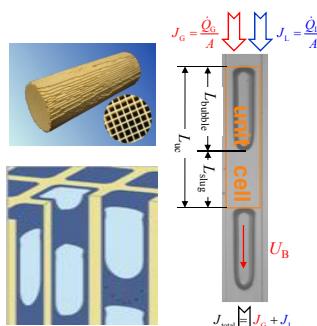


Development of a mechanistic pressure drop model for Taylor flow in narrow channels

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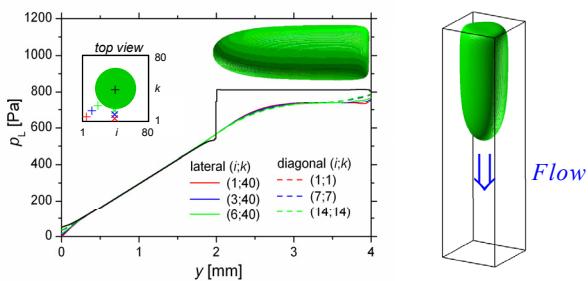
1. Introduction

- Monolithic reactors offer potential benefits for **heterogeneously catalyzed multiphase reactions** (e.g. Fischer-Tropsch synthesis).
- Taylor flow** has advantageous mass transfer characteristics due to large specific interfacial area, thin liquid films, and good mixing in the liquid slug by recirculation.
- Here a new model for the dynamic pressure drop (PD) along a Taylor flow **unit cell** is developed from DNS results



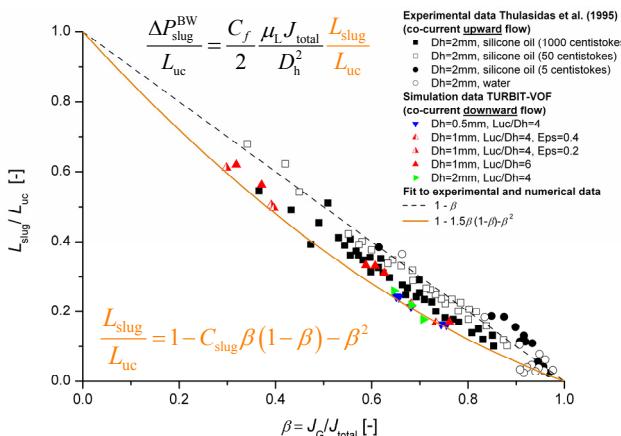
3. Pressure profiles from DNS

- Co-current downward Taylor flow in a square mini-channel [3]



4. New pressure drop model

- Dynamic pressure drop consists of 2 parts: $\frac{\Delta P_{uc}^{BW}}{L_{uc}} = \frac{\Delta P_{slug}^{BW}}{L_{uc}} + \frac{\Delta P_{bubble}^{BW}}{L_{uc}}$
- Pressure drop in the liquid slug



2. Pressure drop models in literature

- Lockhart-Martinelli-Chisholm (LMC) model (does not account for σ)

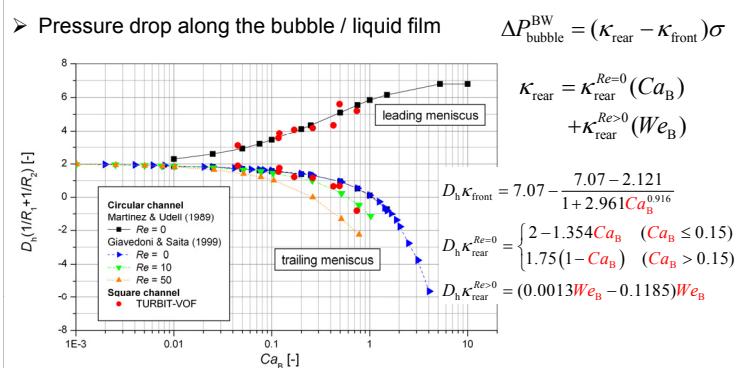
$$\frac{\Delta P_{uc}^{LMC}}{L_{uc}} = \frac{C_f}{2} \frac{\mu_L J_L}{D_h^2} \left(1 + 5 \sqrt{\frac{\mu_G}{\mu_L} \frac{\beta}{1-\beta}} + \frac{\mu_G}{\mu_L} \frac{\beta}{1-\beta} \right) \quad \chi^2 \equiv \frac{\left(\frac{dP}{dy} \right)_L}{\left(\frac{dP}{dy} \right)_G} = \frac{\mu_L J_L}{\mu_G J_G}$$

- Kreutzer [1]: $a_{exp}=0.17$, $a_{num}=0.07$, $\delta=0$; Warnier [2]: $a_{exp}=0.1$, $\delta=D_B/3$

$$\frac{\Delta P_{uc}^{K/W}}{L_{uc}} = \frac{C_f}{2} \frac{\mu_L J_{total}}{D_h^2} \left(\frac{L_{slug} + \delta}{L_{uc}} \right) \left(1 + a \frac{D_h}{L_{slug} + \delta} La^{0.33} \right) \quad La \equiv \frac{Re_B}{Ca_B} = \frac{\sigma \rho_L D_h}{\mu_L^2}$$

3. Pressure profiles from DNS

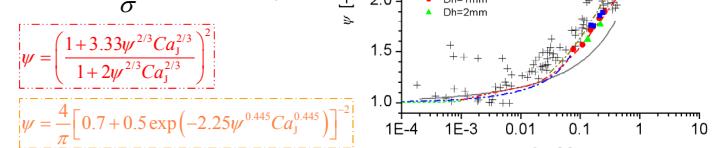
- Pressure drop along the bubble / liquid film



4. New pressure drop model

$$Ca_B = \frac{U_B}{J_{total}} \frac{\mu_L J_{total}}{\sigma} \equiv \psi Ca_J$$

$$We_B \equiv \frac{\rho_L D_h U_B^2}{\sigma} = \psi^2 La Ca_J^2$$



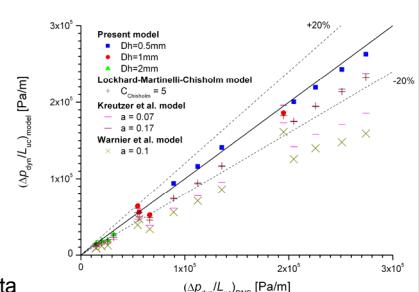
5. Conclusions

- The new model is in very good agreement with the DNS data

- It allows to estimate the unit cell pressure drop from the following six parameters:

$$\rho_L, \mu_L, \sigma, J_L, J_G, D_h$$

- Outlook: comparison with experimental pressure drop data



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