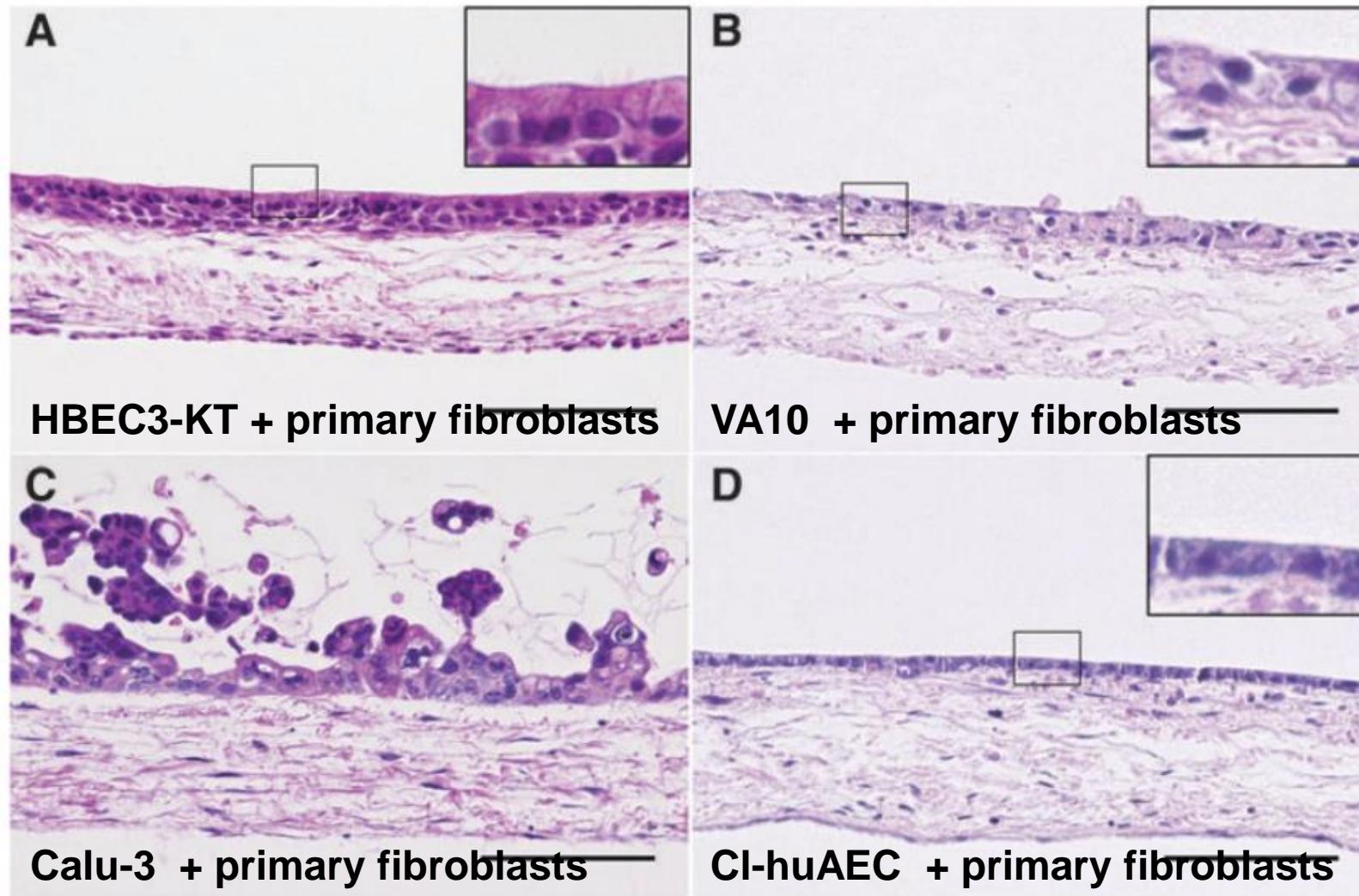
Disadvantages

- ▶ Donor variance ←→
- ▶ Donor bias (Disease as indication for surgery)
- ▶ Low passaging capability
- ▶ Access to primary tissue necessary

Advantages

- ▶ Donor variance
- ▶ High *in vitro* – *in vivo* correlation
- ▶ Functionality
- ▶ Morphology
- ▶ Physiology (mucus)
- ▶ Possibility for disease specific models
- ▶ Personalized medicine

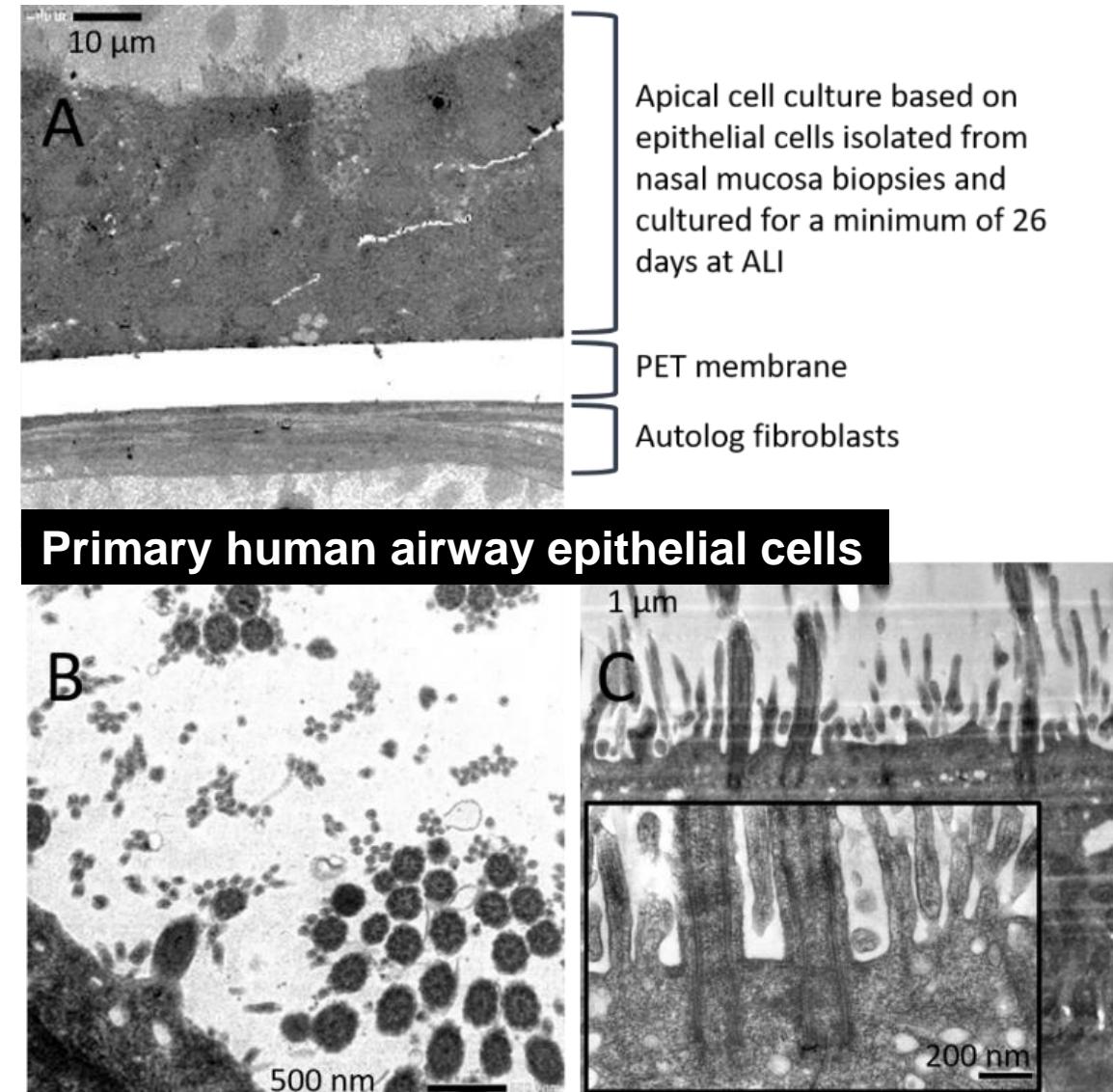
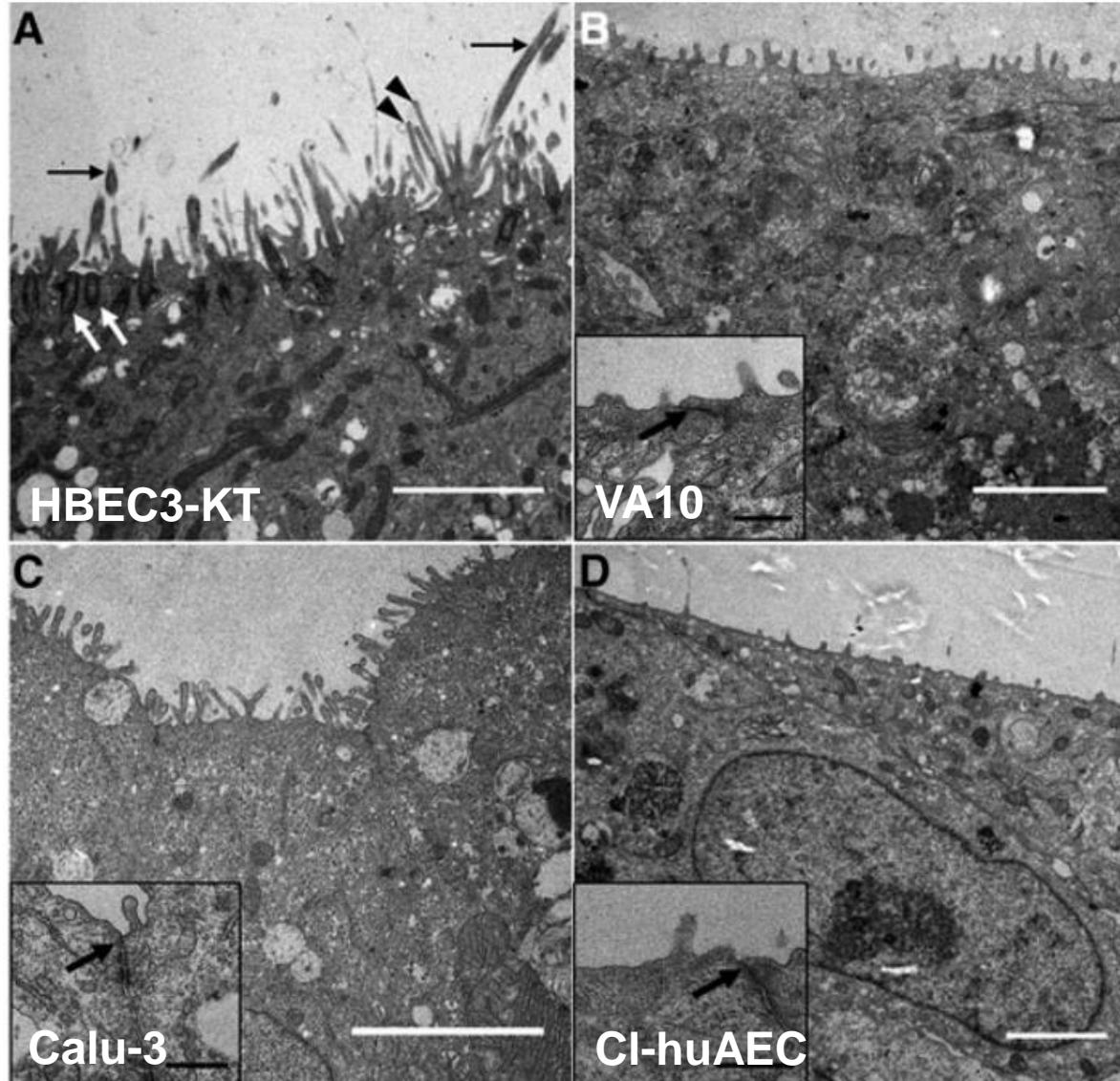
Use of primary cells – an advantage?



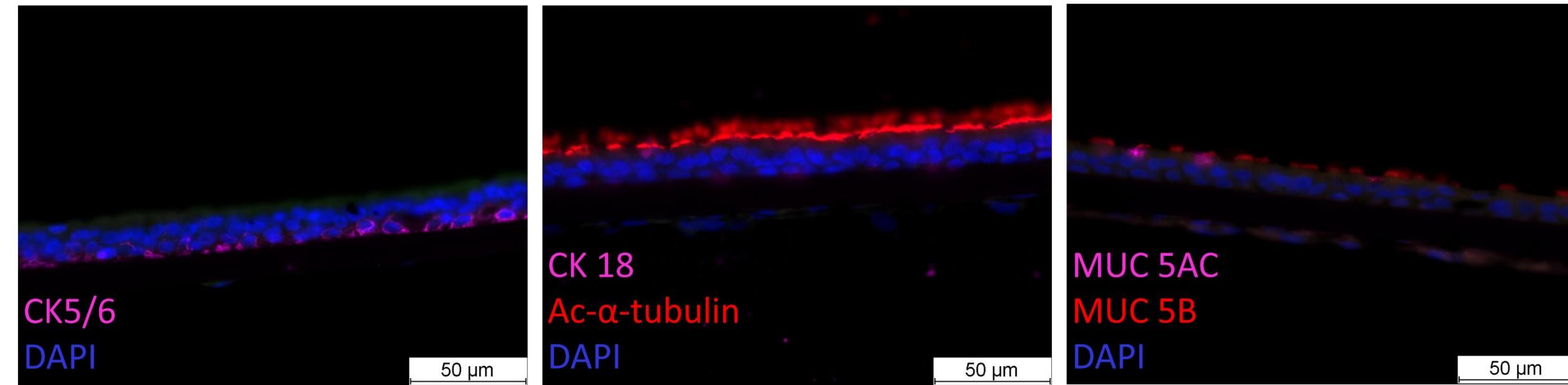
Meyer, et. al.; 2023

**Primary human airway epithelial cells
+ autologous fibroblasts**

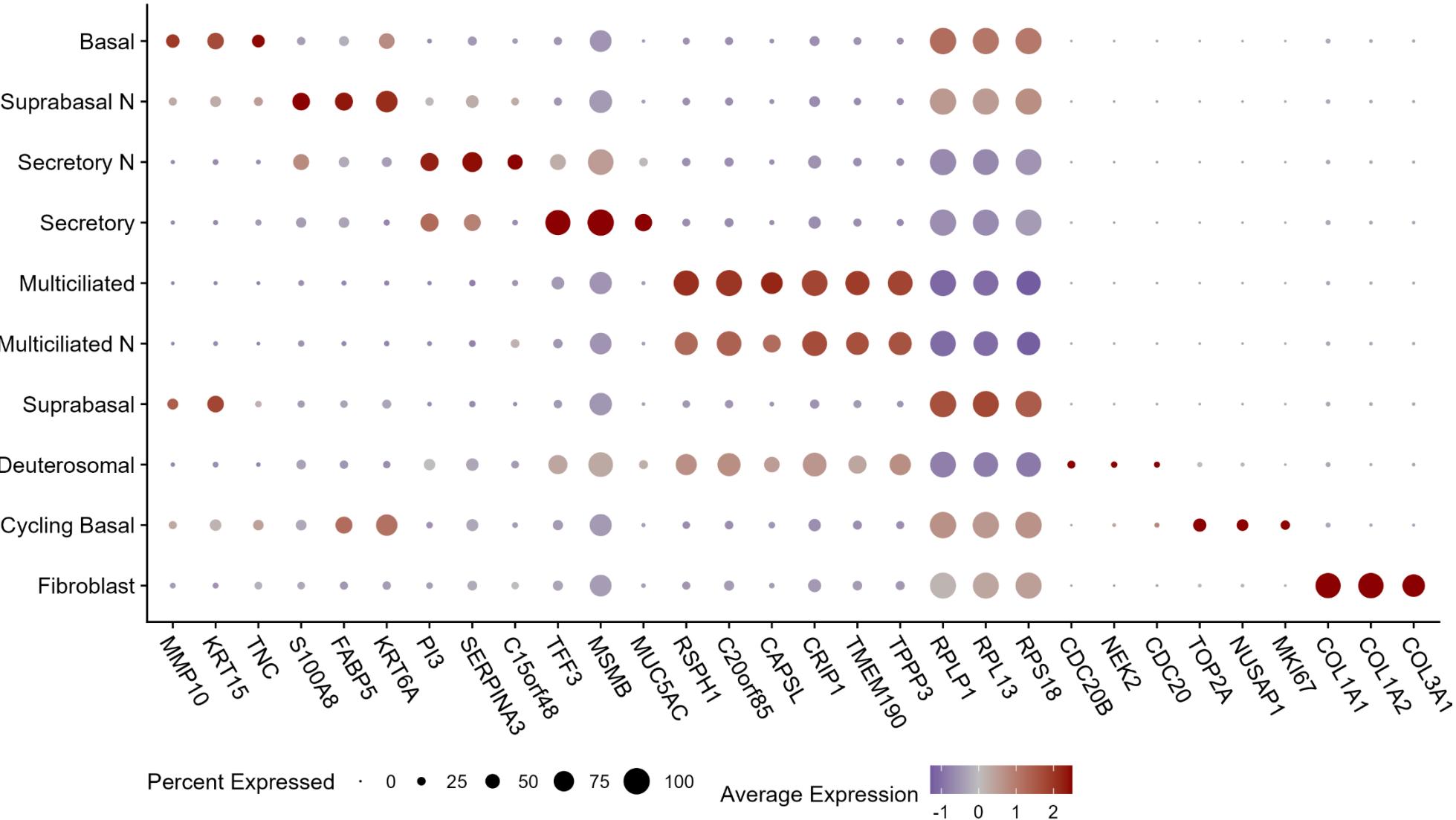
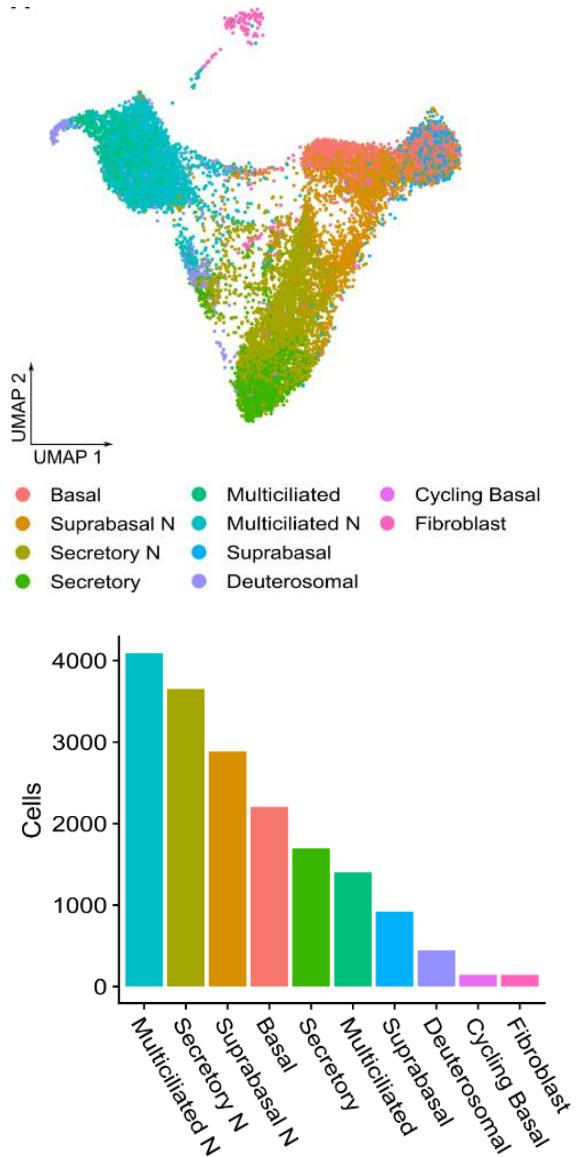
Use of primary cells – an advantage?



Use of primary cells – an advantage?

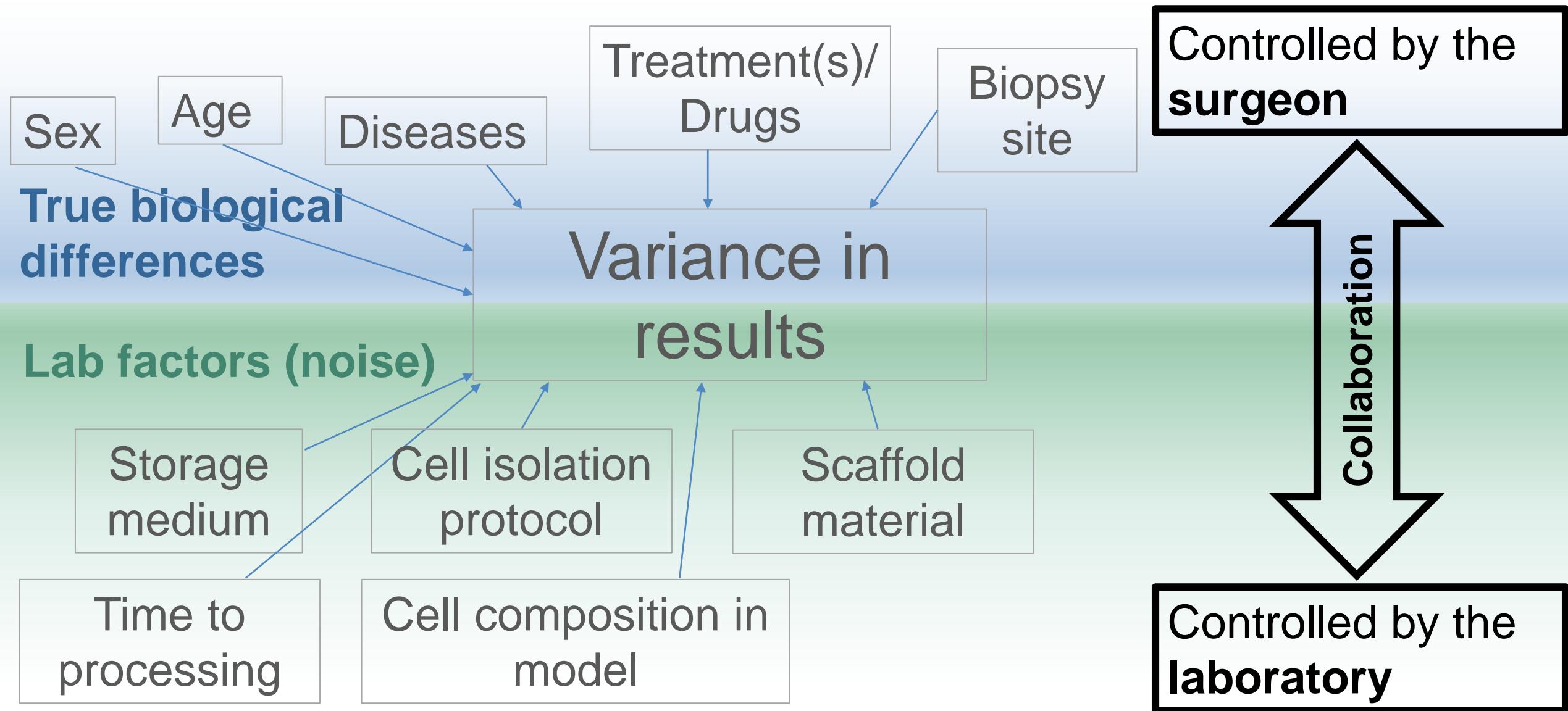


RNAsec of the respiratory mucosa models



Considerations in model establishment

Patient material – how heterogeneous is it?



Impact of UFP on respiratory mucosa models



Characterization of the interaction between UFP and cells of the respiratory tract in an **offline** experiment

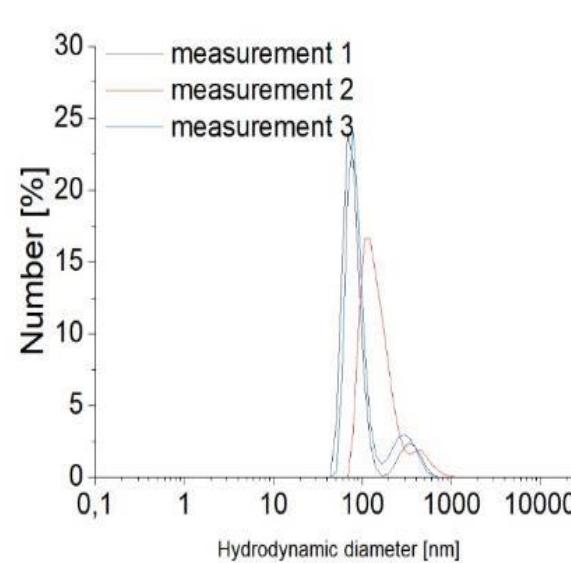
Using **standardized** ultrafine particles
Carbon Black - Printex 90

Characterization of the interaction between UFP and cells of the respiratory tract in an **online** experiment

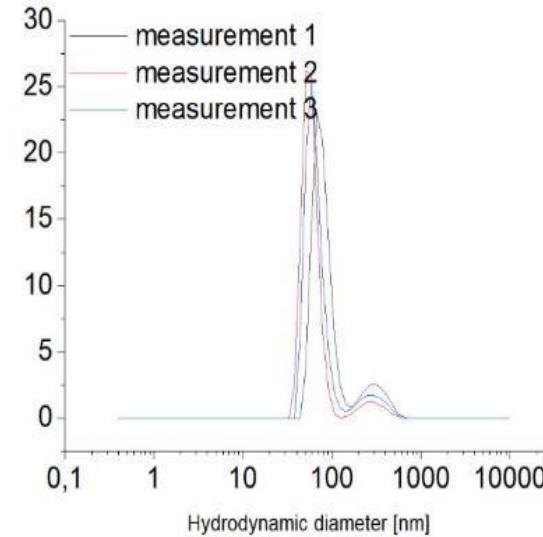
Use **live generated** particles by partners with clear characterization
Propane combustion



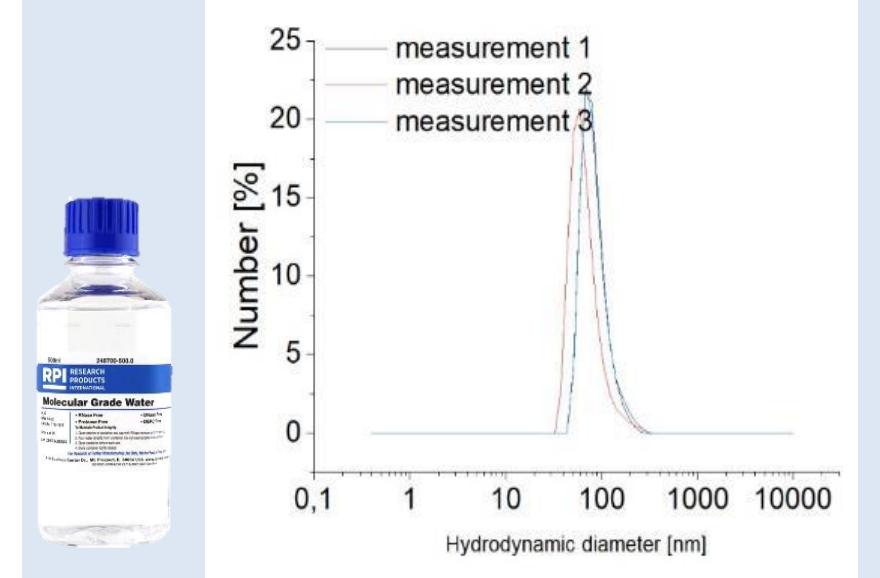
UFP characterization, Carbon Black – Printex 90



Experimental conditions
plus 1 hour



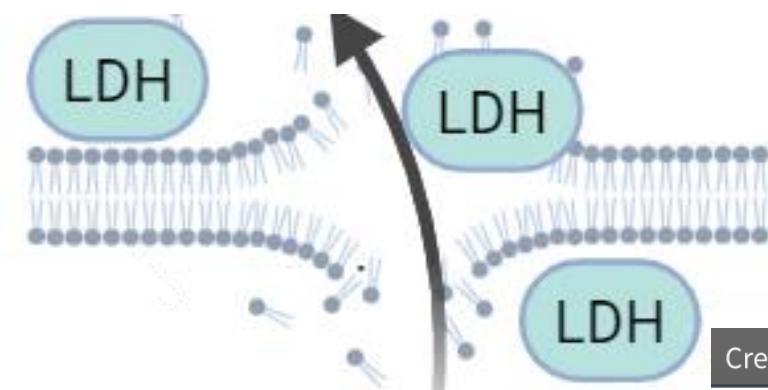
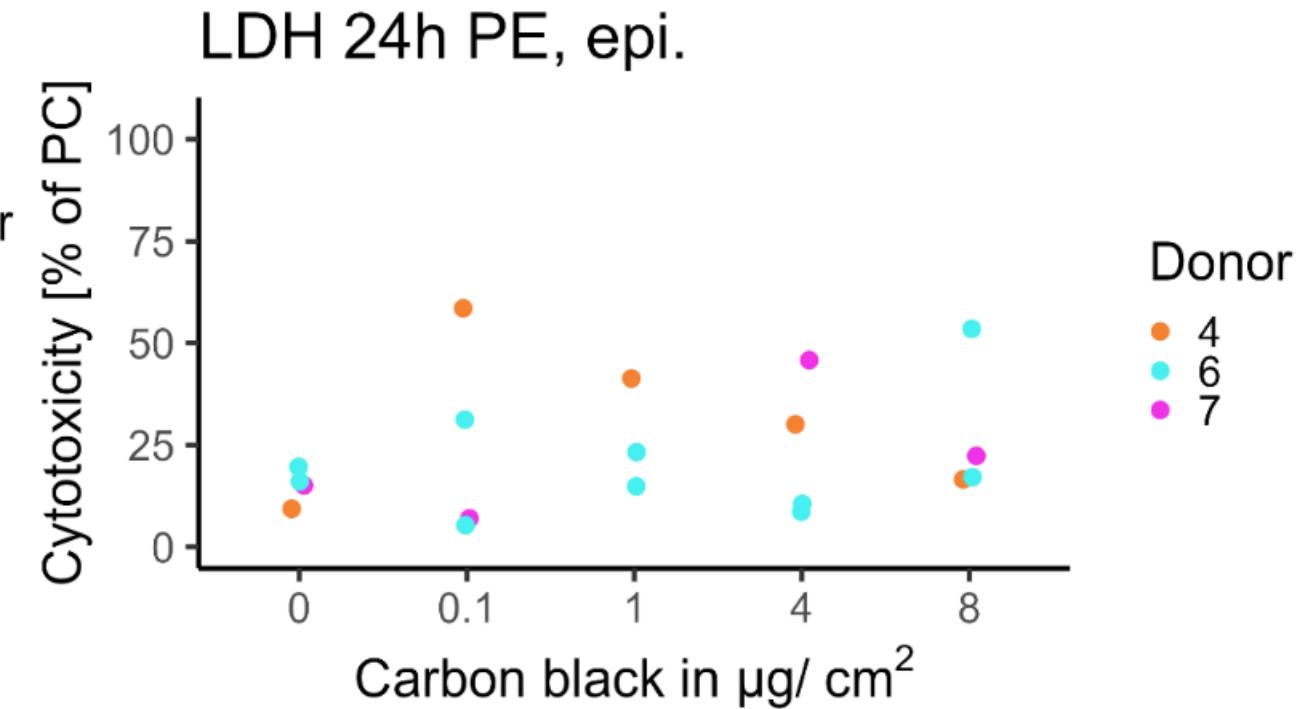
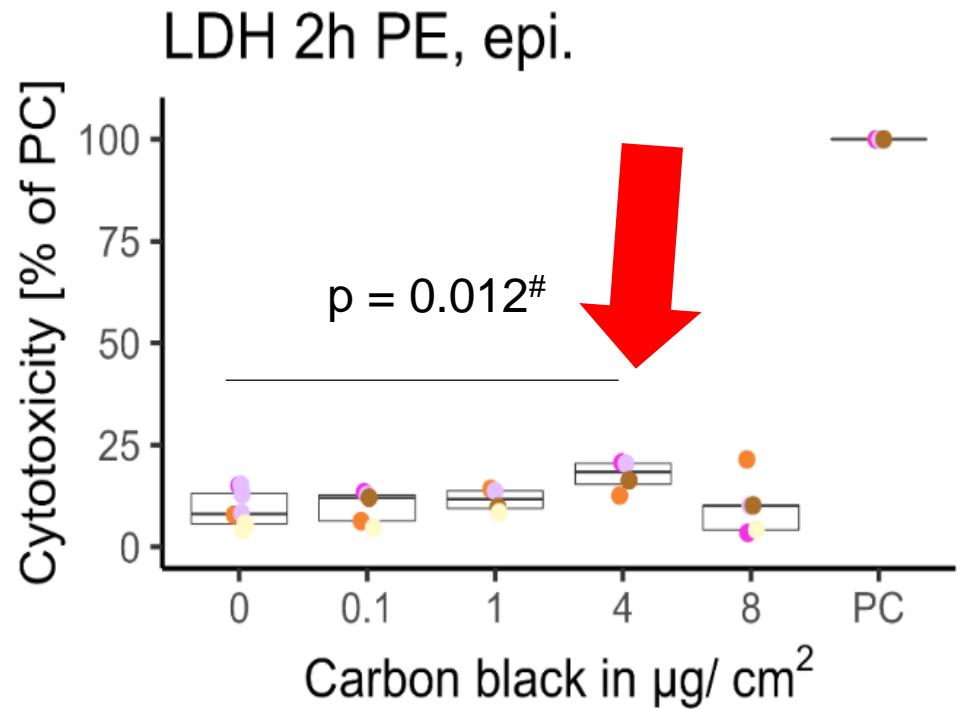
Additional sonification 1 minute
before measurement



In water, sonification 1 minute before
measurement

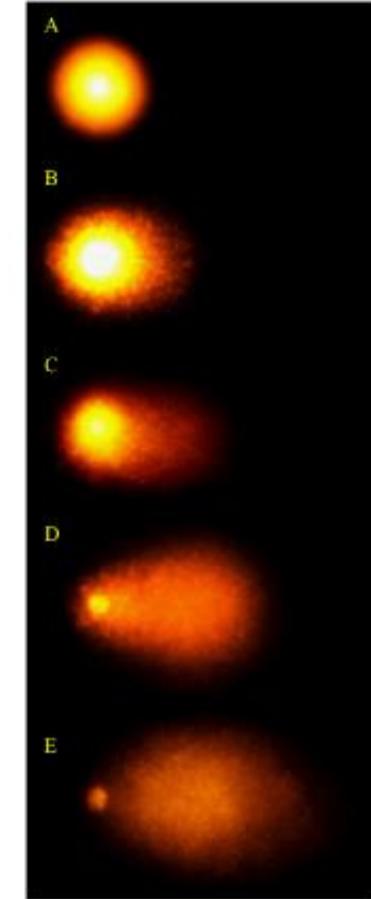
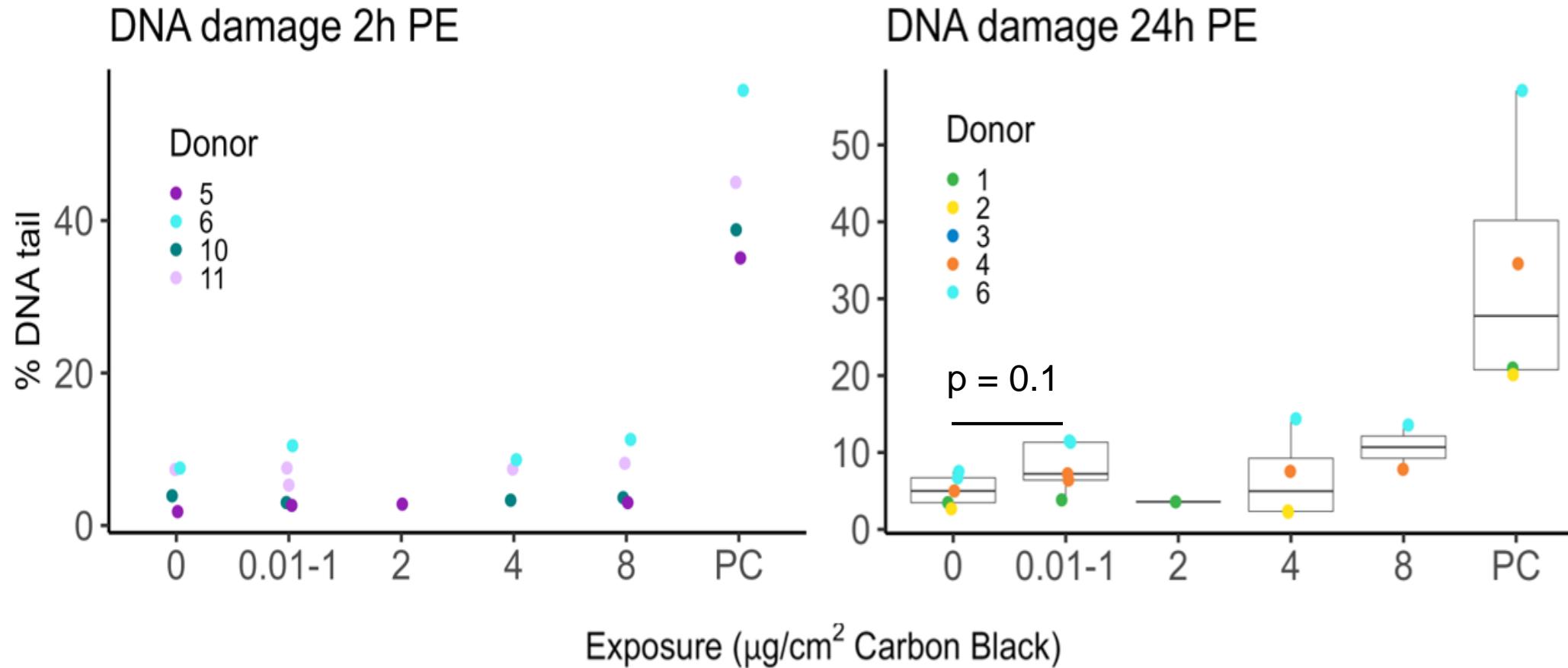
- ▶ Particle size like expected
- ▶ Particle agglomerates in dispersion, more agglomerates in cell culture medium

Cytotoxicity after Carbon Black exposition



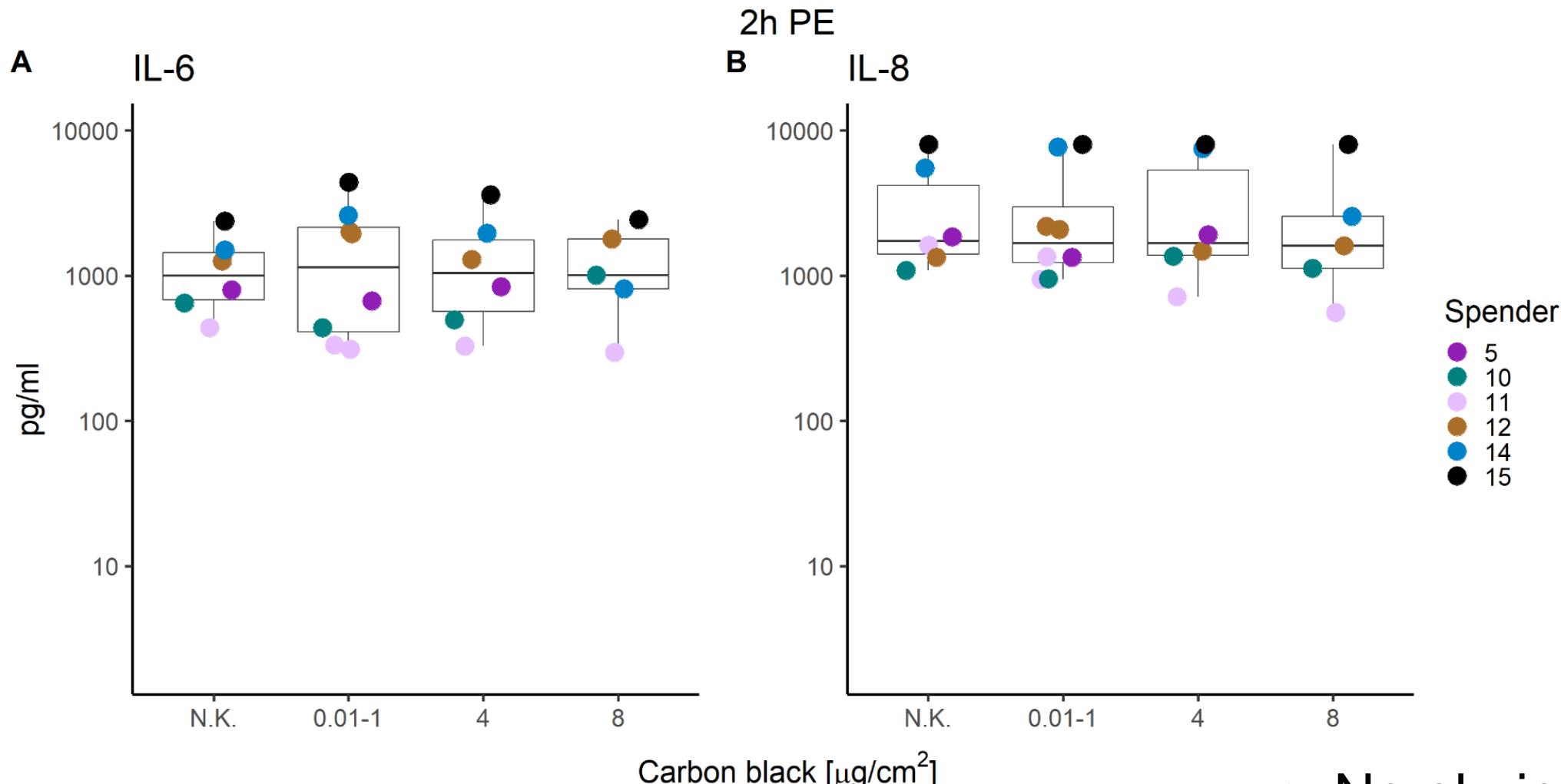
- ▶ Significant difference
- ▶ No cytotoxicity

DNA-damage after Carbon Black exposition



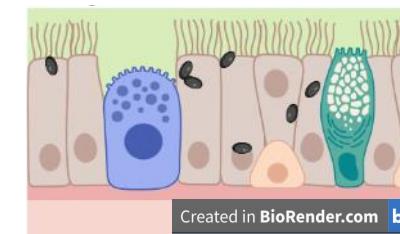
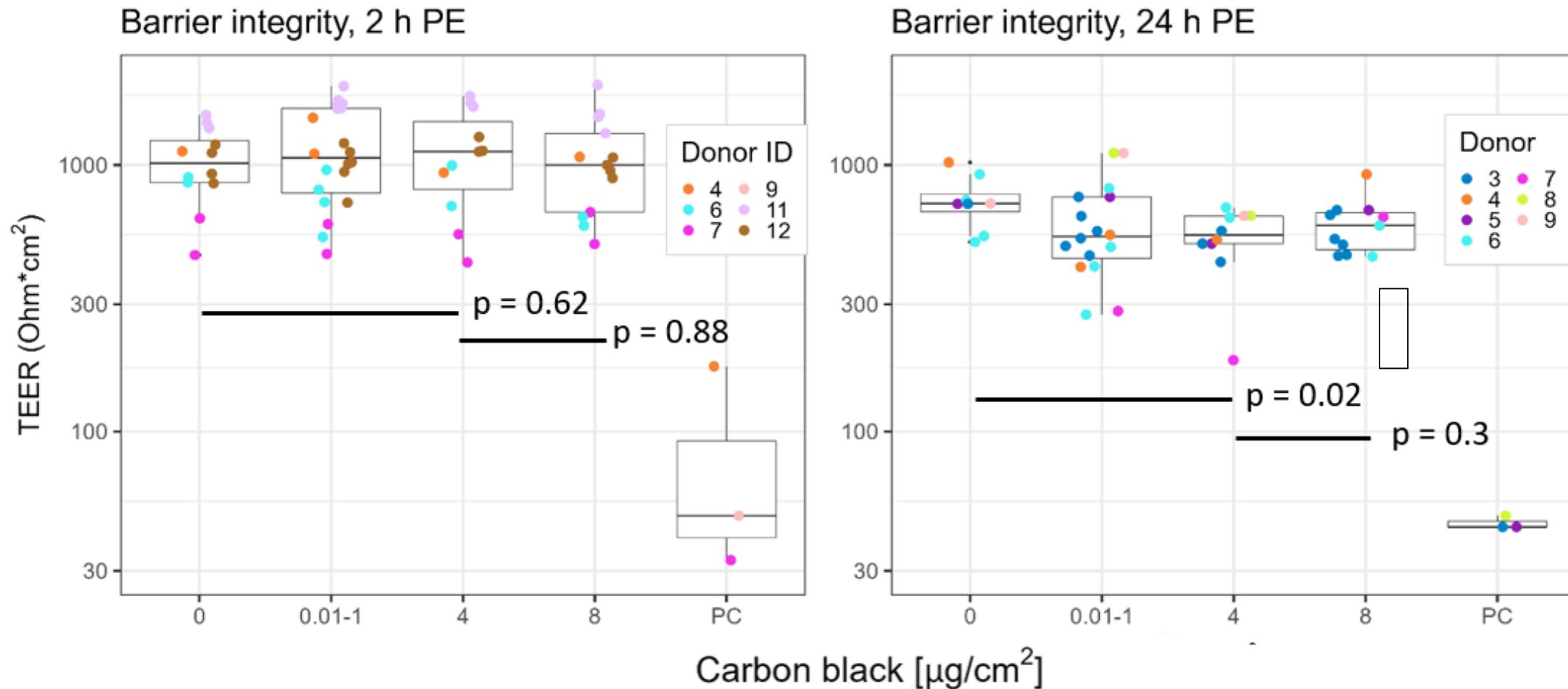
- ▶ No genotoxic response at investigated timepoints
- ▶ Donor tendencies (repair?)

Cytokine release after Carbon black exposition



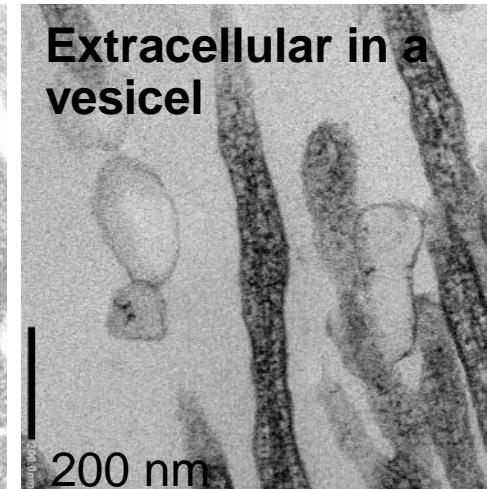
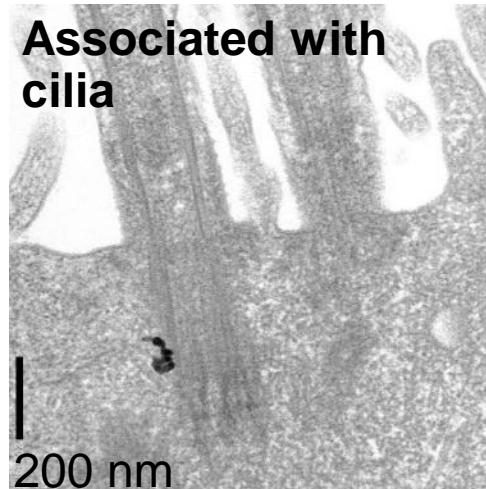
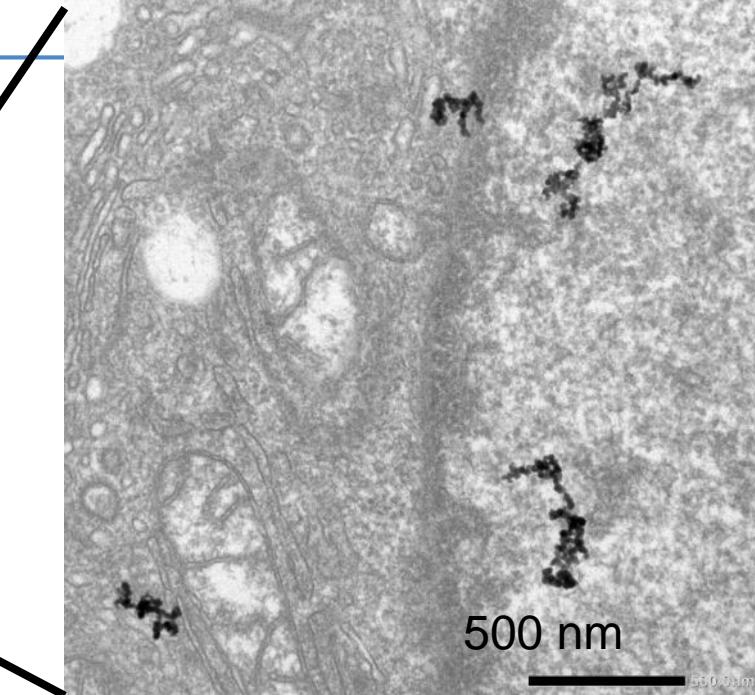
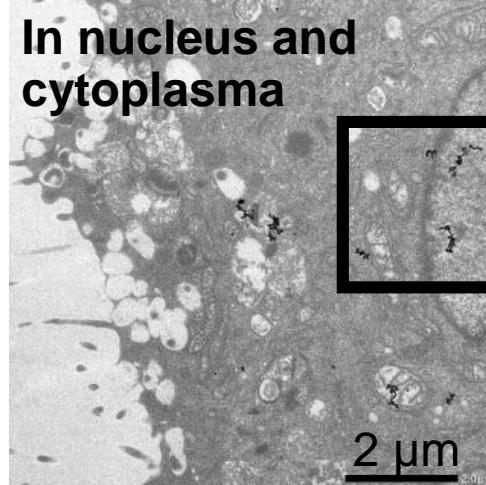
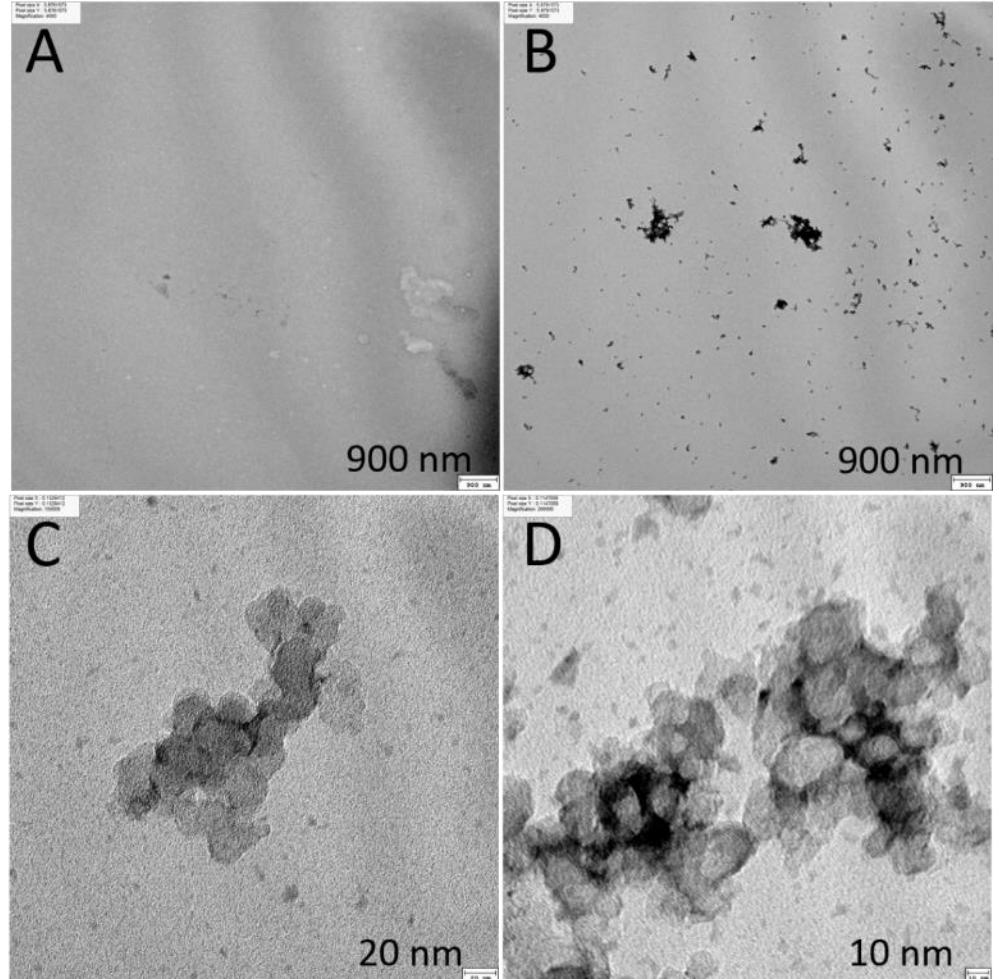
- ▶ No obvious response
- ▶ Donor tendencies

Barrier integrity after Carbon Black exposition



Intracellular without specific localization

Carbon black in water



Impact of UFP on respiratory mucosa models



Characterization of the interaction between UFP and cells of the respiratory tract in an **offline** experiment

Using **standardized** ultrafine particles
Carbon Black - Printex 90

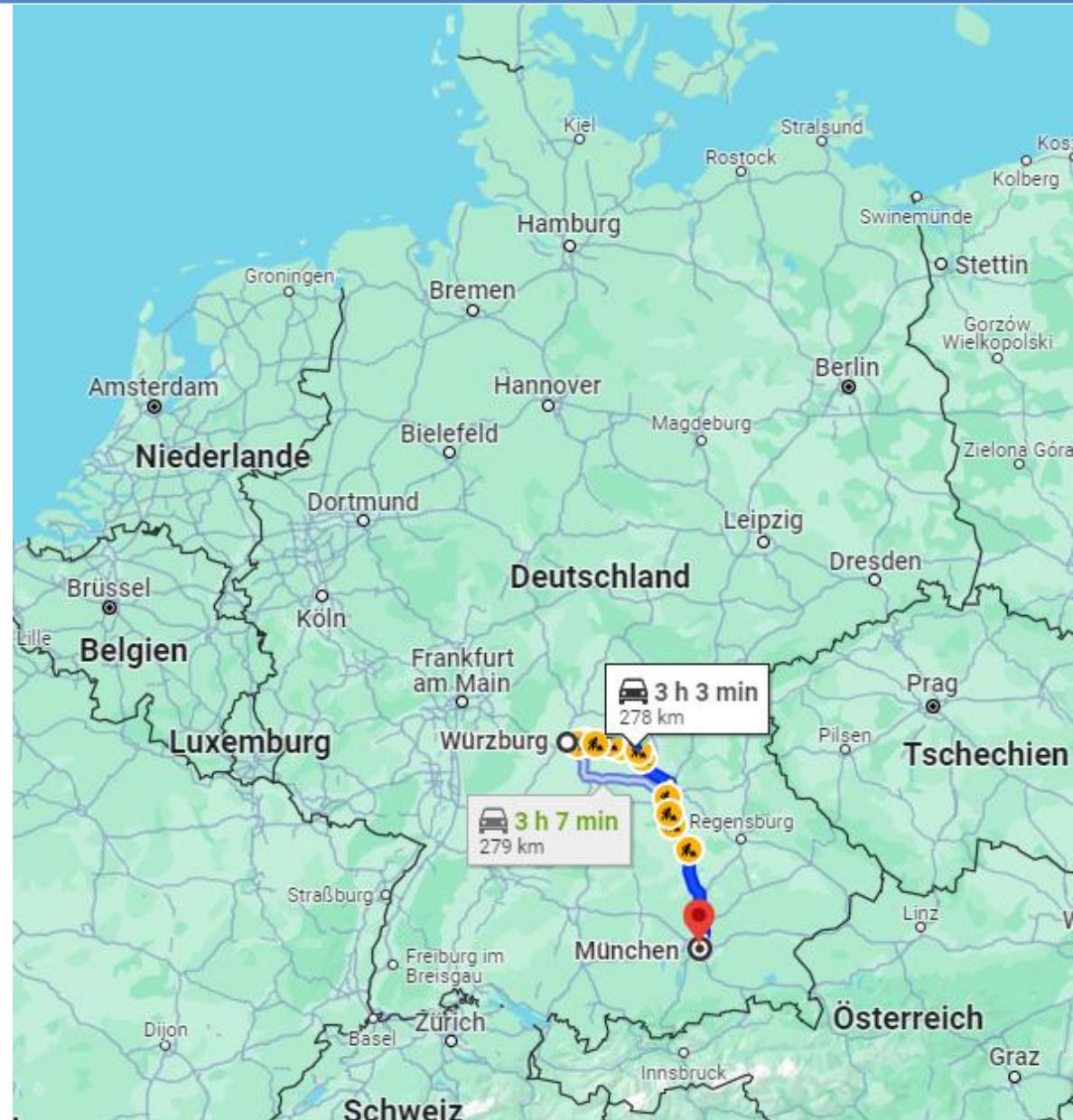
Characterization of the interaction between UFP and cells of the respiratory tract in an **online** experiment

Use **live generated** particles by partners with clear characterization
Propane combustion



Involved partners in Munich

- Anja Huber
- Anusmita Das
- Elias Zimmermann
- Evelyn Kuhn
- Jana Pantzke
- Johannes Becker
- Martin Sklorz
- Mathilde Delaval
- Mohammad Almasaleekh
- Ralf Zimmermann
- Sebastiano Di Bucchianico
- Seongh Jeong
- Svenja Offer



Online exposures – compatible with commercial inserts

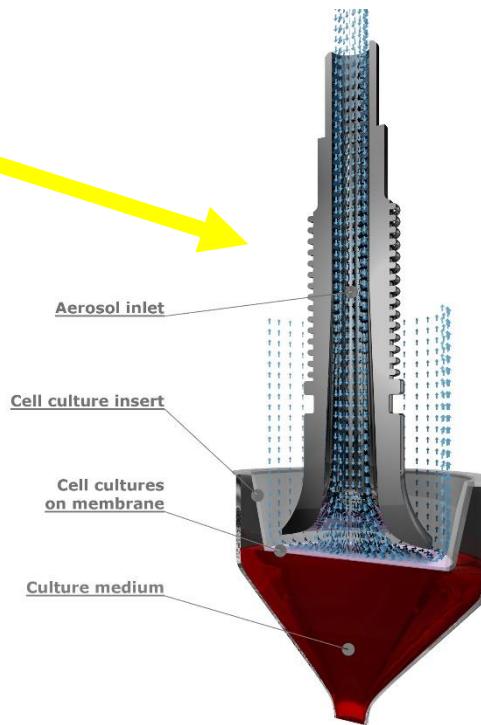
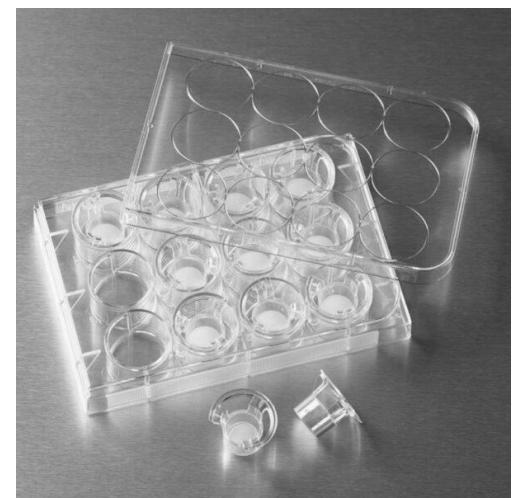
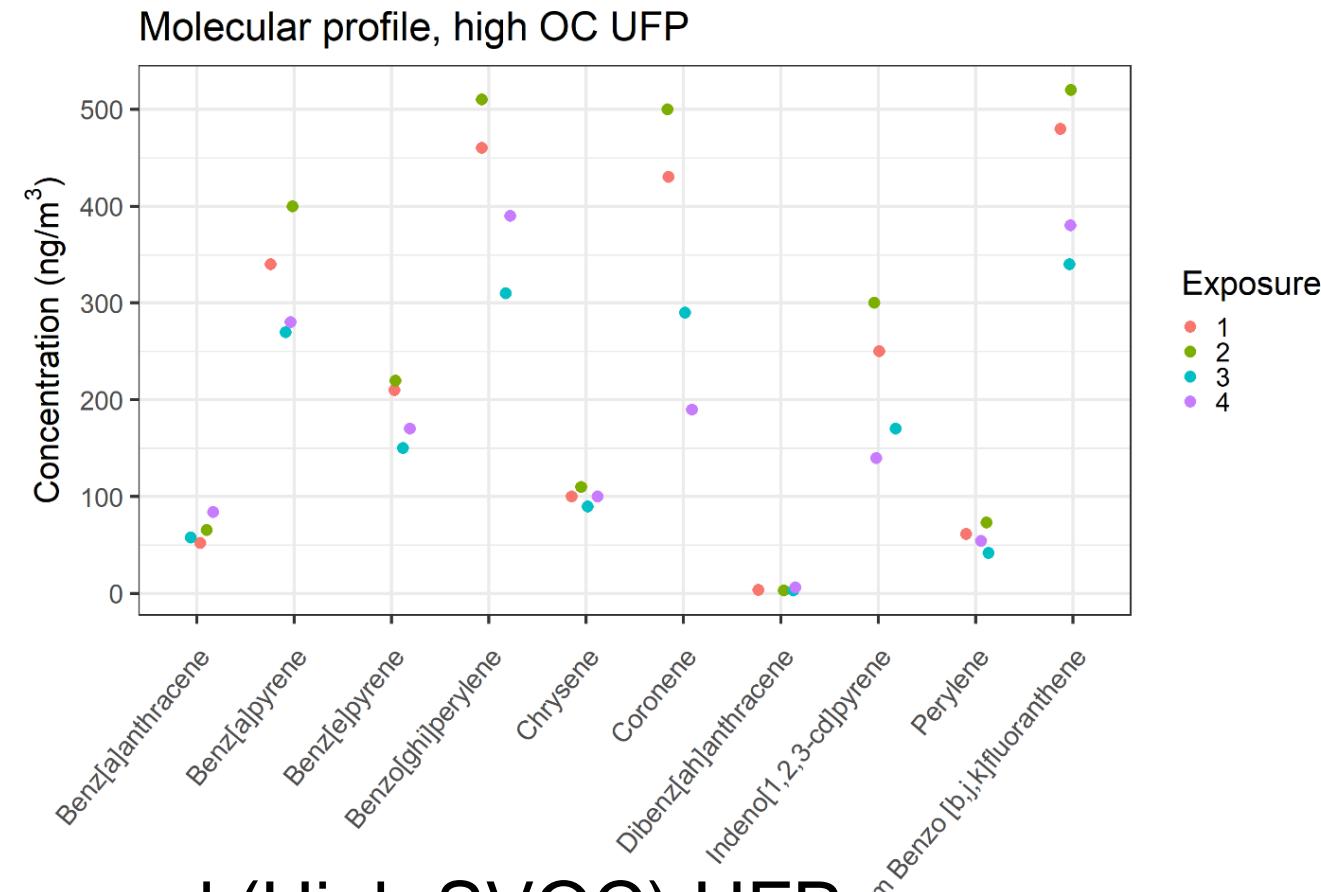
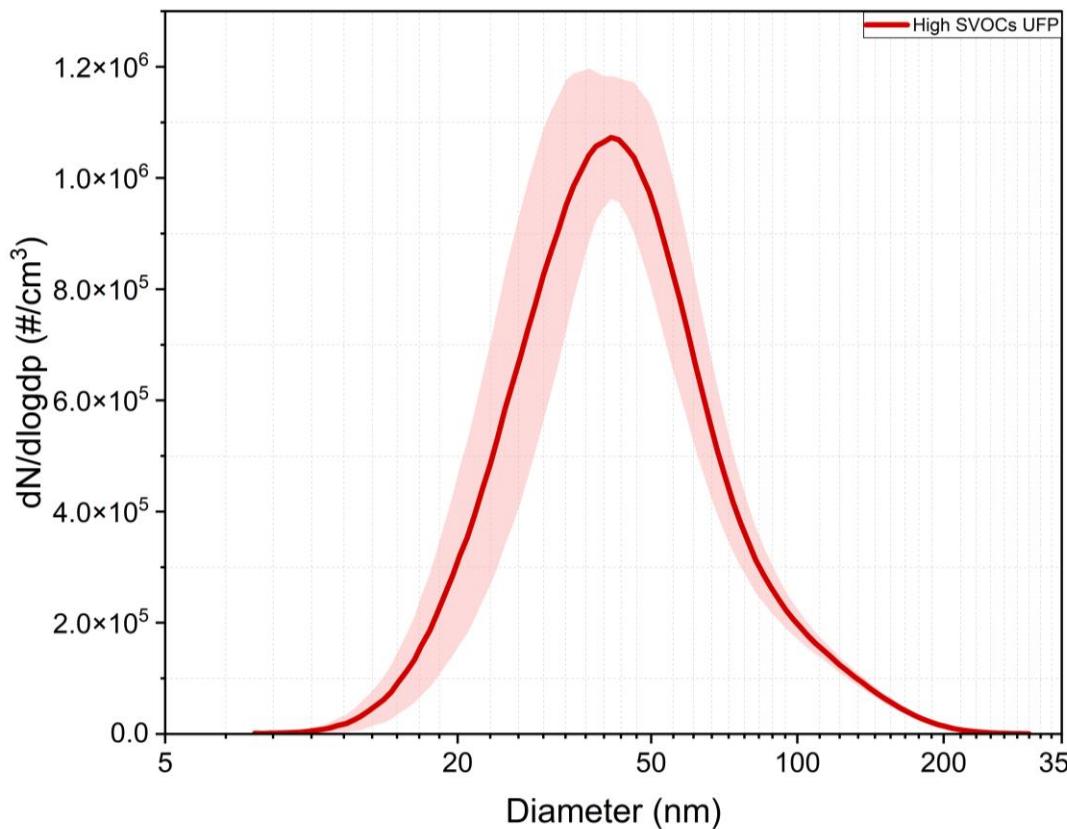


Image: Vitrocell (re-used with permission)

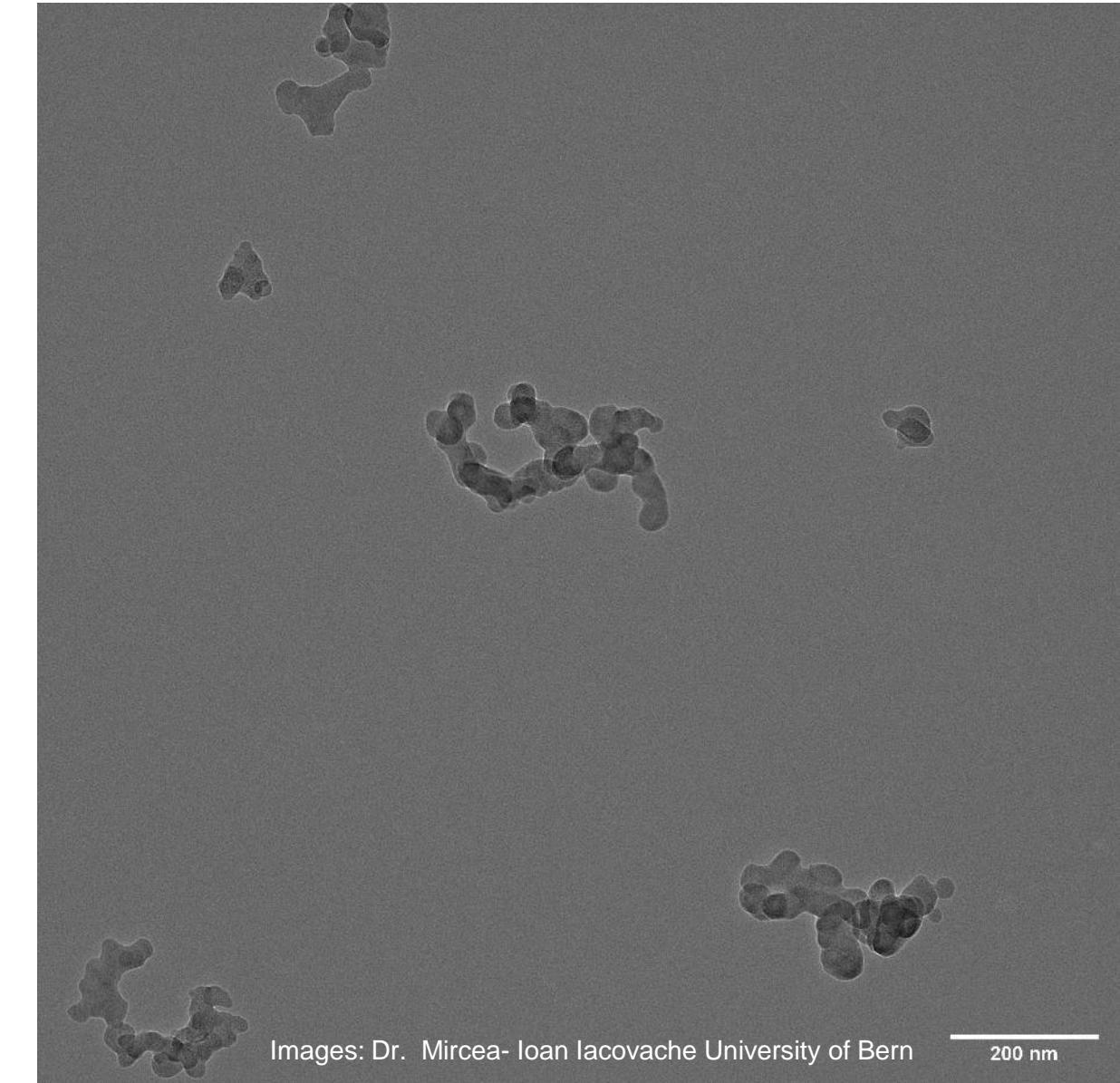
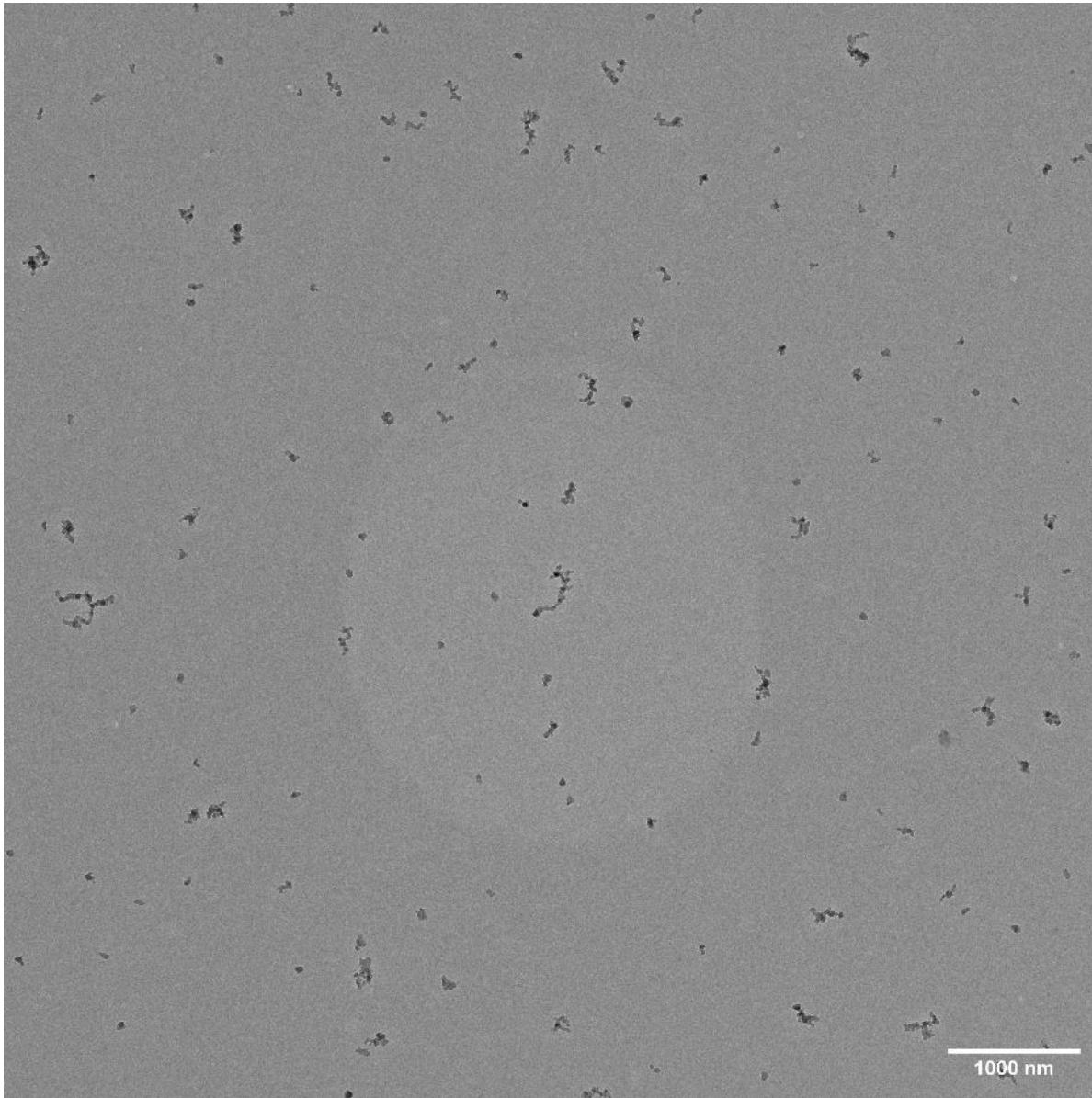


Online generated UFP-particles



- ▶ Semi-volatile high organic compound (High SVOC) UFP
- ▶ Combined data from 2022 and 2023
- ▶ Particle size peak ~45 nm

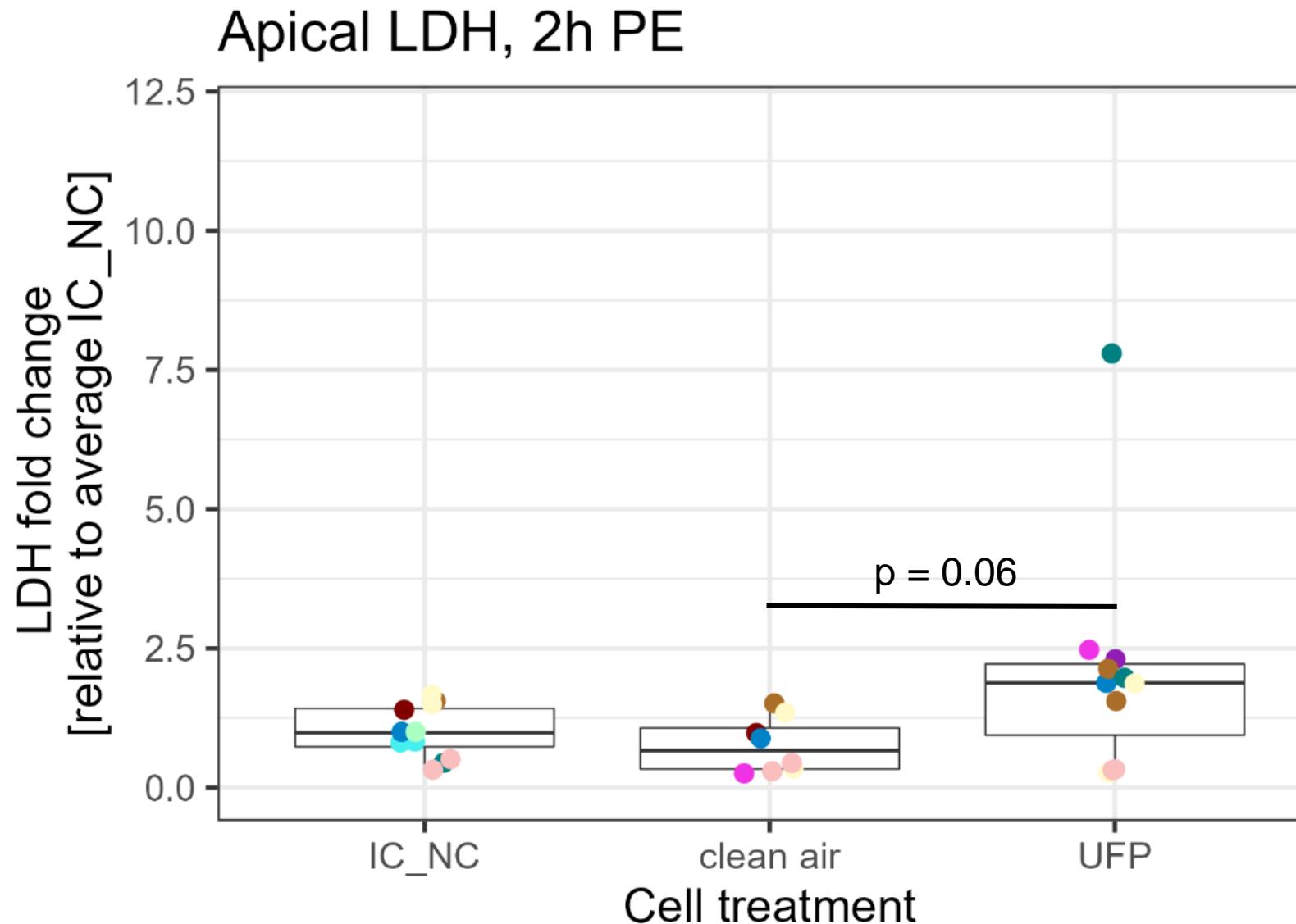
Morphology of the „low OC“-particles



Images: Dr. Mircea-Ioan Iacovache University of Bern

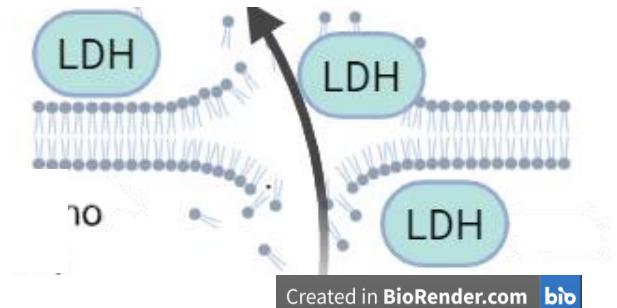
200 nm

LDH release 2 hours after UFP online exposition



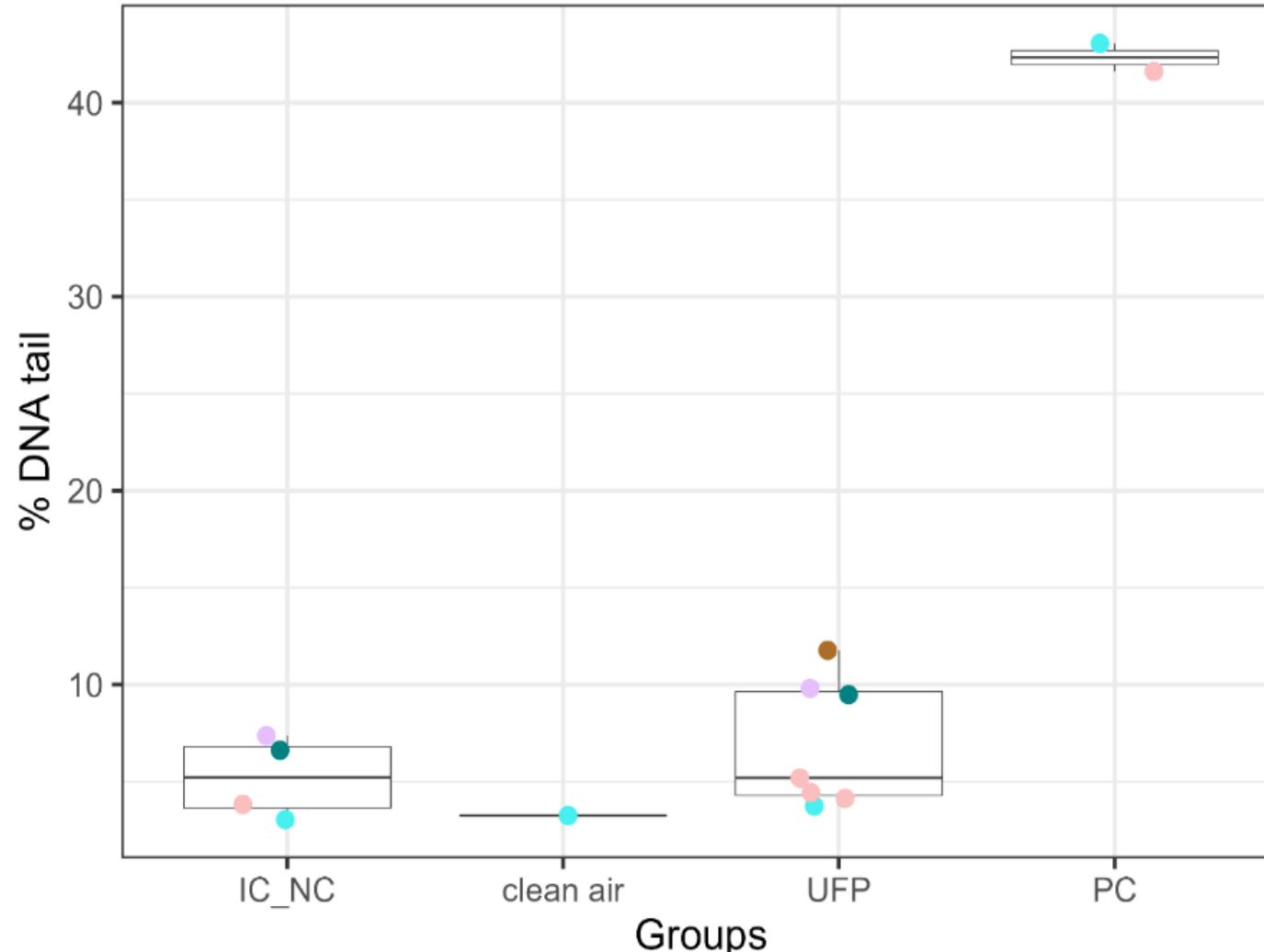
Donor

- 10
- 12
- 13
- 14
- 16
- 20
- 21
- 22
- 24
- 25



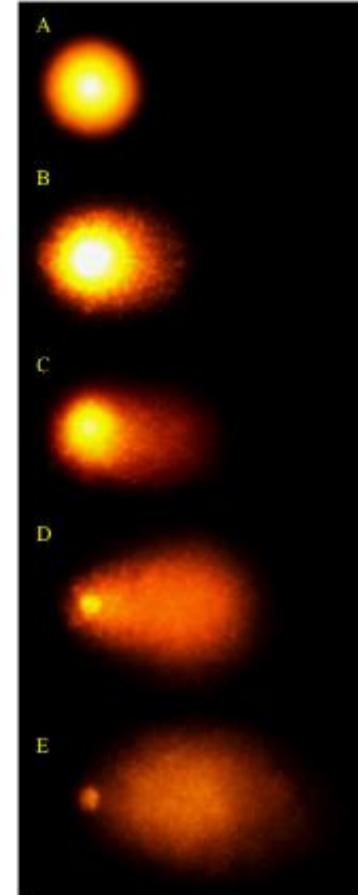
DNA-damage 2 h after UFP online exposition

DNA damage 2h PE

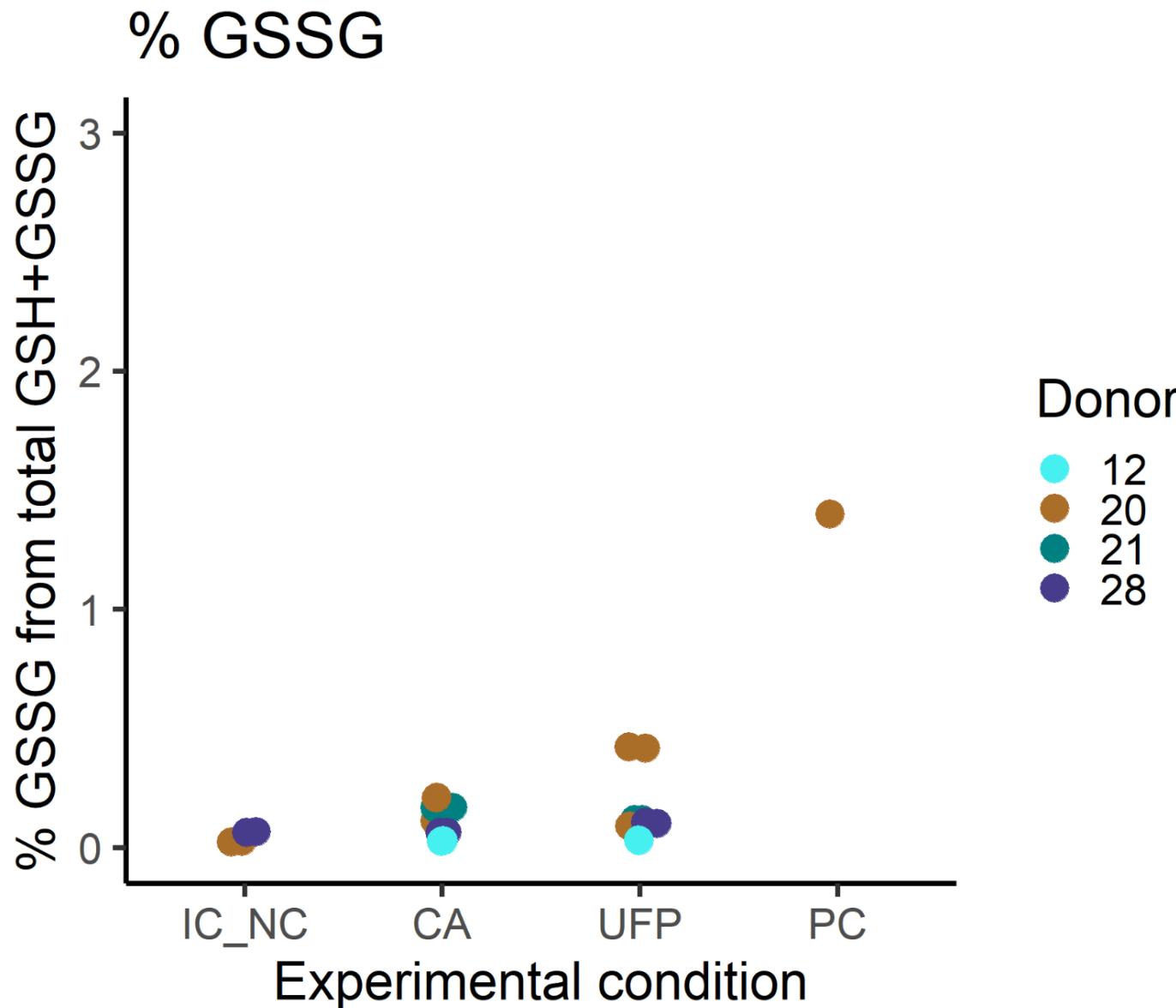


ID
12
15
19
20
21

Donor specific baseline?

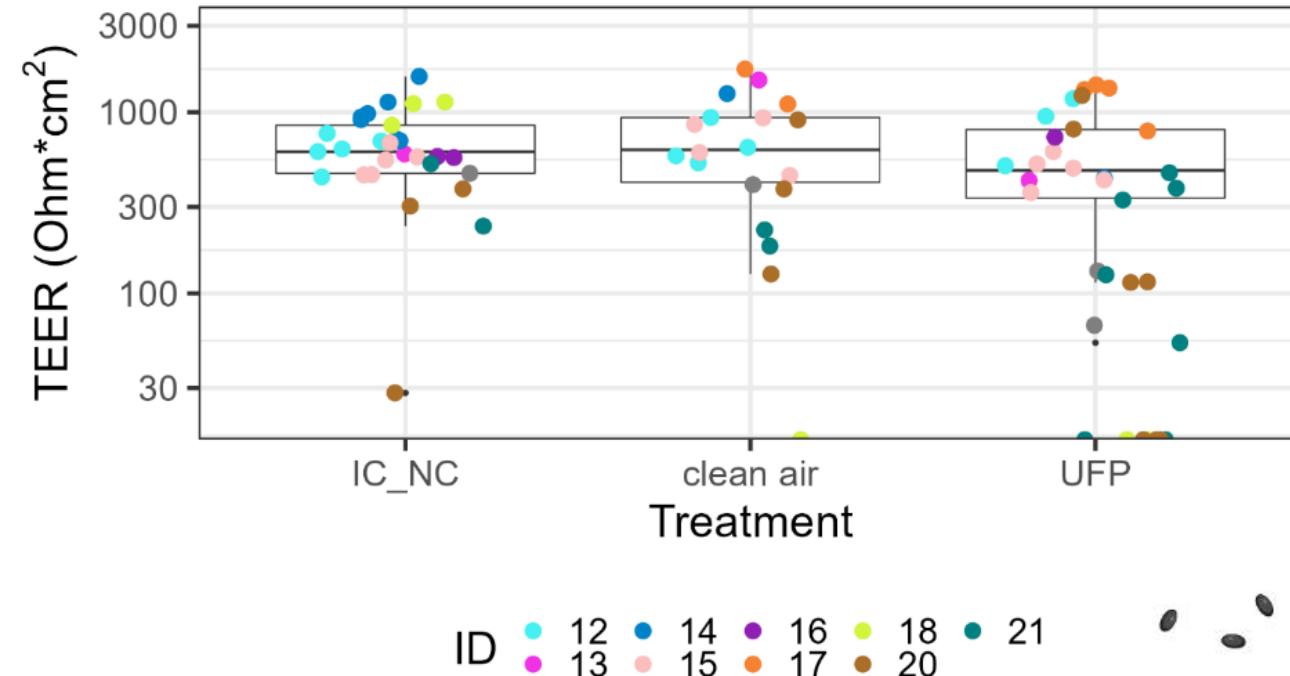


Oxidative stress 2 h after UFP online exposition

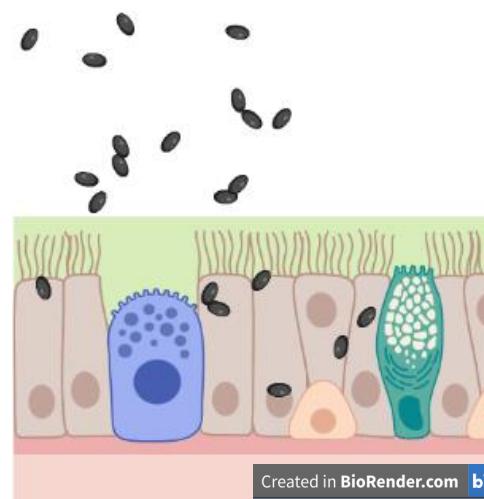
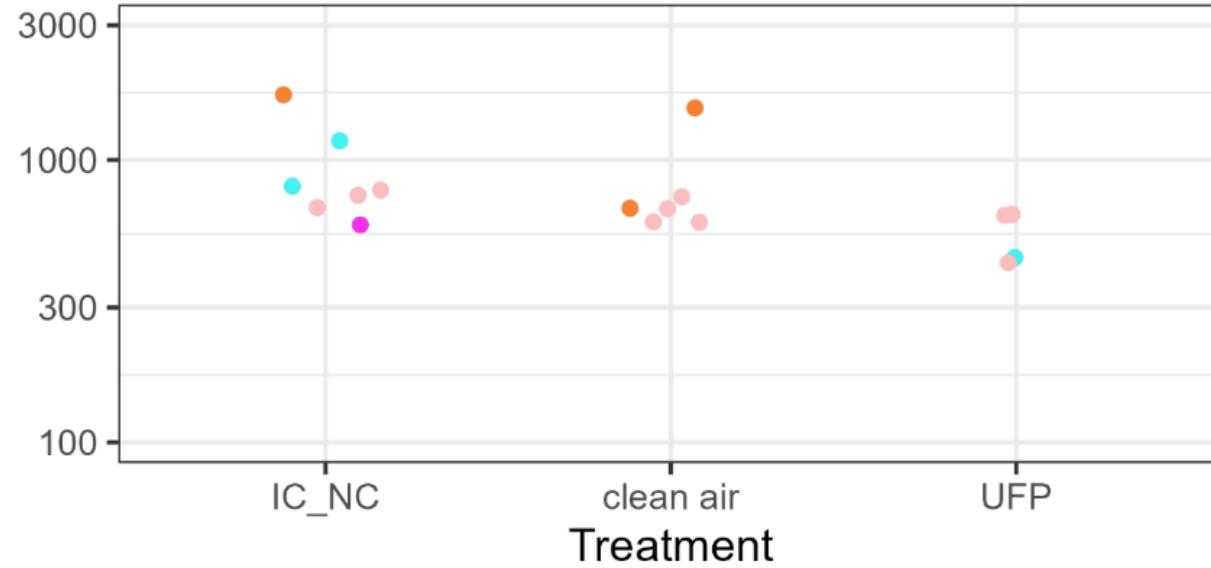


Barrier integrity after UFP online exposition

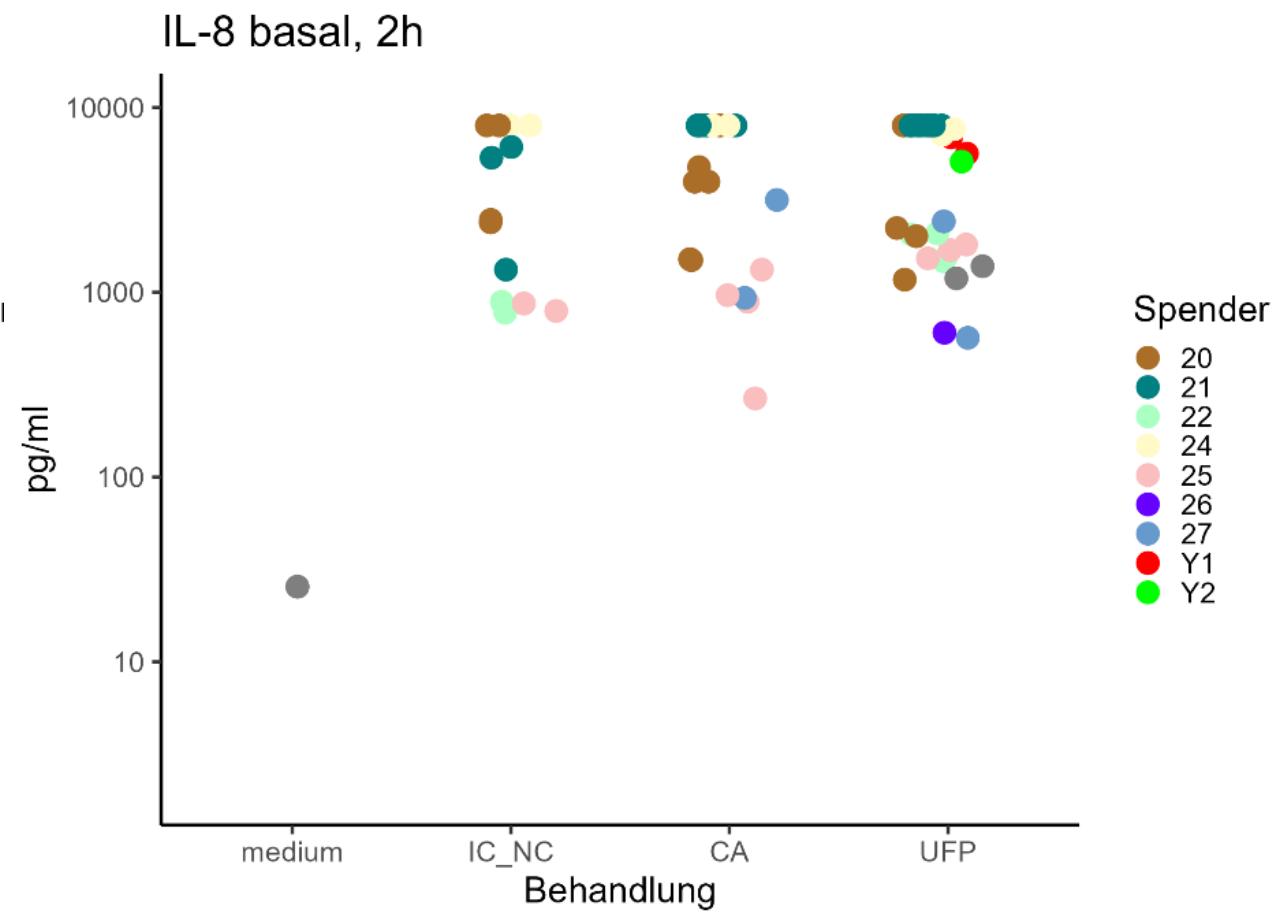
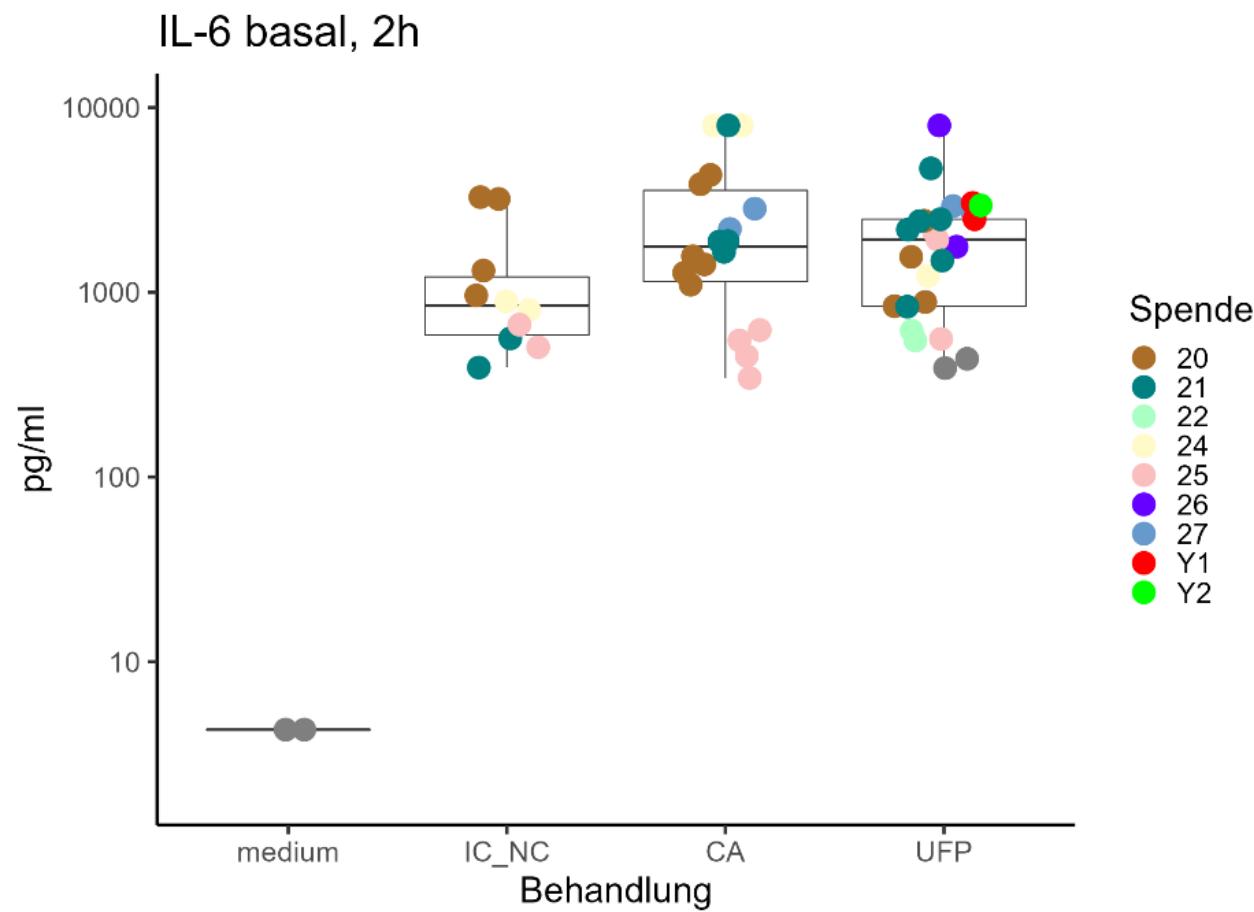
Barrier integrity 2h PE



Barrier integrity 24h PE



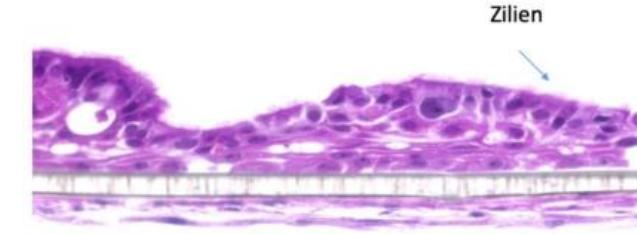
Cytokine release after UFP online exposition



Summary – UFP and respiratory mucosa models

► Primary cell based respiratory mucosa models

- High morphological *in vivo* – *in vitro* correlation
- High functional relevance (ciliary beat, mucus)
- Potential regeneration capacity
- Long-term studies plausible
- Established in complex exposure scenarios



Meyer, et. al.; 2023

► Effects of UFP on respiratory mucosa models

- Minor effects on barrier and cell membrane integrity
- No evidence for severe acute cytotoxicity or genotoxicity
- In parts non-concentration dependend effects
- Donor specific reactions

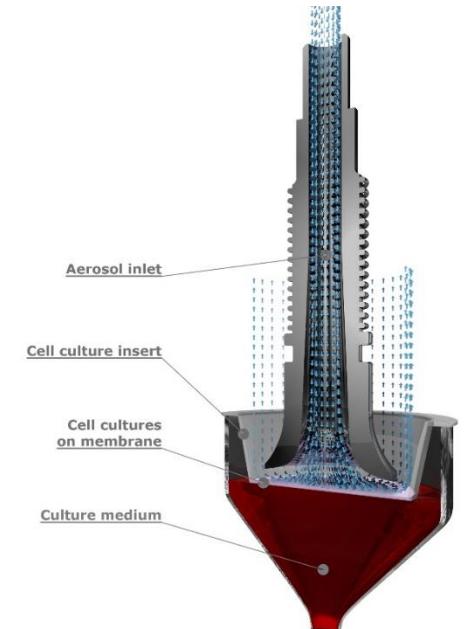


Image: Vitrocell (re-used with permission)



Graduate School
Life Sciences

Fraunhofer
UMSICHT

Fraunhofer
ISC

HELMHOLTZ MUNICH

finanziert durch
Bayerisches Staatsministerium für
Umwelt und Verbraucherschutz



ENT clinic

Prof. Dr. S. Hackenberg
Prof. Dr. A. Scherzad
Dr. T. Ehret Kasemo
Dr. H. Moratin

Cooperation partner

Dr. M. Steinke – Fraunhofer ISC
Dr. S. Dembski – Fraunhofer ISC
M. Oppmann – Fraunhofer ISC
Prof. Dr. S. Schmitz-Spanke – FAU Erlangen
R. Alsaleh – FAU Erlangen
C. Kersch – FAU Erlangen
Prof. Dr. P. Hense – Hochschule Bochum

Helmholtz Munich

Prof. Dr. R. Zimmermann
Dr. S. Di Buccianico
Dr. M. Delaval
A. Huber
A. Das
E. Zimmermann
Dipl.-Ing. E. Kuhn
Dr. J. Pantzke
J. Becker
Dr. M. Sklorz
M. Almasaleekh
S. Jeong
Dr. S. Offer