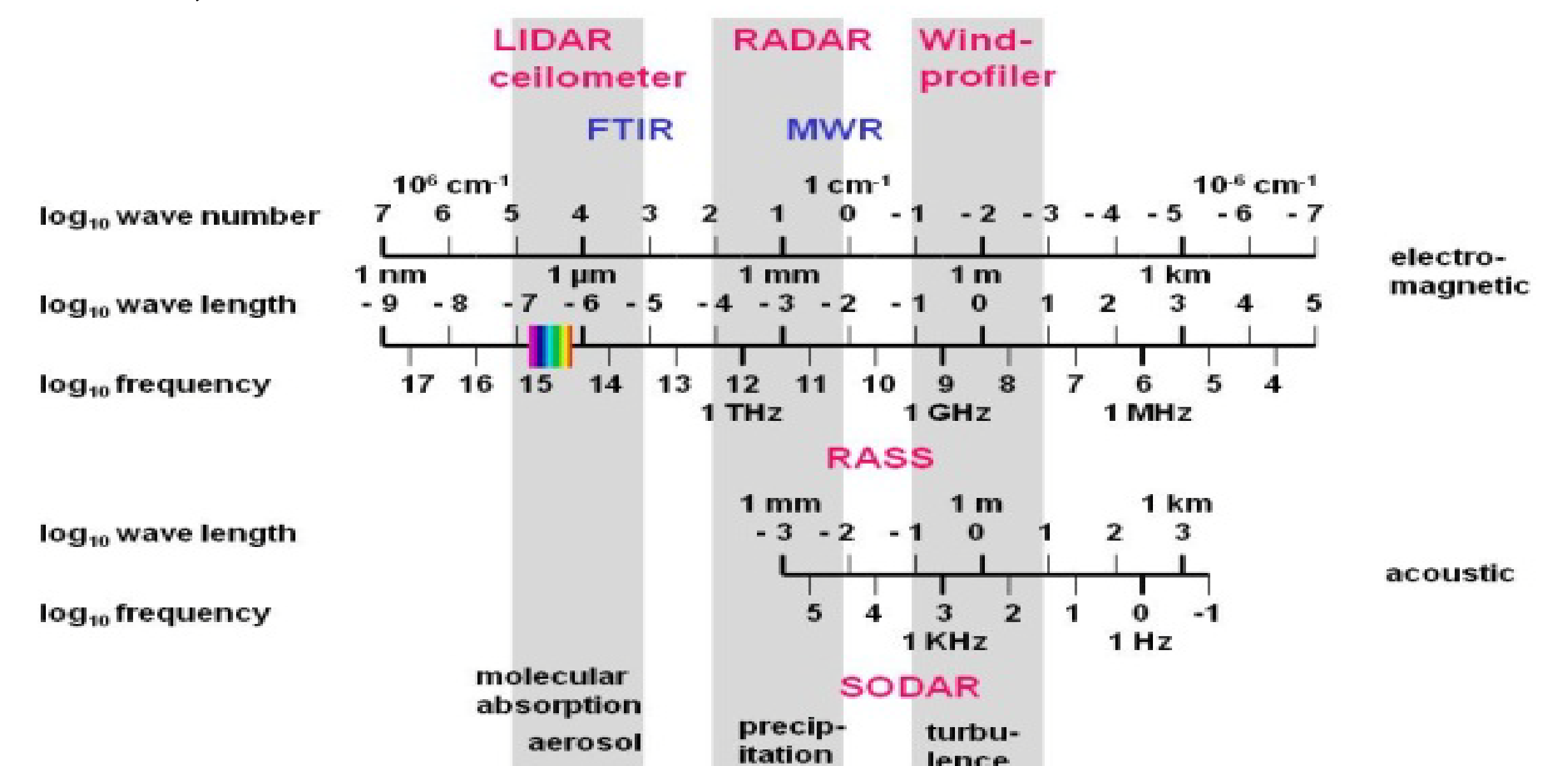


Temporal variation of atmospheric boundary layer features from ground-based remote sensing

Available instruments at IMK-IFU and exemplary applications

Stefan Emeis, Carsten Jahn, Klaus Schäfer, Matthias Mauder

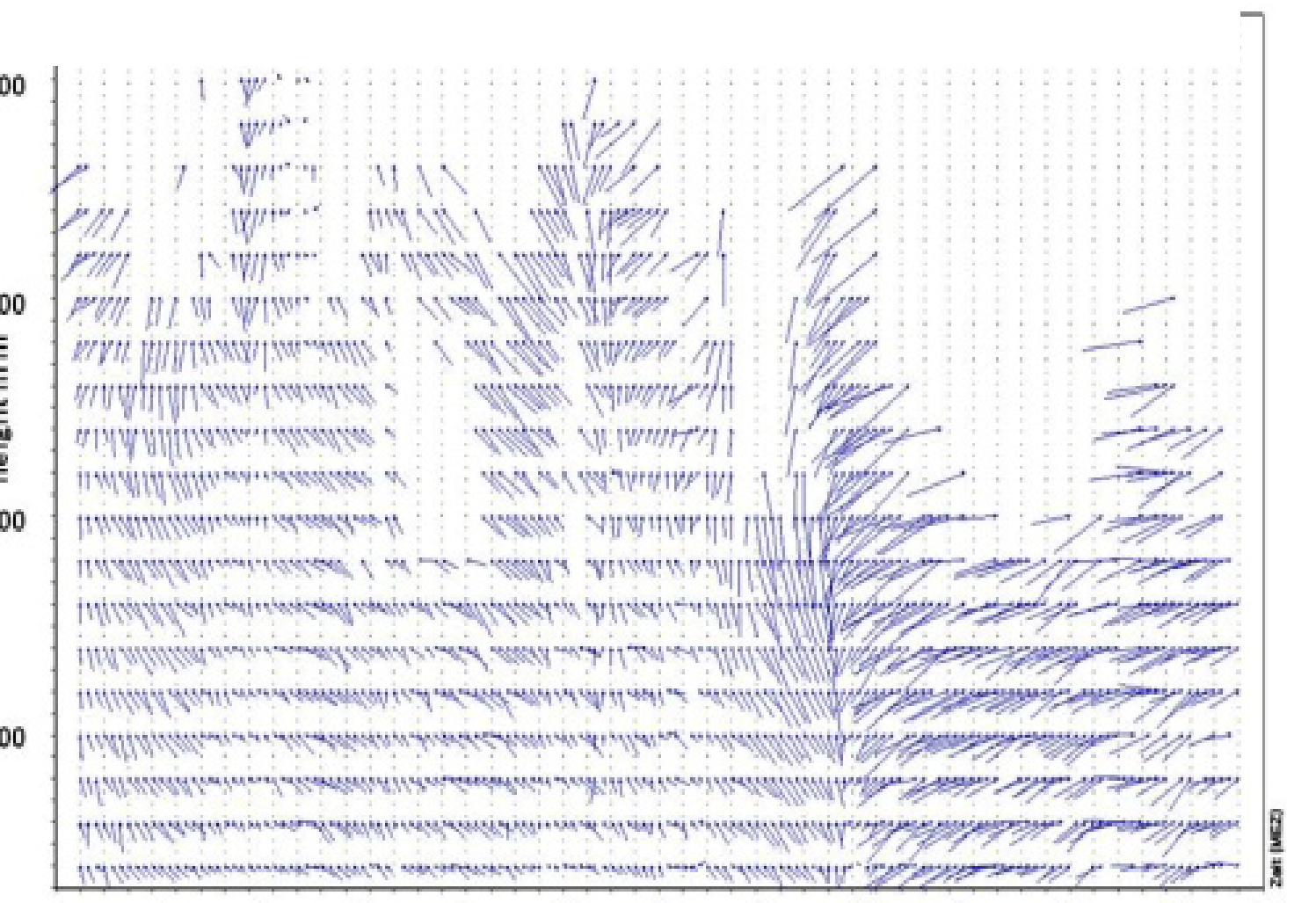
Continuous profiling of the vertical structure of the atmospheric boundary layer is a prerequisite for surface-atmosphere exchange studies, air quality studies and the assessment of the applicability of methods for the generation of renewable energies. Such profiling can be made using acoustic, optical and radar waves.



Active **acoustic** sounding with a Doppler-SODAR delivers vertical **wind** and **turbulence** profiles and **mixing-layer height** up to about 1000 m (10 to 20 m vertical resolution)



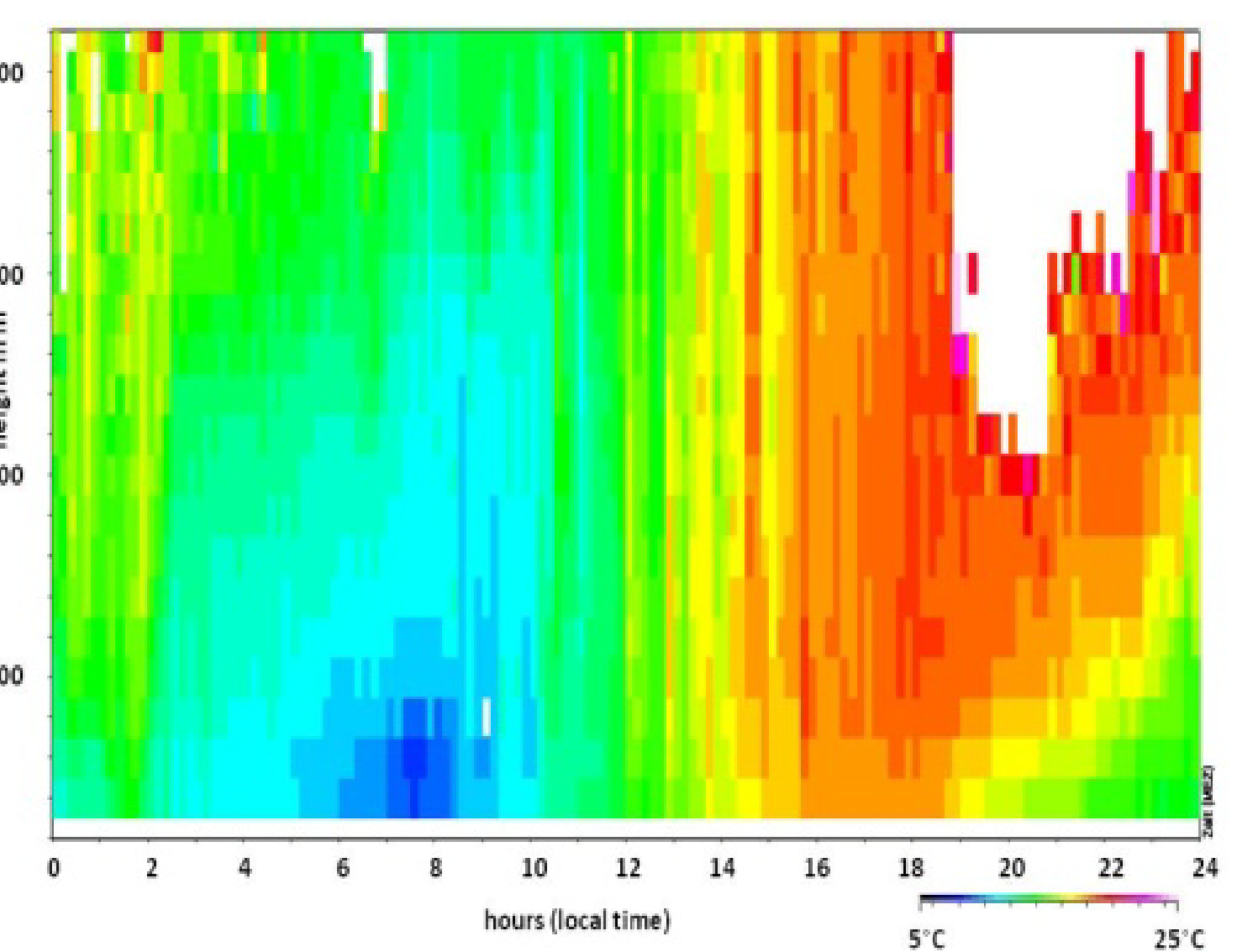
Sample **acoustic** sounding result: diurnal variation of **wind profile** showing a cold front passage in the afternoon in Augsburg / Höglwald.



Active **acoustic plus electro-magnetic** sounding with a SODAR-RASS delivers vertical **wind**, **turbulence** and **temperature** profiles and **mixing-layer height** up to about 600 m (10 to 20 m vertical resolution)



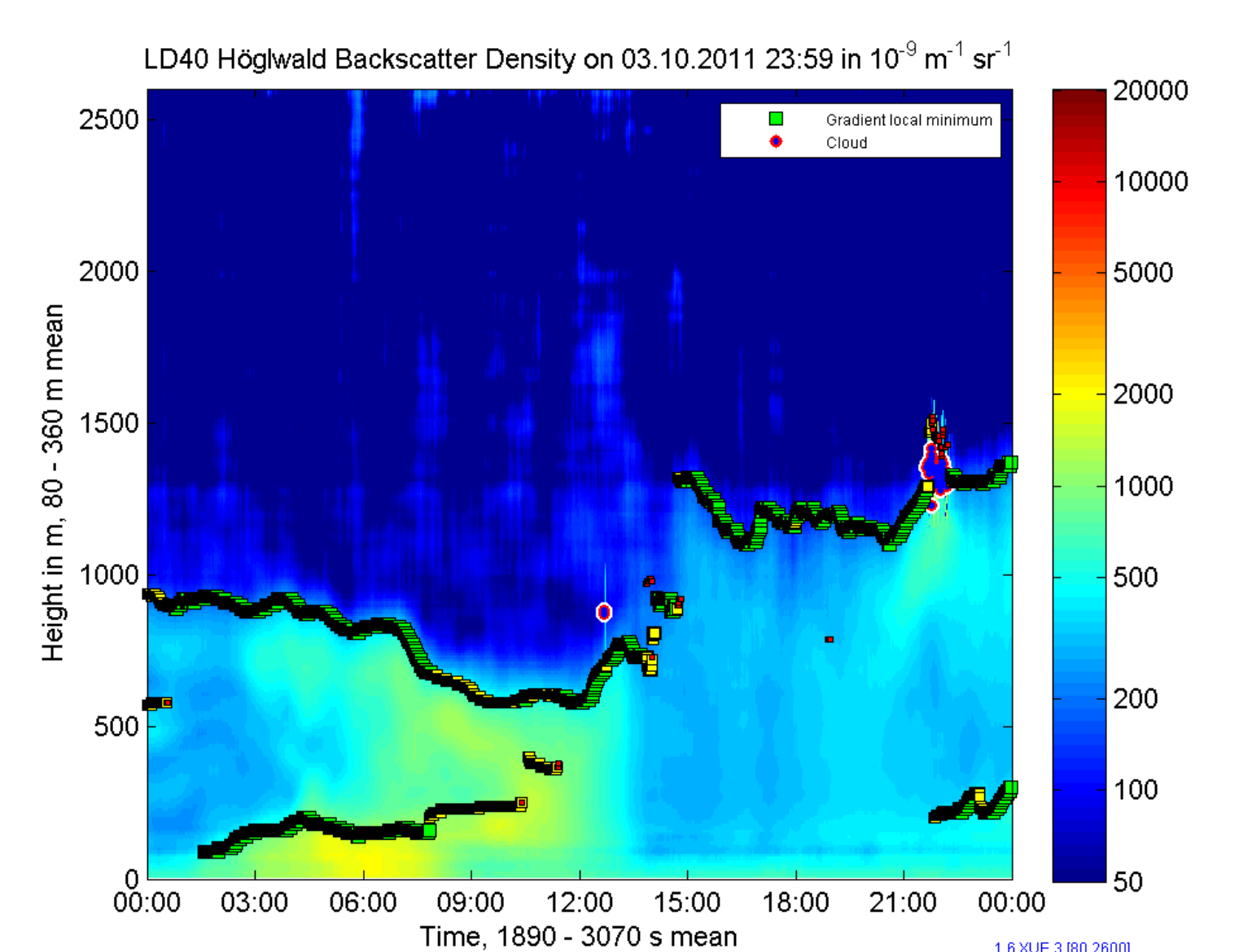
Sample **acoustic-electro-magnetic** sounding result: diurnal variation of **temperature profile** showing a strong diurnal variation (white area in the upper right indicates a low-level jet) in Augsburg / Höglwald.



Active **optical** sounding with a small backscatter LIDAR (ceilometer) delivers vertical **aerosol** profiles and **mixing-layer height** up to several 1000 m (10 to 20 m vertical resolution)



Sample **optical** sounding result: diurnal variation of **aerosol distribution profiles** indicating a stable nocturnal boundary layer (lower left) and a convective boundary layer (right) at the TERENO site Höglwald.



(in cooperation with **VAISALA**)

Active **optical** Doppler sounding with a small Doppler-LIDAR delivers vertical **wind**, **turbulence** and **aerosol** profiles and **mixing-layer height** up to several 1000 m (10 to 20 m vertical resolution)



Sample **optical** Doppler sounding result: diurnal variation of **horizontal wind velocity** (m s⁻¹) in the atmospheric boundary layer from June 22nd, 2011 in Garmisch-Partenkirchen.

