

Micro Injection Moulding and Multi Component Micro Injection Moulding

V. Plotter, E. Honza, A. Klein, T. Mueller, K. Plewa

Karlsruhe Institute of Technology (KIT)

Institute for Applied Materials (IAM – WPT)

Contents

Introduction

Micro Injection Moulding (µIM)

- machinery, process conduct, examples

Micro Powder Injection Moulding (MicroPIM)

- motivation, process conduct, examples

2-Component Micro Injection Moulding (2C-µIM)

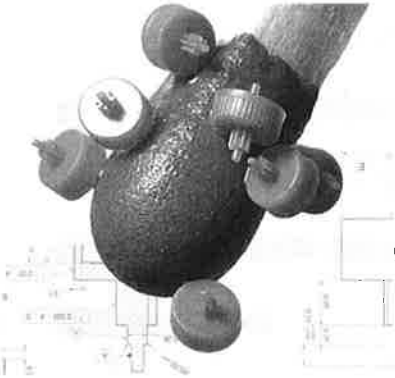
- motivation, machinery and tooling, examples

2-Component Micro Powder Injection Moulding (2C-MicroPIM)

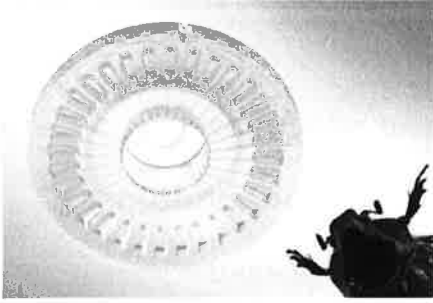
- motivation, material combinations, fixed/movable connections

Outlook

Process	Material	µ-Replication (primary shaping)	µ-Forming (re-shaping)	Subtractive µ-Processes	Additive µ-Processes (+ joining)
Polymer		Injection Moulding reaction moulding PVD, CVD rolling/calendaring extrusion, melt spinning	embossing Nanoimprint bending, drawing rolling	lithography: (UV, e-, DXL, laser) etching, plasma etching, RIE, micromachining	laser joining ultrasonic welding stereo lithography
Metal		electroplating MIM casting powder pressing	embossing bending drawing	micromachining, grinding, EDM, ECM, laser, water jet, punching/stamping (plasma) etching, RIE	laser joining laser sintering soldering welding (e-, diffusion) stereo lithography
Ceramic		CIM, casting sol-gel-processes electrophoresis extrusion	embossing of green bodies	laser, micromachining of green bodies lithography: (UV, DXL, laser)	soldering (glass, brazing sold.) laser sintering stereo lithography
Silicon		epitaxial growth [CVD]		wet etching plasma etching, RIE	anodic bonding diffusion bonding

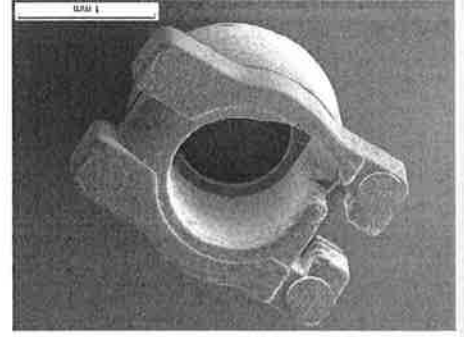


Micro gear wheels, POM
Rolla Micro-Synthetics AG



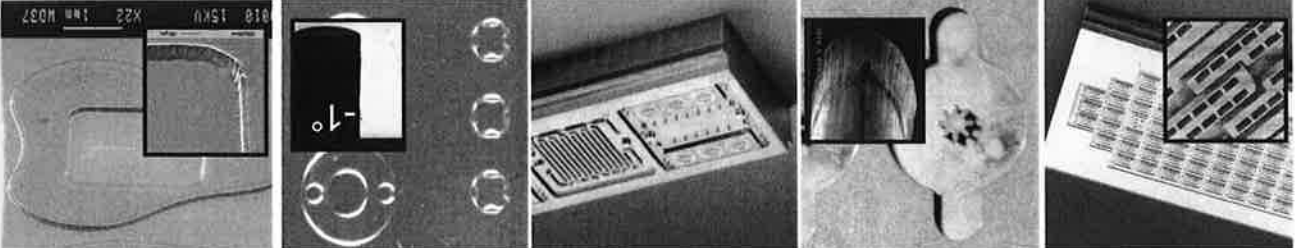
Bio-Disc, PC, PMMA
Reiner GmbH

Switch housing, LCP
mass: 0,0022 g
H. Scholz GmbH



Nickel, (Ni-all.) + AR = 20-30 + $R_{max} = 0.04\mu\text{m}$ - time for delivery	Nickel, (Ni-all.) + ejection slopes AR = mind. 5 - roughness	Brass, Steel + ejection slopes AR = 5-10 $R_{max} = 0.2 - 0.5\mu\text{m}$ - critical	Silicon AR = 5 - cut-backs	Steel, HM, Ceramic wear resistant AR = 5 (10) $- R_{max} = 2\mu\text{m}$
---	---	--	----------------------------------	---

X-ray lithography + galvanofarming	UV-light + galvanofarming	Micro-cutting, -milling, -drilling	Si-etching	Laser-Ablation
---------------------------------------	------------------------------	---------------------------------------	------------	----------------



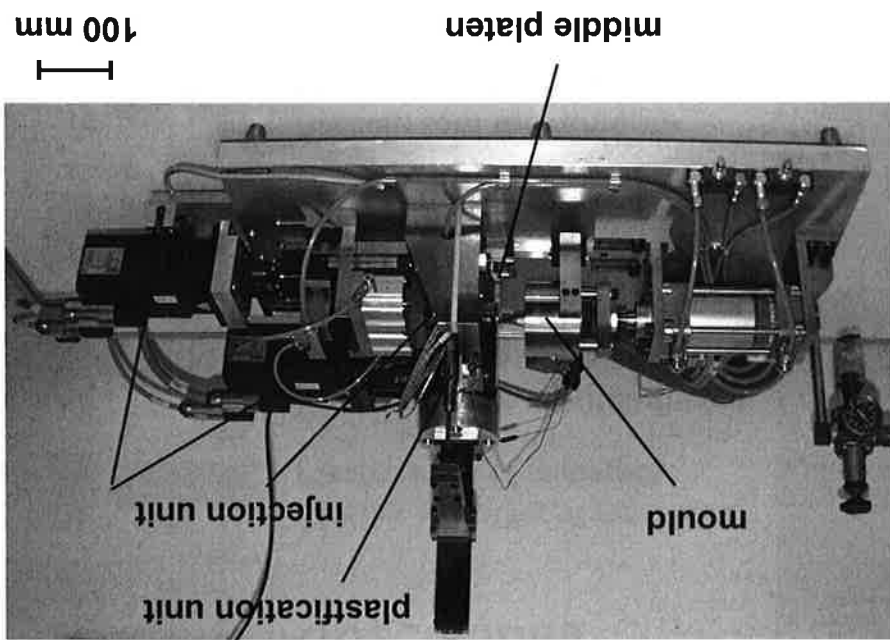
LIGA SU8 Micro-Cutting Silicon Laser

methods to produce microstructured inserts

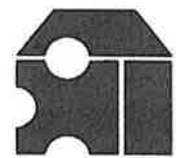
1-Component μIM - Tooling



Laboratory IM-machine with ultrasonic plastification for lowest shot weights

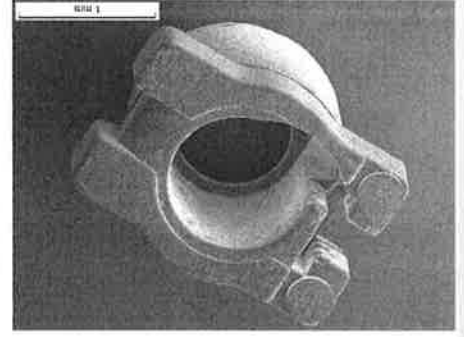


IKV, RWTH Aachen



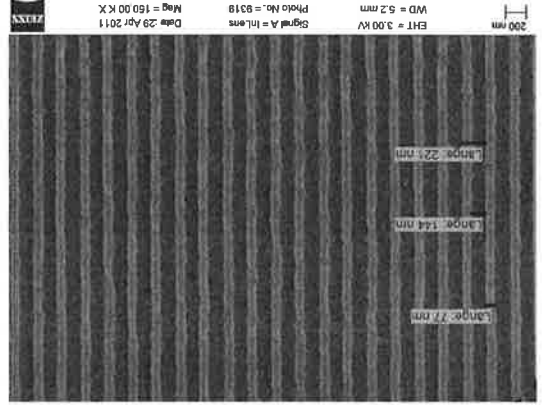
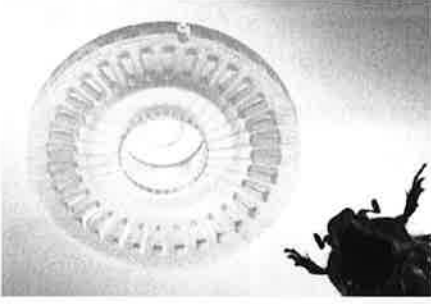
1-Component μIM - Machinery



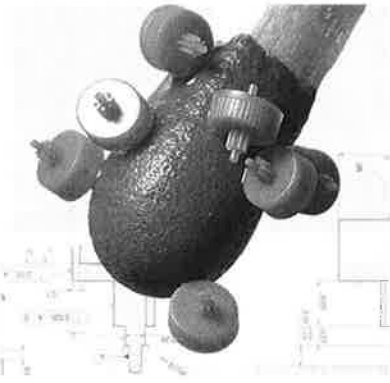


Switch housing, LCP
mass: 0,0022 g
H. Scholz GmbH

Bio-Disc, PC, PMMA
Reiner GmbH



Micro grating structure
pitch \leq 80nm, PMMA
KIT

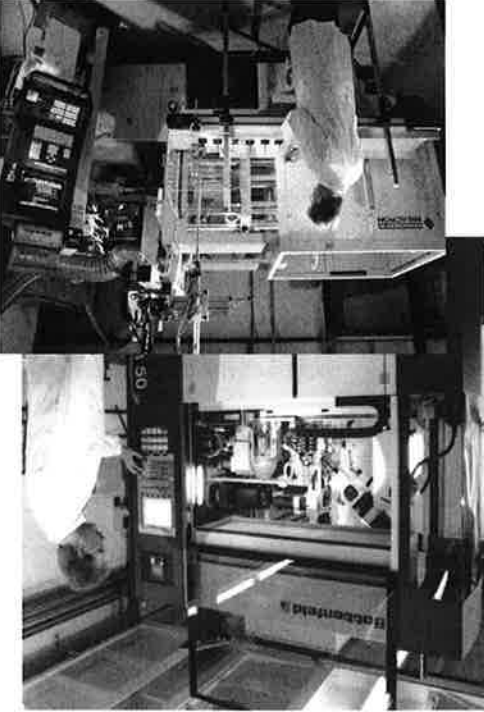
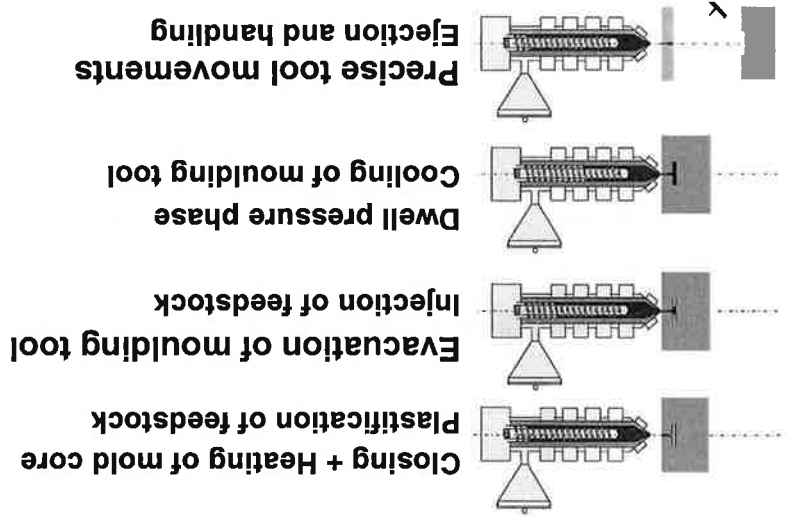


Micro gear wheels, POM
Rolla Micro-Synthetics AG

Micro Injection Moulding of Polymers



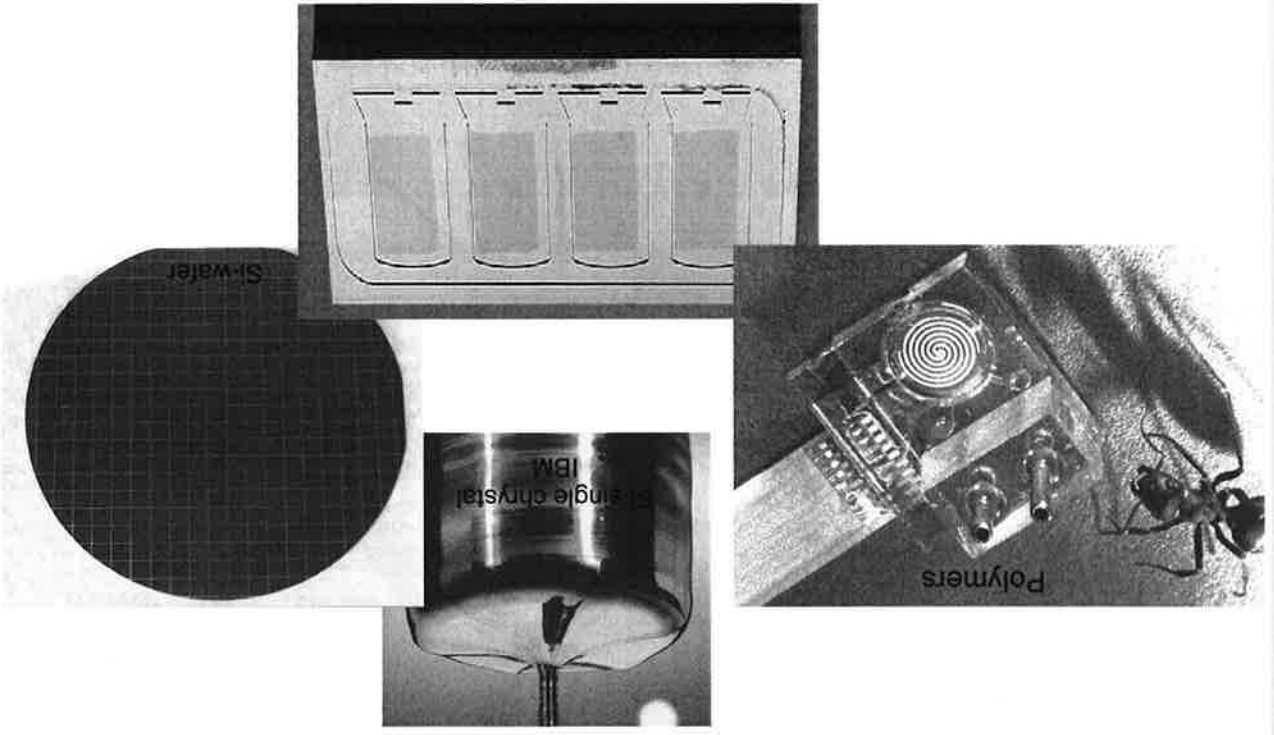
Heating / Cooling = Variotherm-process
necessary for replication of high aspect ratios



Specialities

Micro Injection Moulding

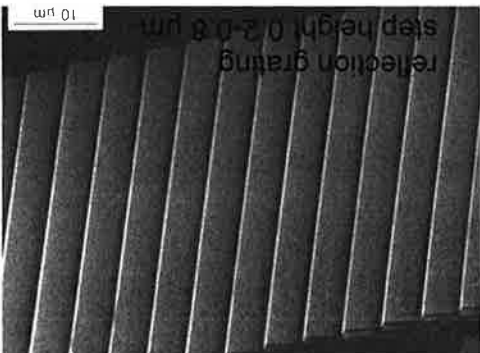
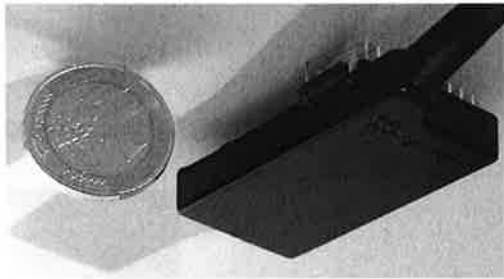




Common materials in Micro System Technology

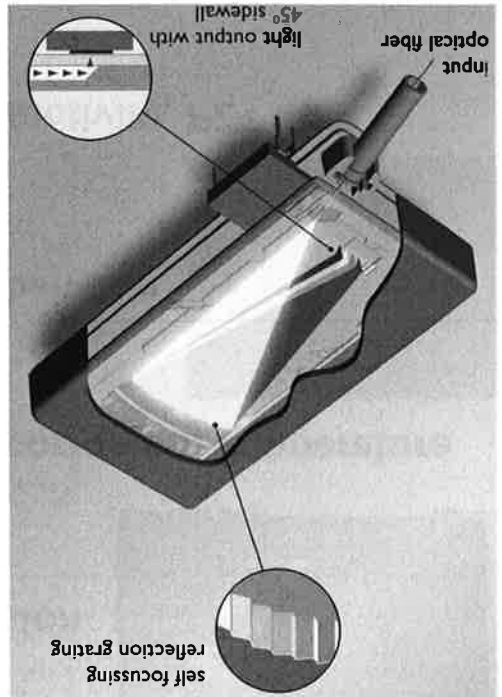
Source: *Boehinger Ingelheim MicroParts*

finally assembled micro spectrometer



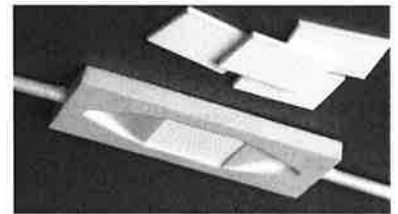
Micro Spectrometer

Micro Injection Moulding of Polymers

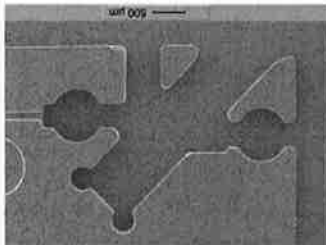


... and what about steels
and ceramics ?

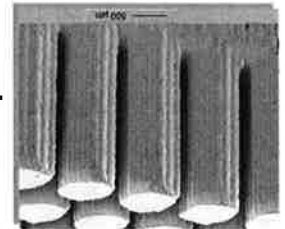
mechanics: forces, momentums, abrasion



chemistry/analytcs: corrosion, temperature



telecommunication: thermal expansion

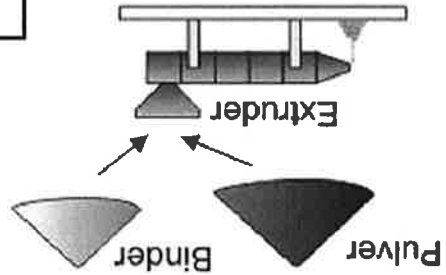


functional materials: conductivity, PZT etc.

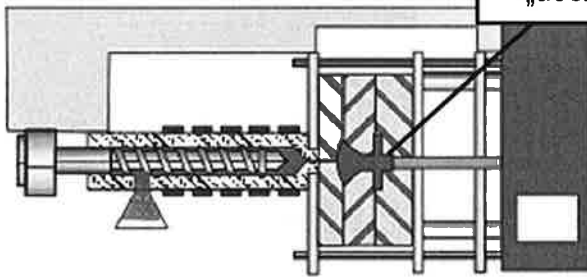
Micro Powder Injection Moulding

© www.pulverspritzglessen.de

Feedstock preparation



Injection molding



Debinding

Sintering





Ceramic	functional ceramics	PZT, TiN
	nonoxide-ceramics	Si ₃ N ₄ , SiC, AlN
	oxide-ceramics	Al ₂ O ₃ , ZrO ₂ , ZTA, ATZ
Hard metals, Cermets	carbides, nitrides	WCxCo, TiN
	cermets	Mo-Al ₂ O ₃ , Fe-TiC
Metal	refractory metals	W, W-La ₂ O ₃ , WNiFe, WCu10, MoNb13, Mo20Cu
	nickel-base alloys	NiCr 22 Fe 18 Mo, NiCr 20 Co 18 Ti
	titanium	Ti6Al4V, TiAl7Nb
	copper	Cu, CuNi50, CuFe
	covar	Fe 29Ni 17Co
	softmagnetic materials	carbonyl-Fe, Fe50Ni, FeSi3
	low-alloyed iron	Fe2Ni, FeNi7
	precipitation hardening steel	X5 CrNiCuNb 17 4 (17-4PH, 1.4542)
	austenitic stainless steel	X2 CrNiMo 17 13 2 (316L, 1.4404)
	stainless steel	X20 Cr 13, X6 Cr 17
	tool steel	100 6W 5Mo 4 Cr 2V
	case-hardened steel	21 NiCr Mo 2, 16 MnCr 5
	tempering steel	42 CrMo 4, 40 NiCrMo 6



PIM-Materials (macroscopic, selection)



Technological Motives	expanding the range of materials
Economic Motives	

Driving Forces for MicroPIM

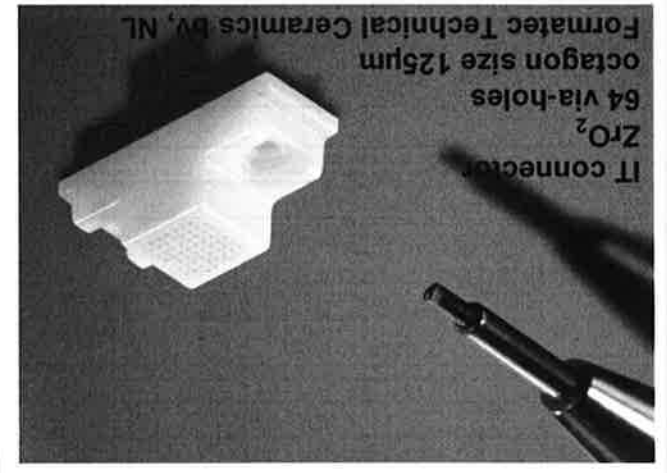


Micro Powder Injection Moulding

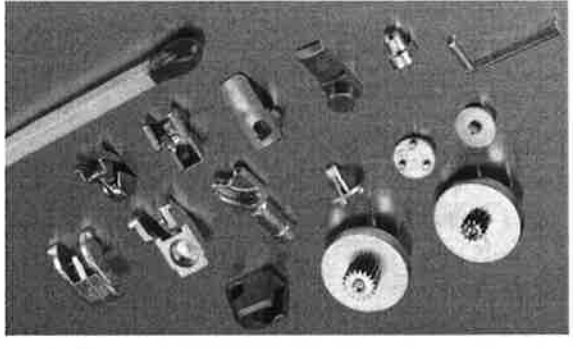


Capillary for fine powder handling
tip- $\varnothing=45\mu\text{m}$, hole- $\varnothing=15\mu\text{m}$
SPT Roth Ltd., CH

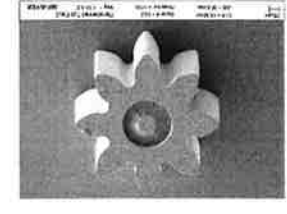
EPMA Award 2008 to
Parmaco MIM AG, CH



IT connector
64 via-holes
octagon size 125µm
Formatec Technical Ceramics BV, NL



Ceramic gear wheel
outer- \varnothing approx. 275 µm



MicropIM - Current Status

Technological Motives	expanding the range of materials	manufacturing of complex geometries	several sub-variants of basic process	certain material properties	increase in micro dimensions
Economical Motives	low costs in medium and large series production	reduction of shaping steps	equipment based on standard machinery and tooling	attractive for SME's	

Driving Forces for MicropIM



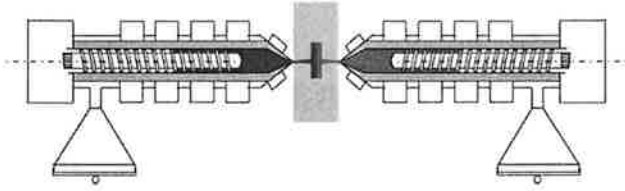
Micro Powder Injection Moulding

Micro Injection Moulding – General Data

Materials	min. lat. Dimension [µm]	min. Detail [µm]	max. Height [µm]	Aspect ratio [isolated walls]	Aspect ratio [grooves]	Tolerance [%]	Roughness ** R _{max} / R _a [µm]
Plastics	10	<0.1	2500	>20 (200*)	25	± 0.05	0.05 / <0.05
Metals	50	10	1300	>10	>10	< ± 0.5	7 / 0.8
Ceramics	<10	<3	1300	<15	15	± 0.3***	2 / <0.3

* flow length to wall thickness ratio
 ** depending on mould insert
 *** down to ± 0.1% under certain conditions

Multi-Component Micro Injection Moulding

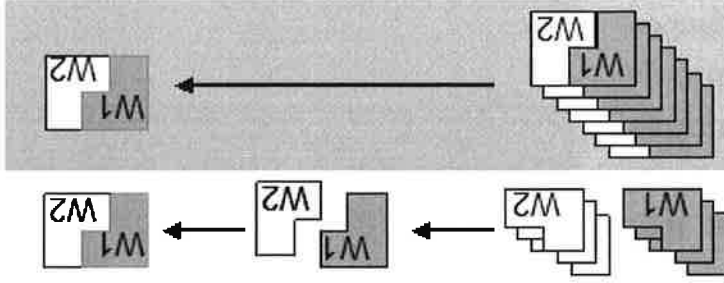


Merging of two or more
 resins/feedstocks
 in one tool

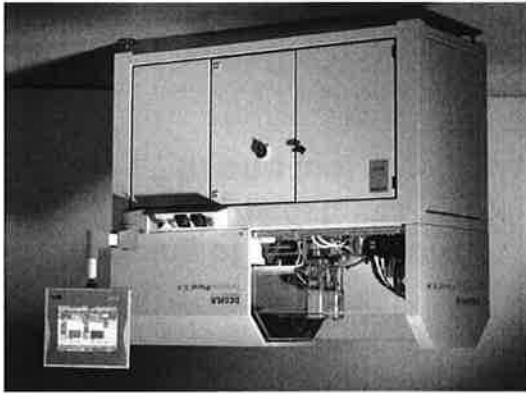
■ Feedstock 1 ■ Feedstock 2

single-piece fabrication
 + assembly

2C-µIM
 – assembly



- additional compression steps (µICM)
 - simultaneous or sequential injection
 - variothermal temperization
 - tool evacuation
- at KIT equipped with:



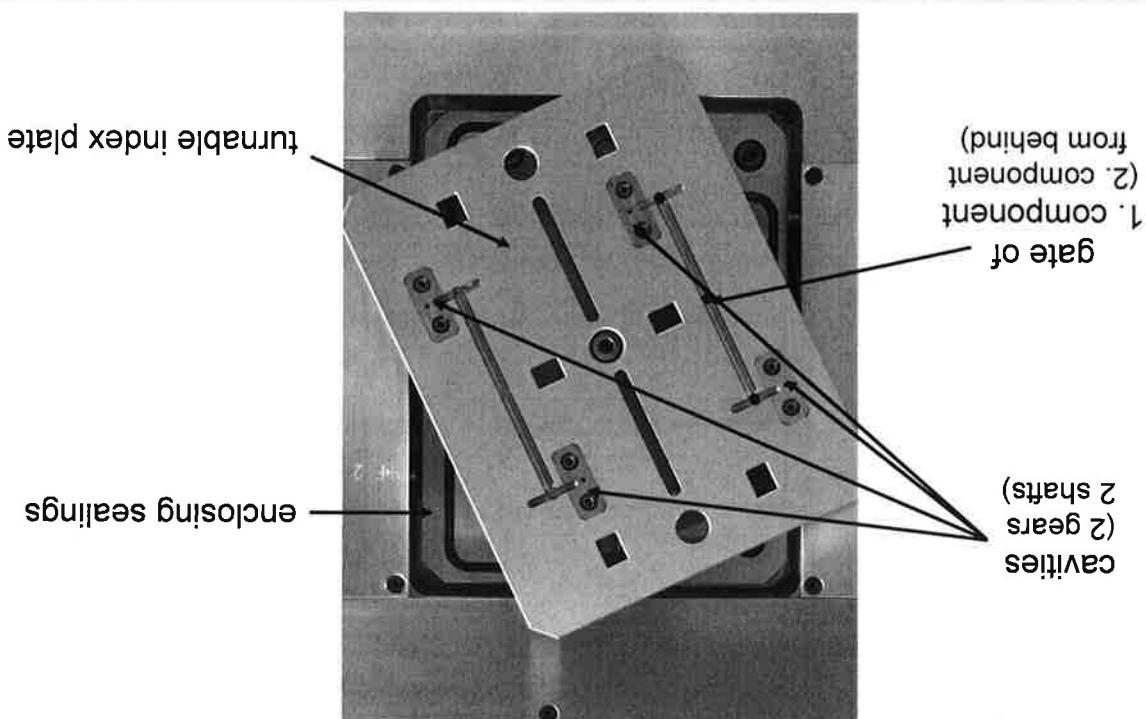
FormicaPlast® with piston injection unit
 (∅ = 2 × 3mm)
 DESMA

2C-µIM - Machinery

Technological Motives	low costs in medium and large series production	reduced energy, water, plant area etc. consumption
production of multi-material devices	reduction of assembly costs	generation of fixed or movable connections

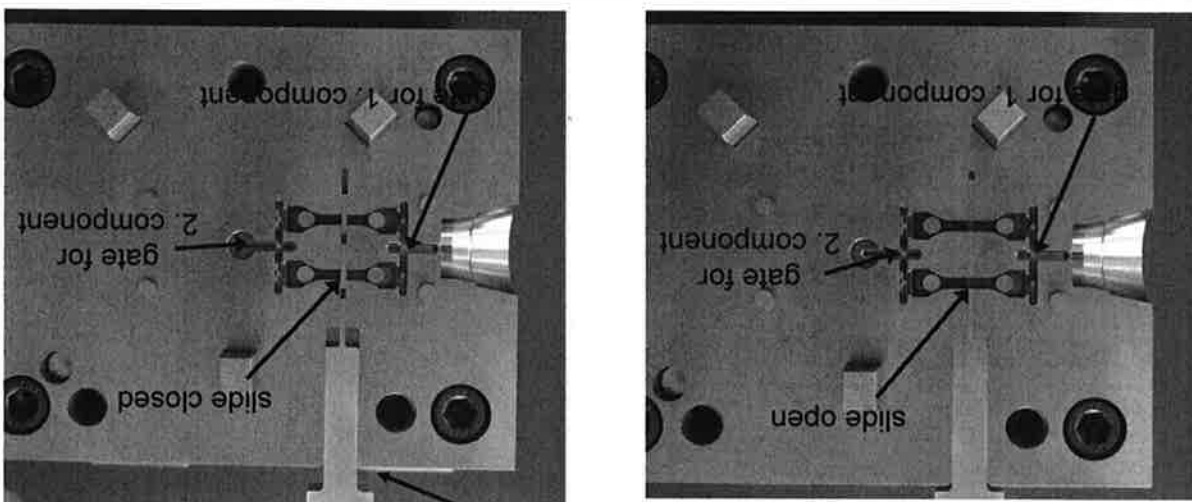
Driving Forces for 2C-µIM

Multi-Component Micro Injection Moulding



Three-plate tool equipped with index plate

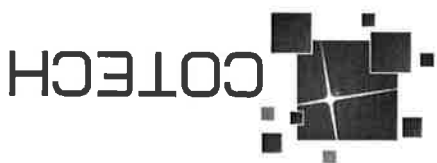
Multi-Component Micro Injection Moulding



simultaneous or sequential injection

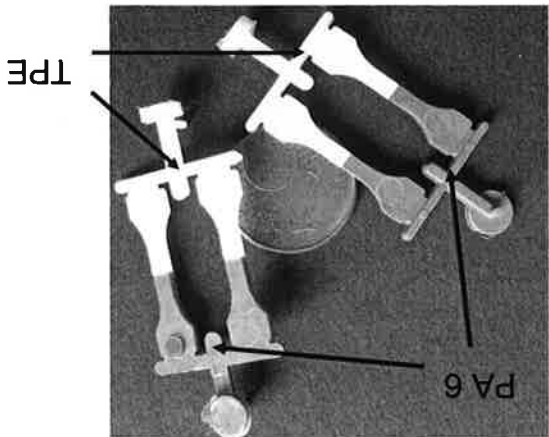
Tool equipped with movable slide =>

Multi-Component Micro Injection Moulding

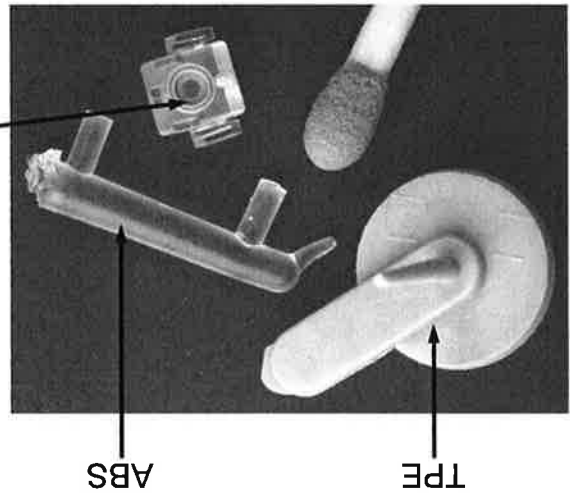


Multi-Component Micro Injection Moulding

Tensile test specimen to investigate interface strength, COTECH



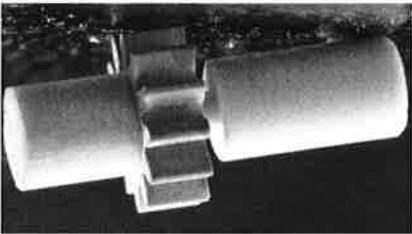
Housings for hearing aids
1. Injection housing ABS
2. Injection sealing TPE



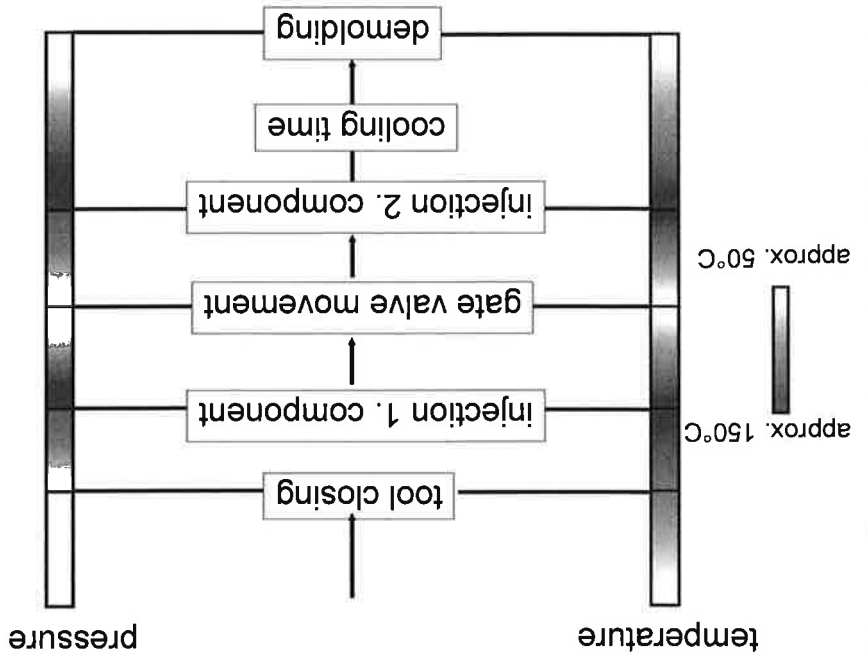
Source: Nanologic Ltd., Portugal

2C-µIM - Process Conduct

in case of high aspect ratios



injection pressure
environmental pressure
vacuum





and others more ...

porous	↔	tight
mechanically strong	↔	bio-compatible
non-magnetic	↔	magnetic
tough	↔	hard
insulating	↔	conductive

with complementary or even contradictory properties

Multifunctional Products

2C-MicroPIM – Opportunities



Thermal expansion	nearly equal	nearly equal
Sintering temperature	inner section < outer section	nearly equal
Powder loading	inner section < outer section	nearly equal
Binder system	n. r.	compatible
	Mobile	Immobile

=> debinding and sintering steps have to be considered

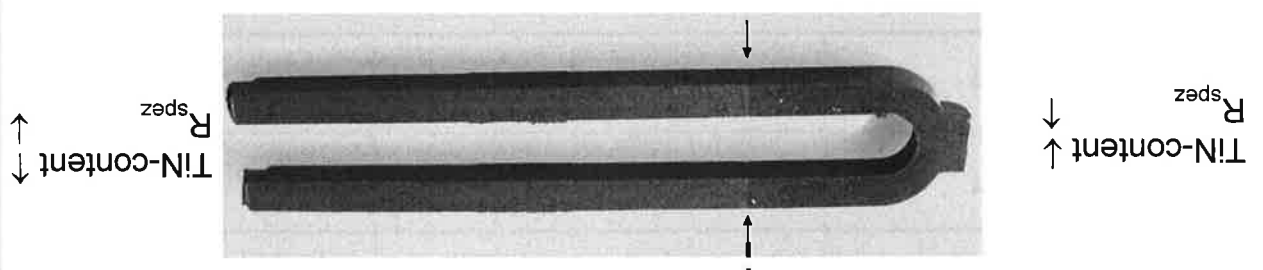
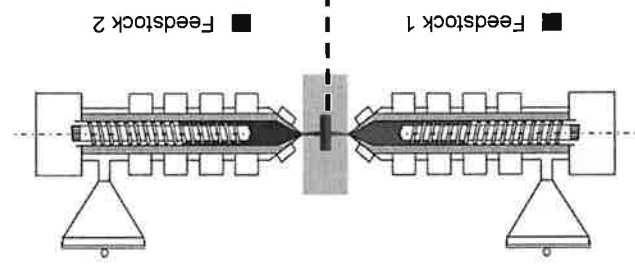
2C-Micro Powder Injection Moulding

2C-MicroPIM - Basic Rules

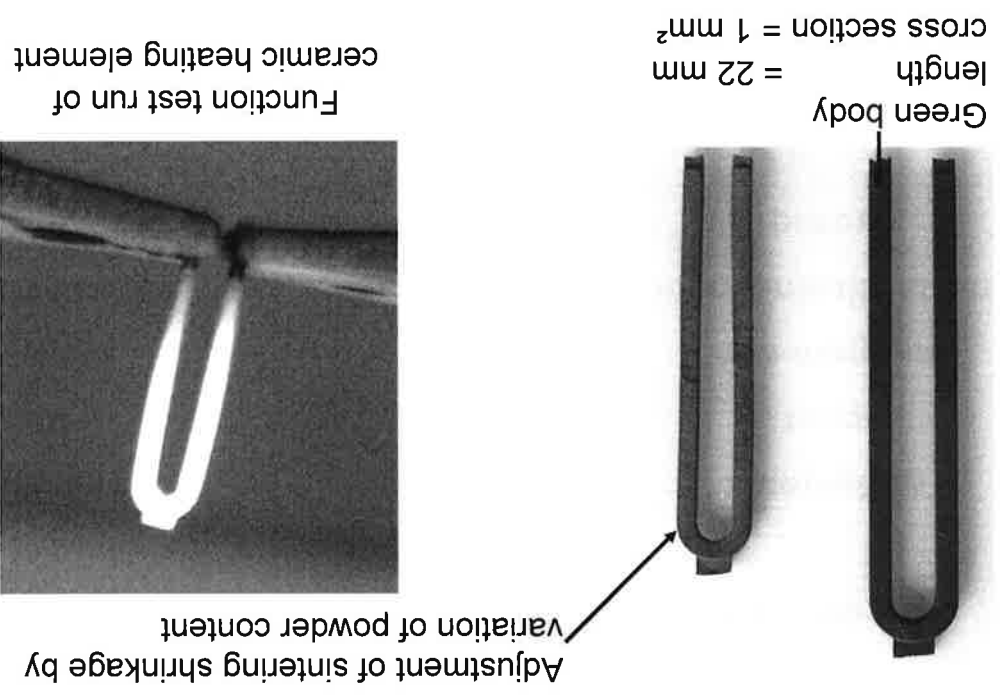


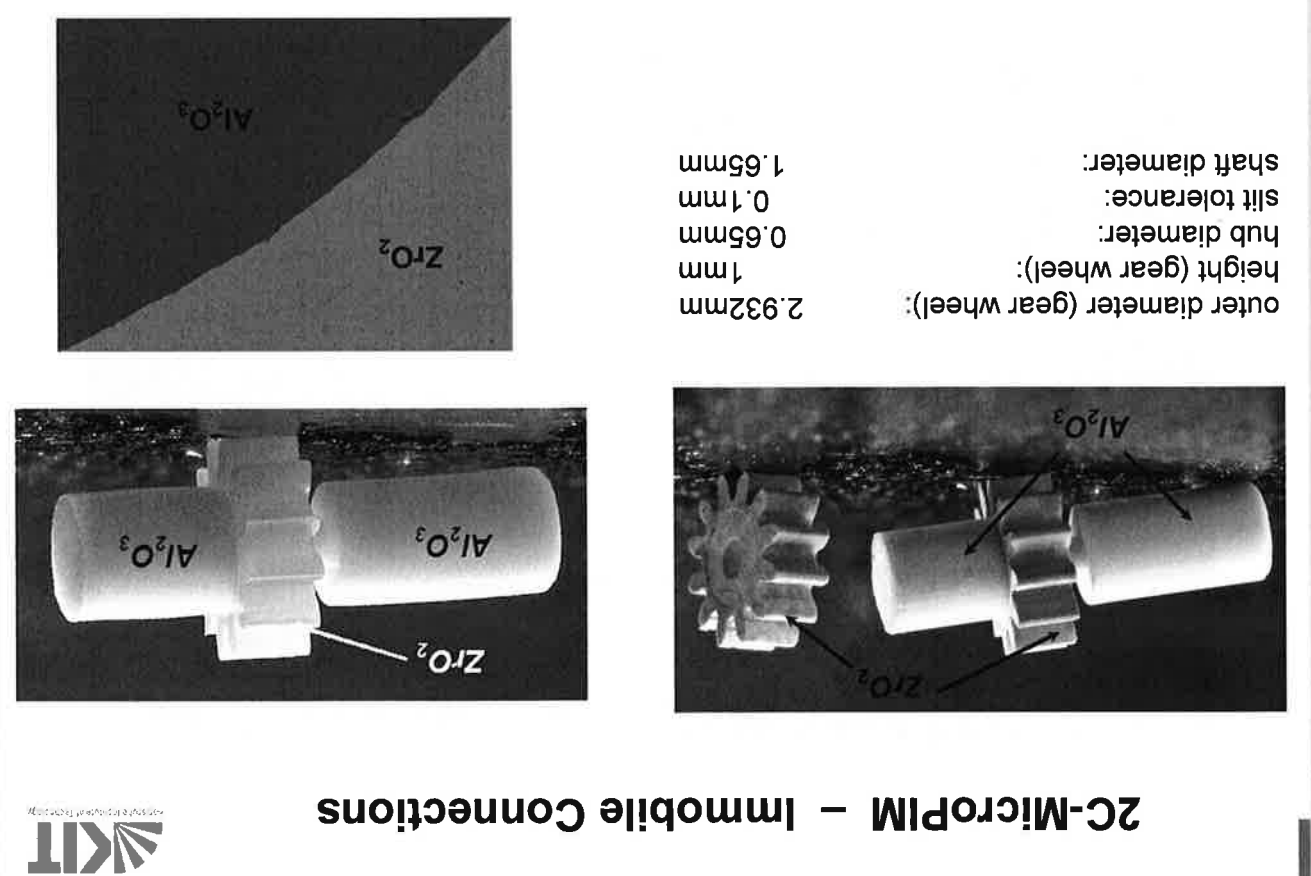
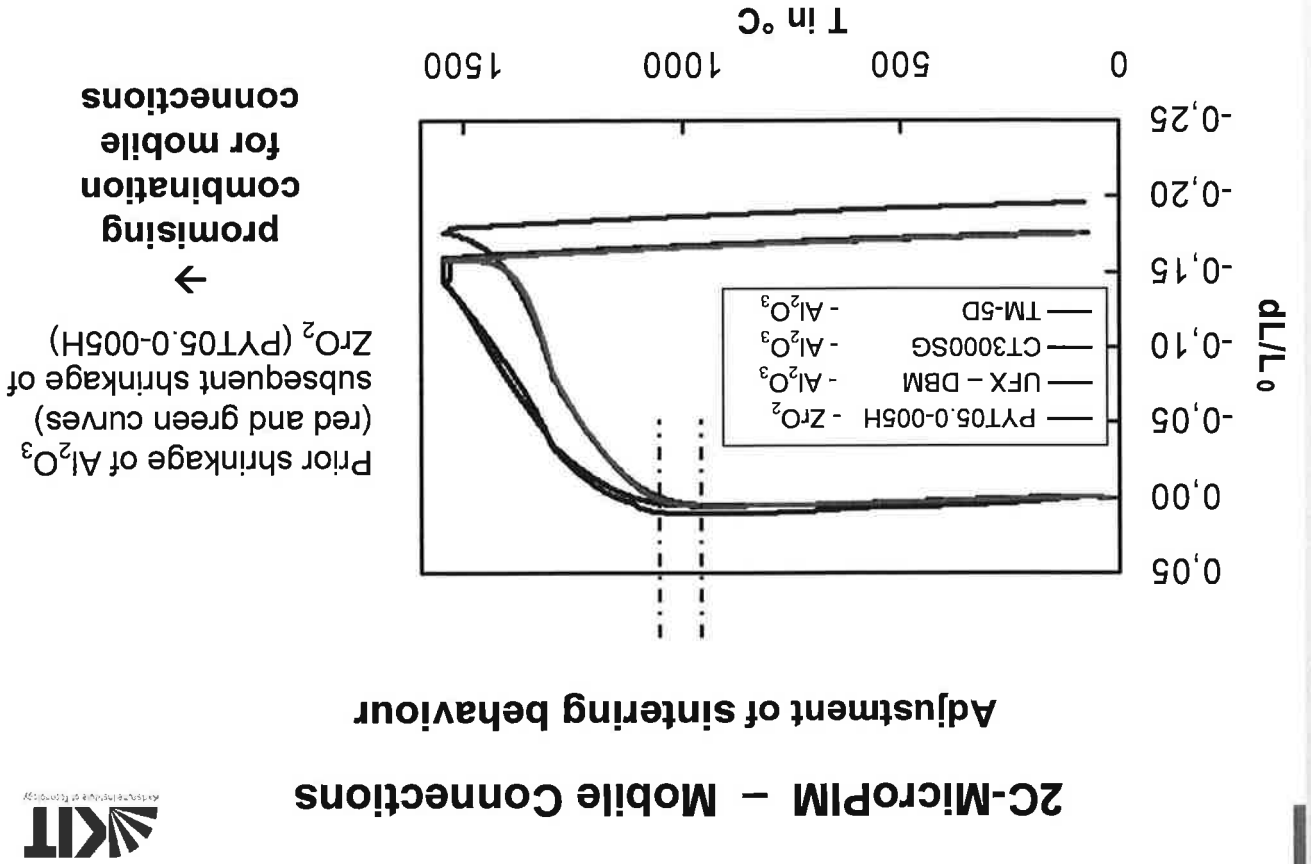
2C-MicroPIM – Immobile Connections

Material: $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3/\text{TiN}$ -mixture, electrical conductivity according to TiN-content
 Demonstrator: ceramic heating needle



2C-MicroPIM – Immobile Connections

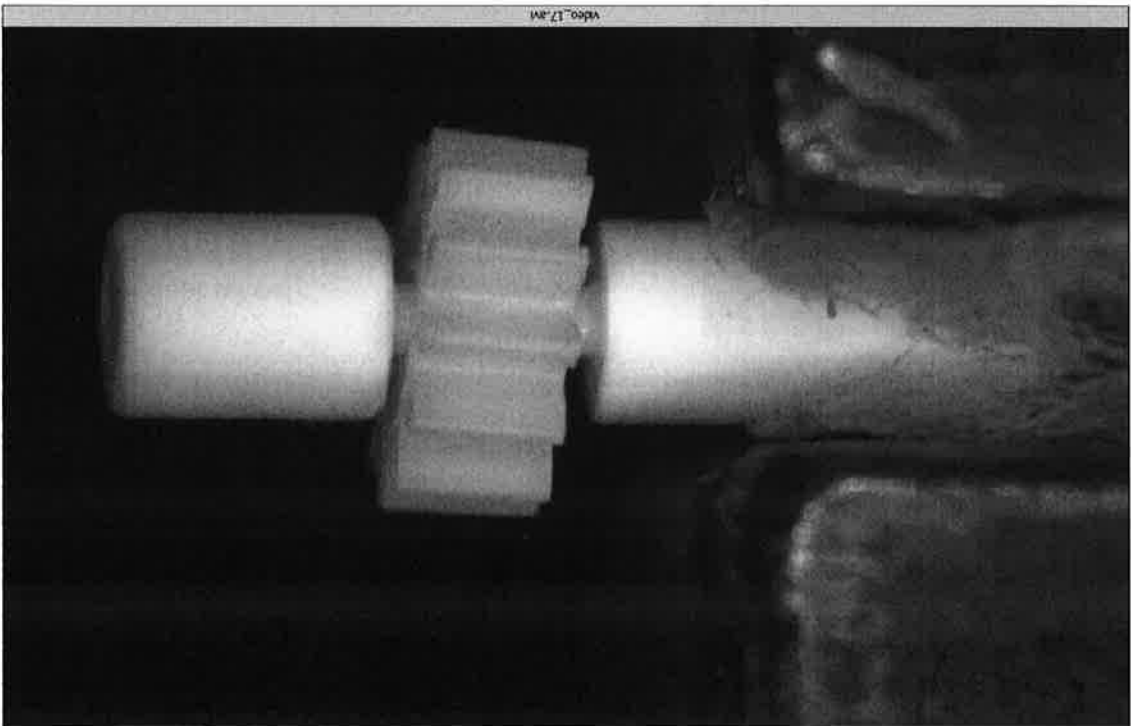






- Improvement of dimensional accuracy and surface quality
e.g. EU-Project „COTECH“, combine µIM + hot embossing
- Enhanced multi-component process variants
e.g. EU-Projects „COTECH/Multilayer“

Outlook



2C-MicroPIM – Mobile Connections

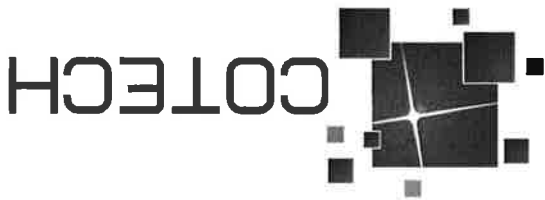


Idea:

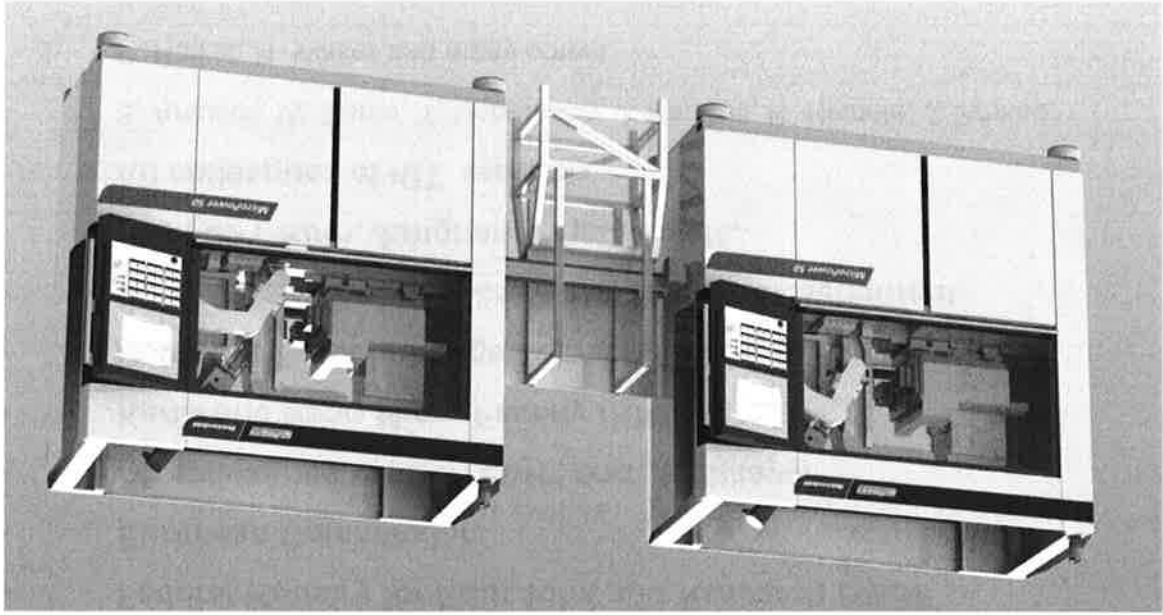
- series connection of two 1C-µIM machines (Micropower®) in row
- rapid transfer of 1. shot to 2nd machine by robot
- machines can be easily connected and disconnected

Advantage:

Both machines can be fully used as 1C-units if no order for 2C-parts has to be executed



Source: Wittmann Battenfeld, Austria



Source: Wittmann Battenfeld, Austria



Thank you !

- P. Holzer, H. Walter and many others
- S. Antusch, W. Bauer, T. Hanemann, J. Hauselt, R. Heldele, J. Prokop,
- **All colleagues at KIT especially**
- RKT, SPT Roth, Junghans, Imatec etc.
- Companies Arburg, microParts, Wittmann Battenfeld,
- Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft DFG (SFB 499)
- Karlsruhe Nano Micro Facility (KNMF)
- All colleagues in „COTECH“ and „Multilayer“
- European Commission
- Federal Ministry for Education and Research BMBF

Acknowledgment



- Improvement of dimensional accuracy and surface quality
- e.g. EU-Project „COTECH“, combine µIM + hot embossing
- Enhanced multi-component process variants
- e.g. EU-Projects „COTECH/Multilayer“
- Expanding the range of materials
- functional materials
- fine and nano powders etc.
- Special Software for Simulation

Outlook

