

# Capturing all relevant scales of biosphere-atmosphere exchange – the enigmatic energy balance closure problem

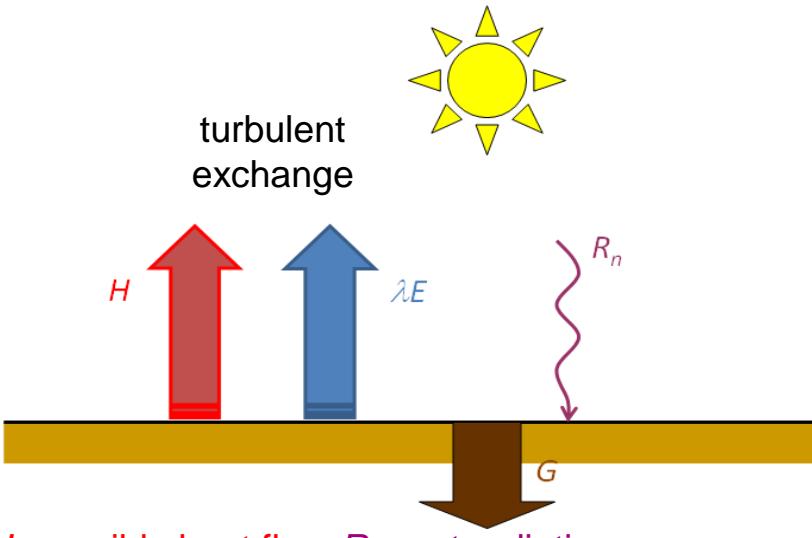
Matthias Mauder

*Karlsruhe Institute of Technology, Institute of Meteorology and Climate Research, Atmospheric Environmental Research, Garmisch-Partenkirchen, Germany*

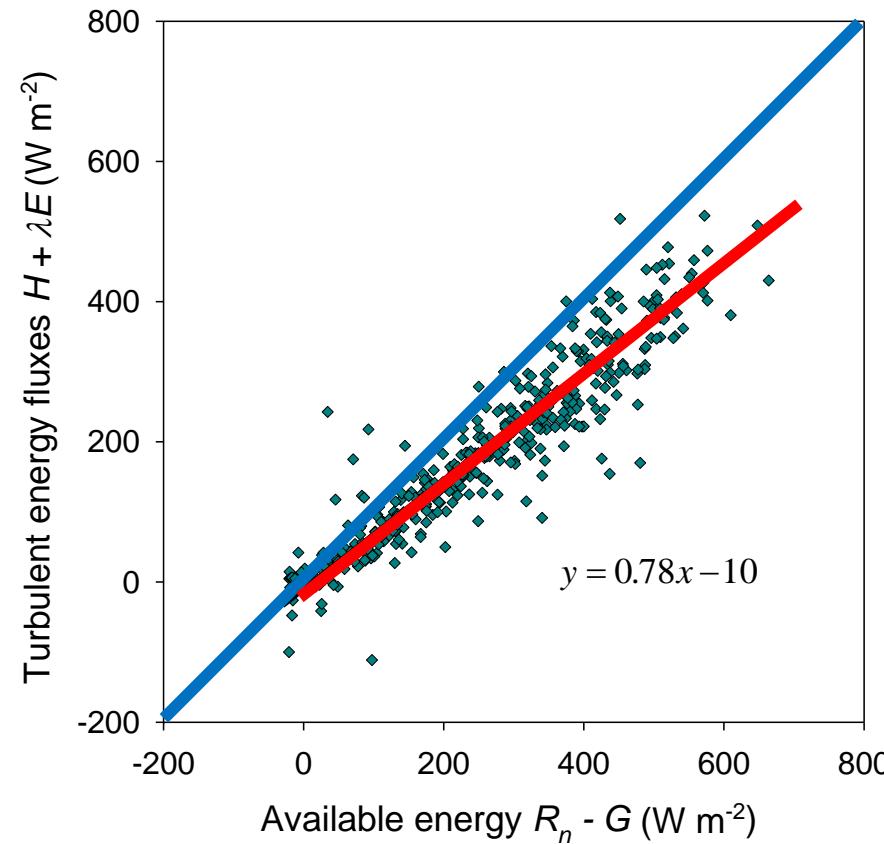
# The Energy Balance Closure Problem

## Energy Balance

$$R_n - G = \lambda E + H$$



$H$ : sensible heat flux,  $R_n$ : net radiation  
 $\lambda E$ : latent heat flux,  $G$ : soil heat flux



**TERENO**  
TERRESTRIAL ENVIRONMENTAL OBSERVATORIA

HELMHOLTZ  
ASSOCIATION

Graswang site,  
July/August  
2010

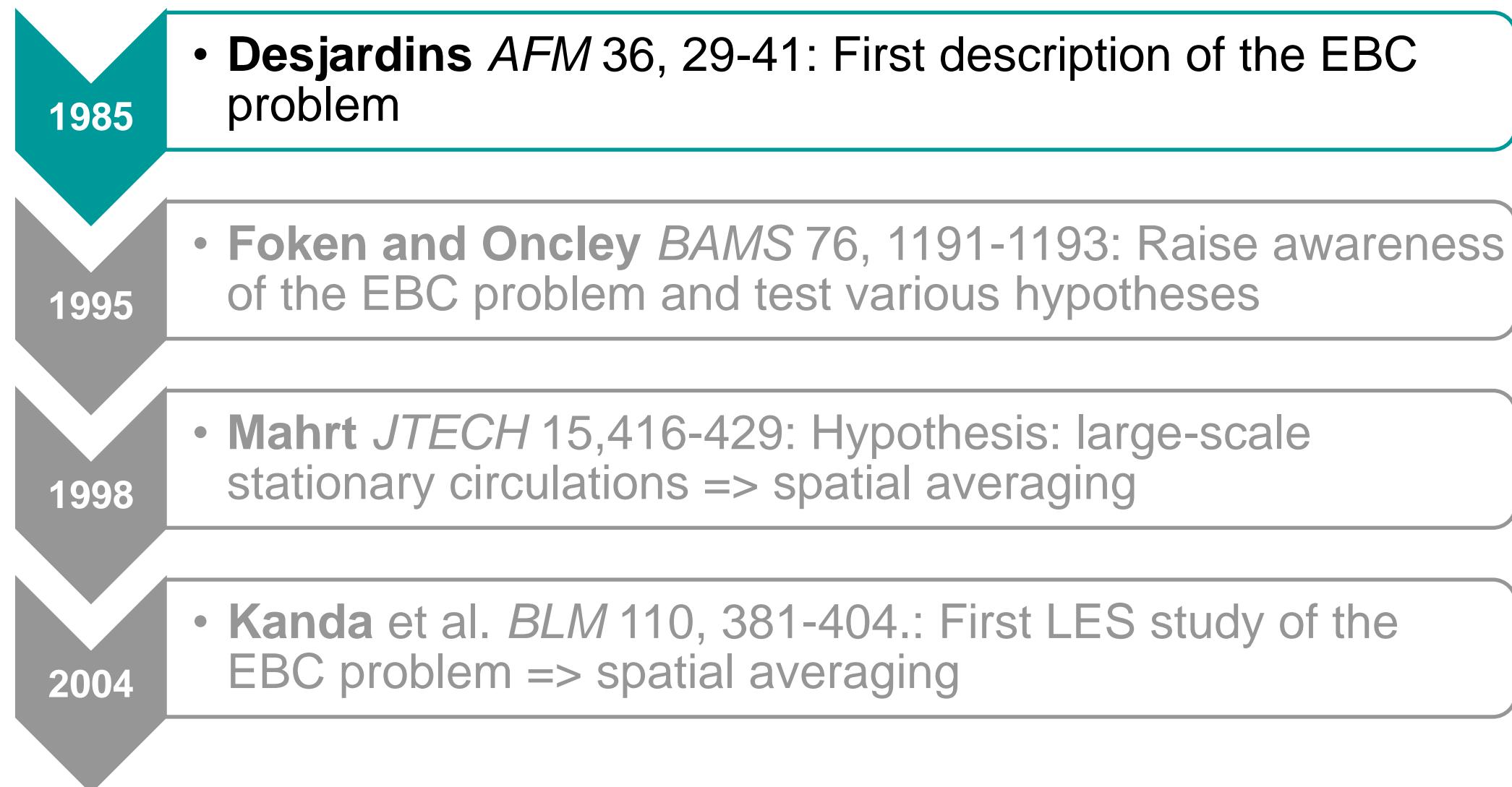


- Worldwide in-situ measurements show:

**Underestimation** of turbulent exchange ( $\lambda E + H$ ) **by 10-30%**

(e.g. Stoy and Mauder, 2011, analysis of 180 FLUXNET sites)

# Energy Balance Closure – Landmarks



## CARBON DIOXIDE BUDGET OF MAIZE

R.L. DESJARDINS

*Land Resource Research Institute, Research Branch, Agriculture Canada, Ottawa,  
Ontario, K1A OC6 (Canada)*

(Received December 21, 1984; revision accepted April 17, 1985)

...

underestimation of flux densities, which can be estimated using the energy balance approach, where net radiation minus soil heat flux density ( $Q_n - Q_g$ ) should equal  $Q_h + Q_e$ . A sample of these flux densities recorded on a 10 minute basis, on calendar day 207 (1984), is presented in Fig. 3A. It can be seen that  $Q_h + Q_e$  versus time are highly correlated with  $Q_n - Q_g$ . The extent of the underestimation of  $Q_h + Q_e$  is taken into account in arriving at the corrected above-canopy CO<sub>2</sub> flux densities in Fig. 3B. It resulted in a mean increase in the CO<sub>2</sub> flux density of 15%. This approach

...

# Energy Balance Closure – Landmarks

1985

- **Desjardins** *AFM* 36, 29-41: First description of the EBC problem

1995

- **Foken and Oncley** *BAMS* 76, 1191-1193: Raise awareness of the EBC problem and test various hypotheses

1998

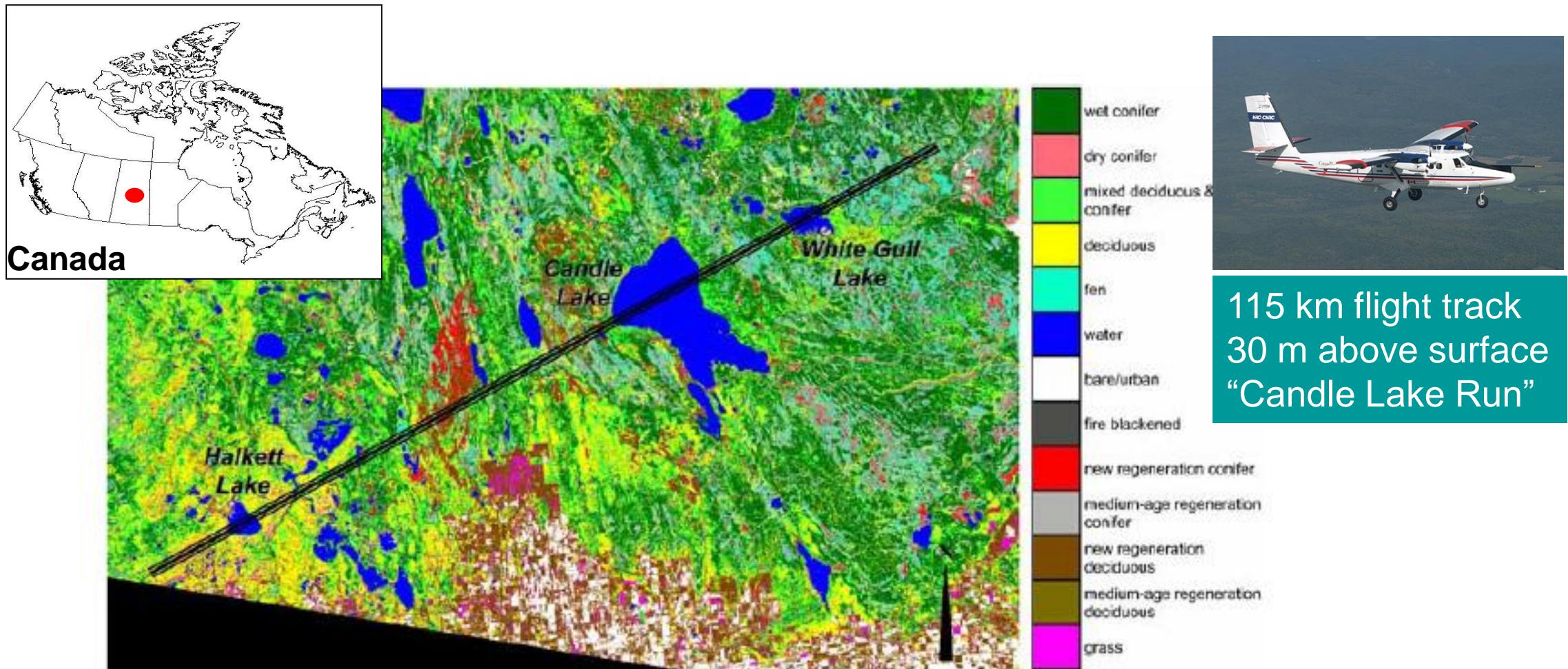
- **Mahrt** *JTECH* 15, 416-429: Hypothesis: large-scale stationary circulations => spatial averaging

2004

- **Kanda et al.** *BLM* 110, 381-404.: First LES study of the EBC problem => spatial averaging

# Scale analysis of airborne measurements

Mauder, M., Desjardins, R.L., MacPherson, J.I.: 2007, 'Scale analysis of airborne flux measurements over heterogeneous terrain in a boreal ecosystem' *JGR* 112, D13112, doi:10.1029/2006JD008133.



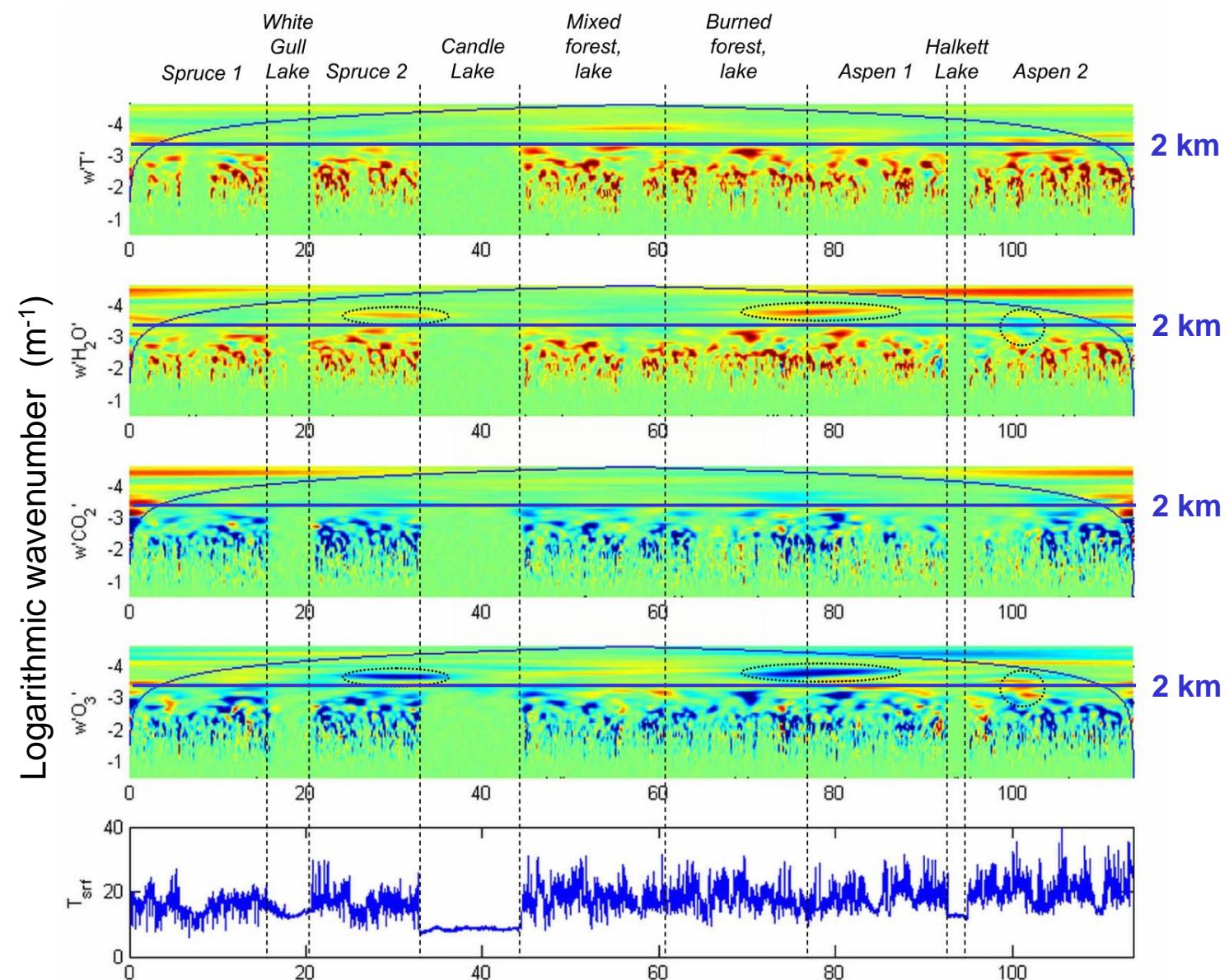
**Figure 1.** Land cover classification of a Landsat thematic mapper (TM) image of the area around Candle Lake from 2 September 1994 [after Hall *et al.*, 1997]. The flight track of the National Research Council (NRC) Twin Otter Candle Lake Run is indicated by a triple line.

# Scale analysis of airborne measurements

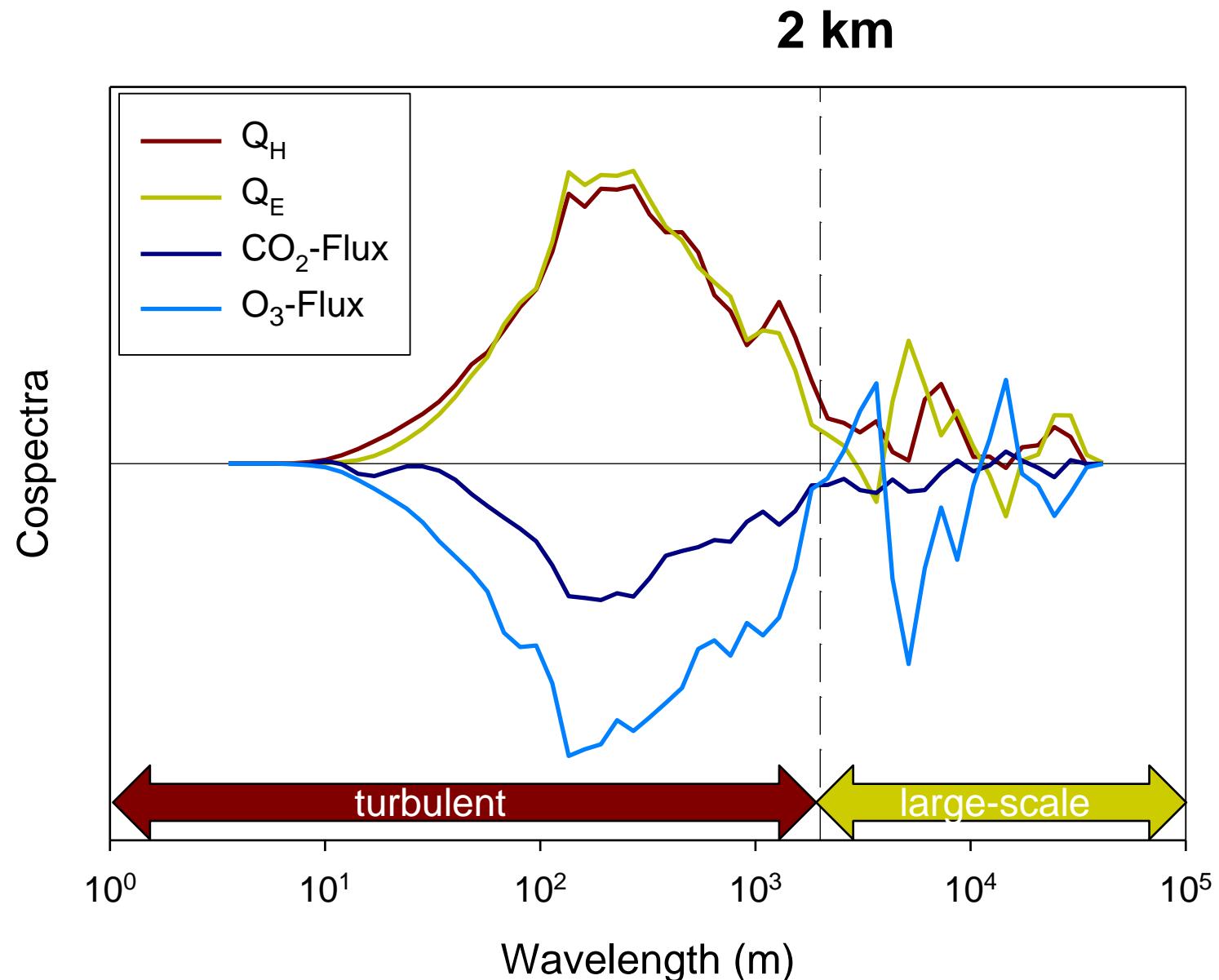
Wavelet cross-  
scalograms

Flight BOREAS 1  
1041 – 1116 CST  
25 May 1994

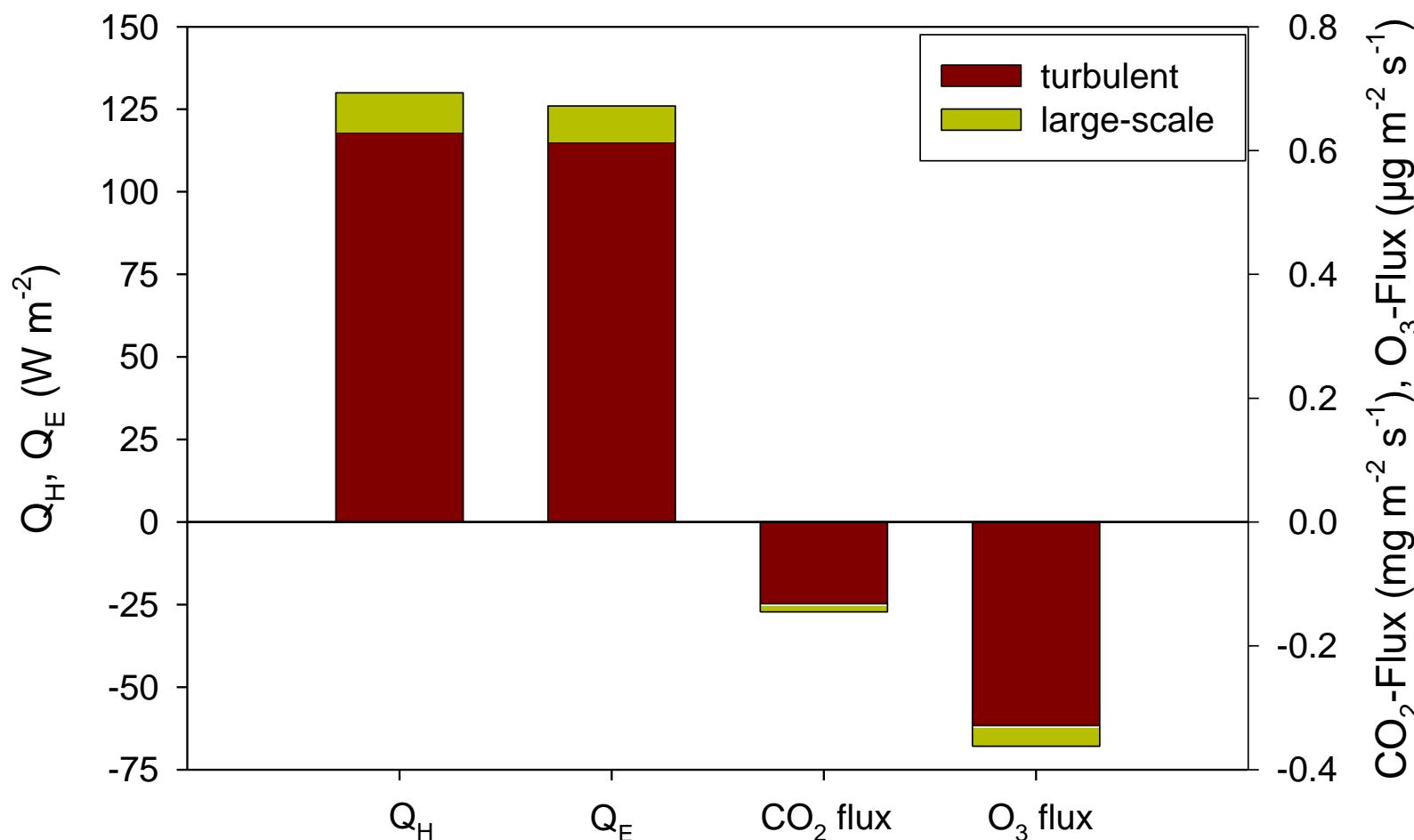
Taylor-hypothesis:  
2 km =  
 $30 \text{ min} \times 1.1 \text{ m s}^{-1}$



# Scale analysis of airborne measurements



# Scale analysis of airborne measurements

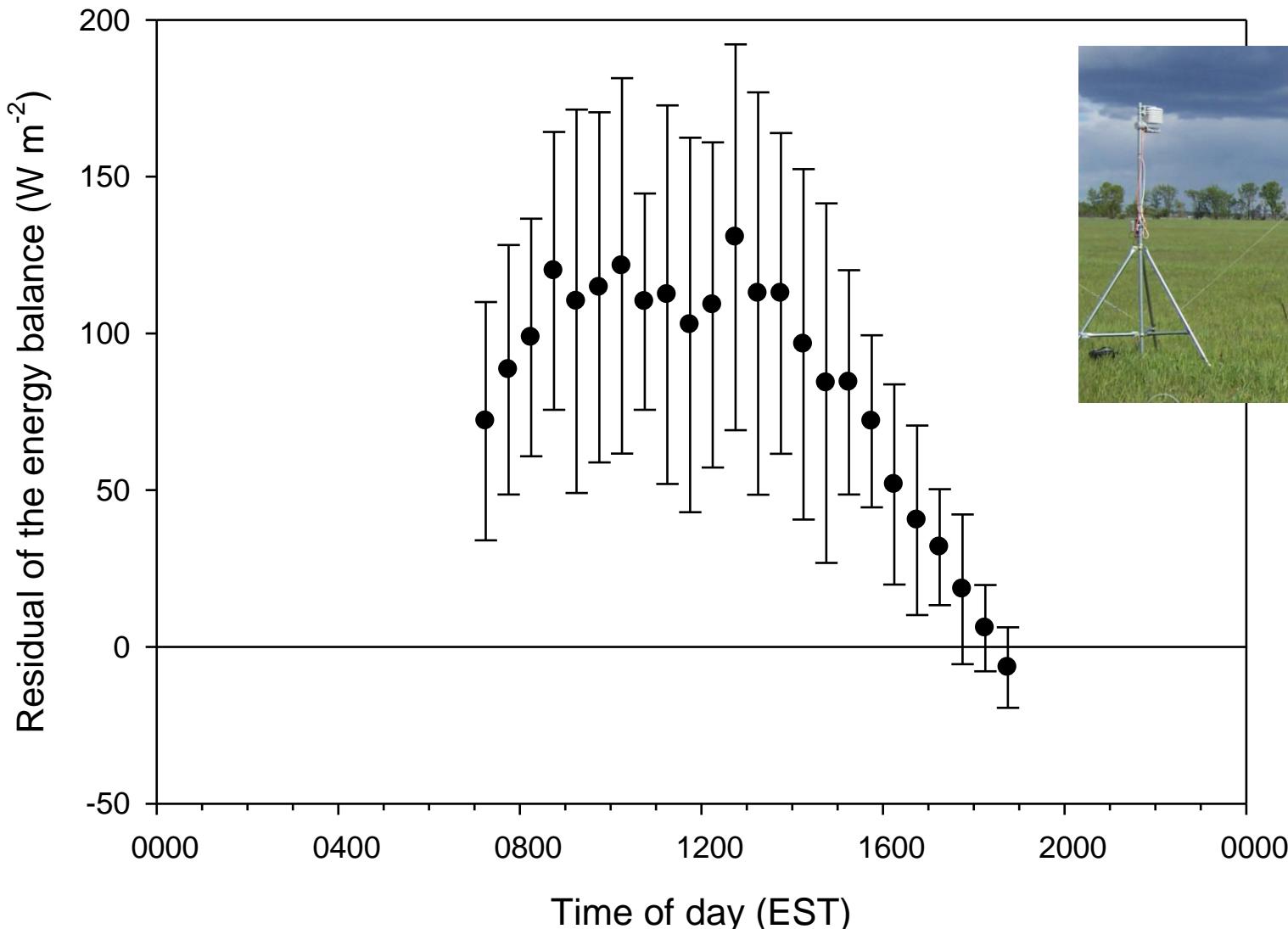


20 flights analysed  
⇒ 10 – 30%  
large-scale flux  
contribution  
⇒ Same magnitude  
as the imbalance of  
tower measurements  
below the flight track

# Multi-tower set-up, 2008

27 June to 6 August 2008, Energy balance residual at central site

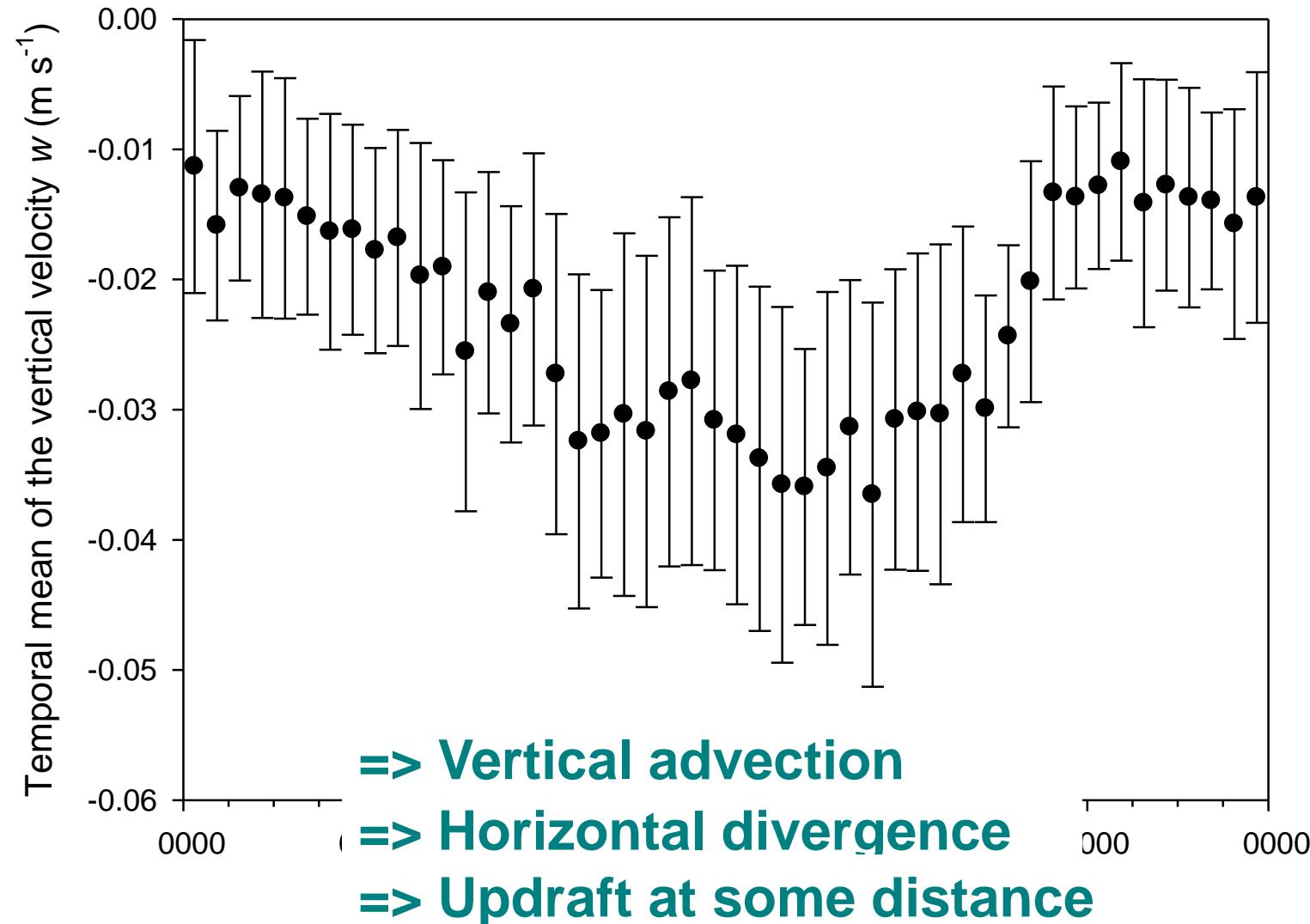
Research farm near Ottawa, Canada



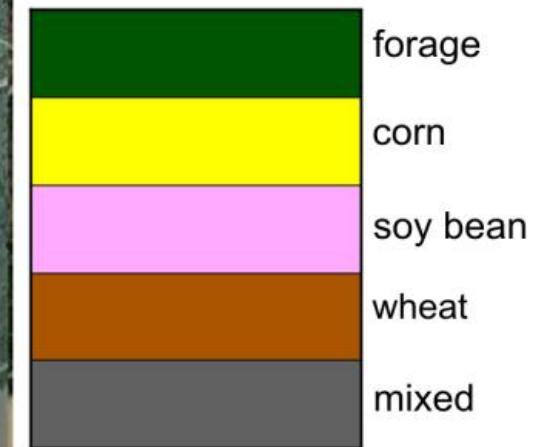
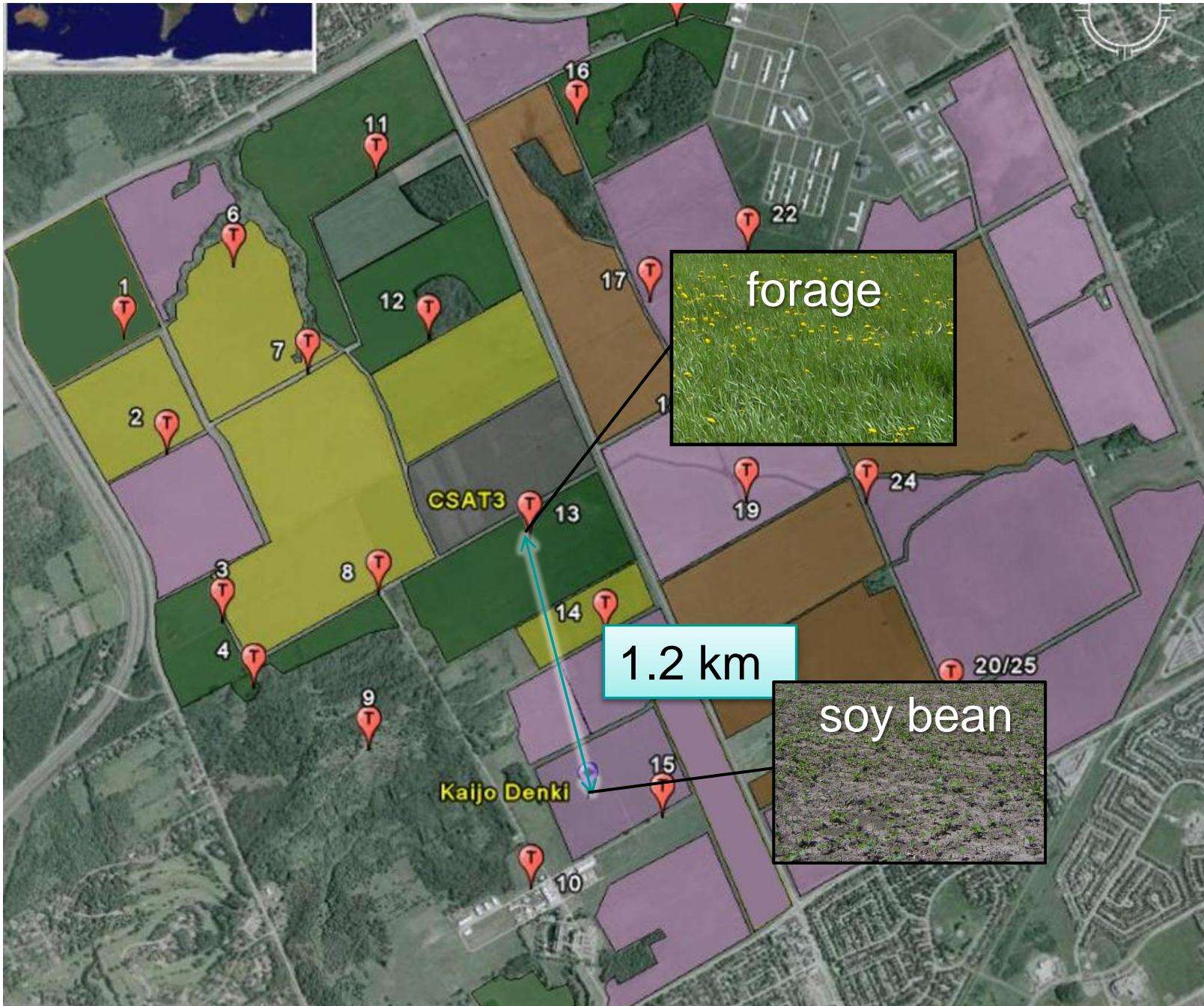
Mauder, M., R. L. Desjardins, E. Pattey, D. Worth, 2010: An attempt to close the surface energy balance using spatially-averaged flux measurements. *BLM* 136, 175-191.

# Multi-tower set-up, 2008

27 June to 6 August 2008, mean vertical wind velocity

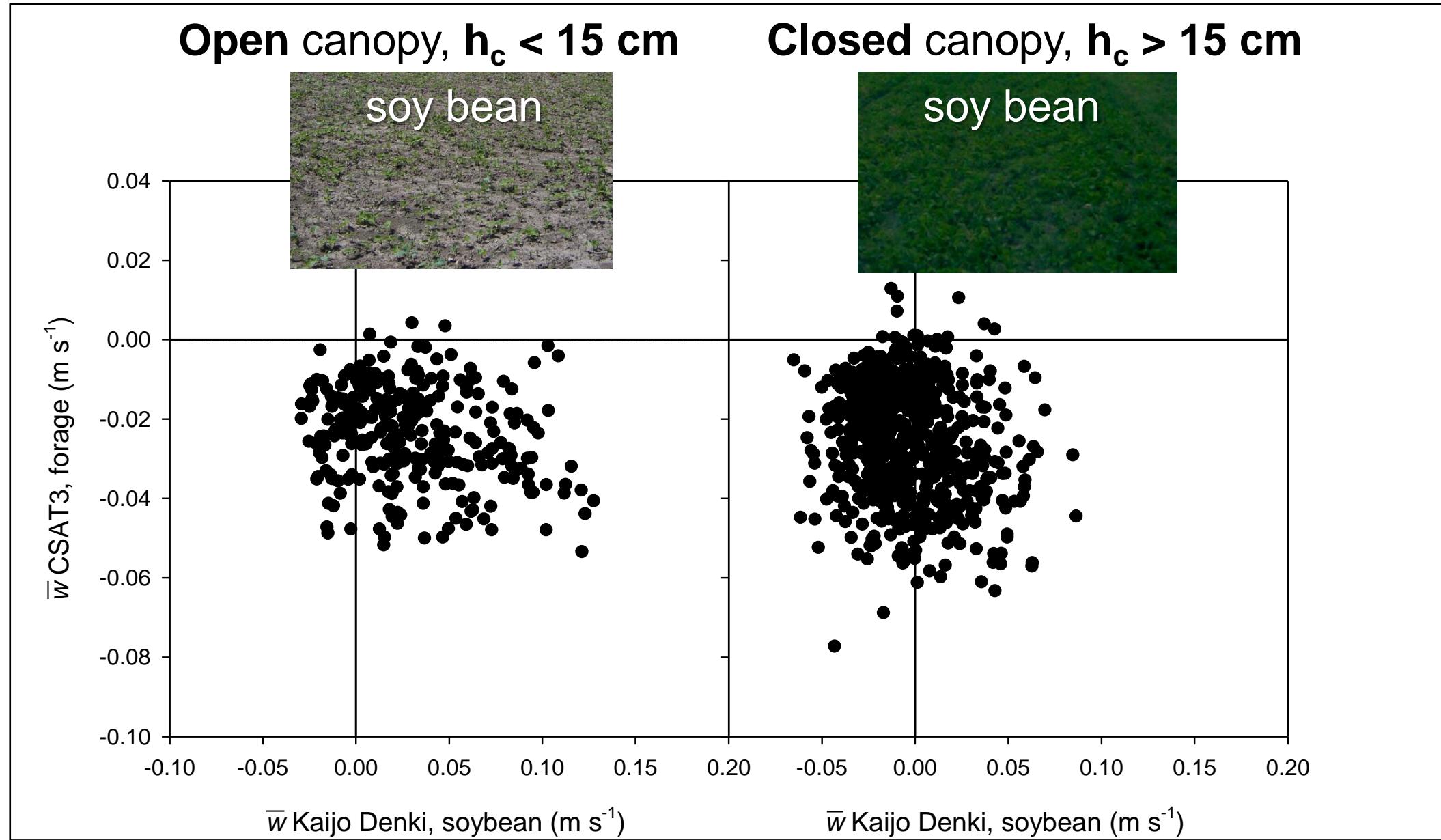


# Multi-tower set-up, 2008, land use map

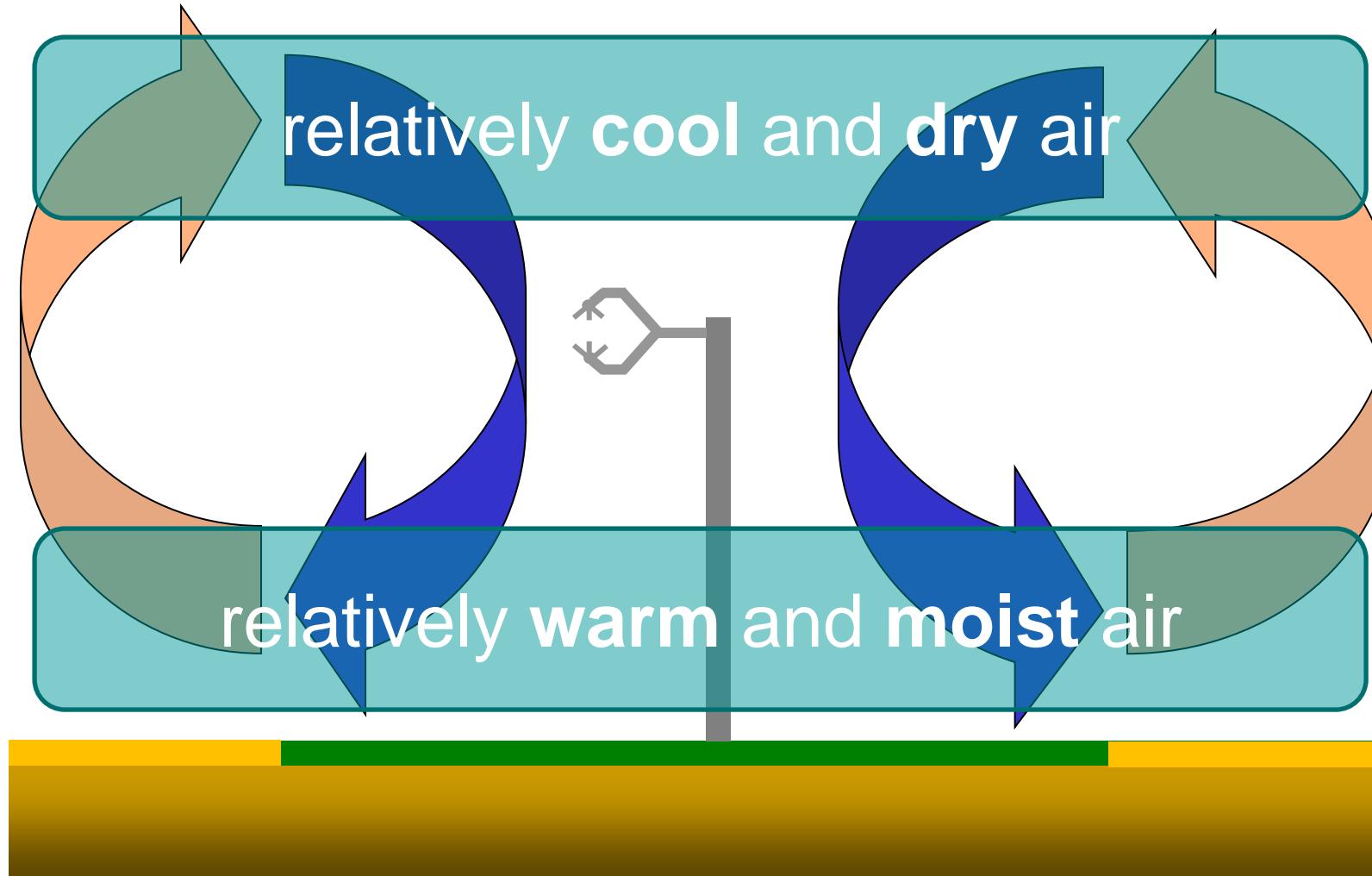


# Mean vertical wind velocity

27 June to 6 August 2008



# How can large-scale circulations cause a systematic lack of energy balance closure?



# Conclusions

- Large-scale circulations superimposed on the general wind field are a dominant cause for the energy balance closure problem
- Aircraft measurements show that the magnitude of large-scale transport is the same as the missing flux of tower measurements
- From a multi-tower set-up, the updraft regions and downdraft regions of large-scale circulations could be identified
- The development of innovative approaches for quantifying the complete biosphere-atmospheric exchange of a scalar is warranted

# Thank you for your attention!

And special thanks to Ray Desjardins and my former coworkers in Ottawa,

Dave Dow, Zhiling Gao, Ian MacPherson, Marc Lefebvre, Elizabeth Pattey, Ramesh Srinivasan, Ronald van Haarlem, and Devon Worth.

