

Modelling greenhouse gas exchange:

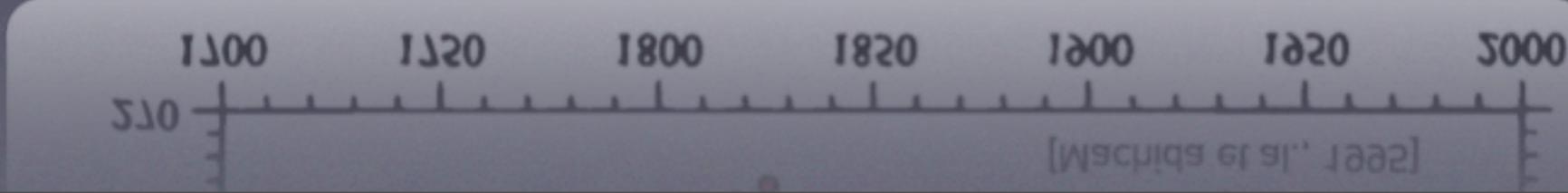
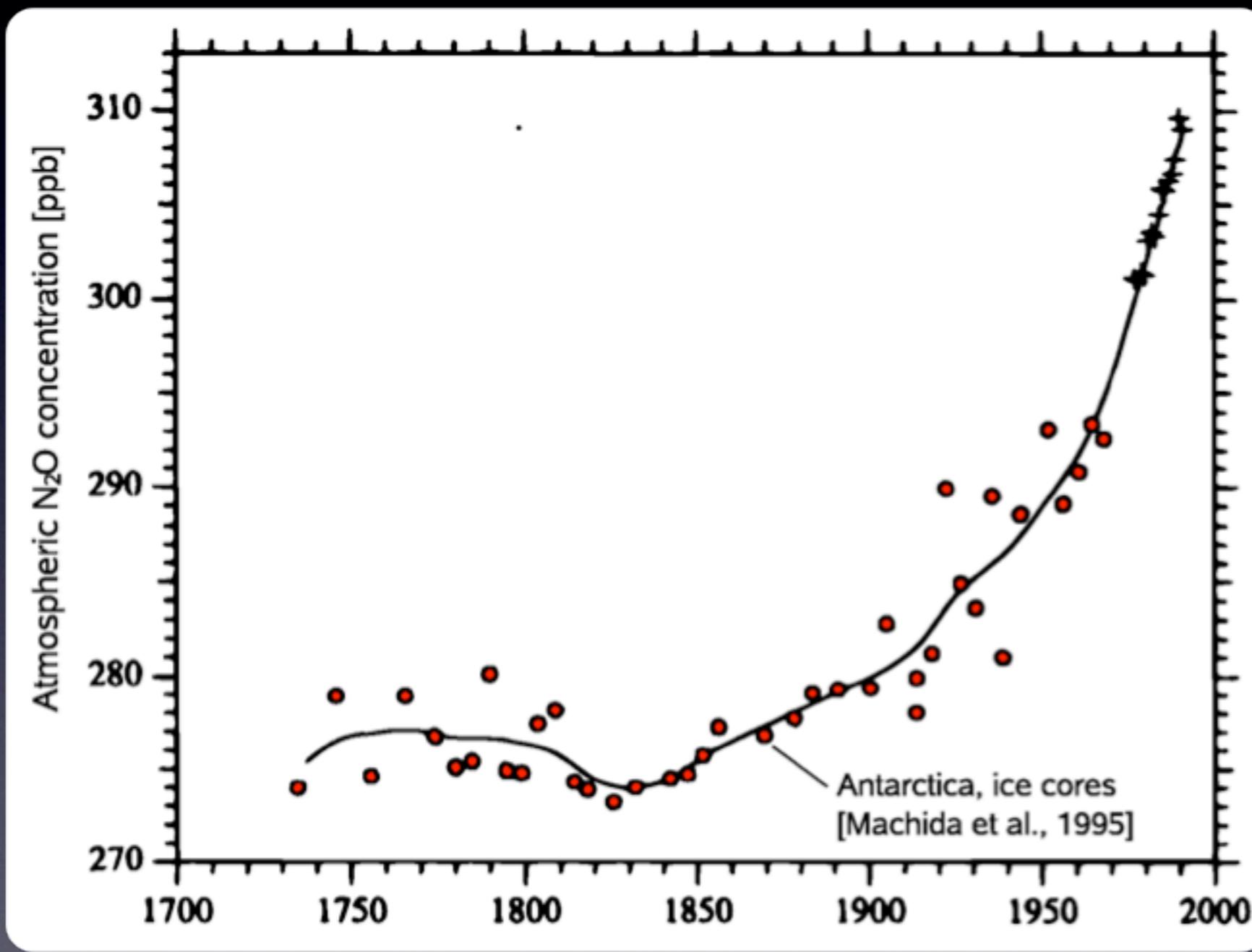
The use of process-based models

Christian Werner - Karlsruhe Research Center

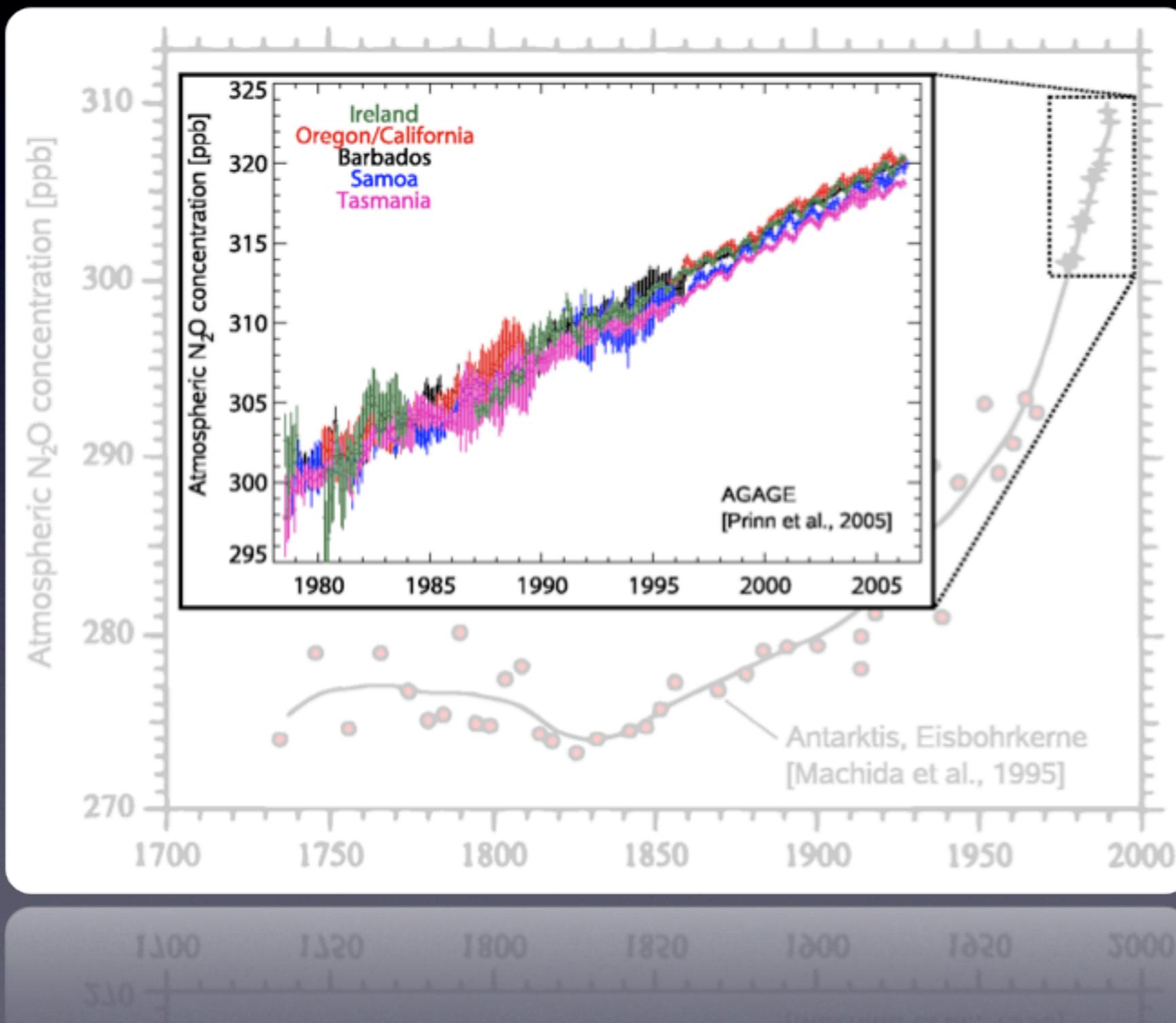
christian.werner@imk.fzk.de



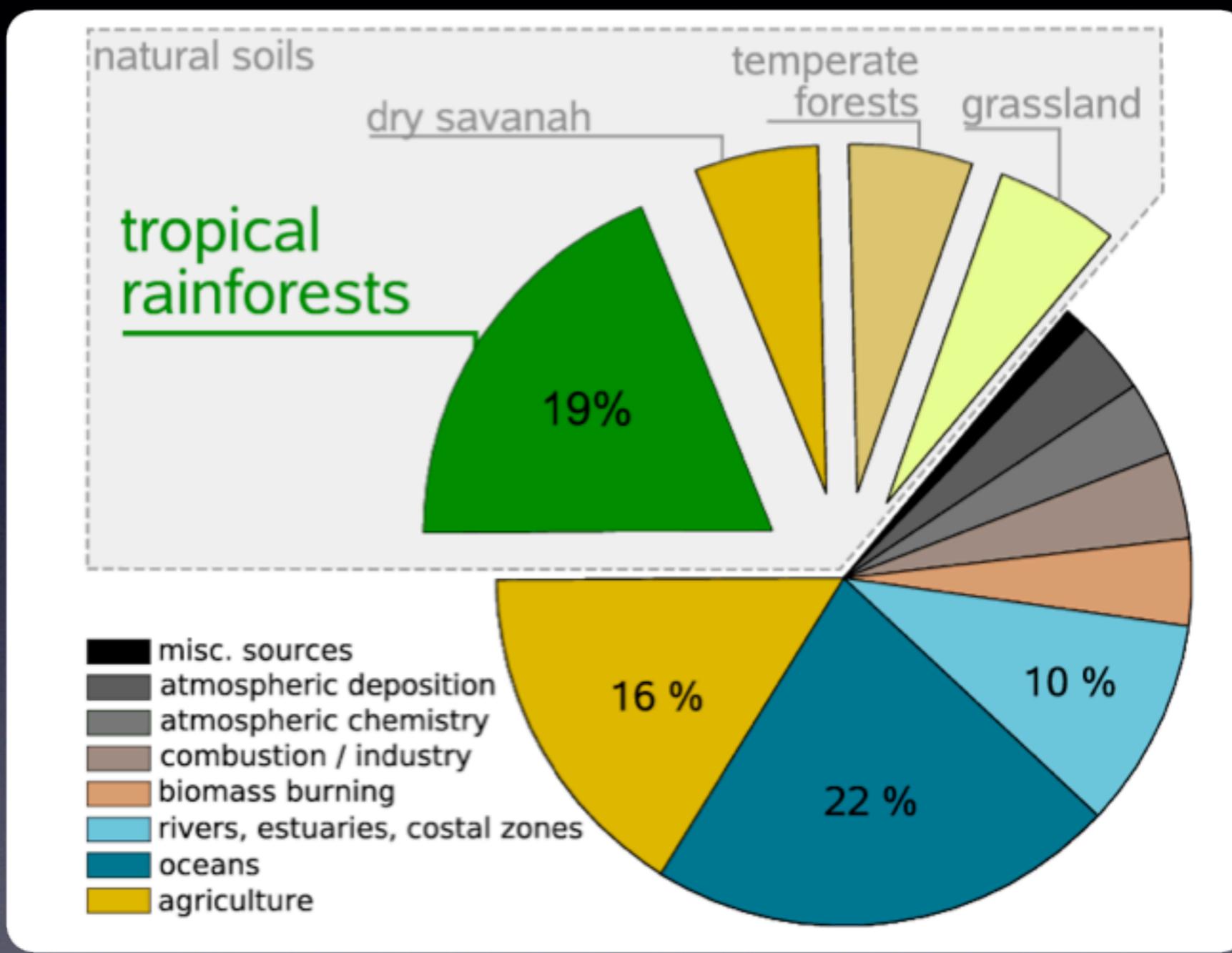
Atmospheric N₂O



Atmospheric N₂O



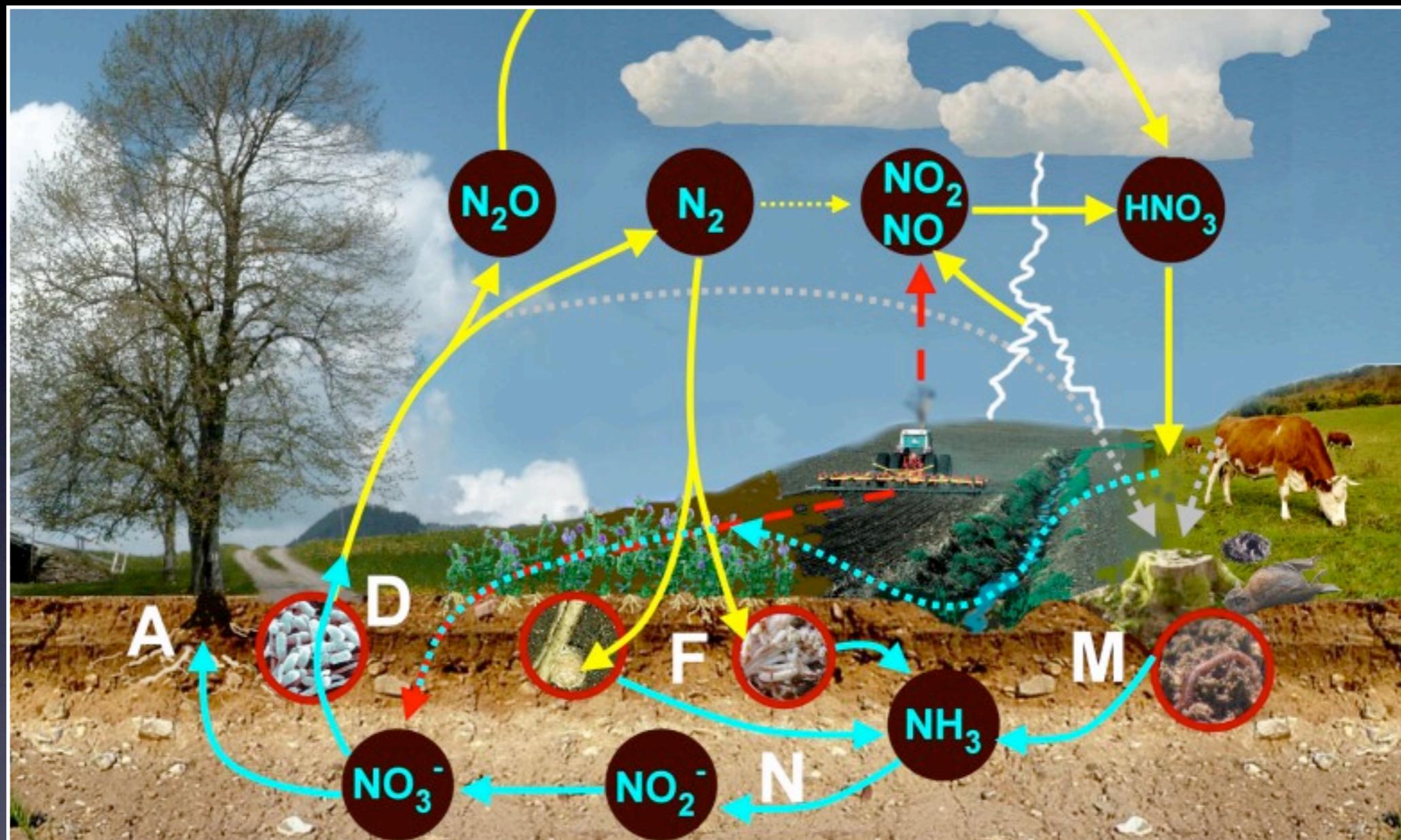
Atmospheric N₂O



atmospheric
deposition
atmospheric
chemistry
combustion / industry
biomass burning
rivers, estuaries, costal zones
oceans
agriculture



The N-cycle



source: ACCENT network

What are the major controls?

Short-term

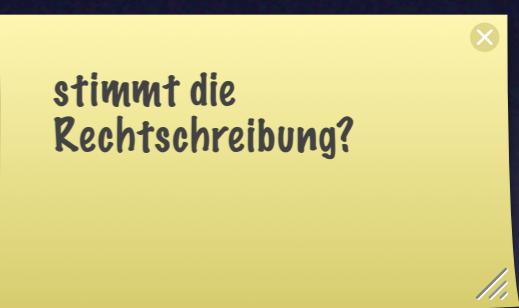
- precipitation
- soil temperature
- (fertilizer)

Mid-term

- soil texture
- substrate
- pH

Common problems

- Complexity of N cycling
- Various scales
- Process-Interaction
- Highly dynamic
- Few high-quality measurements



Modelling N emissions

Models & model applications

Empirical vs. mechanistic

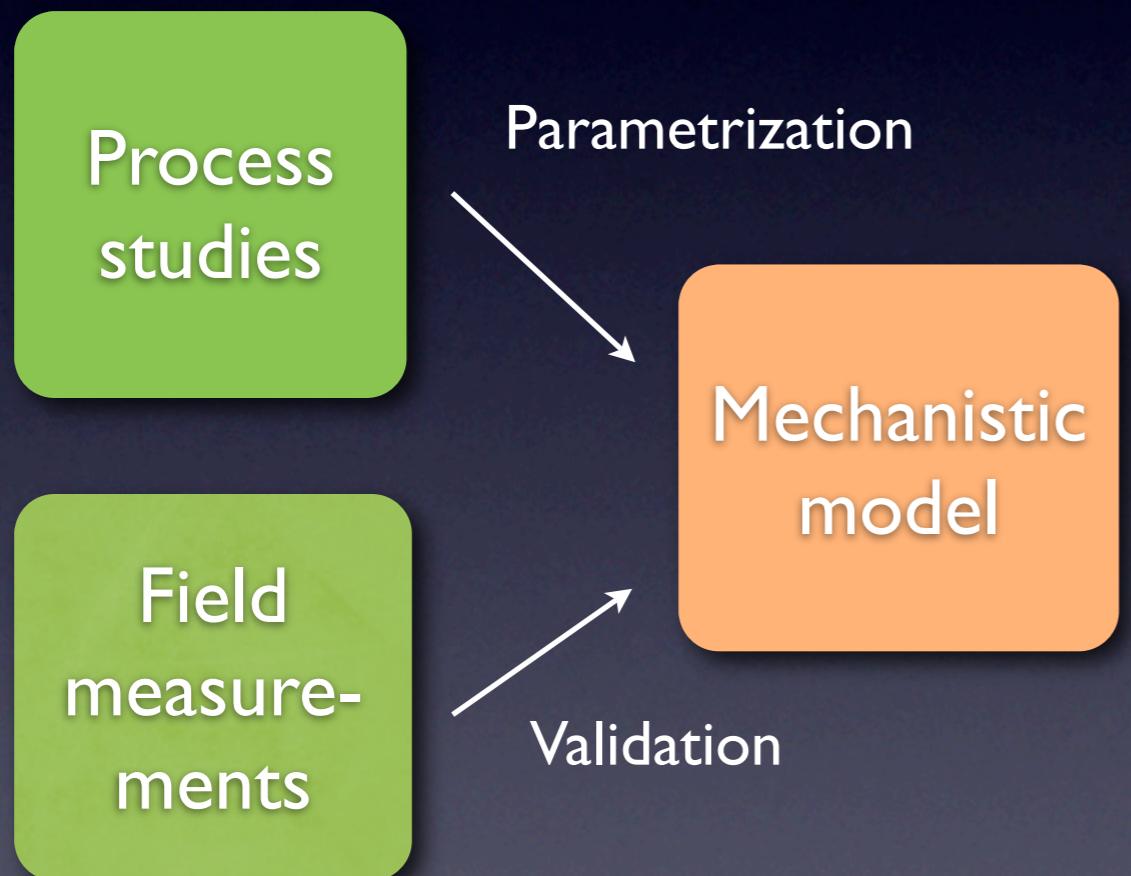
	Empirical	Mechanistic
Advantages	simple accepted by IPCC	feedbacks scenarios continuous the „real thing“
Disadvantages	too simple ? discrete no feedbacks	complex validation data needs

Linking methods, bridging scales

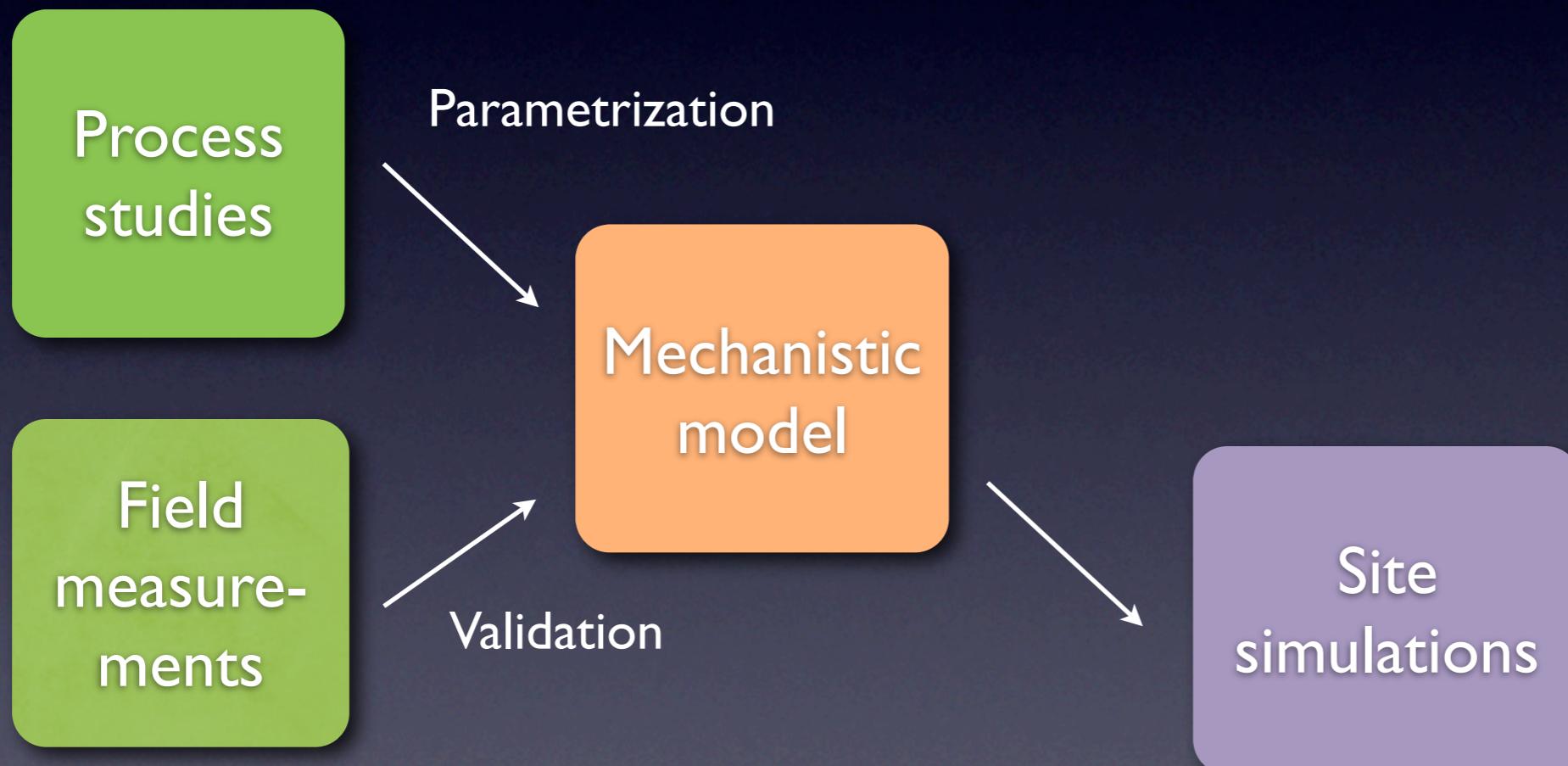
Process
studies

Field
measure-
ments

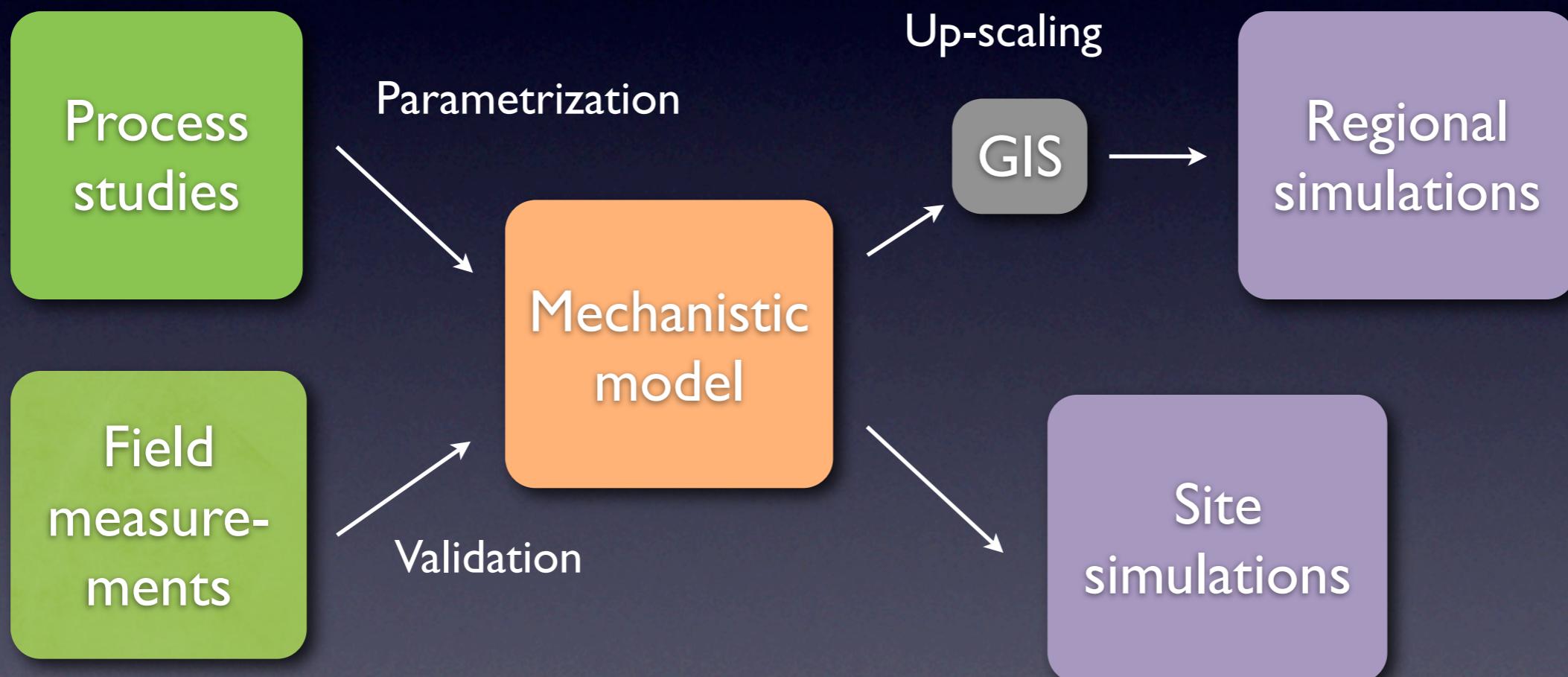
Linking methods, bridging scales



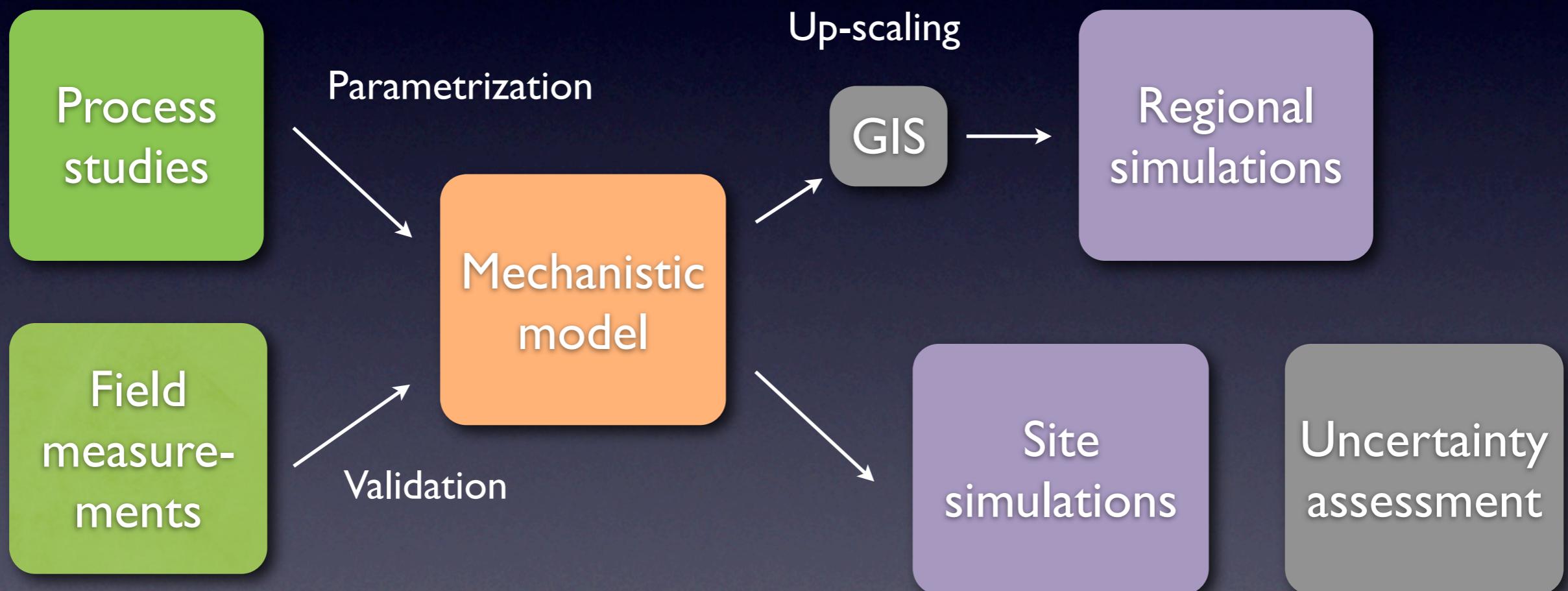
Linking methods, bridging scales



Linking methods, bridging scales



Linking methods, bridging scales



Mechanistic, biogeochemical models

CENTURY

CENTURY



DayCENT



<http://www.nrel.colostate.edu/projects/century/>

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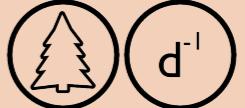
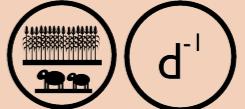


DNDC

DNDC

PnET-N-DNDC
(ForestDNDC)

<http://www.dndc.sr.unh.edu/>



Mechanistic, biogeochemical models

CENTURY

CENTURY

DayCENT

<http://www.nrel.colostate.edu/projects/century/>



DNDC

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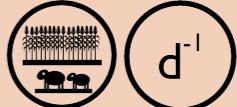
PnET-N-DNDC
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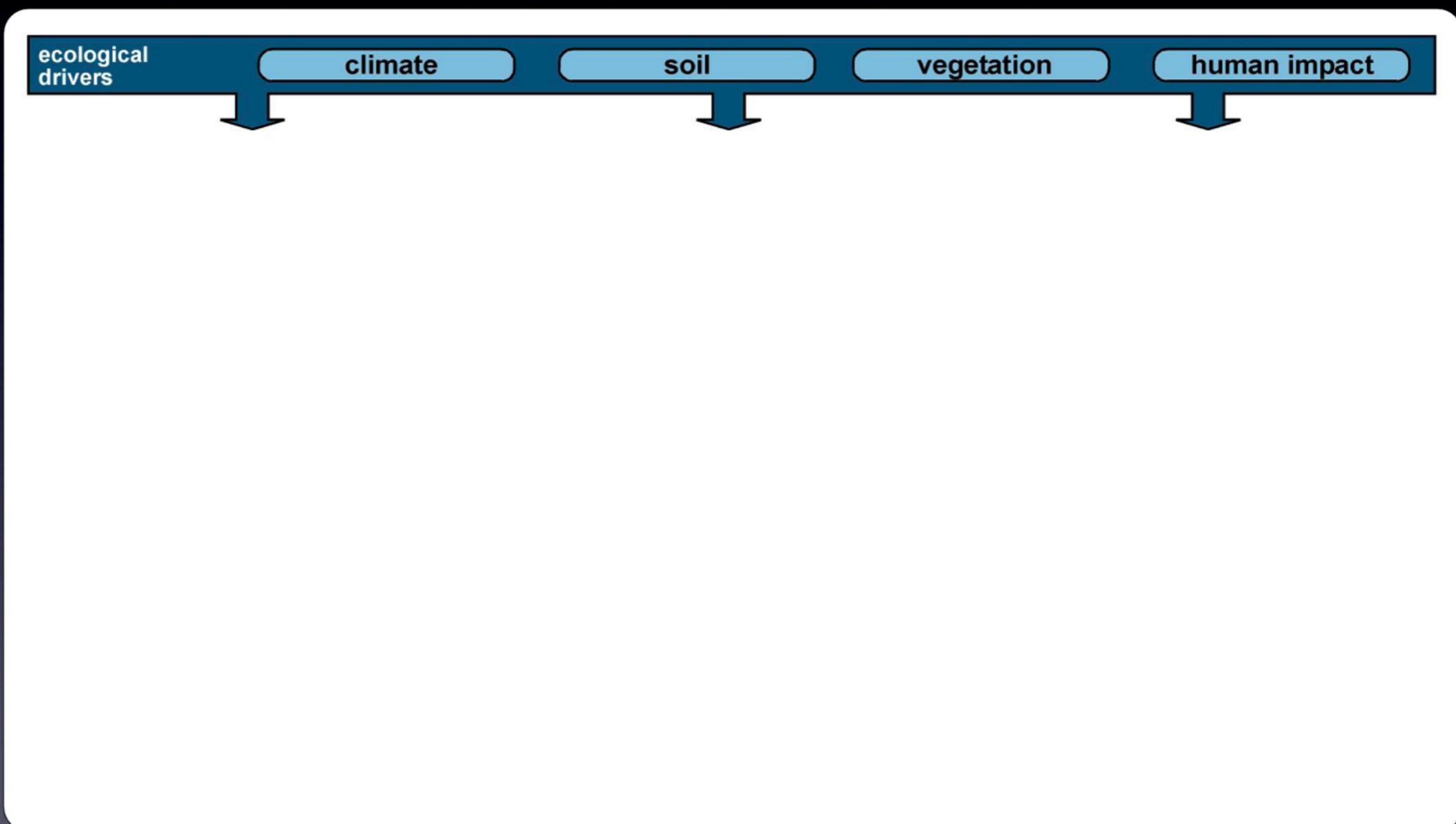
MOBILE framework

MOBILE

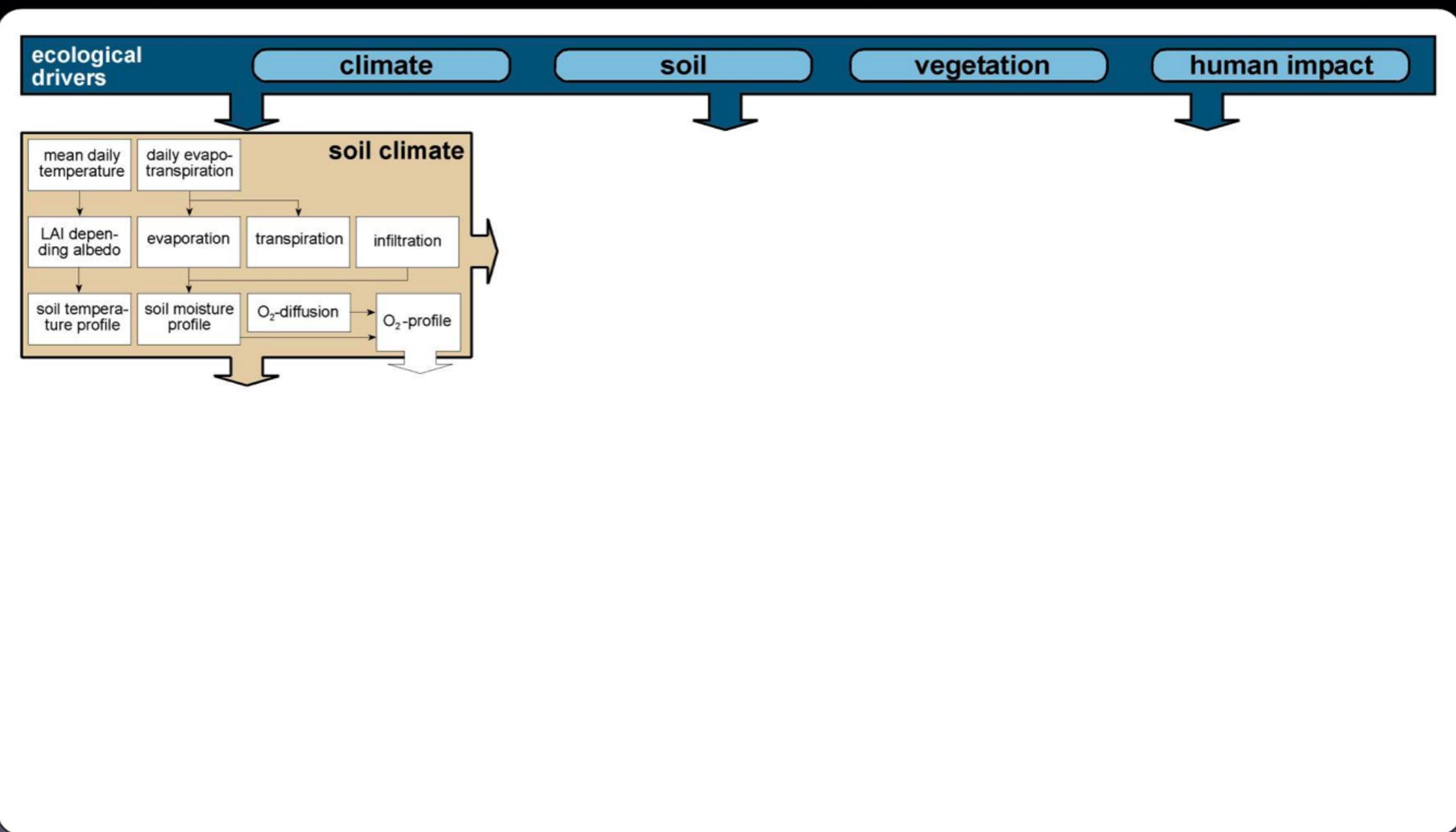
<http://svn.gap.fzk.de/>



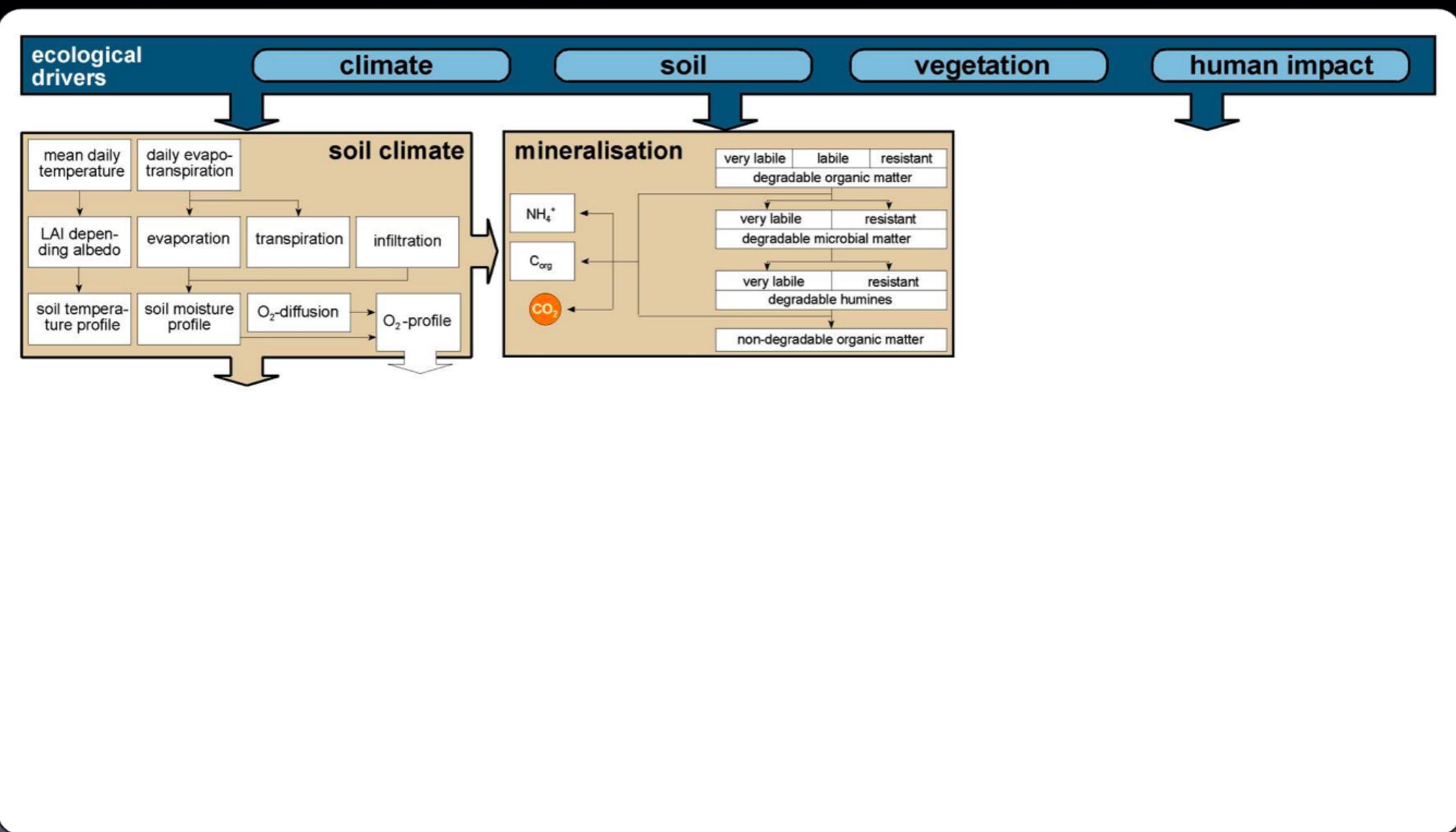
The DNDC model(s)



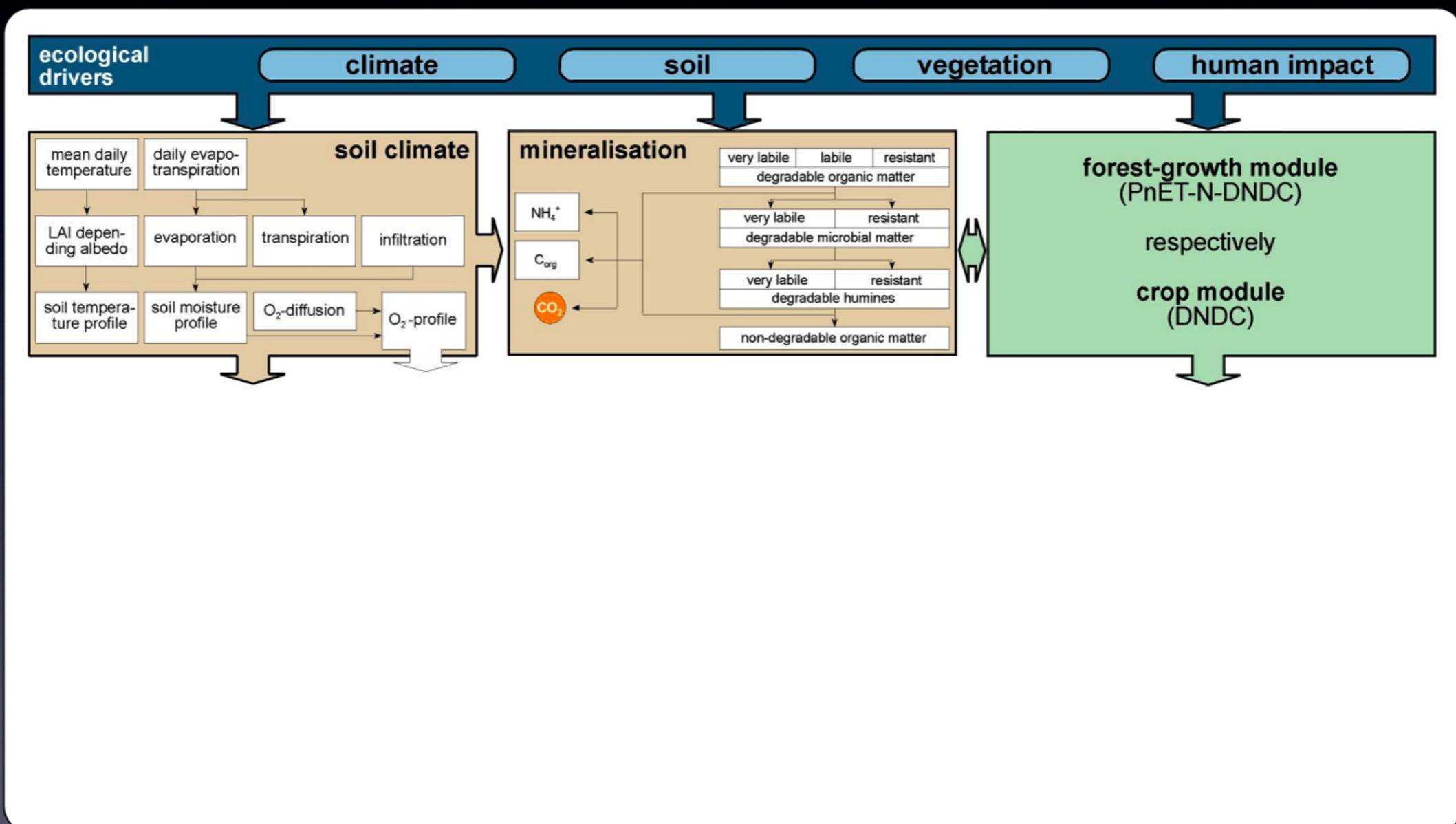
The DNDC model(s)



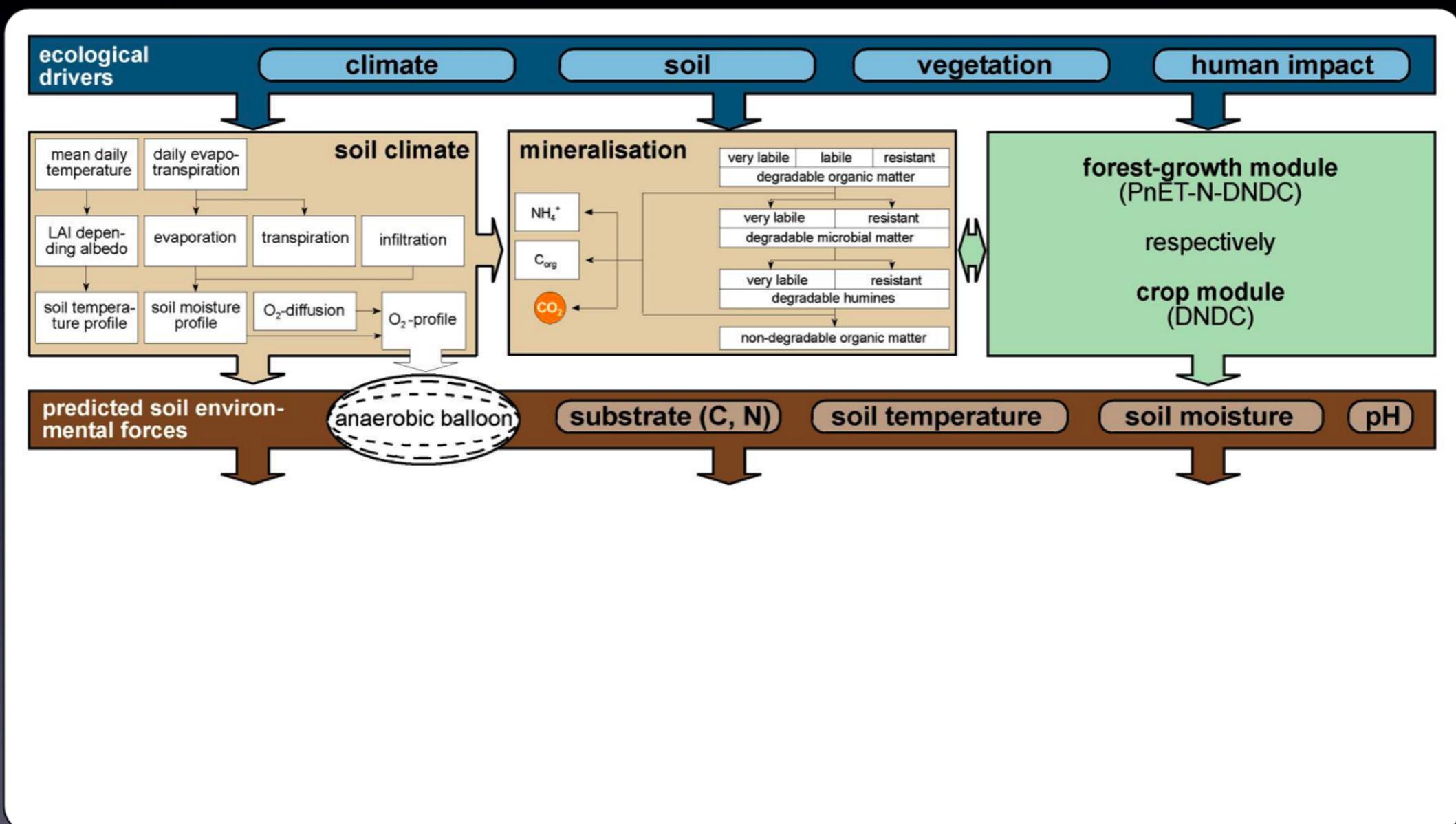
The DNDC model(s)



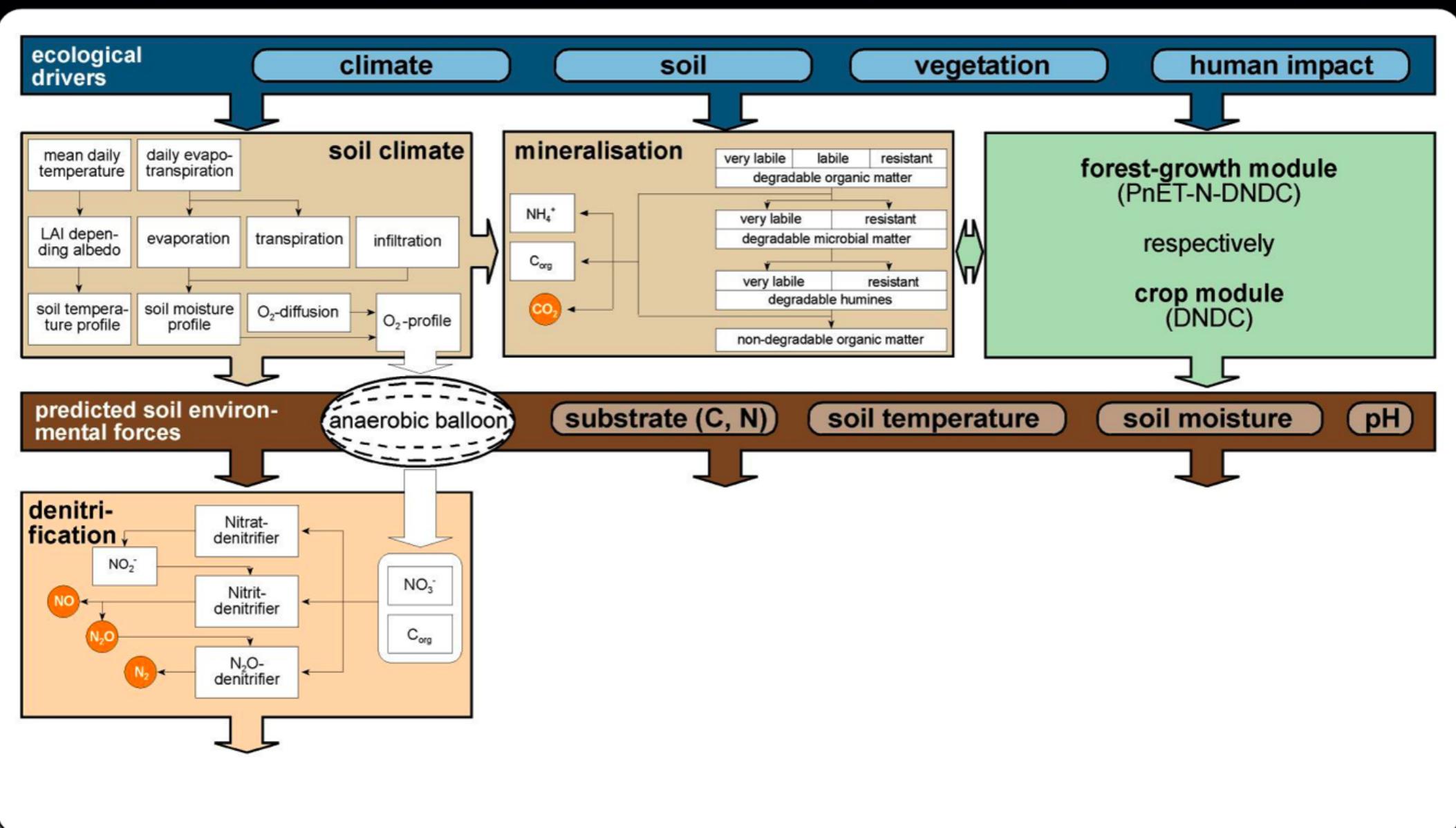
The DNDC model(s)



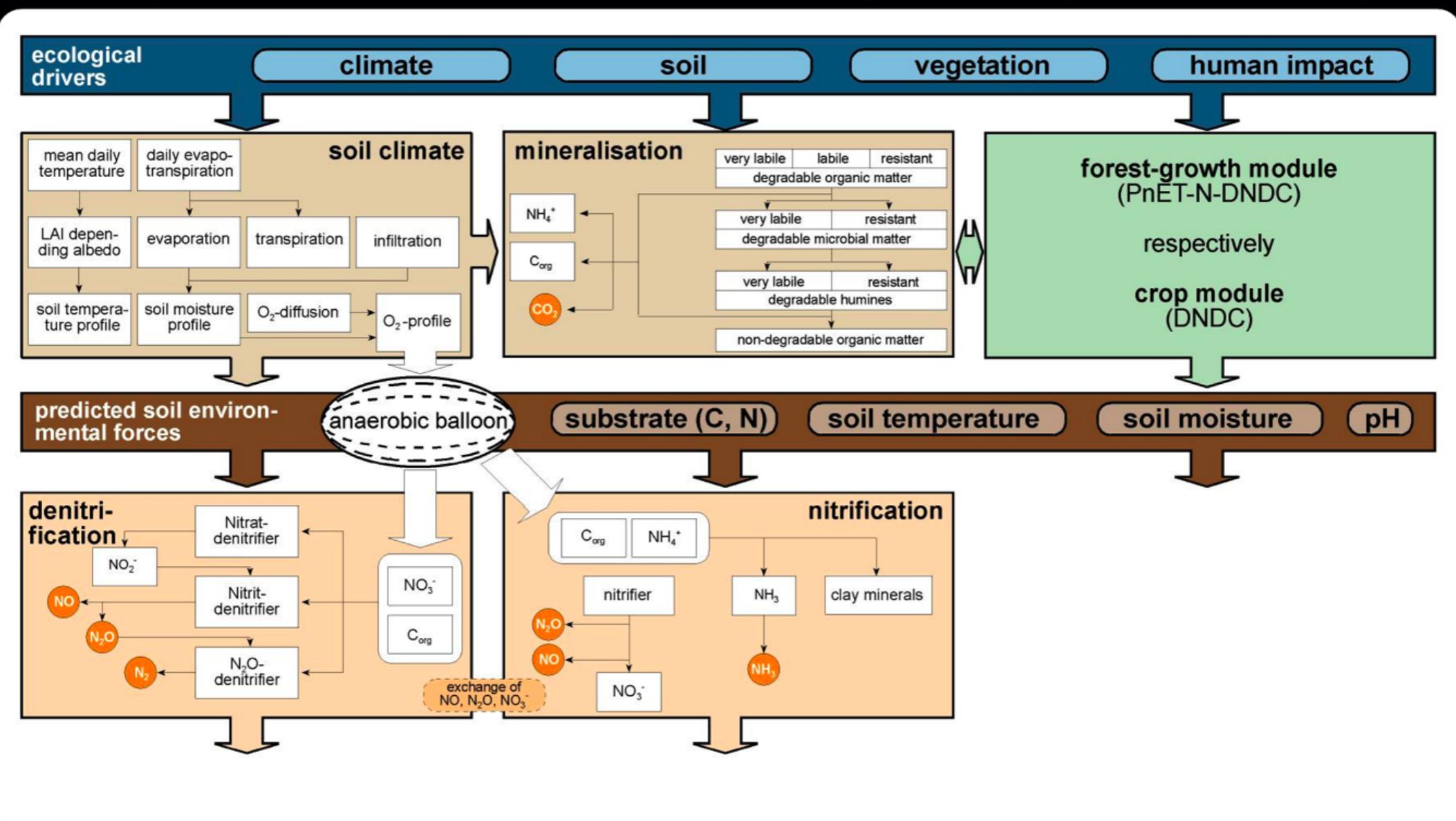
The DNDC model(s)



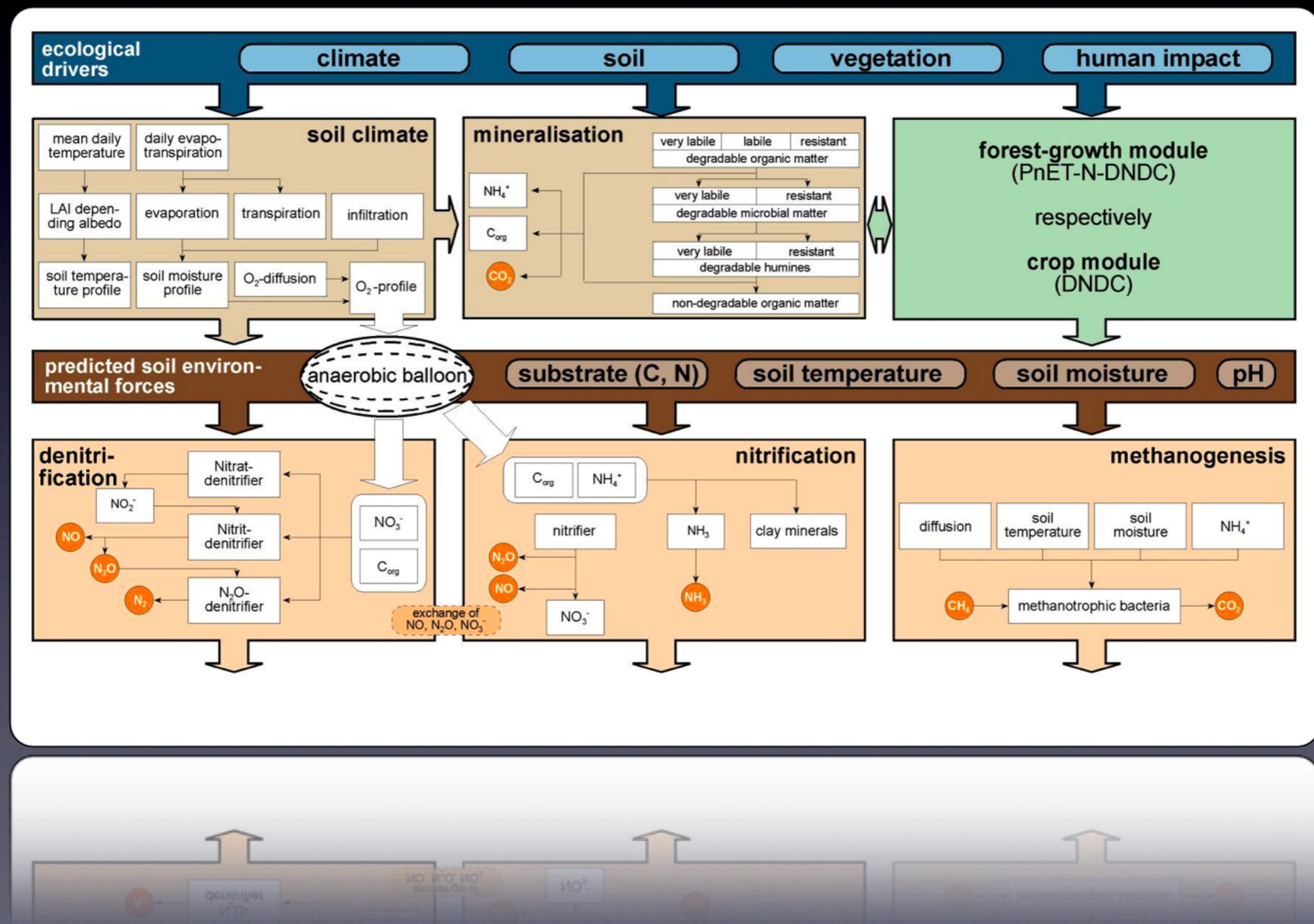
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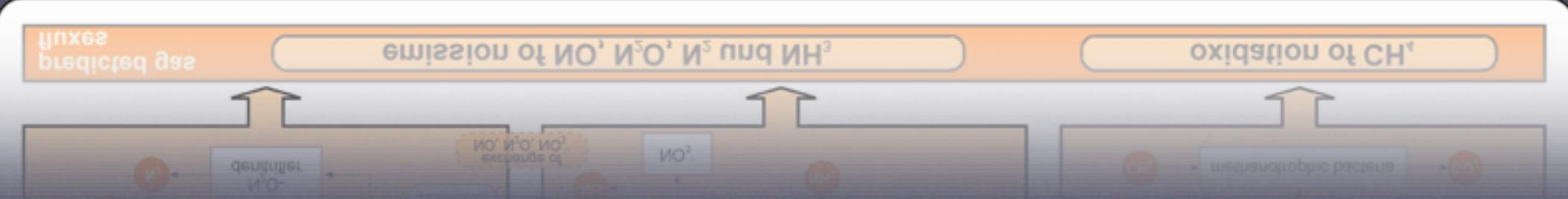
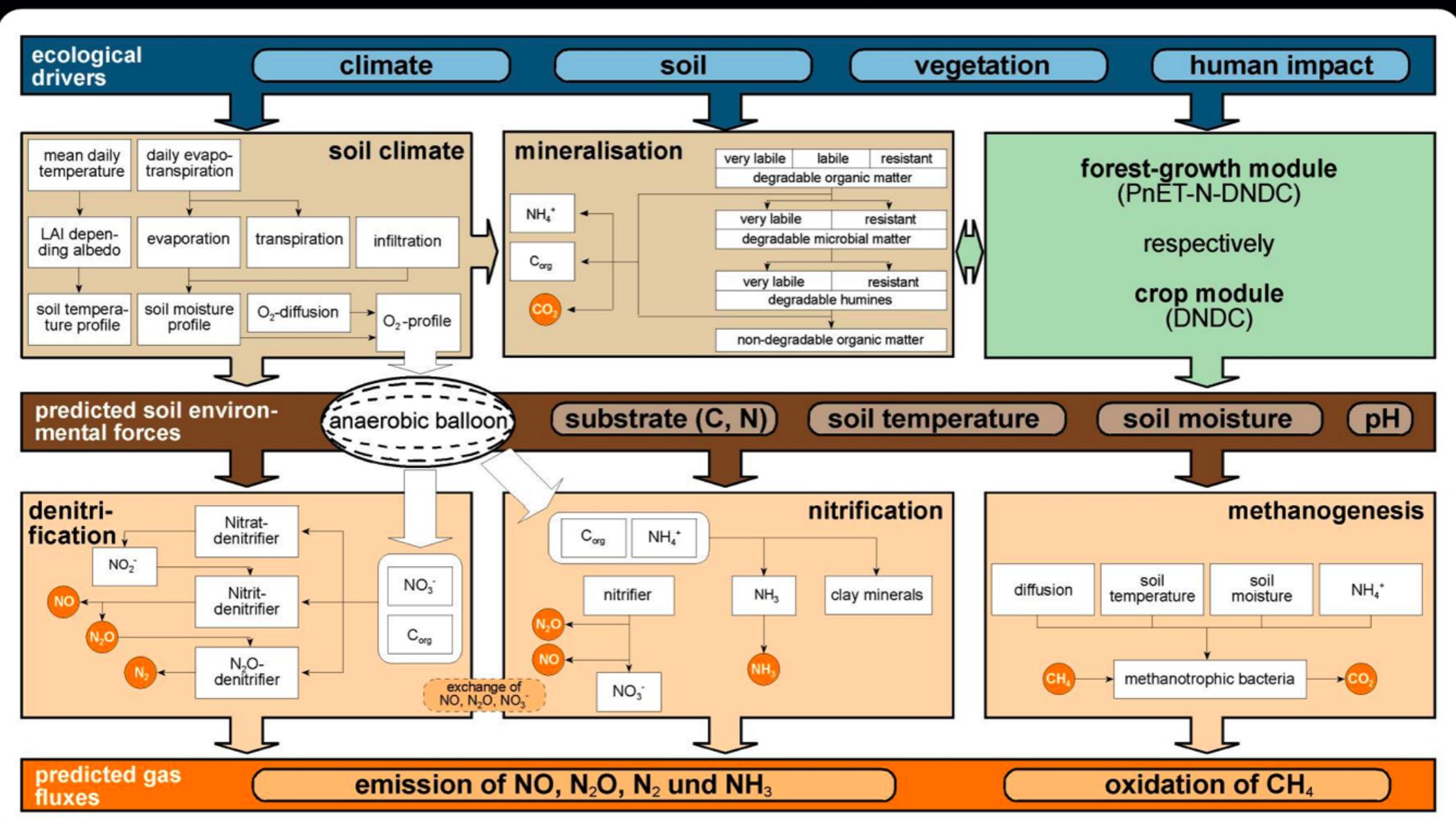
The DNDC model(s)



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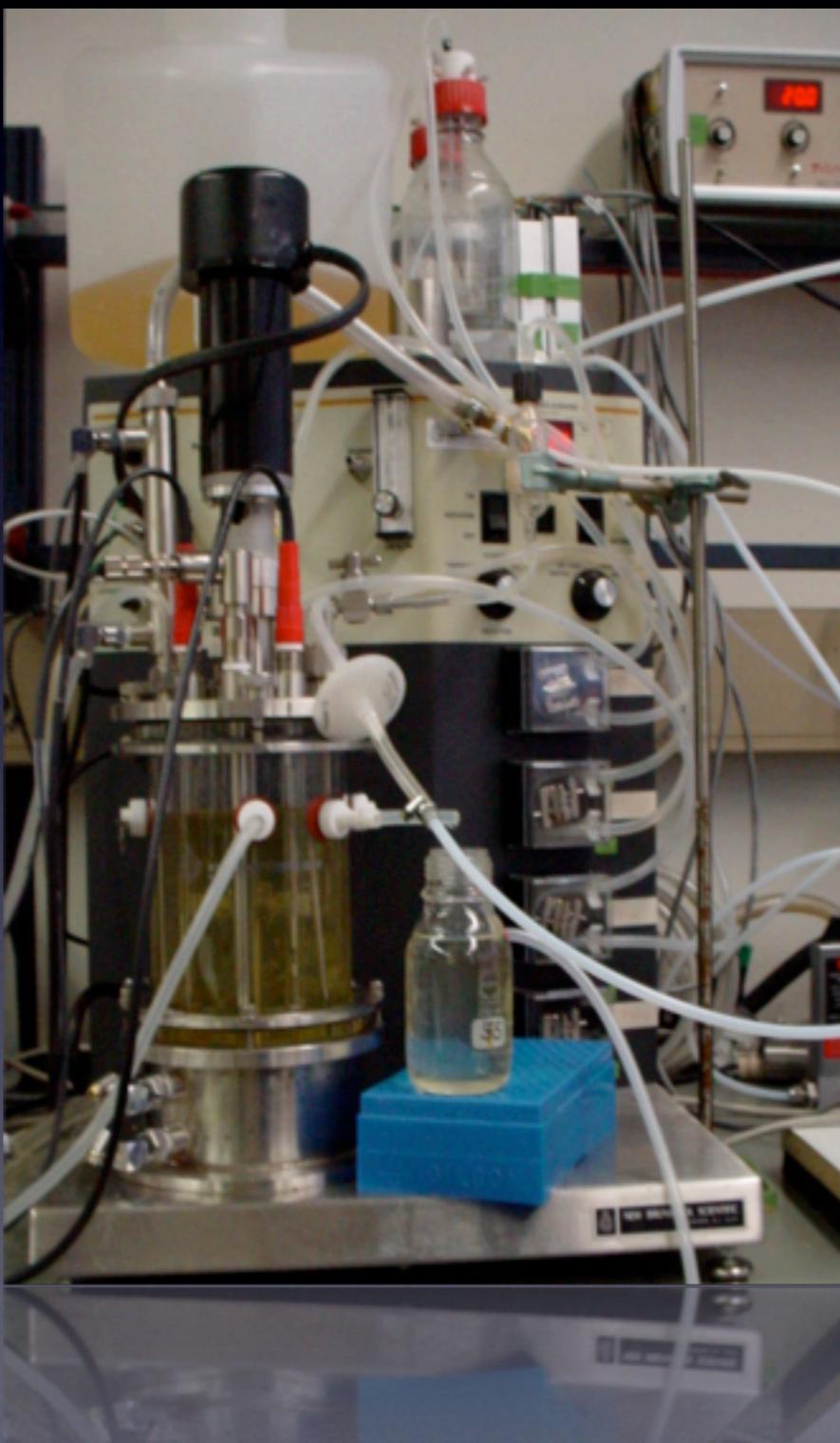
The DNDC model(s)



Process studies

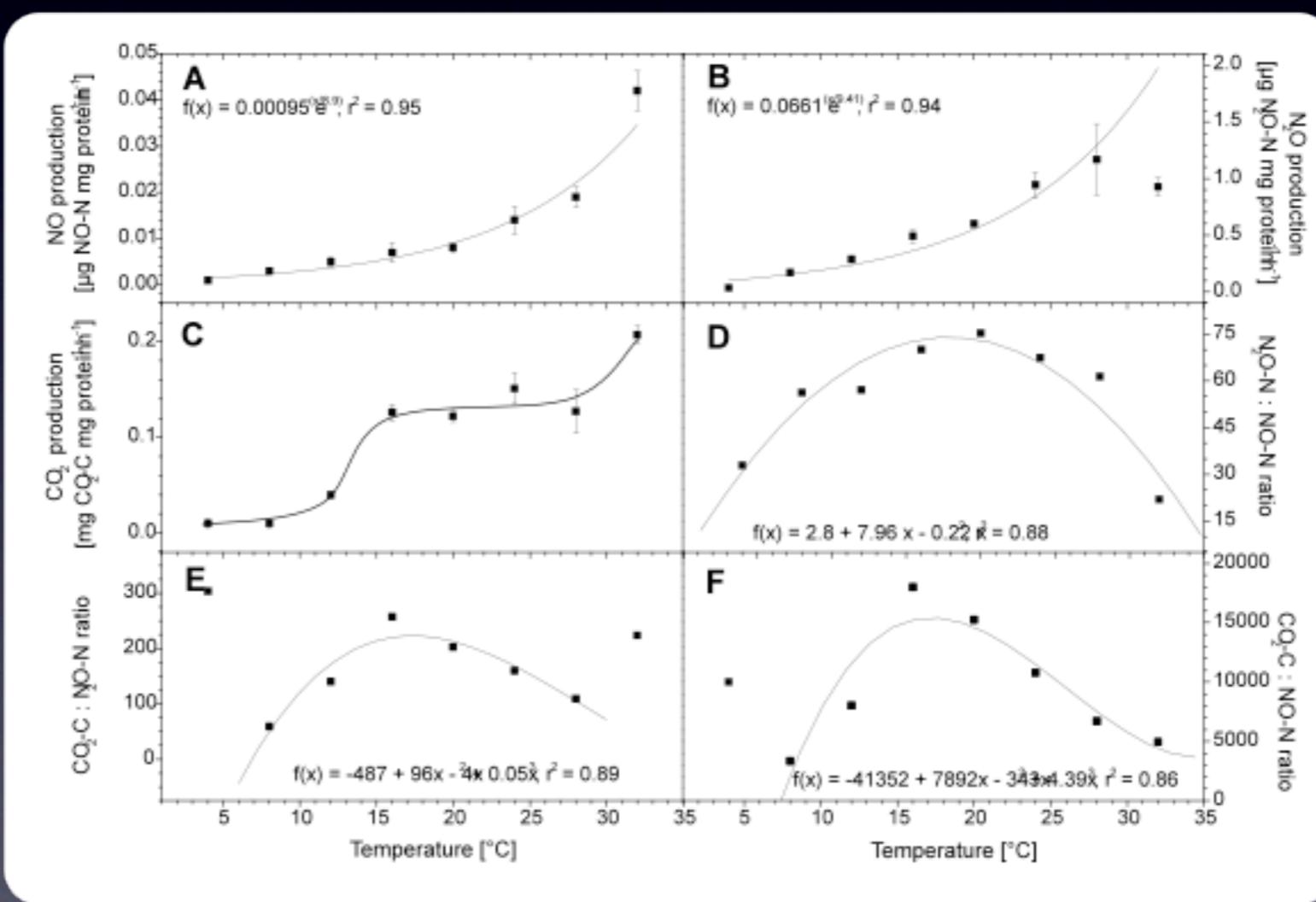
Measuring the „real thing“

Fermenter studies



source:
Kesik et al. (2006)
J. Appl. Microbiol.

Fermenter studies



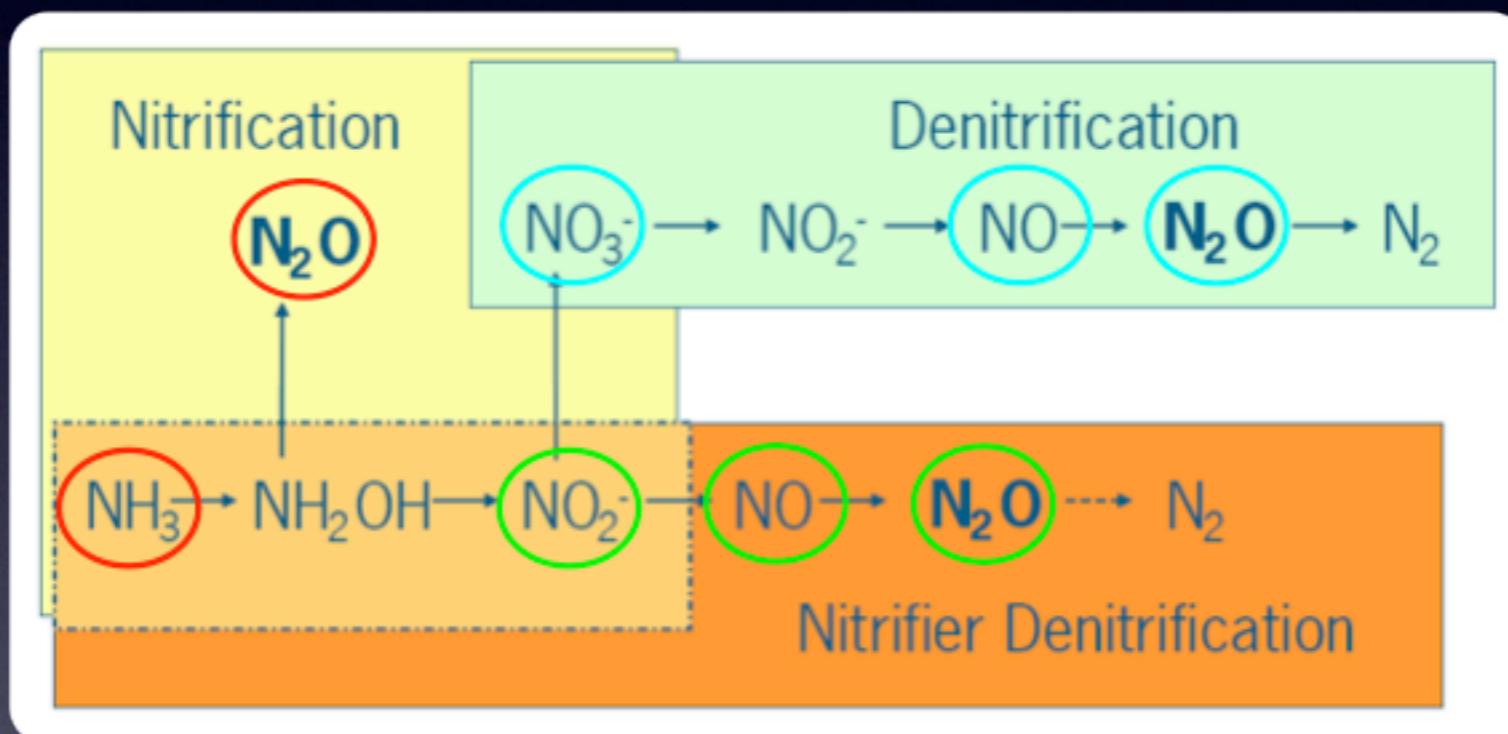
source:
Kesik et al. (2006)
J. Appl. Microbiol.

Isotope labeling



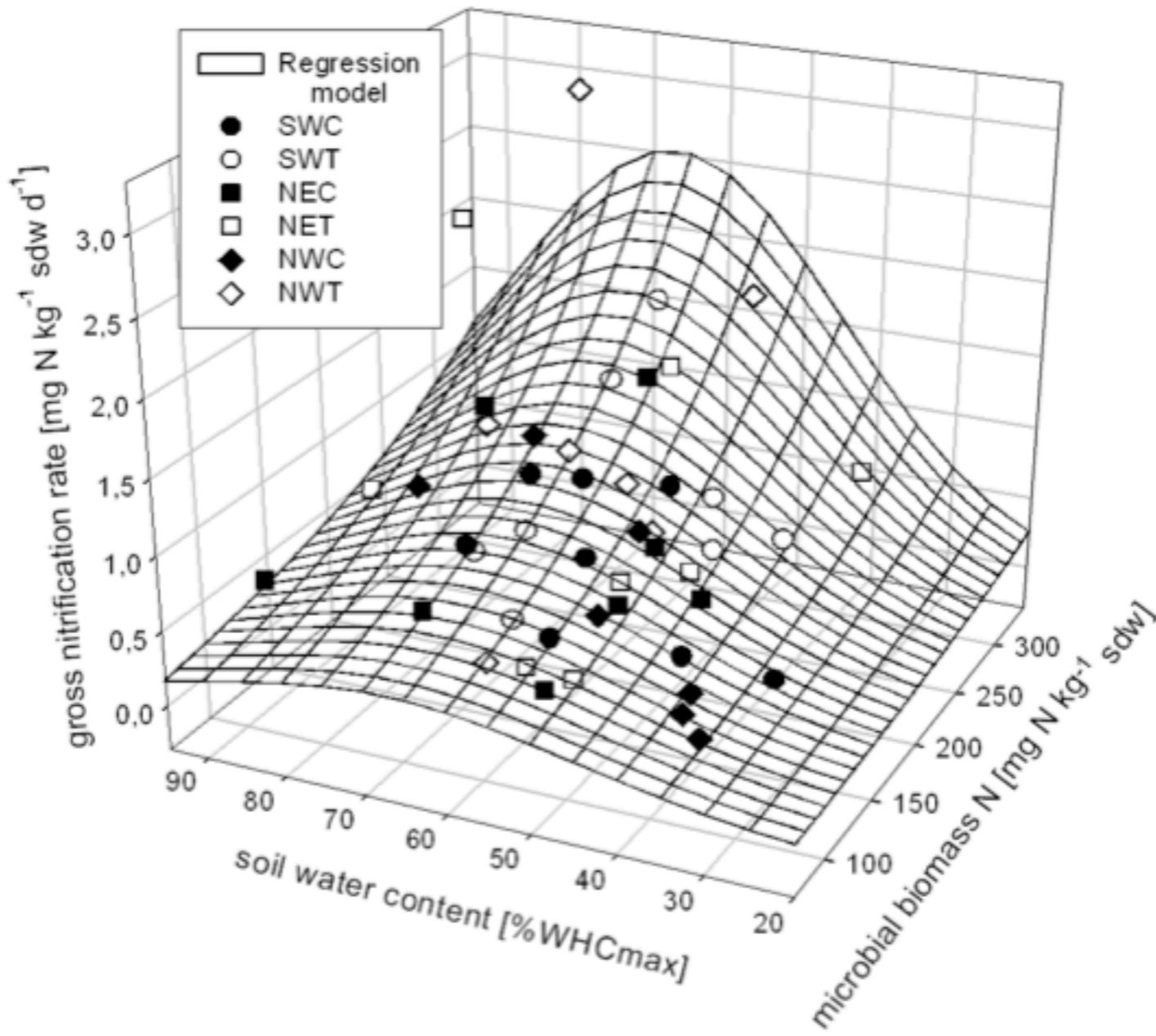
source:
Dannenmann et al.
(2006) Plant Soil

Isotope labeling



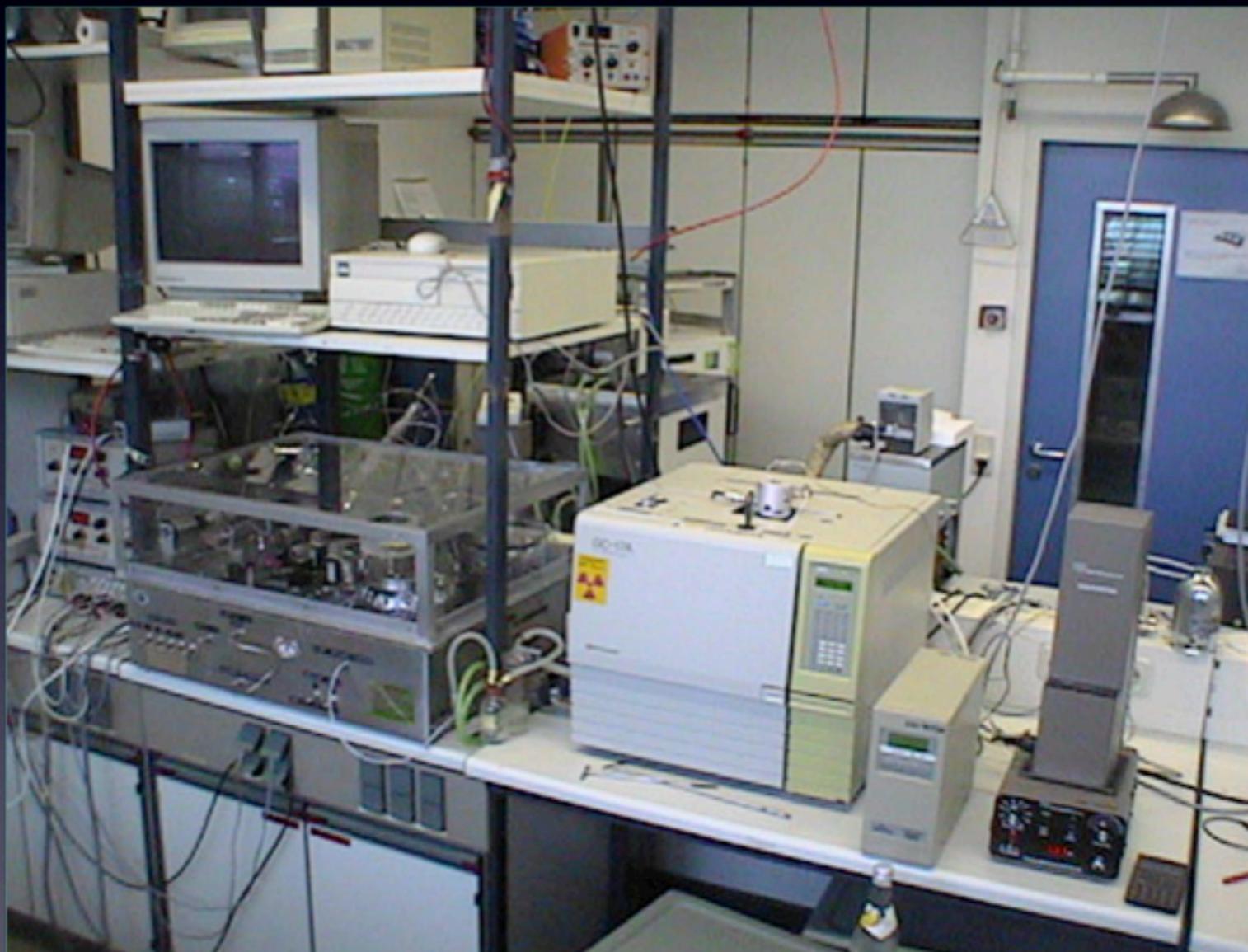
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Isotope labeling

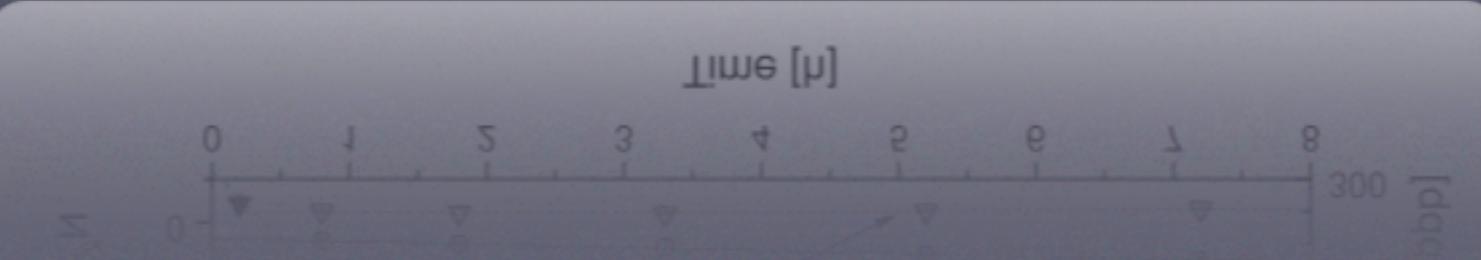
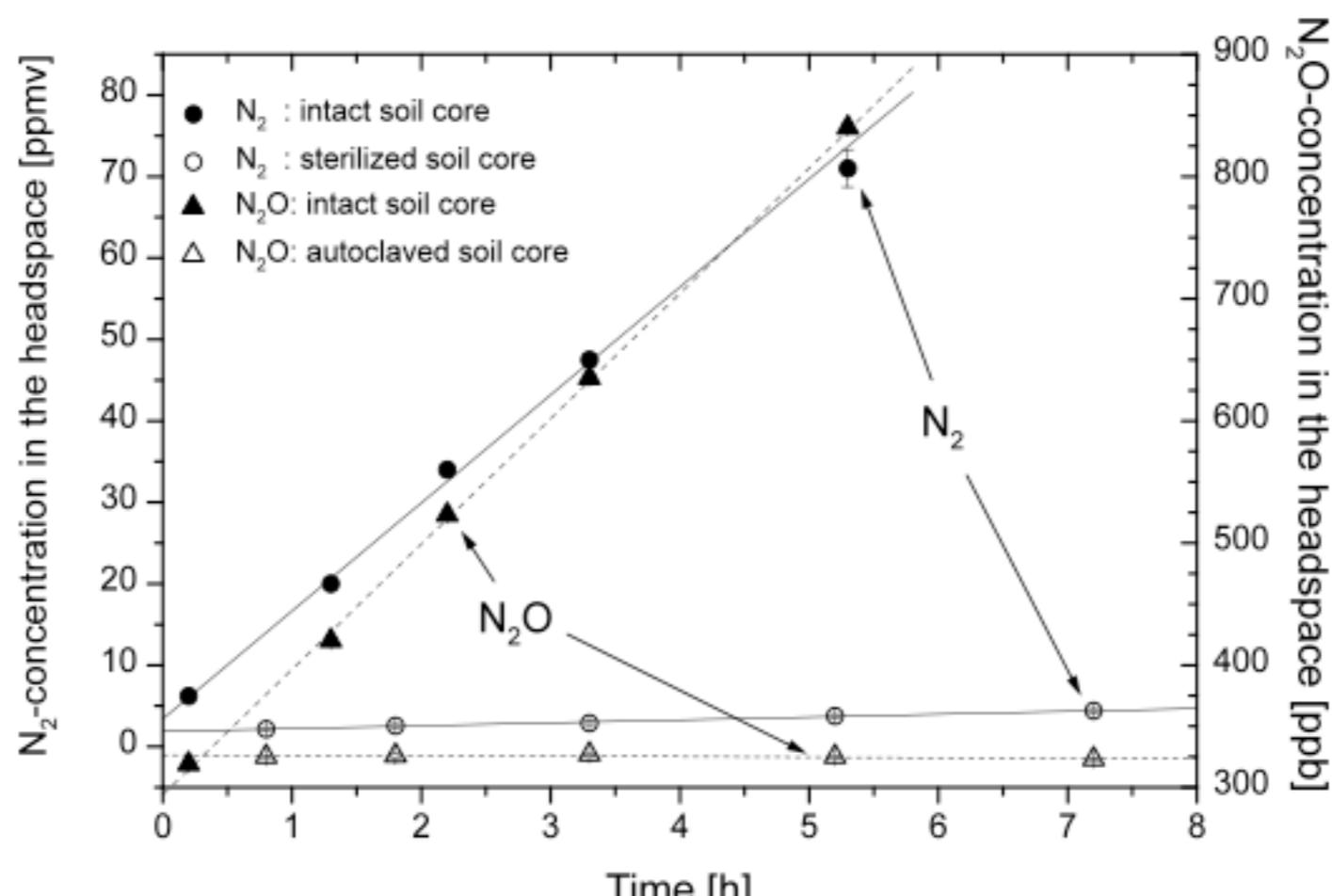


source:
Dannenmann et al.
(2006) Plant Soil

N_2 measurements



N_2 measurements



Field measurement

Measuring the soil-atmosphere exchange and
controlling factors

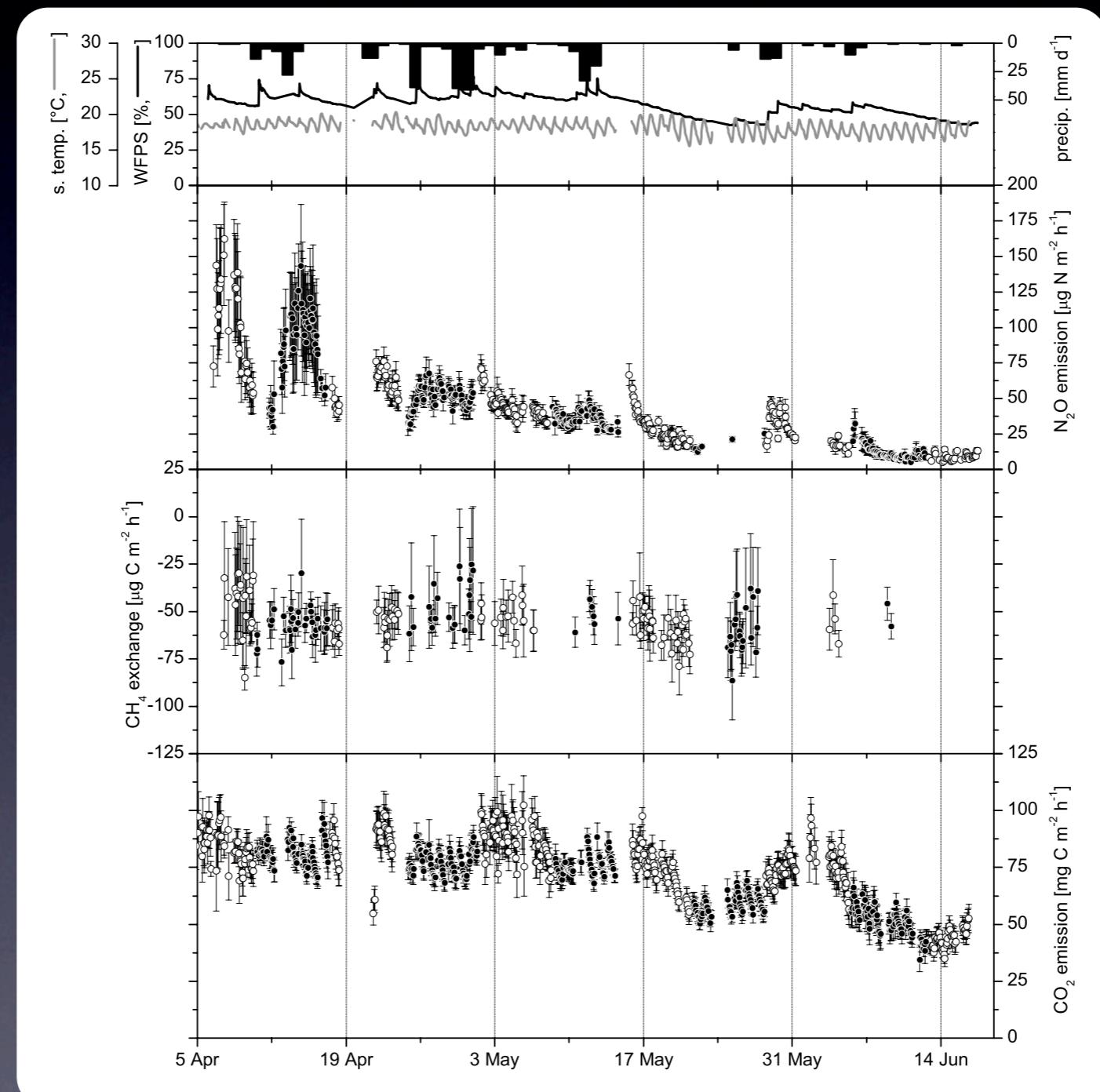
Measured variables

- N_2O , NO, CH_4 , CO_2
(sub-daily res., multiple chambers; n > 4)
- local weather
- soil climate
- soil properties (substrate, physicochemical)

High-resolution measurements



Fluxes + environ. factors



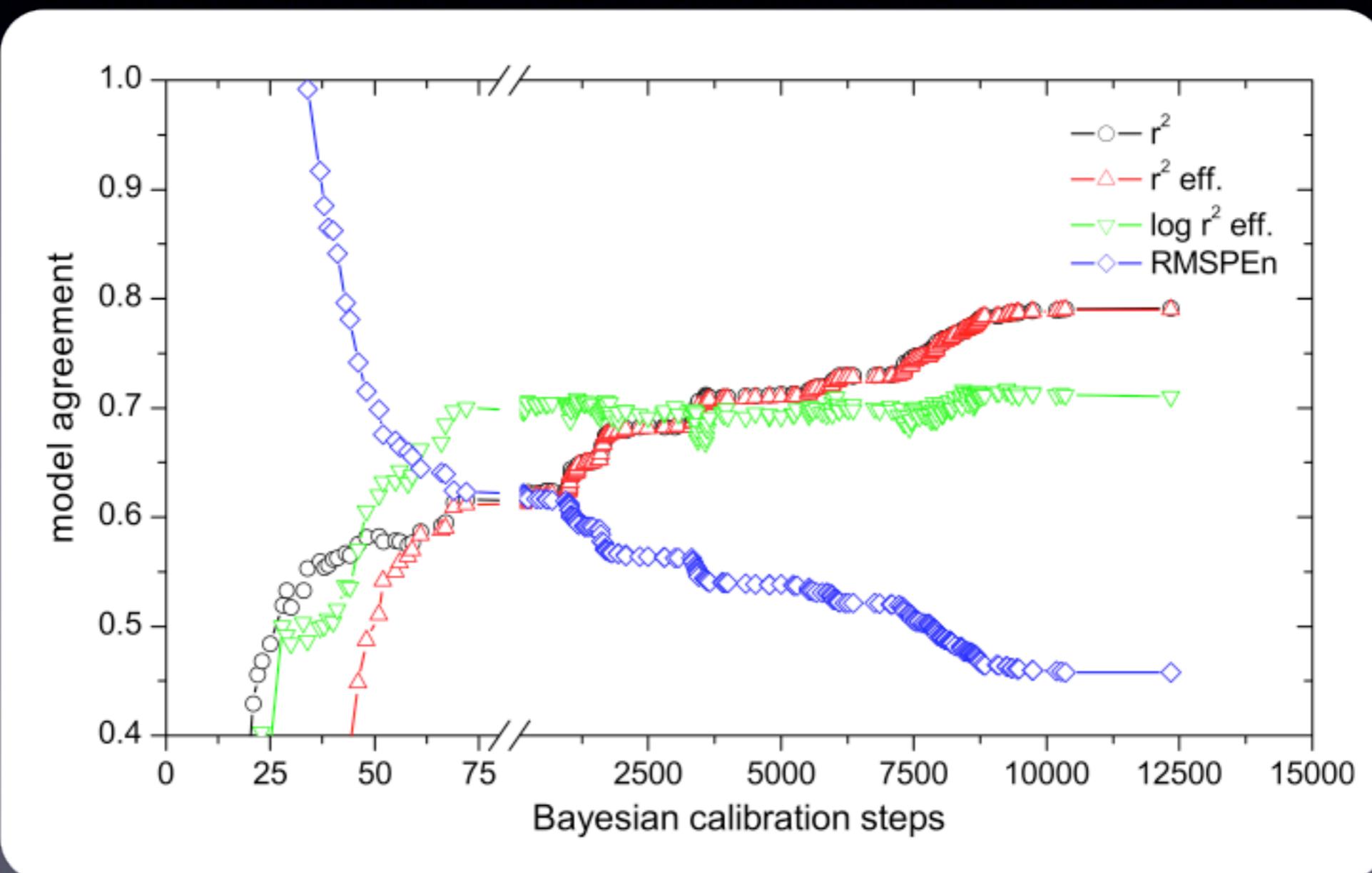
Model development

Implementation, Calibration, Validation

Calibration techniques

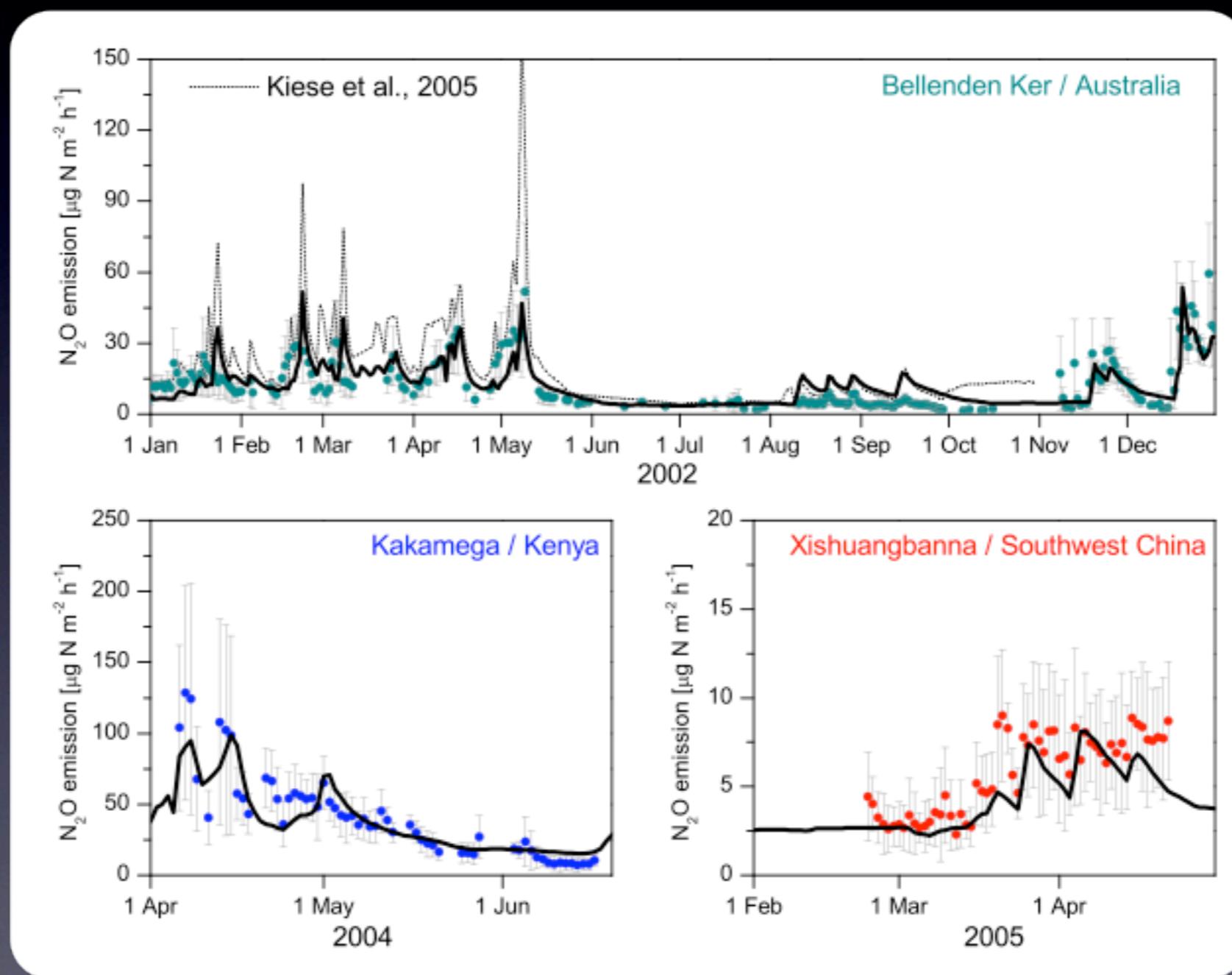
Developer	„expert knowledge“, visual tuning
Optimization	Find best fit (objectively)
Bayesian Calibration	Find best fit (objectively) + the uncertainty

Validation & calibration

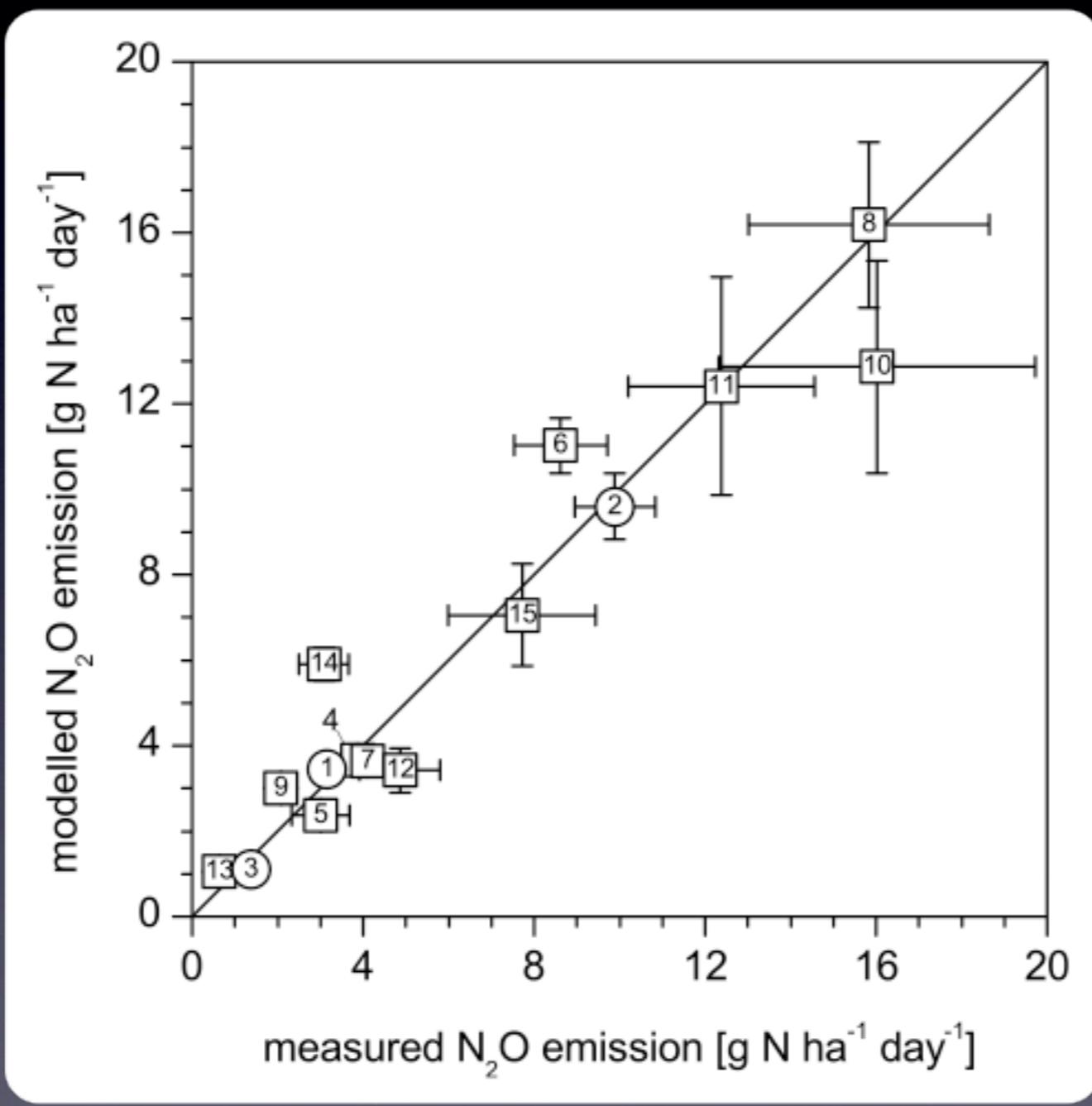


source:
Werner et al.
(2007) GBC

Validation & calibration



Validation & calibration



source:
Werner et al.
(2007) GBC

Model applications

Example applications of the DNDC models

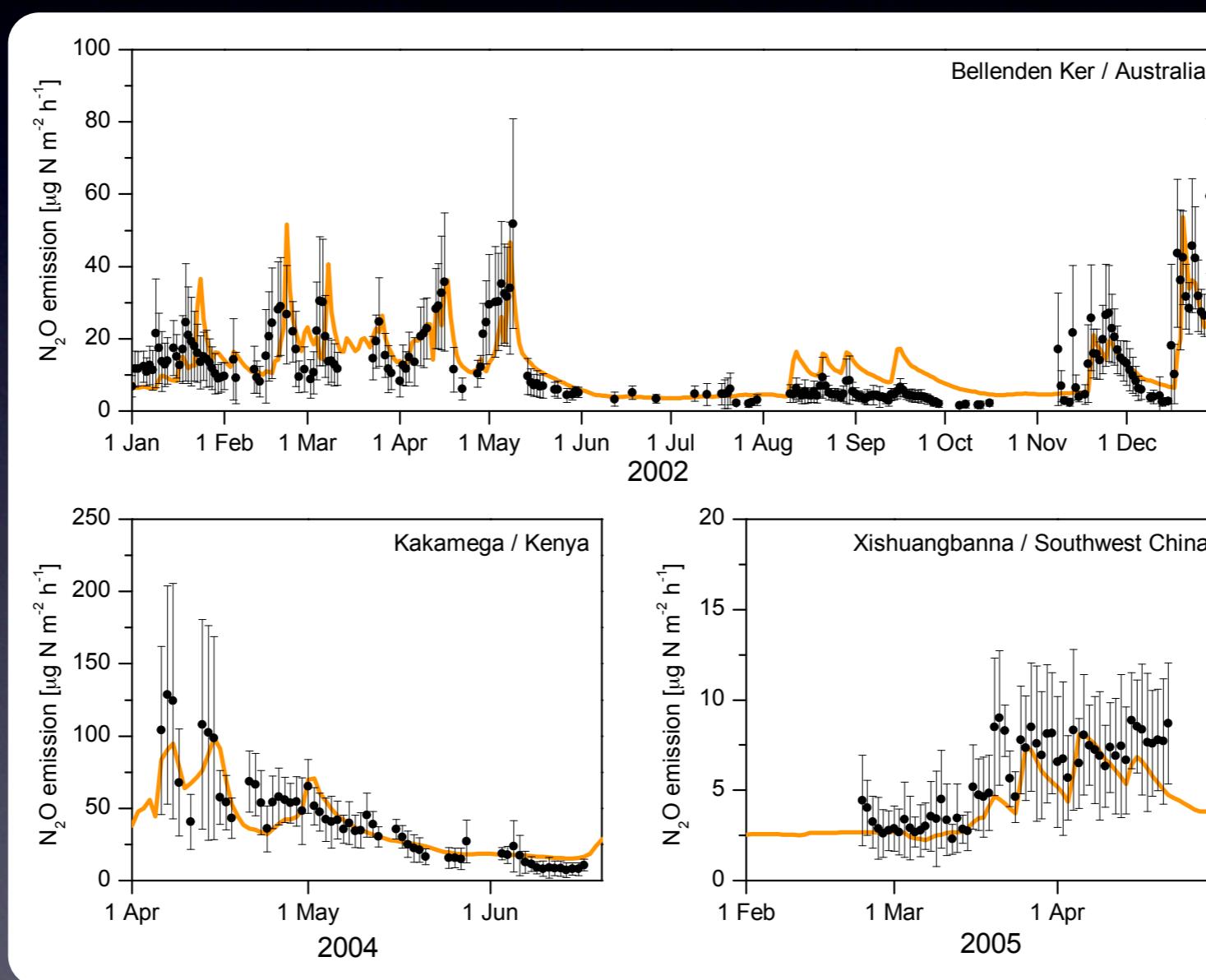
Data requirements (DNDC family)

	required	optional
climate	daily precip., temperature	radiation, N deposition
soil	texture, SOC, pH, BD,	gravel
vegetation	species, age	biomass, DBH
management		fertilizer, timing, etc.

Site simulations

Modelling site properties and fluxes

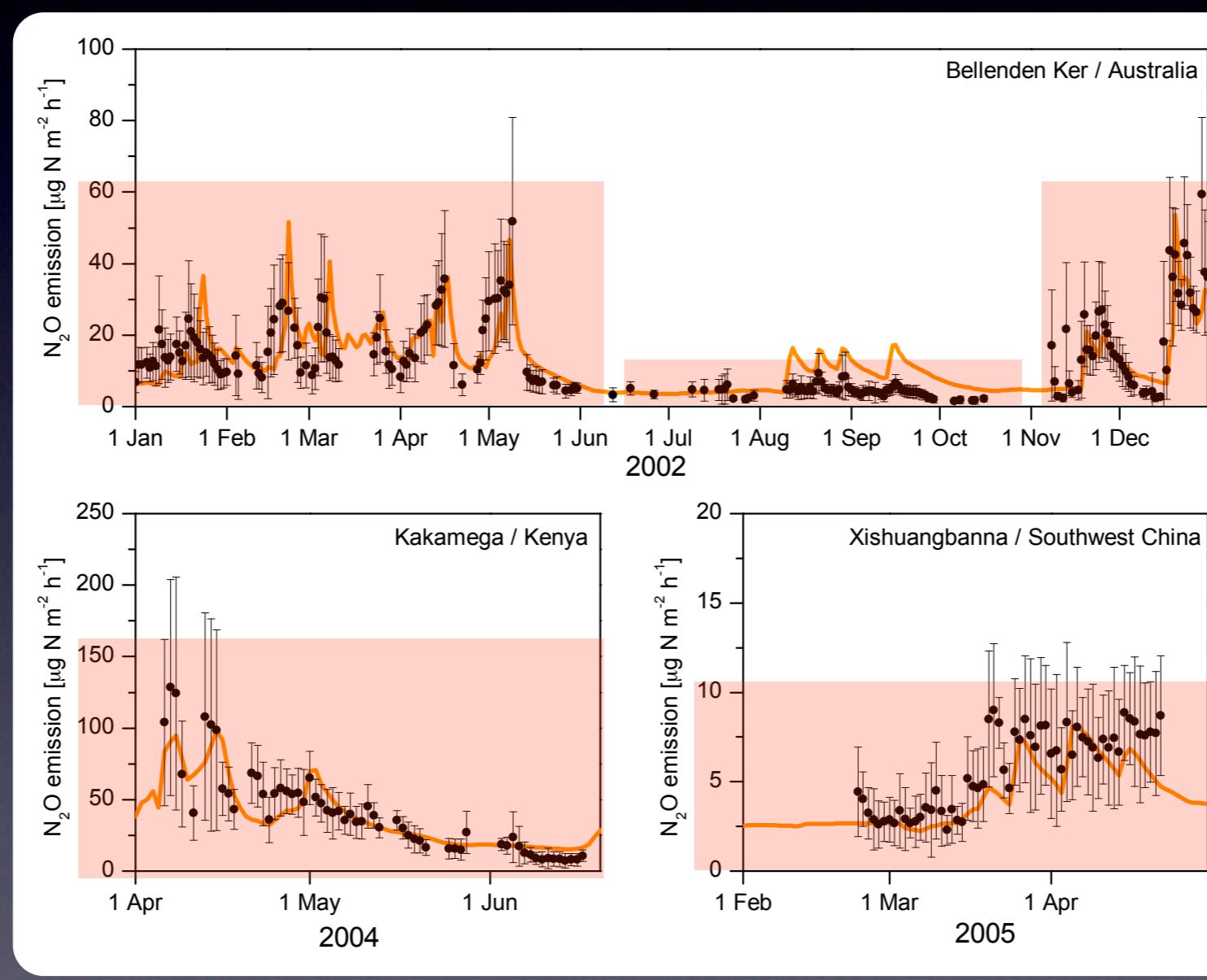
The „base emission“



sandy soils
low substrate

source:
Werner et al.
(2007) GBC

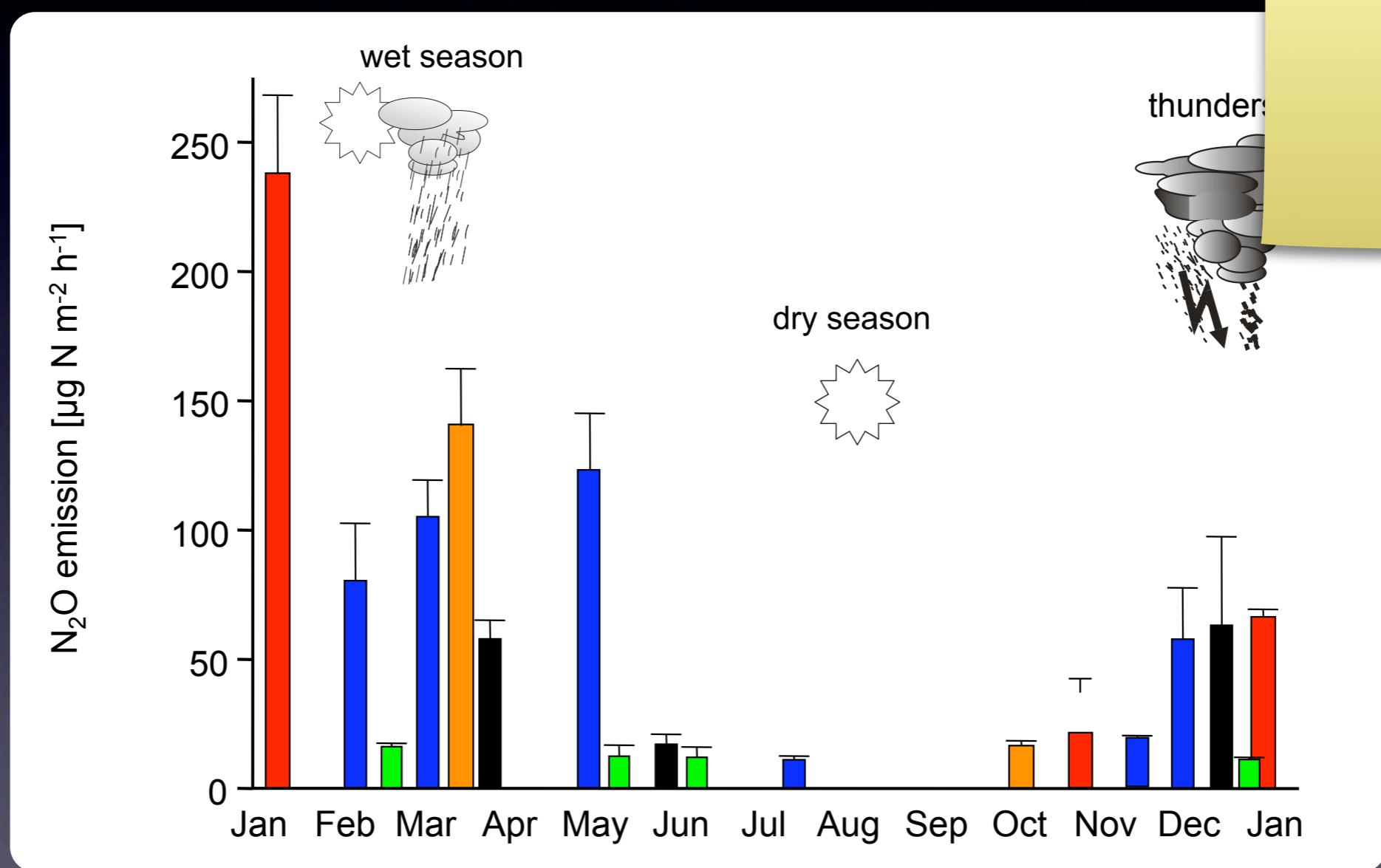
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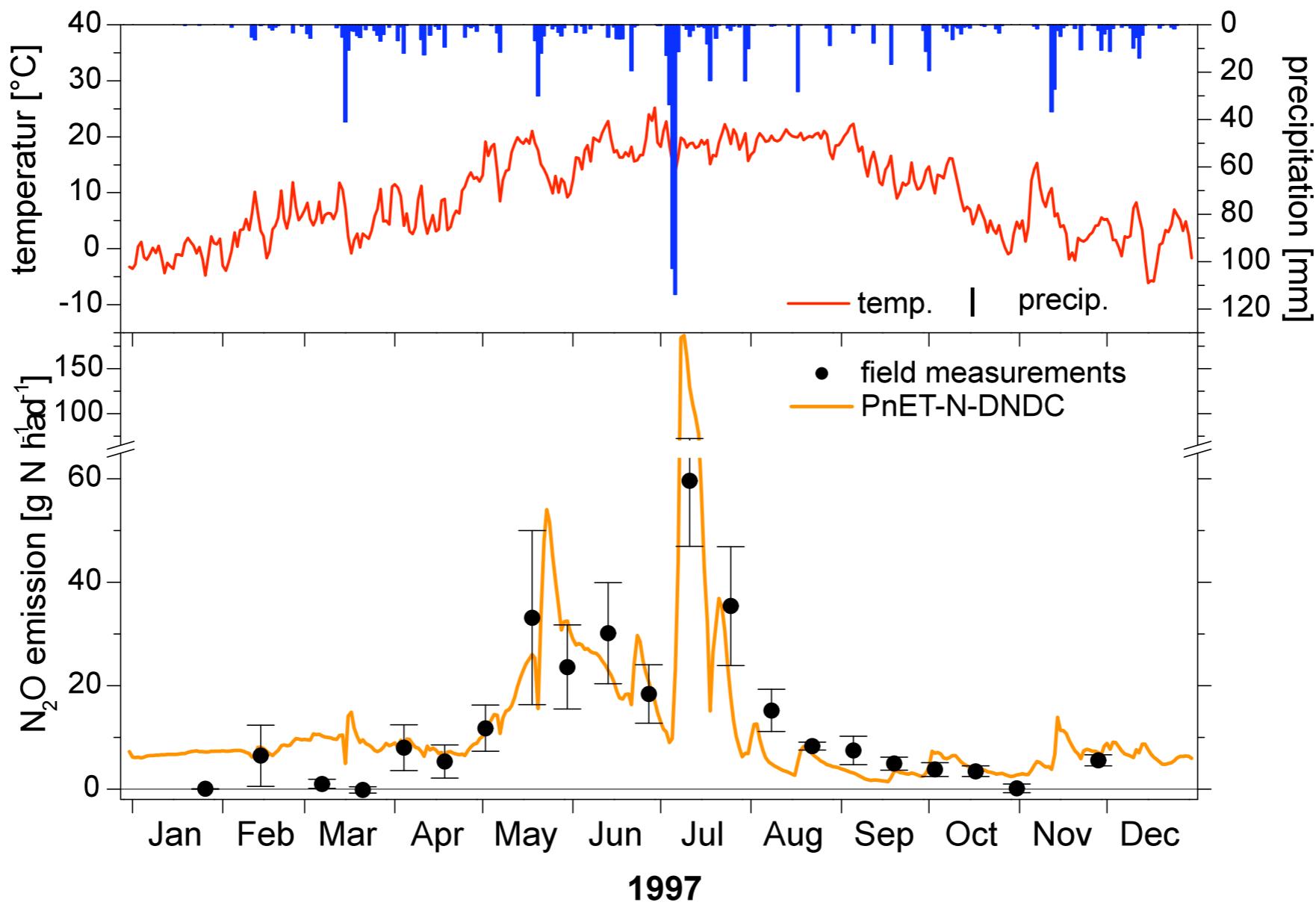
Seasonal dynamics



Quelle?

data:
Kiese et al.
(2003) GBC

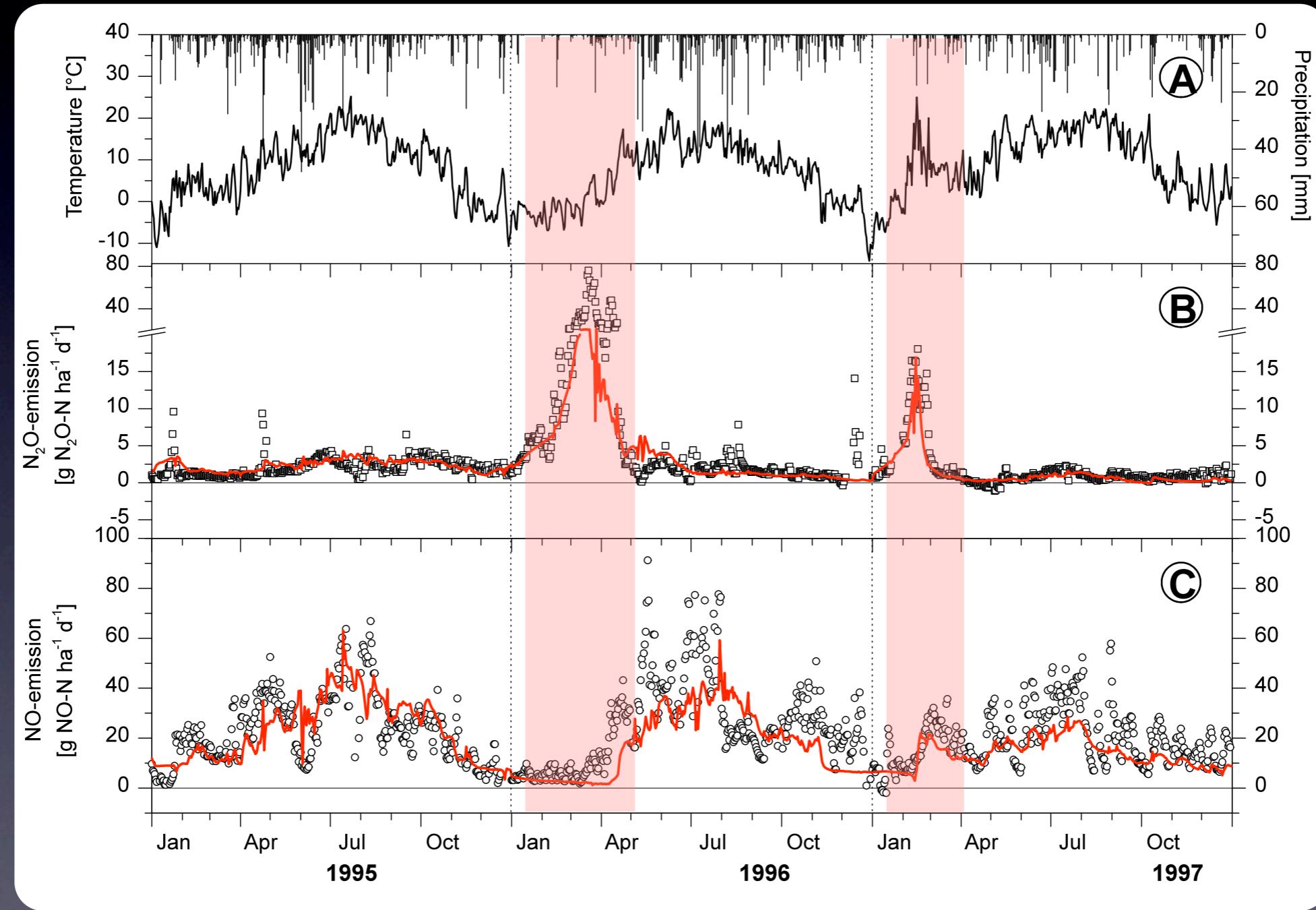
Weather dynamics



Schottenwald,
Austria

data:
Zechmeister-
Boltenstern &
Meger (1997)

Freeze-thaw events



source: Papen & Butterbach-Bahl (1999) JGR

Lessons for future measurements?

- Where should we measure next?
- What else to measure?
- How frequent should we measure?
- ...

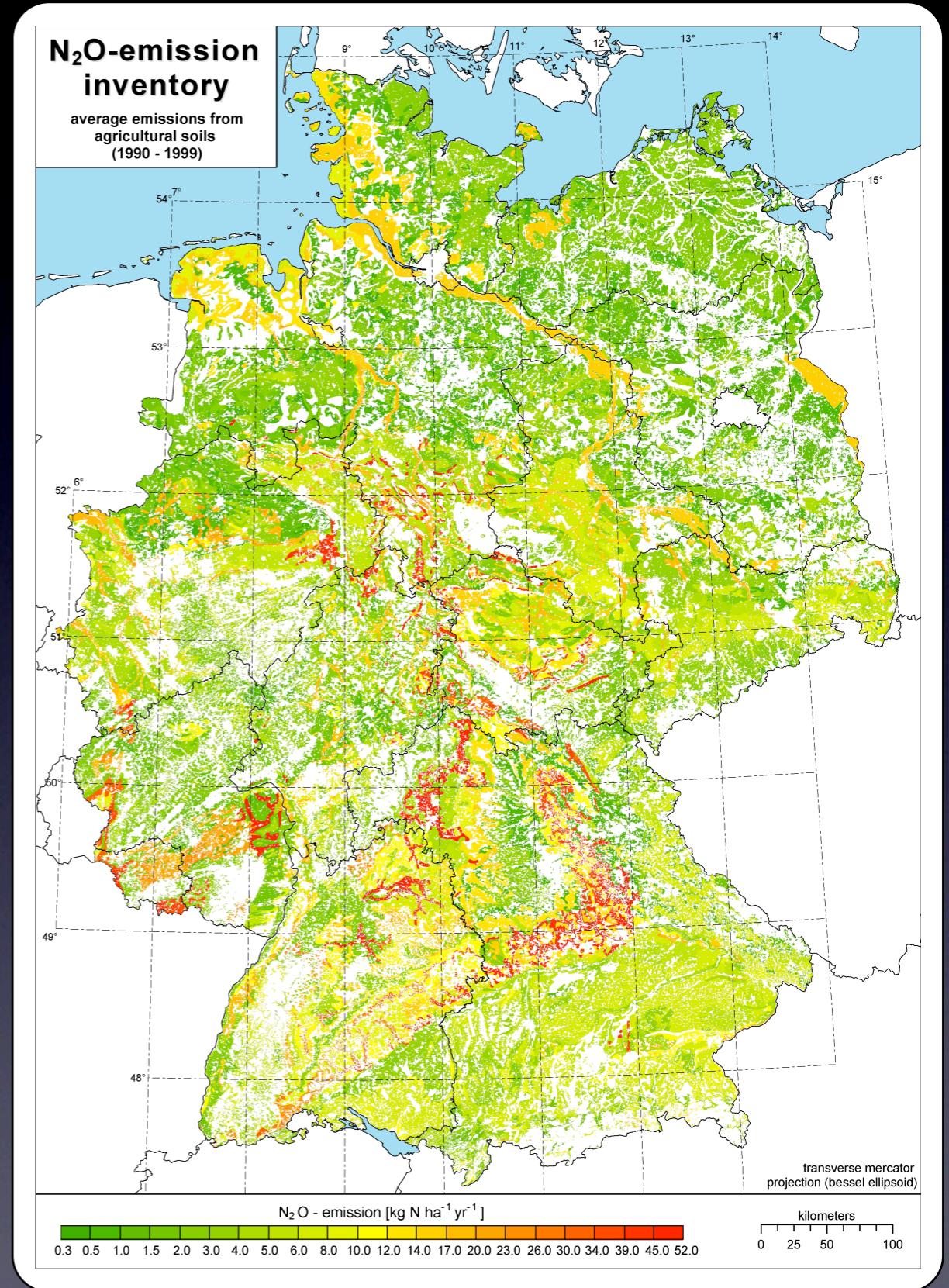
Emission inventories

From regional to global scales

Example I

National scale inventory
N₂O emissions of forest soils of
Germany

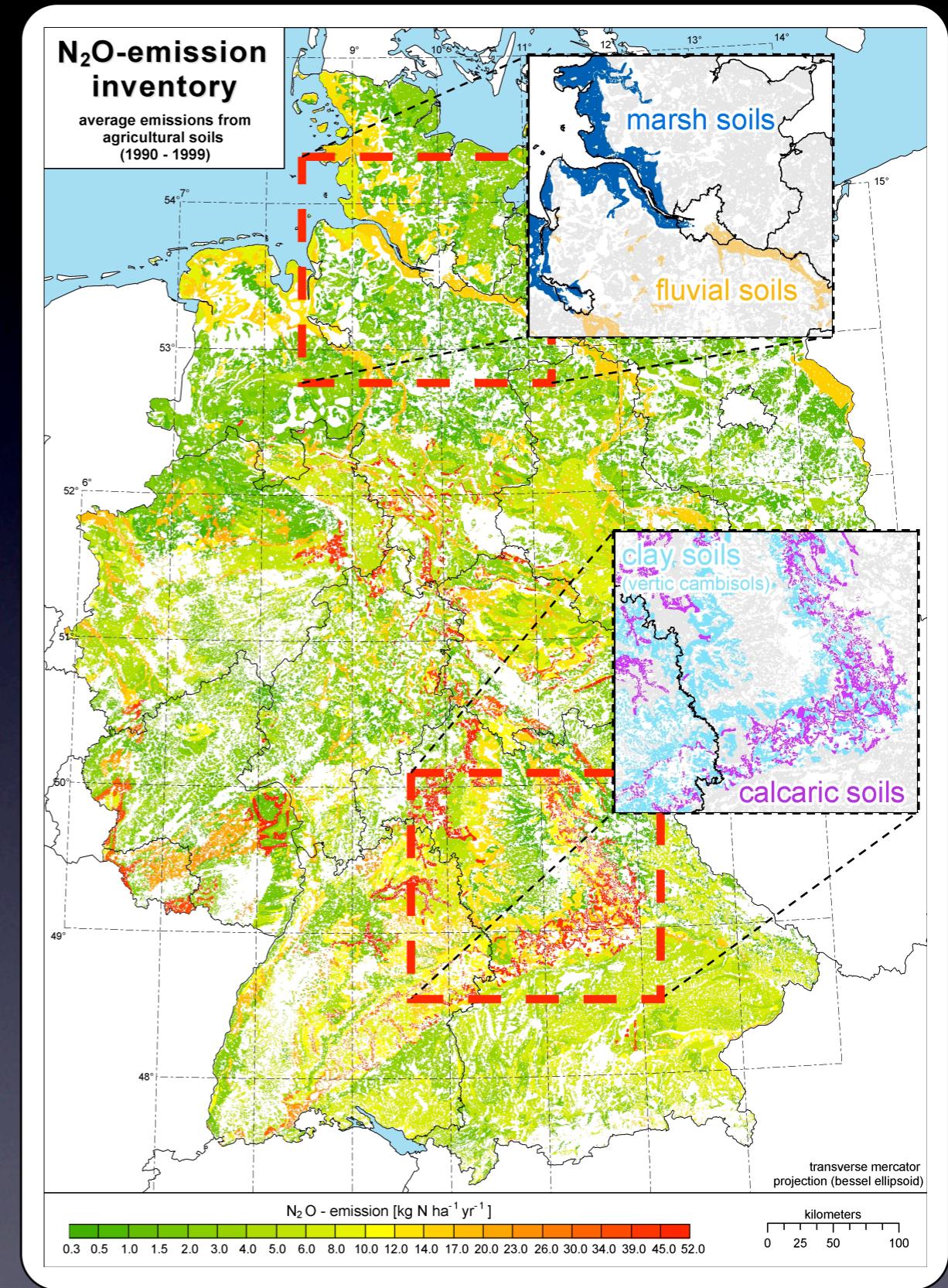
source:
Butterbach-Bahl & Werner (2003)
UBA FE20012257



Example I

National scale inventory
N₂O emissions of forest soils of
Germany

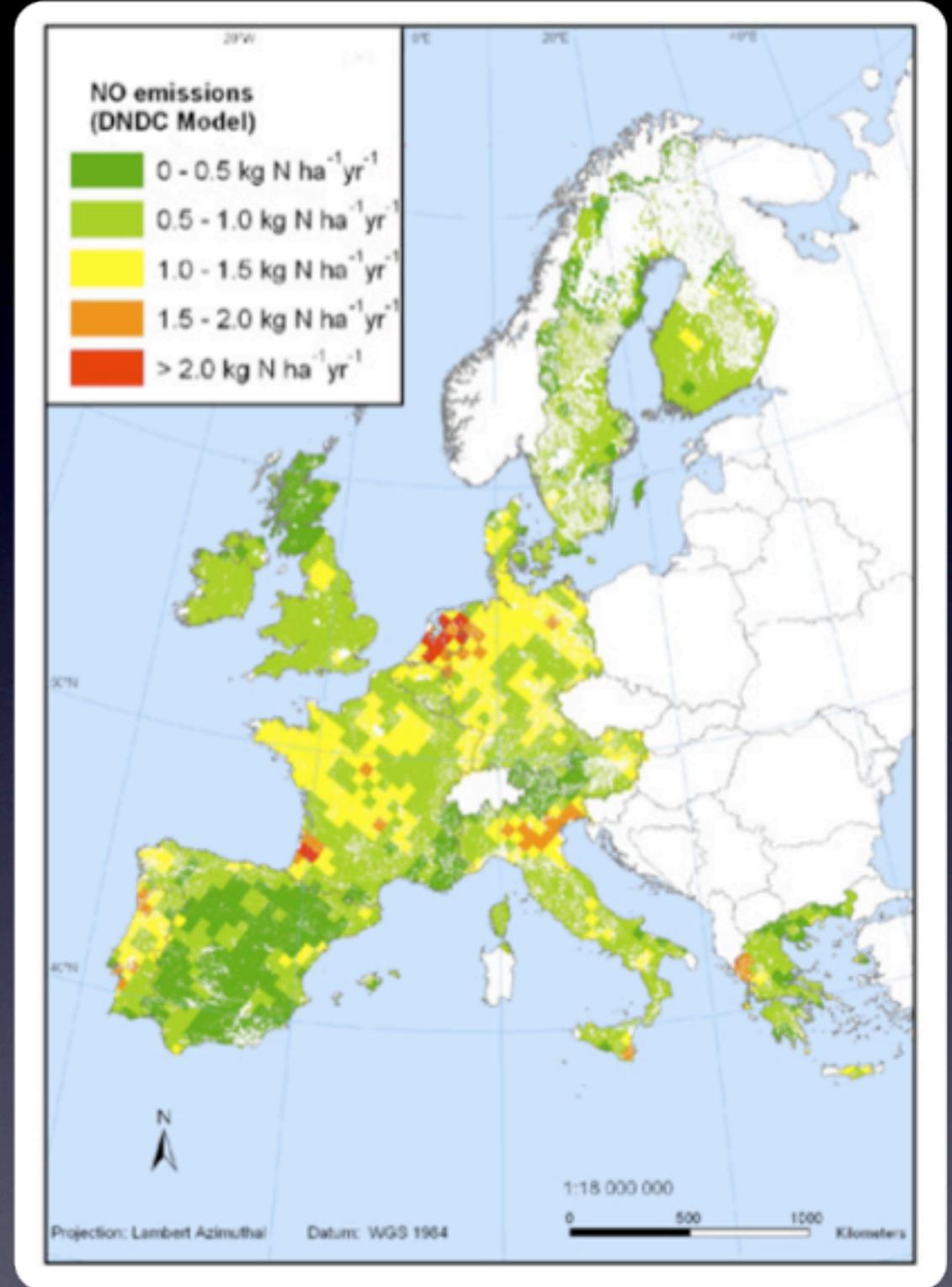
source:
Butterbach-Bahl & Werner (2003)
UBA FE20012257



Example II

Continental scale NO emissions from arable soils of Europe

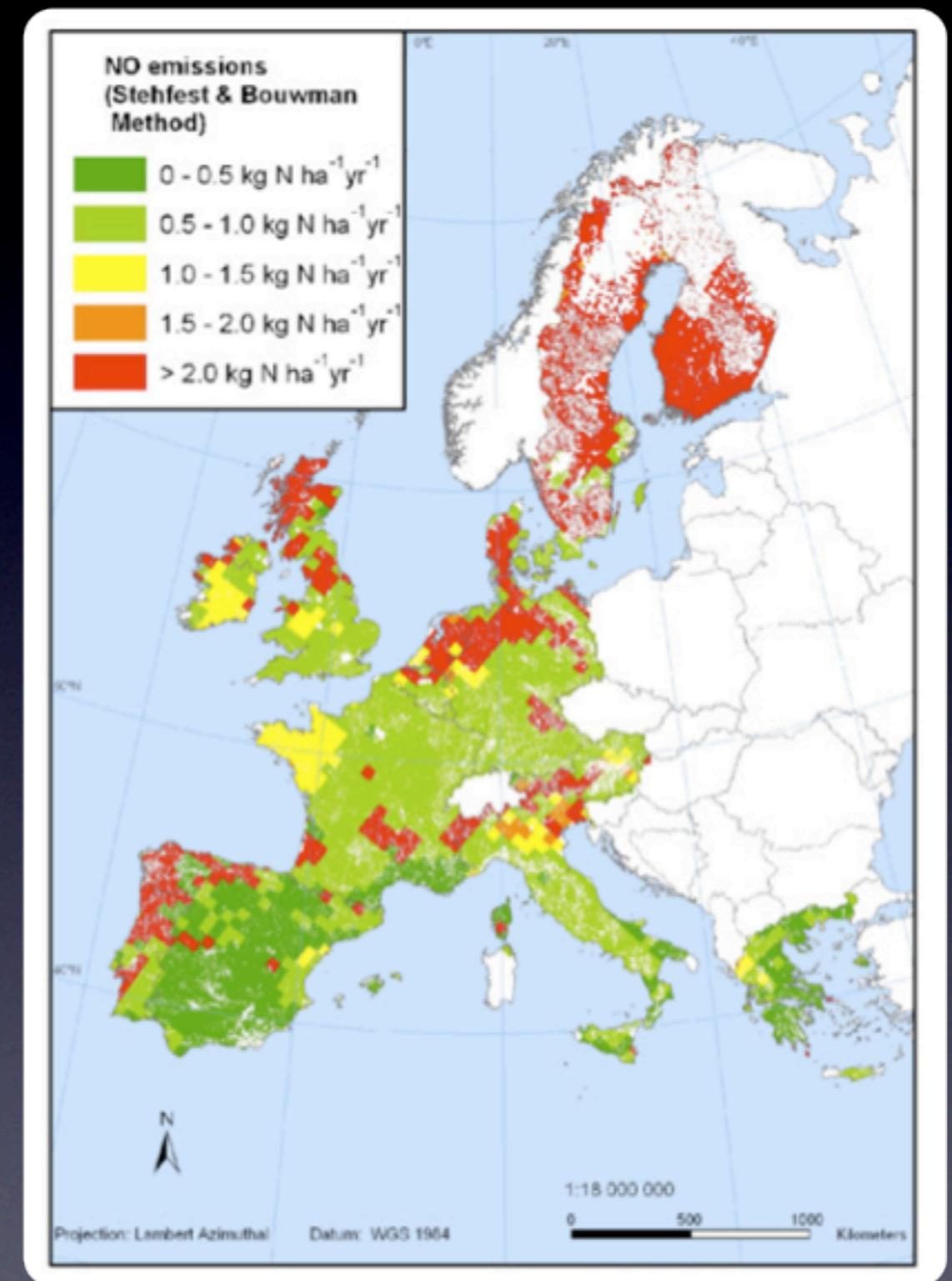
source:
Butterbach-Bahl et al. (2008)
Atmos. Environ.



Example II

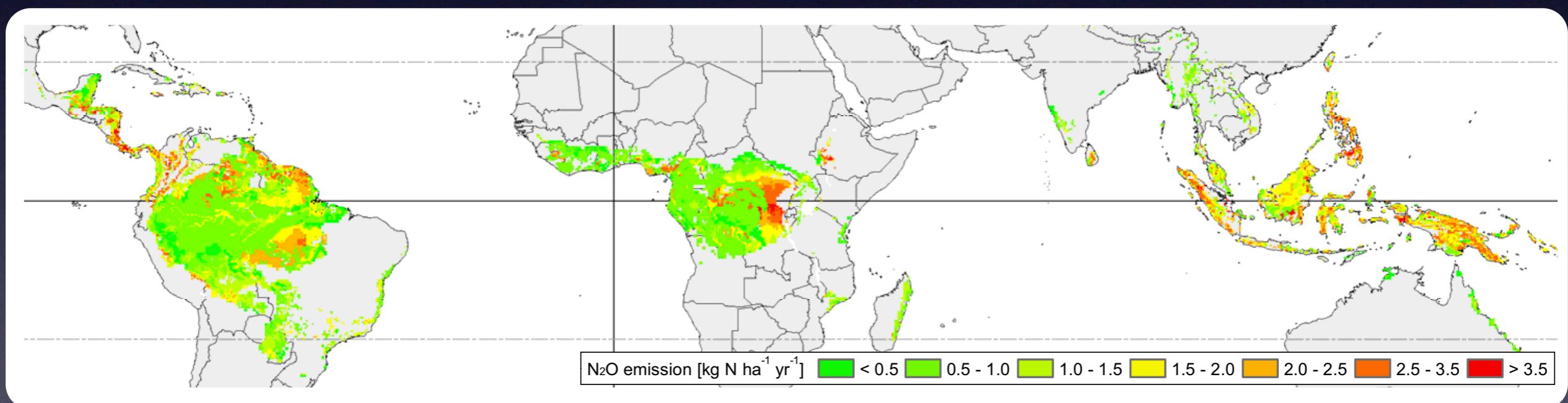
Continental scale NO emissions from arable soils of Europe

source:
Butterbach-Bahl et al. (2008)
Atmos. Environ.



Example III

Global scale
N₂O emissions from tropical
rainforest soils world-wide

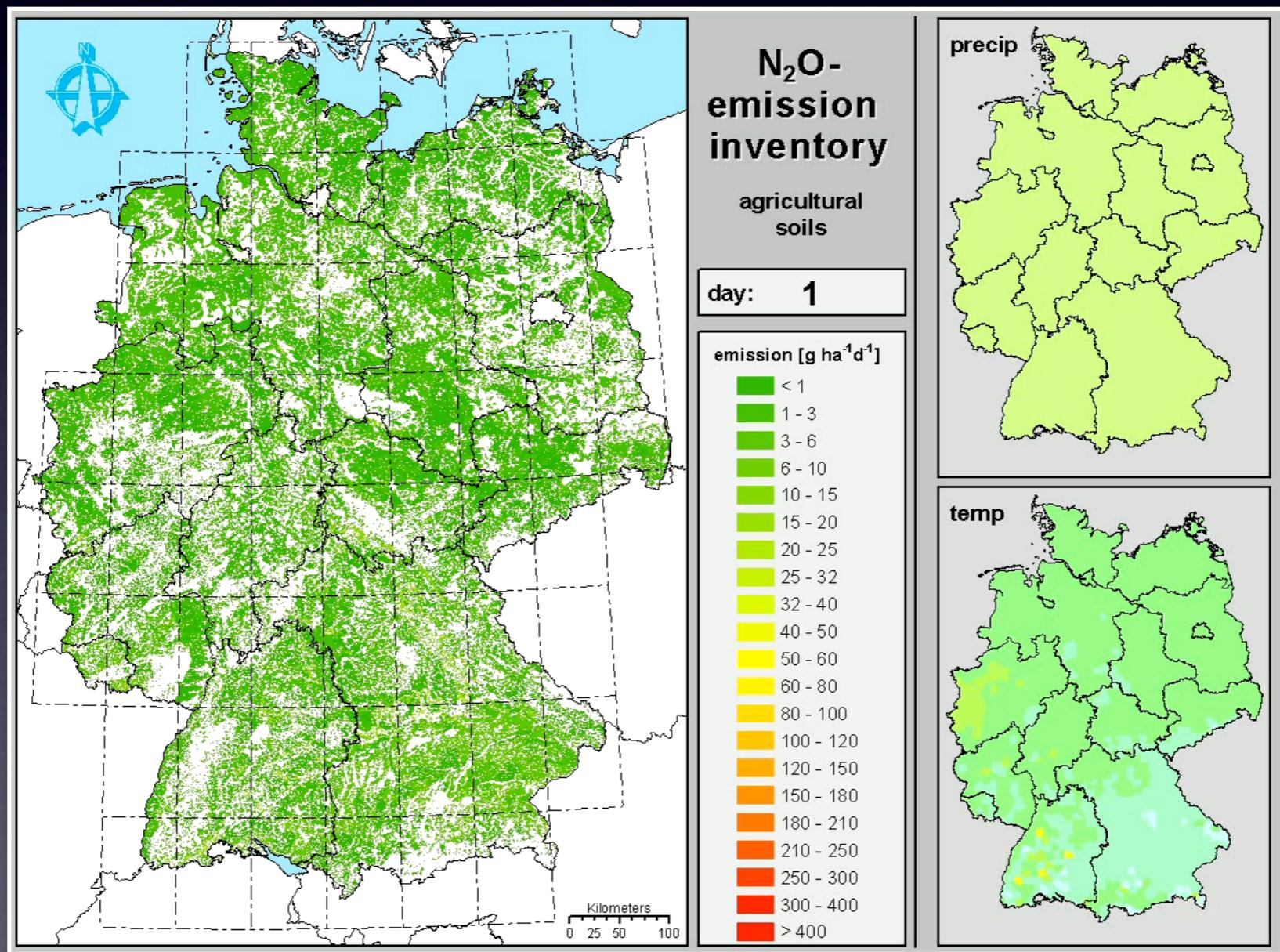


source: Werner et al. (2007) GBC

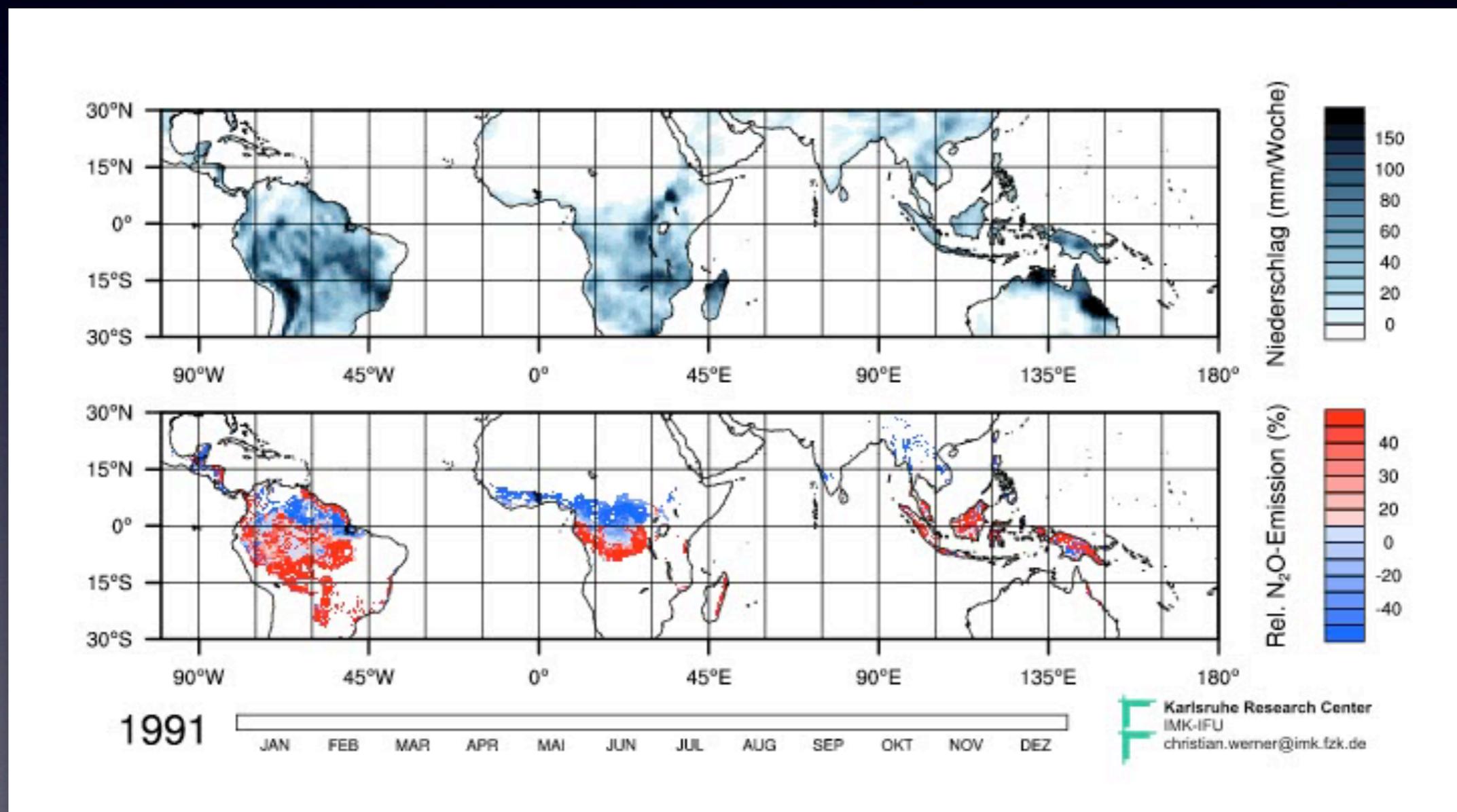
Regional emission dynamics

Inventories change!

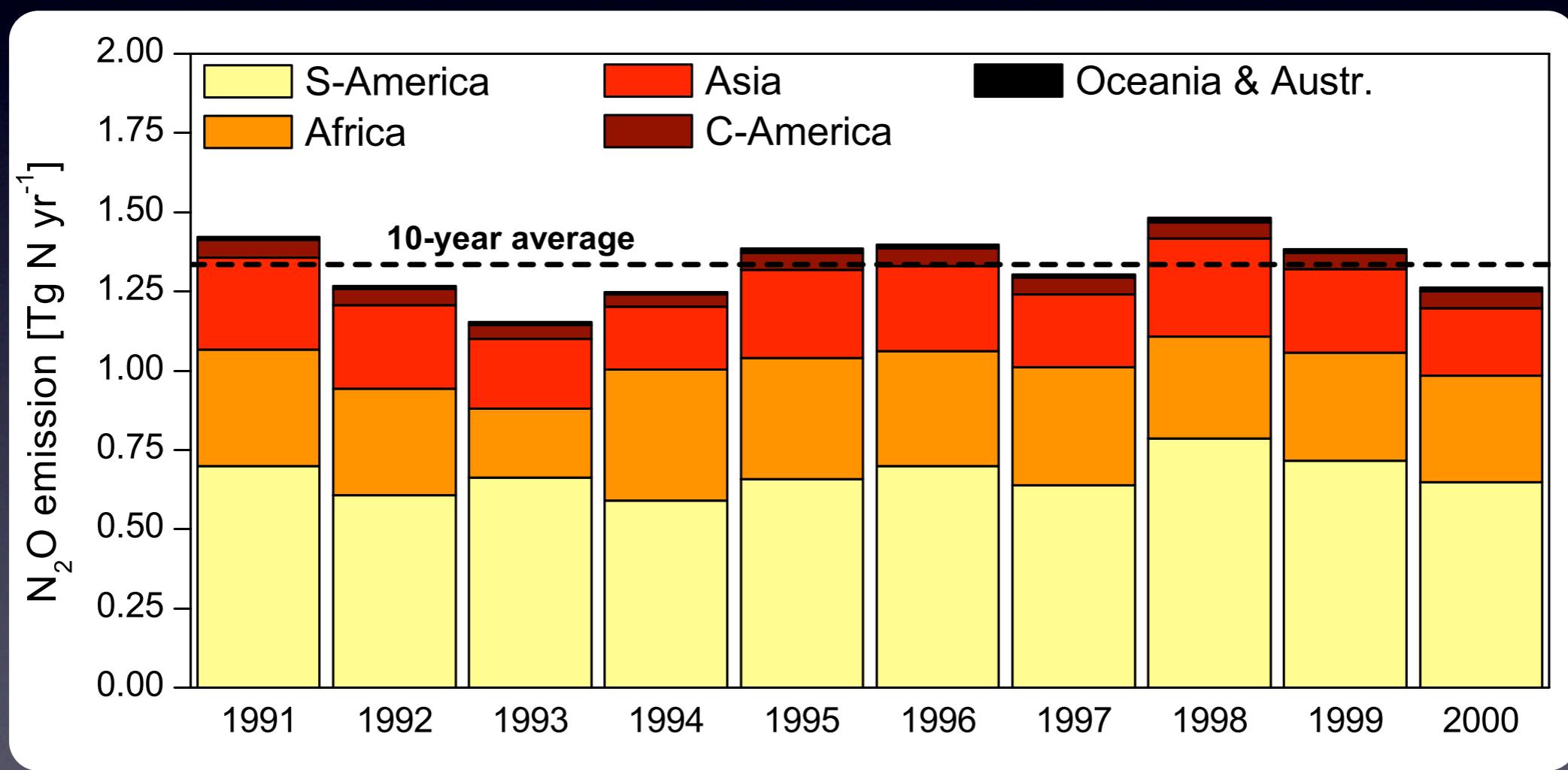
Seasonal N₂O emissions of Germany



Seasonality of N₂O emissions in the tropics



Annual variability at continental scales



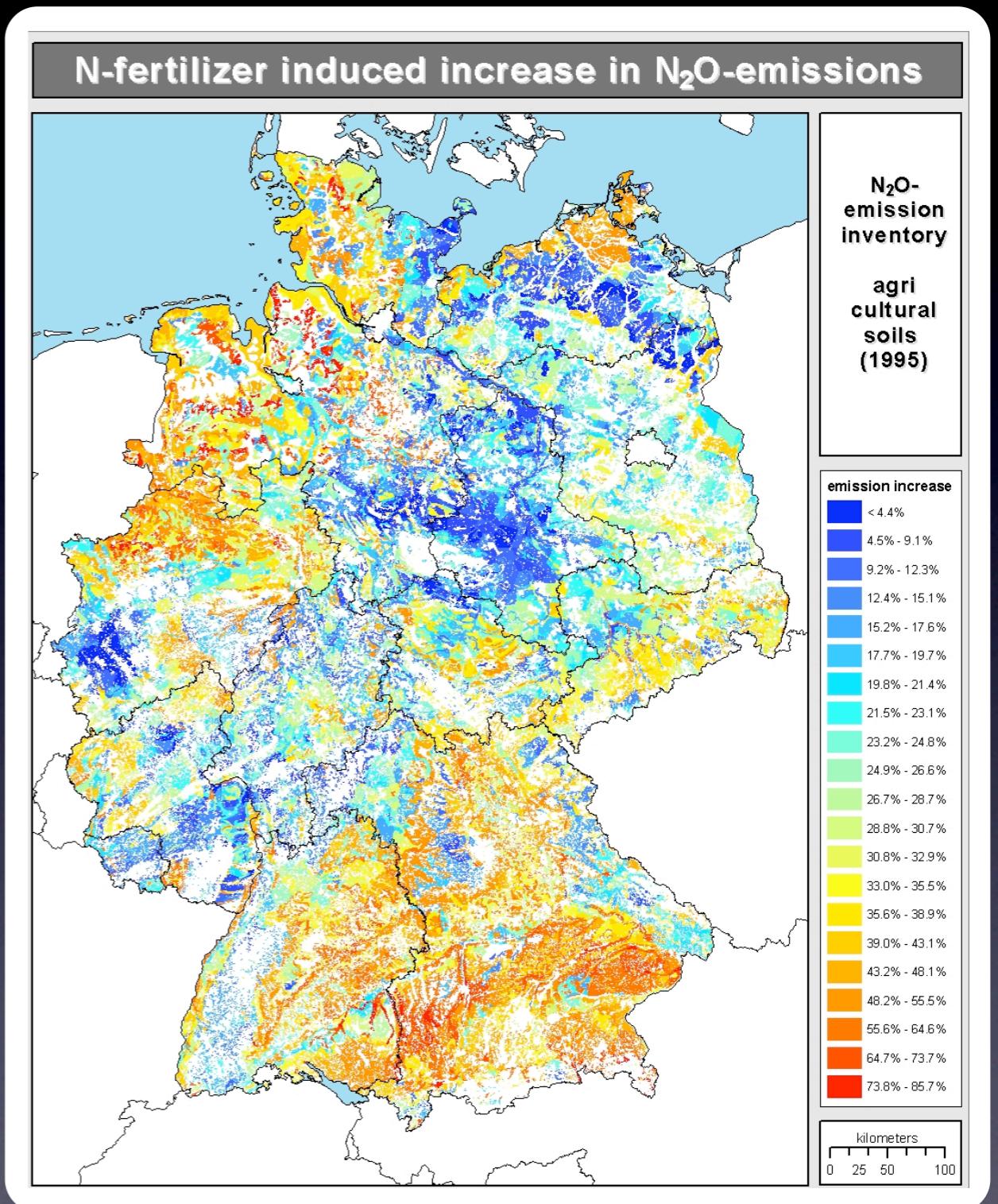
source: Werner et al. (2007) GBC

Simulating scenarios
and future trends

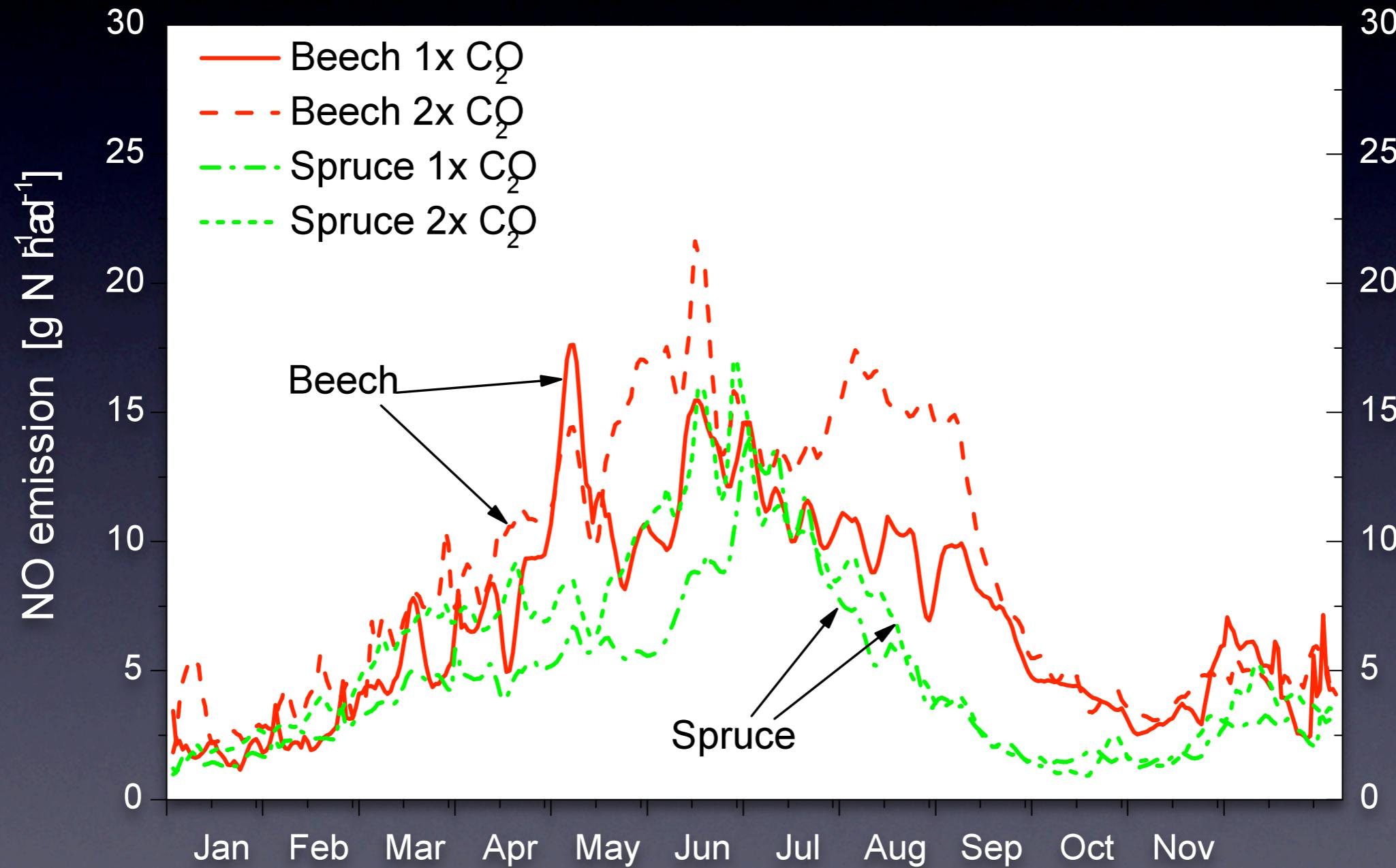
No-fertilizer scenario

Comparisson of regular and non-fertilized management on N₂O emissions

source:
Butterbach-Bahl & Werner (2003)
UBA FE20012257



Effect of 2xCO₂

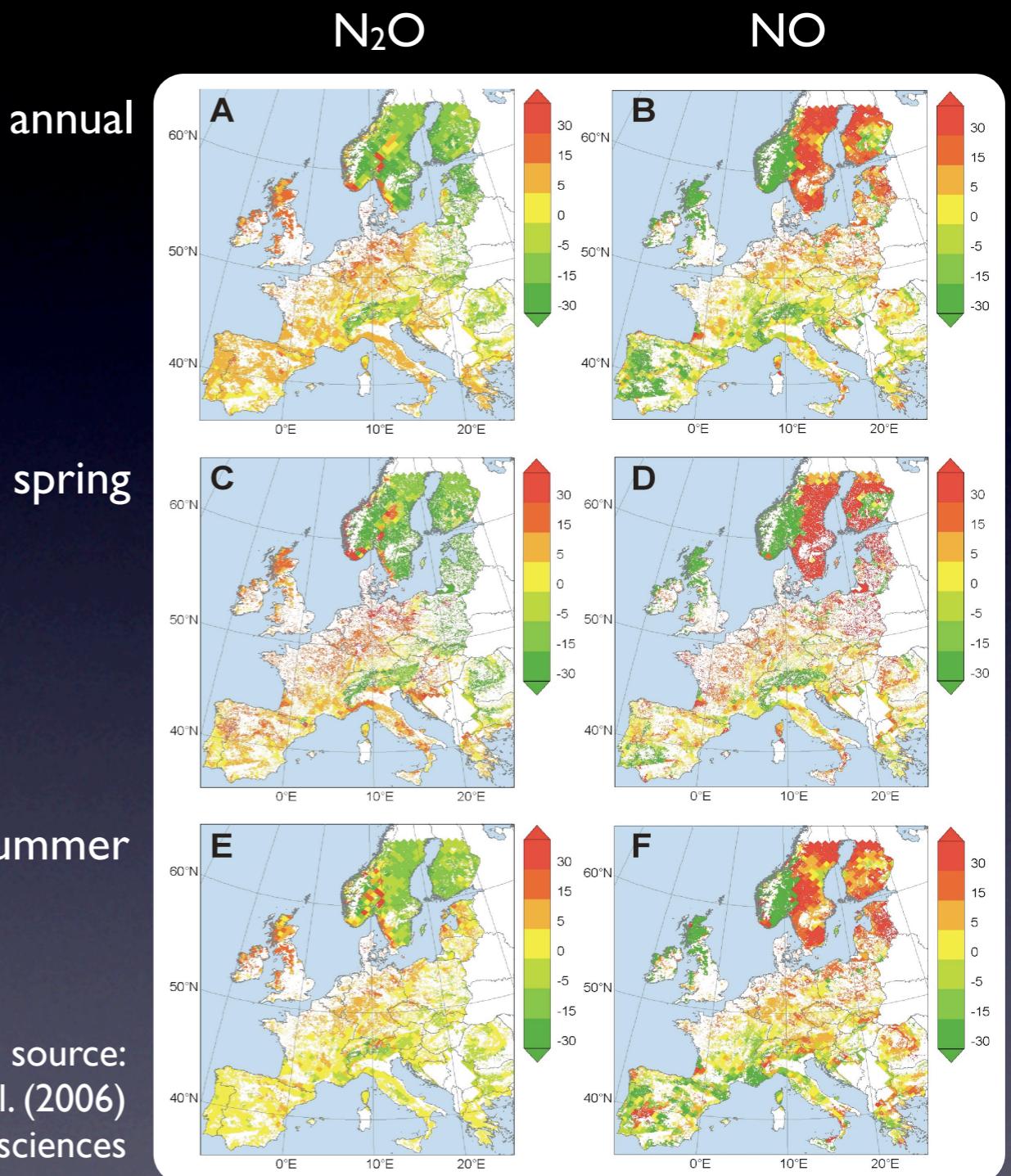


source: Butterbach-Bahl et al. (2000) in: Non-CO₂ Greenhouse gases, Kluwer

Future climate predictions

Changes of N₂O/ NO emissions in future climates

source:
Kesik et al. (2006)
JGR - Biogeosciences



Coupled modelling

Integration of biogeochemical models into
larger model frameworks

Common problems

- monolithic model structure
- duplicate functions in models
- continuous data exchange
- temporal synchronization
- computational demand

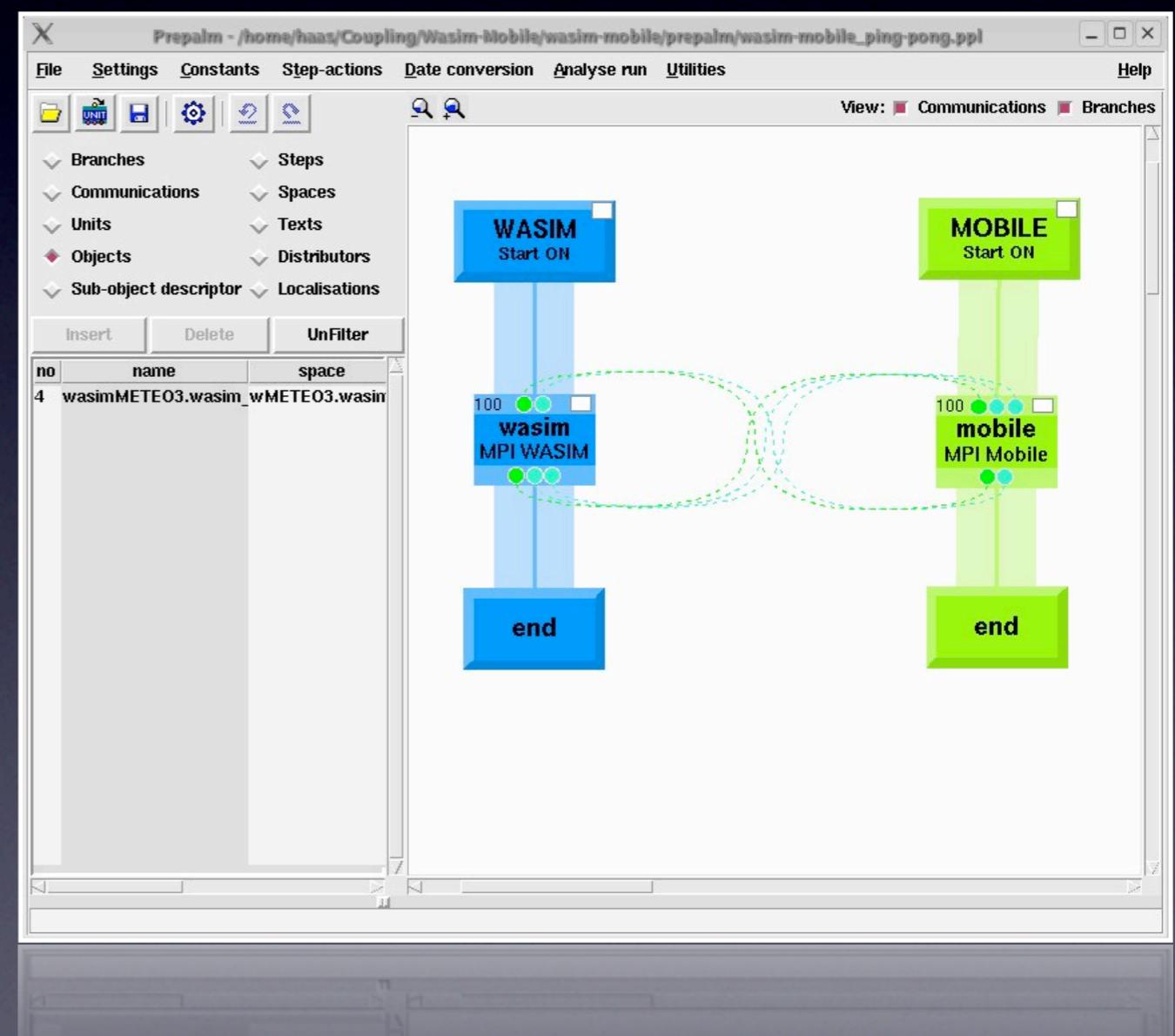
MOBILE

- functional sub-models, e.g.:
(physicsDNDC, plantgrowthDNDC,
soilchemistryDNDC, ...)
- free combination of different sub-modules
- flexible time stepping
- code cleanup !

Dynamic coupling



- run models in parallel
- flexible data exchange
- fast & free



The future (?)

