

Modeling of the Urban Heat Island:

Assessment of mitigation strategies for the City of Stuttgart

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Overview

- ***CENTRAL Europe Project:***
,Development and application of mitigation and adaptation strategies counteracting the Urban Heat Island (UHI).‘ (European Territorial Cooperation Objective CENTRAL EUROPE Programme - 3CE292P3)
- **Mesoscale numerical modeling (WRF) of the UHI for selected Region:**
 - Urbanization of WRF → Selection of most suited urbanization scheme
- **Validation** of modeling results through measurement data
- **Simulation** of simple mitigation strategies
 - Change of land surface properties
- UHI triggers **secondary circulation**
 - Urban-Rural interaction
 - Air Quality assessment
- *Assistance to Urban Planning (local stakeholders, City of Stuttgart)*

Model approach

- Choosing the WRF/urban parameterization scheme suitable for the modeling approach (coupled with Noah LSM)
 - Single Layer Urban Canopy Model SLUCM (KUSAKA, 2001)
 - Building Energy Parameterization BEP (MARTILLI, 2002)

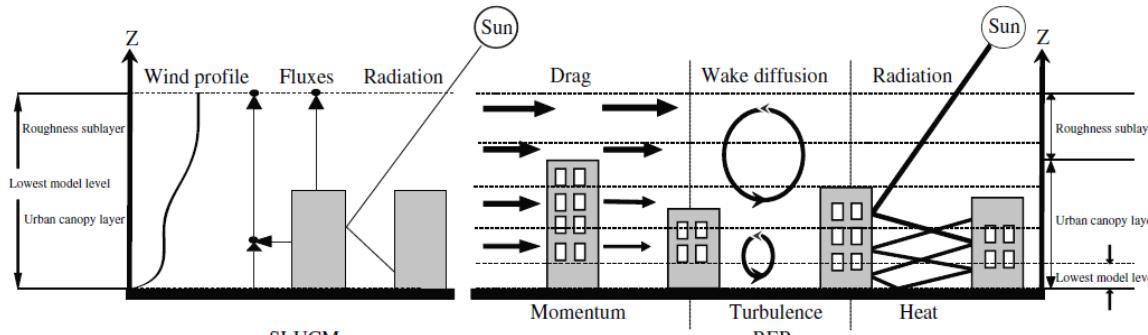
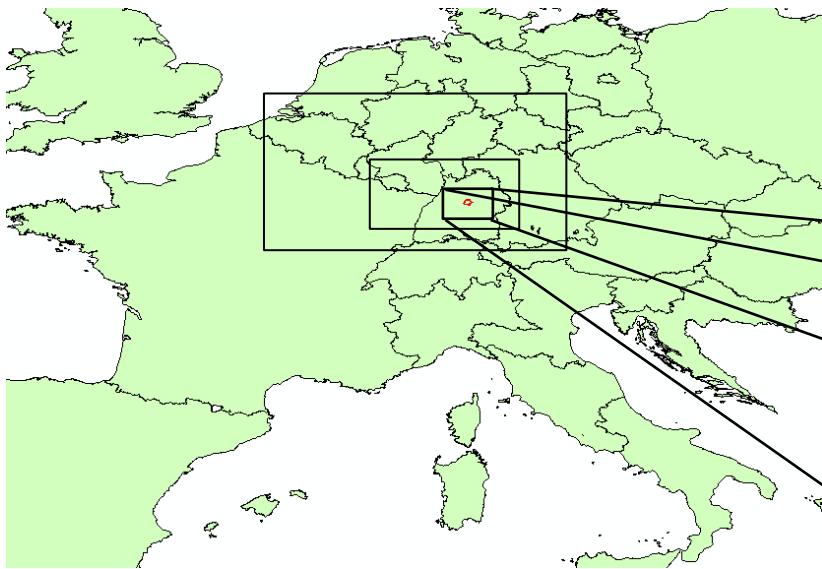


Fig. 1: Schematic of SLUCM (left) and multi-layer-BEP (right) (CHEN, 2011)

- Replace urban land use classes by natural vegetation
- Change albedo of urban surfaces, building densities etc.
- Comparing temperature development under different scenarios

WRF Configuration



Meteorological driver:
ERA Interim 0.5° Reanalysis Data

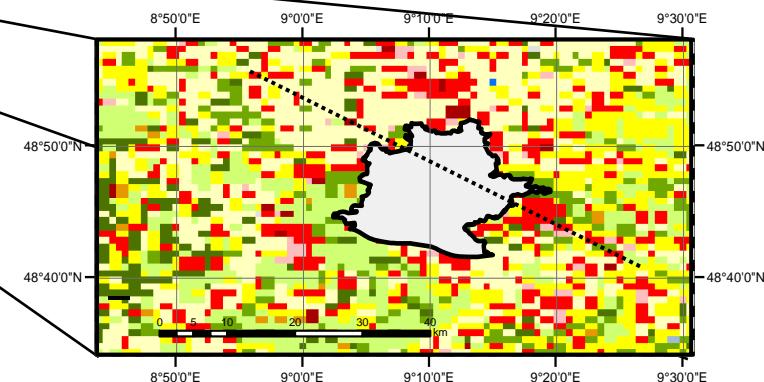


Fig. 2: Schematic and setup of model domains (Source: EEA)

Domain	D01	D02	D03
Geographical input data	1km	1km	1km
dx, dy	15	3	1
West-east [km]	645	228	61
North-south [km]	510	168	49
Total [km ²]	328950	38304	2989

Corine Land Cover

- [Color Box] 2-Dryland Cropland and Pasture
- [Color Box] 3-Irrigated Cropland and Pasture
- [Color Box] 4-Mixed Cropland
- [Color Box] 7-Grassland
- [Color Box] 11-Deciduous Broadleaf Forrest
- [Color Box] 14-Evergreen Needleleaf Forrest
- [Color Box] 15-Mixed Forrest
- [Color Box] 16-Water
- [Color Box] 17-Herbaceous Wetland
- [Color Box] 18-Wooded Wetland
- [Color Box] 19-Sparsely Vegetated, Barren
- [Color Box] 24-Snow
- [Color Box] 25-Playa
- [Color Box] 31-Low Intensity Residential
- [Color Box] 32-High Intensity Residential
- [Color Box] 33-Industrial/ Commercial

WRF Configuration

- WRF Single Moment 6-class scheme
- RRTM long wave radiation
- Dudhia short wave radiation
- Eta similarity surface layer
- NOAH Land Surface Model
- Mellor-Yamada-Janjic (MYJ) boundary layer scheme
- Kain-Fritsch scheme for cumulus parameterization (1st domain)
- Building-Energy parameterization (BEP) /
Single Layer Urban Canopy Model (SLUCM)

Validation

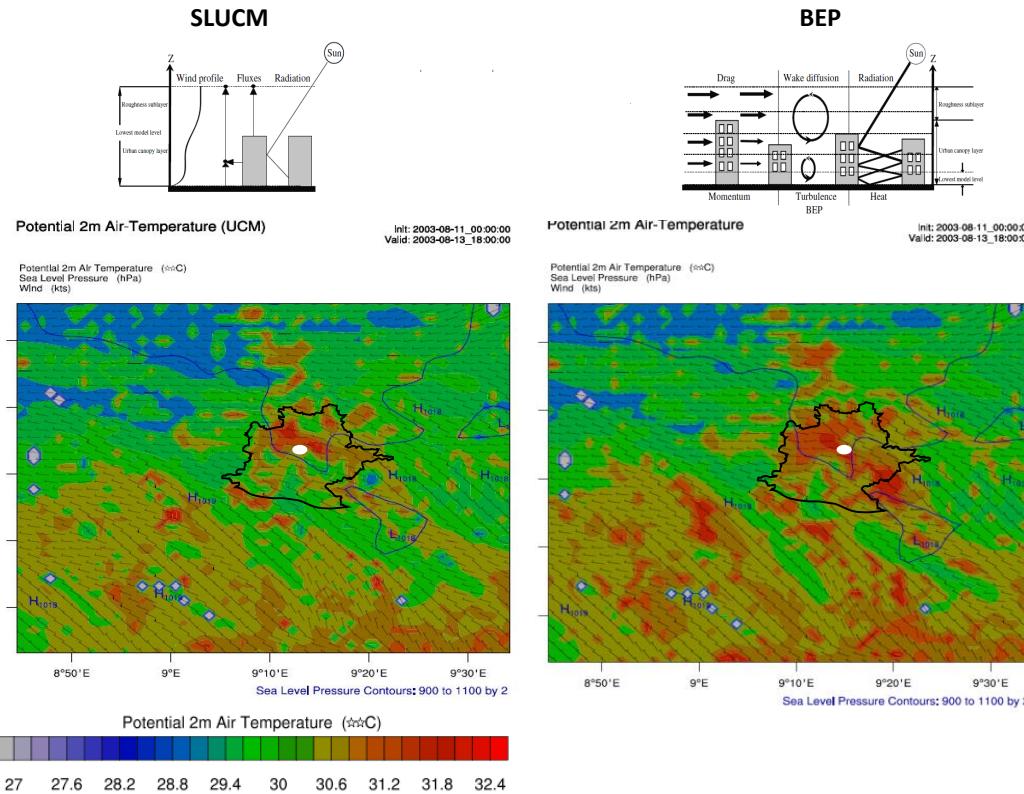
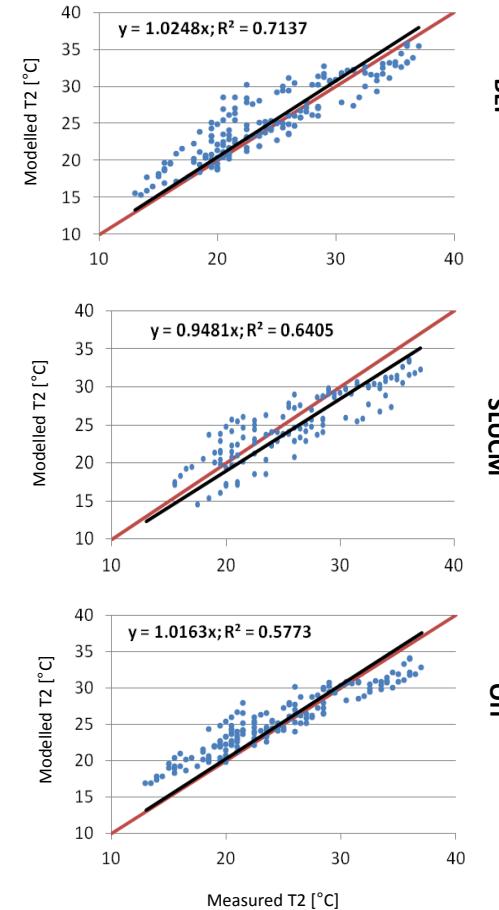


Fig. 3: Simulated 2m air temperature for **SLUCM** (left) and **BEP** (right) –
Comparison with data from measurement station Bad Cannstadt visible
through correlation plots (right)



Land use change to test urban effects

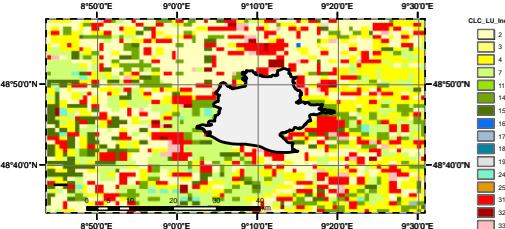


Fig. 4: changed land use type in between the urban area of Stuttgart for 3rd domain

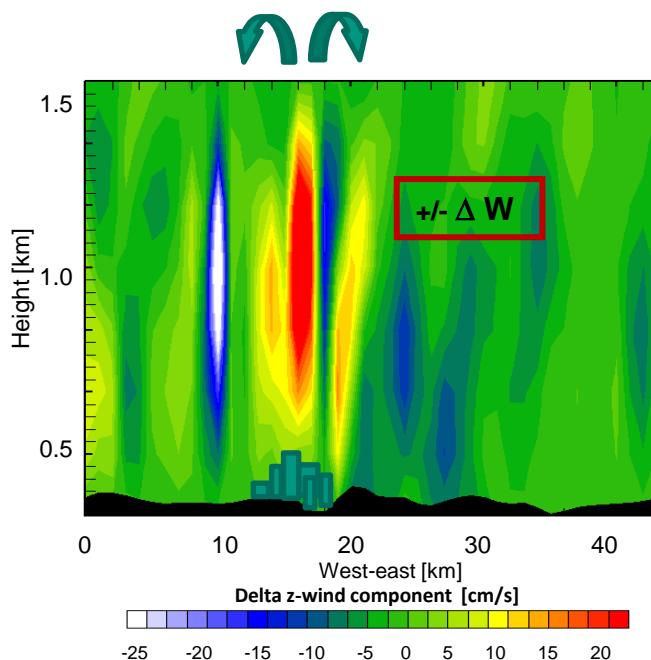
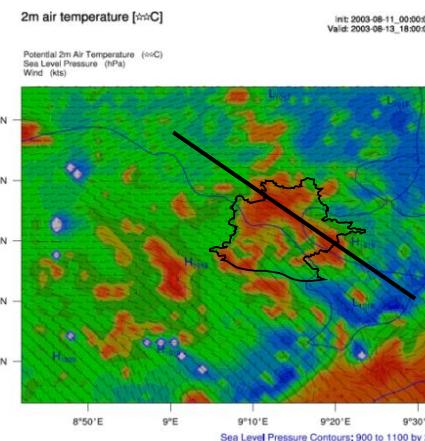


Fig. 6: Characteristic circulation patterns through urban-rural interaction

Urban = 'on'



Urban = 'off'

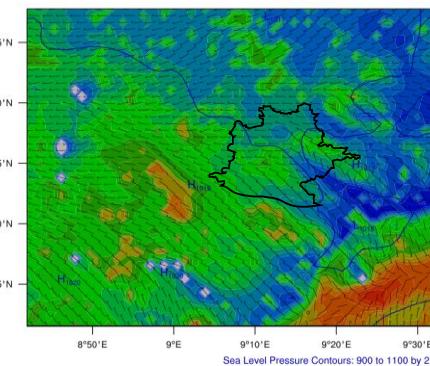


Fig. 5: Potential 2m air temperature – early evening in summer – Snapshot for Aug 13th 2003 18:00

Urban planning mitigation scenarios - area

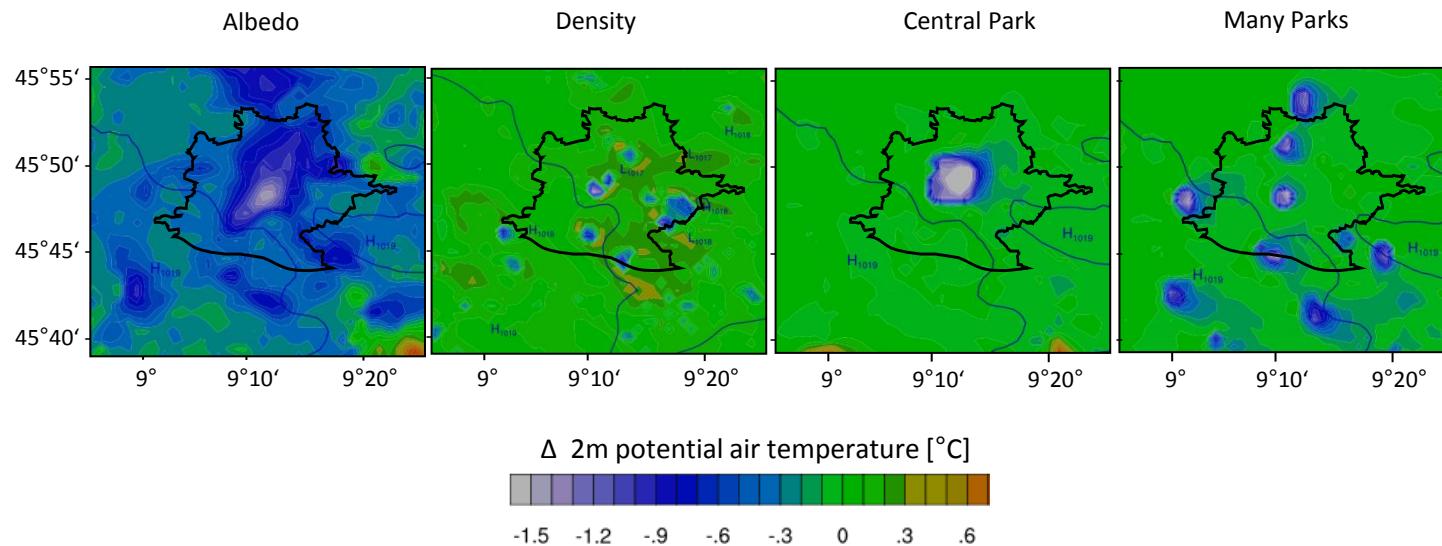


Fig. 7: Effect of urban planning strategy on WRF potential air temperature – scenario case compared to ‘real’ case (WRF-BEP) for Aug 13th 2003 18:00; up to 6% temperature reduction on average

Scenario	Albedo	Density	Many Parks	Big Park	Real Case
T mean urban [°C]	32	32.4	32.46	32.34	33.1
T max [°C]	32.7	33	33.5	33.3	34.3
Std dev. [°C]	0.32	0.48	0.52	0.42	0.5
UHI; ΔT [°C]	0.84	1.32	1.47	1.19	2.52

Tab. 1: Effect of mitigation strategy on averaged temperature over the urban area and UHI Intensity

Urban planning mitigation scenarios - transect

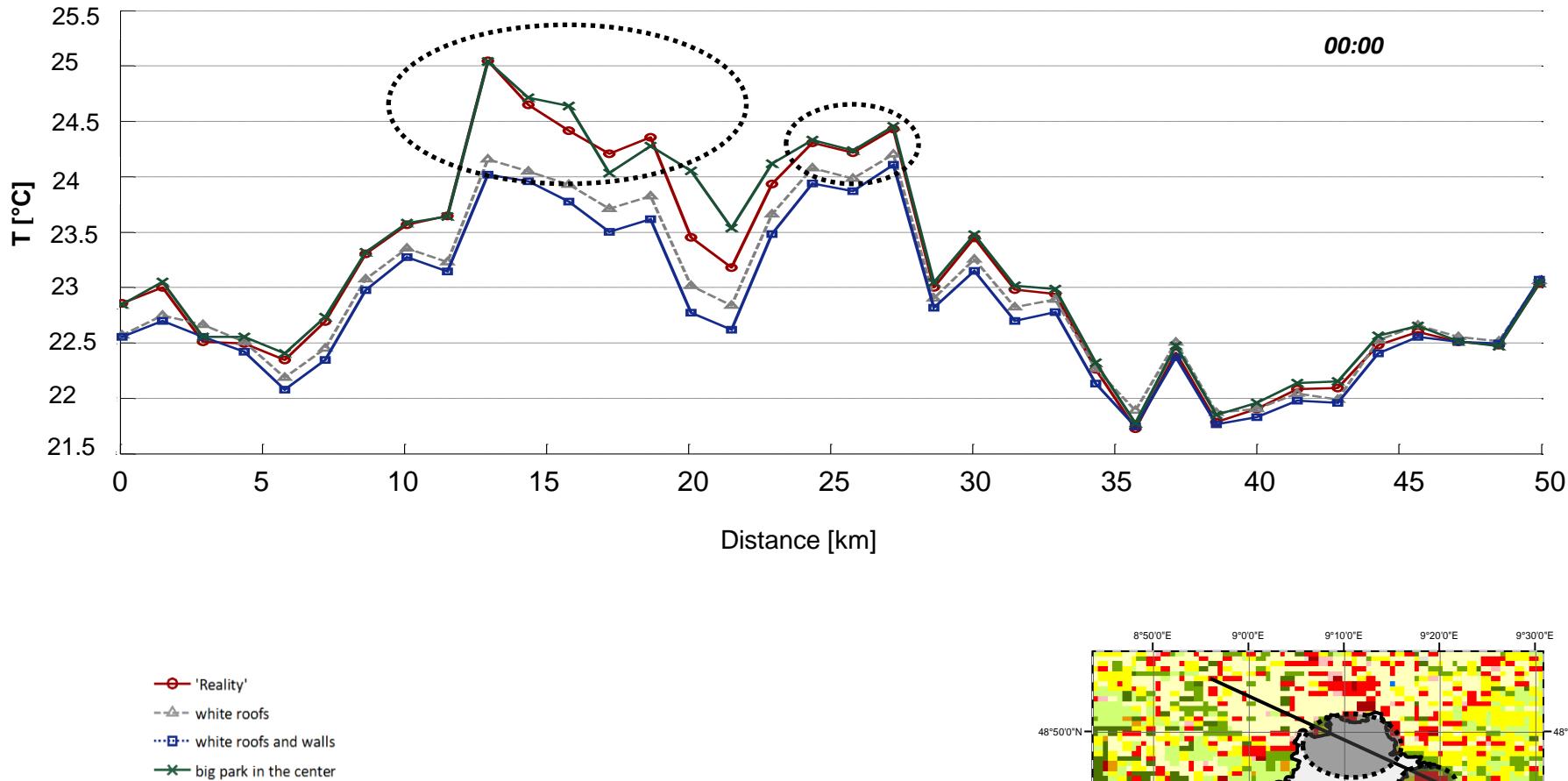
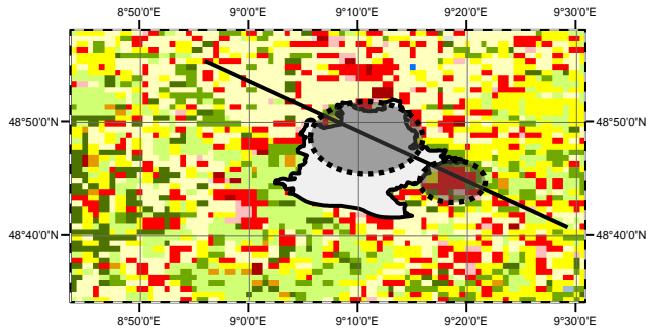
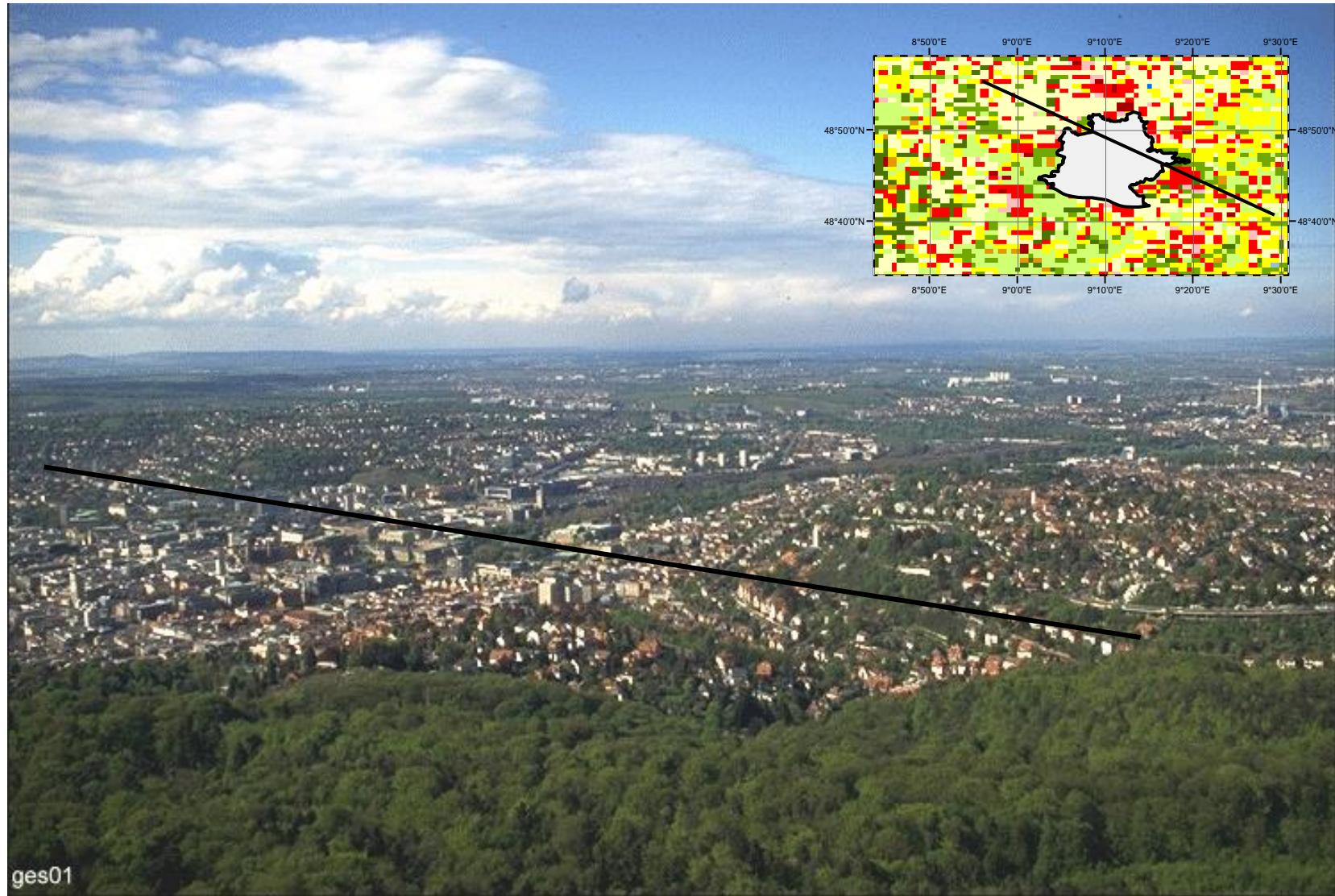


Fig. 8: Development of potential 2m air temperature for west-east transect after applying mitigation strategy – Aug 13th 2003 00:00





Urban planning mitigation scenarios - transect

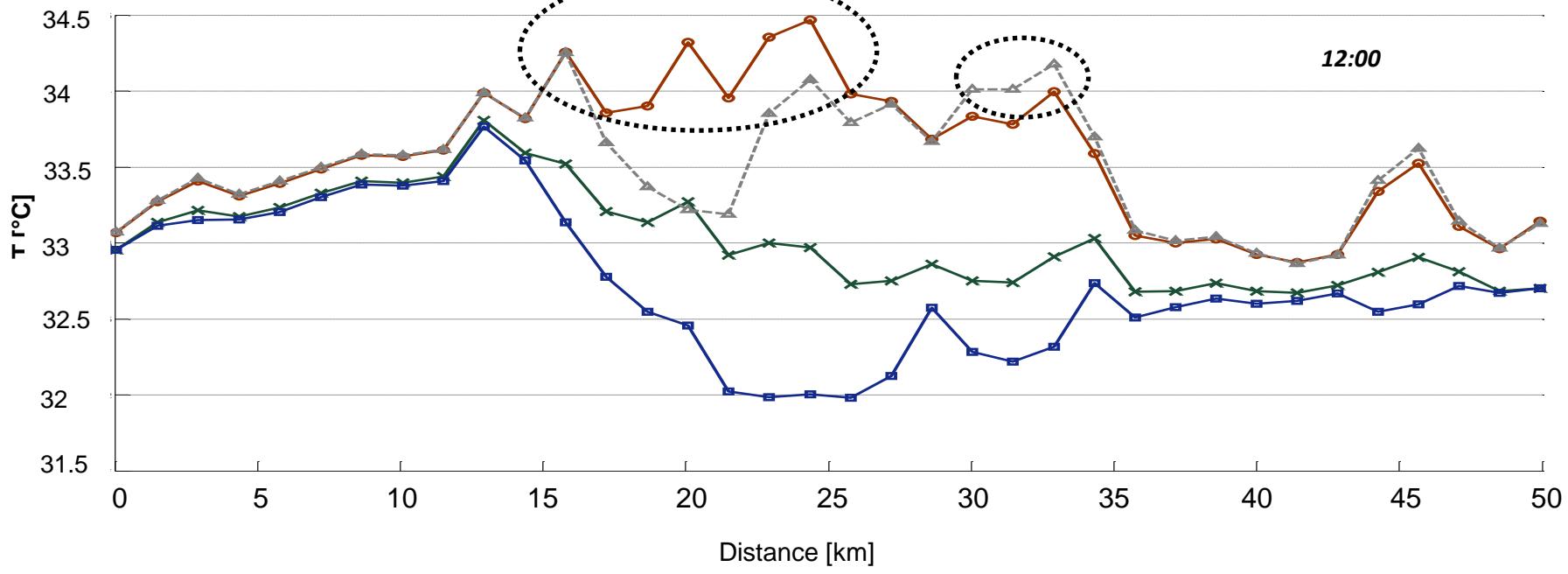
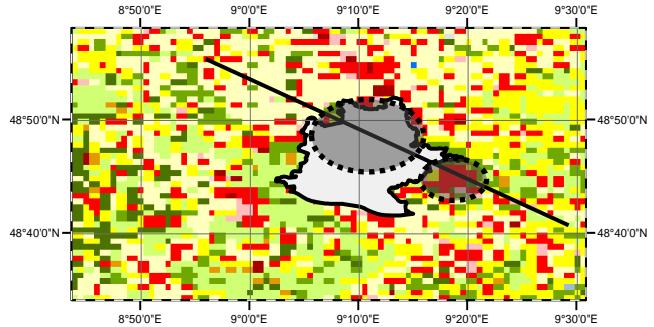


Fig. 9: Development of potential temperature for west-east transect after applying mitigation strategy – Aug 13th 2003 12:00



Urban planning mitigation scenarios - transect

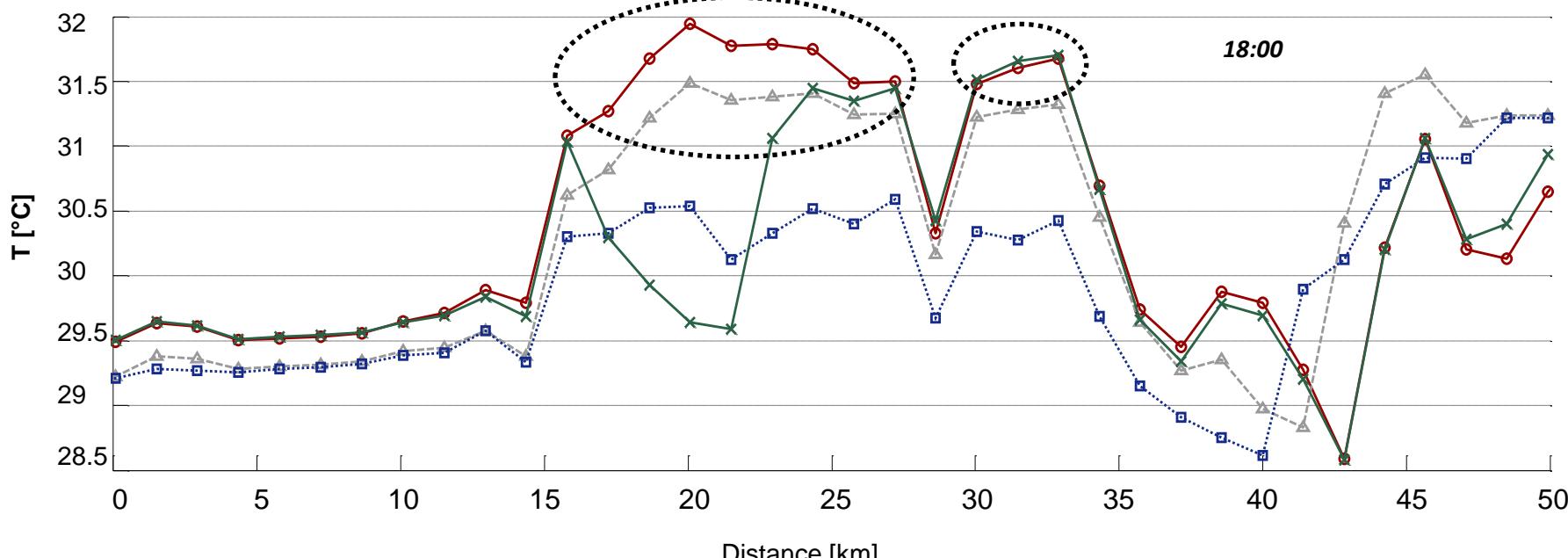
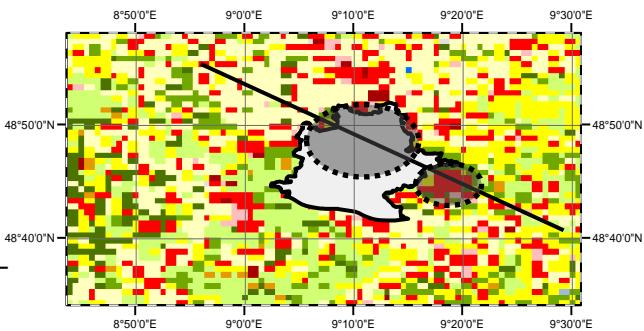
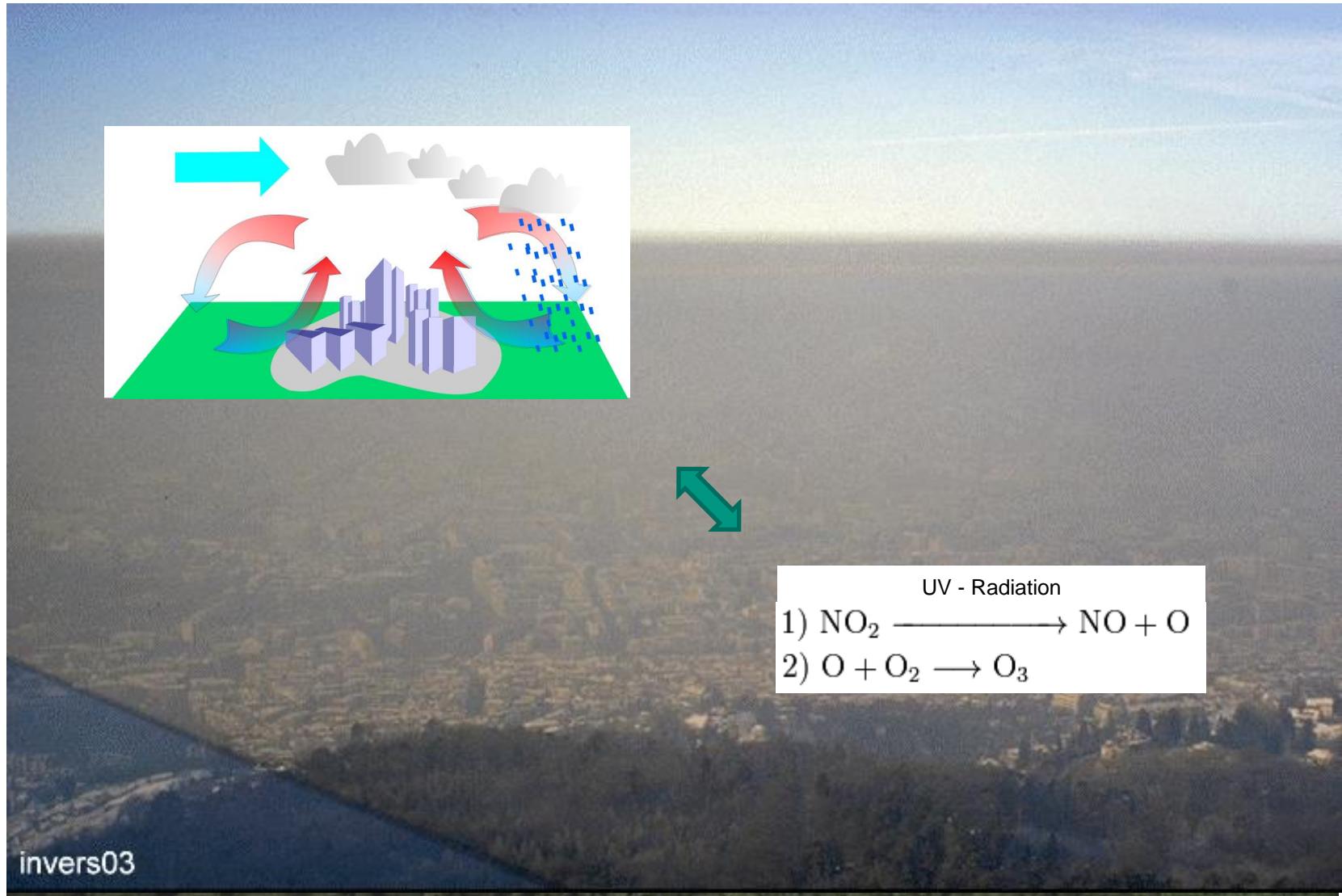


Fig. 10: Development of potential temperature for west-east transect after applying mitigation strategy – Aug 13th 2003 18:00



The need for air quality modelling...



Thank you for your attention



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