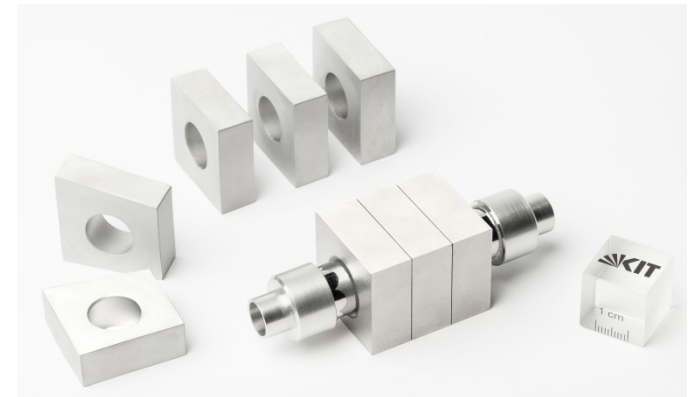


EFPW 2015, Nov 29TH – DEC 2ND, BLED, SLOVENIA

Progress in W alloy development and mass fabrication

Steffen Antusch*, Jan Hoffmann, Alexander Klein, Michael Rieth, Heinz Walter,
Tobias Weingaertner

INSTITUTE FOR APPLIED MATERIALS



- **Powder Injection Molding @ KIT**
- **Mass fabrication of tungsten parts**
- **Development of new materials**
- **Summary**

- **Powder Injection Molding @ KIT**
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Powder Injection Molding



MANUFACTURING TECHNOLOGY

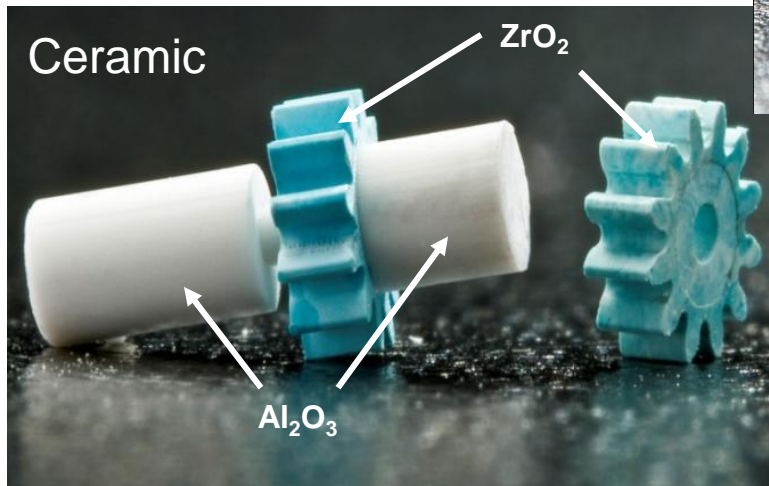
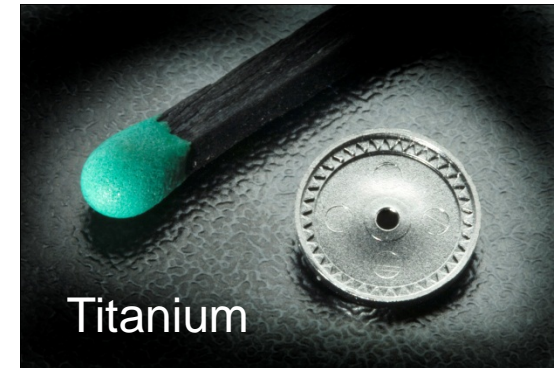
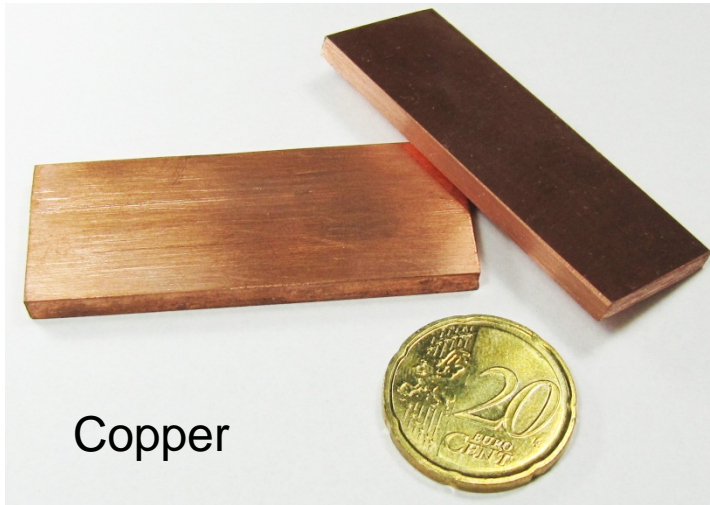
Metal Injection Molding (MIM)



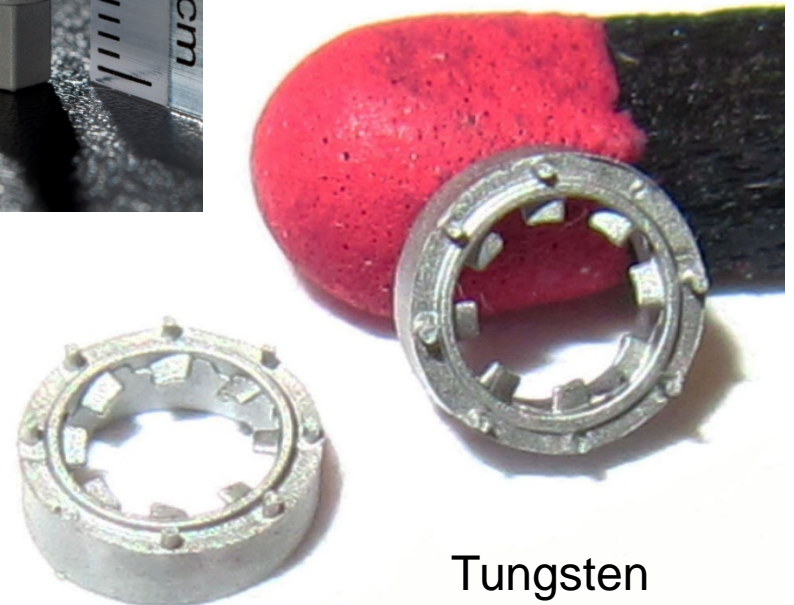
Ceramic Injection Molding (CIM)



Powder Injection Molding



Smallest ZrO_2 gear wheel of the world:
outer- \varnothing 275 μ m



Tungsten Powder Injection Molding @

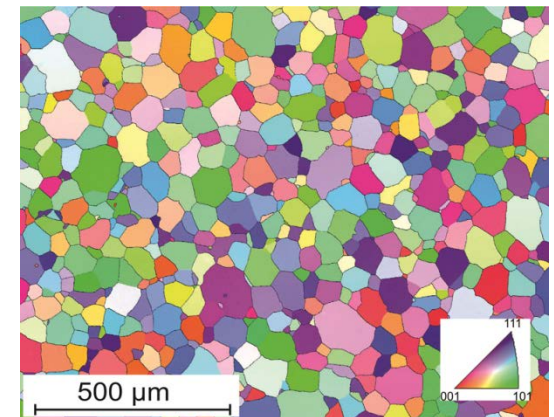
Mass production of components



Time & cost effective
near-net-shape forming process

Shape complexity &
high final density

Material development



Tailoring new materials
&
Investigation of properties

- Powder Injection Molding @ KIT
- **Mass fabrication of tungsten parts**
- Development of new materials
- Summary

Mass fabrication of tungsten parts

...The PIM process for tungsten developed @

Material development

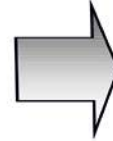


Powder



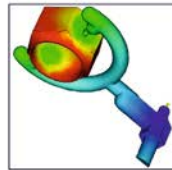
Binder

Mixing /
Kneading /
Extrusion

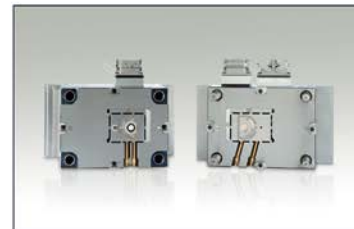


Feedstock

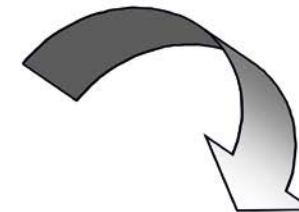
Design + engineering of a tool



Filling simulation

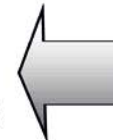


PIM-tool



Green parts (dark), **finished parts** (brighth)

Debinding /
Heat-treatment



Injection molding of green parts

Mass fabrication of tungsten parts

...Tolerances...

Materials	min. lat. Dimension [μm]	min. Detail [μm]	Aspect Ratio [isolated walls]	Tolerance [%]	Roughness ** R _{max} / R _a [μm]	Materials tested
Plastics	10	≤0.08	>20 (200*)	± 0.05	0.05 / <0.05	Thermoplastics, TPE
Metals	50	10	>10	< ± 0.5	7 / 0.8	17-4PH, 316L, Cu, W, W-alloys
Ceramics	<10	<3	<15	(± 0.1) ± 0.3	2 / <0.3	ZrO ₂ , Al ₂ O ₃ , ZTA, Al ₂ O ₃ /TiN, Si ₃ N ₄

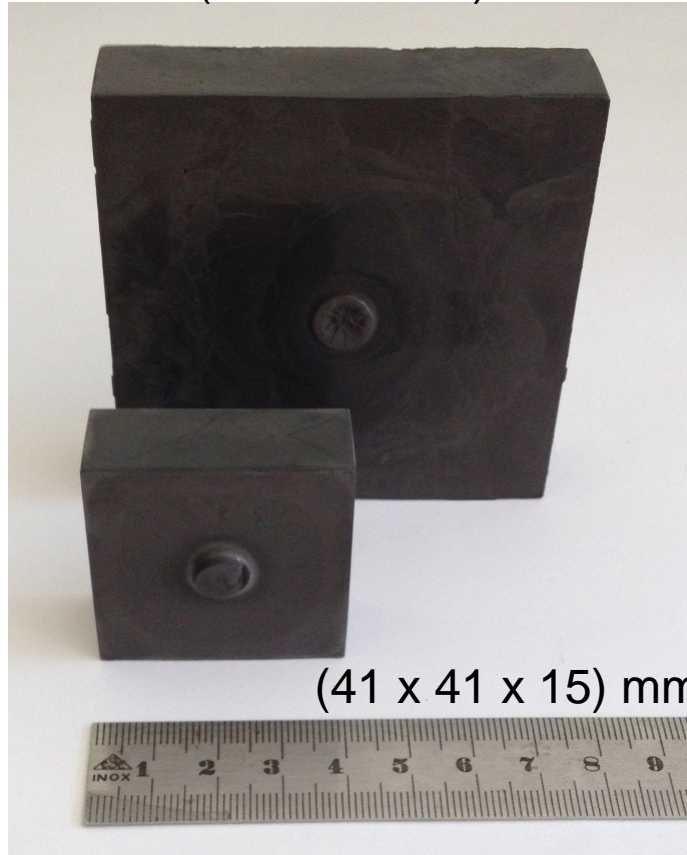
* flow length to wall thickness ratio

** depending on mold insert

Mass fabrication of tungsten parts

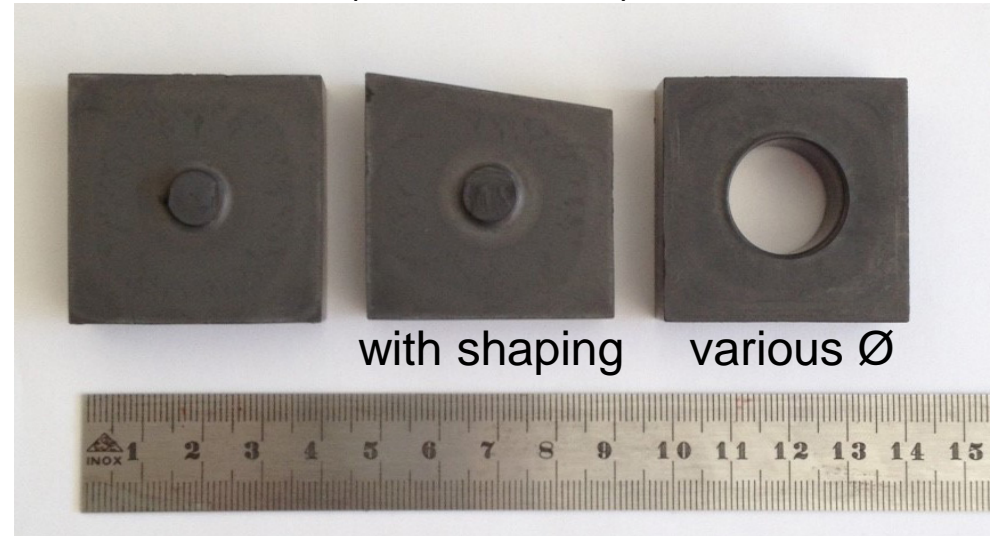
...Dimension of green-parts...

(77 x 77 x 25) mm³



(41 x 41 x 15) mm³

(41 x 41 x 15) mm³



with shaping

various Ø

Dimension & Quantity

(77 x 77 x 25) mm³ (~1.4 kg): 4 parts/hour

(41 x 41 x 15) mm³ (~0.25 kg): 15 parts/hour

(34 x 41 x 15) mm³ (~0.24 kg): 27 parts/hour

Mass fabrication of tungsten parts

...Dimension of finished parts...

(60 x 60 x 20) mm³

(32 x 32 x 12) mm³

(32 x 32 x 12) mm³ with shaping

(26 x 32 x 12) mm³

(26 x 26 x 12) mm³

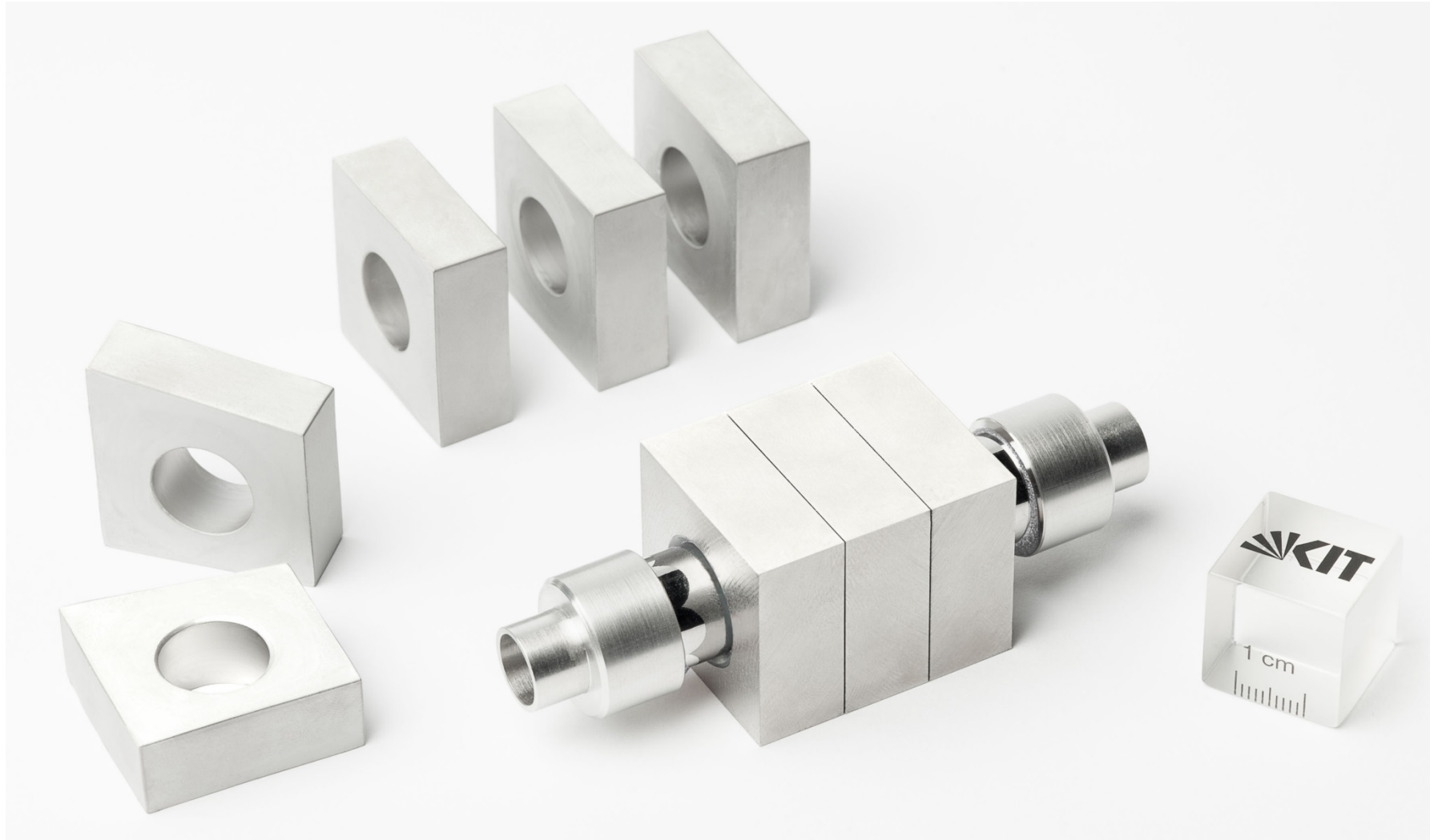
(24 x 22 x 4) mm³



...+ various \varnothing and position of the hole...

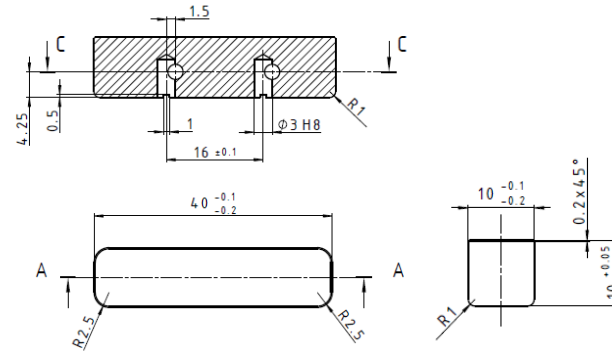
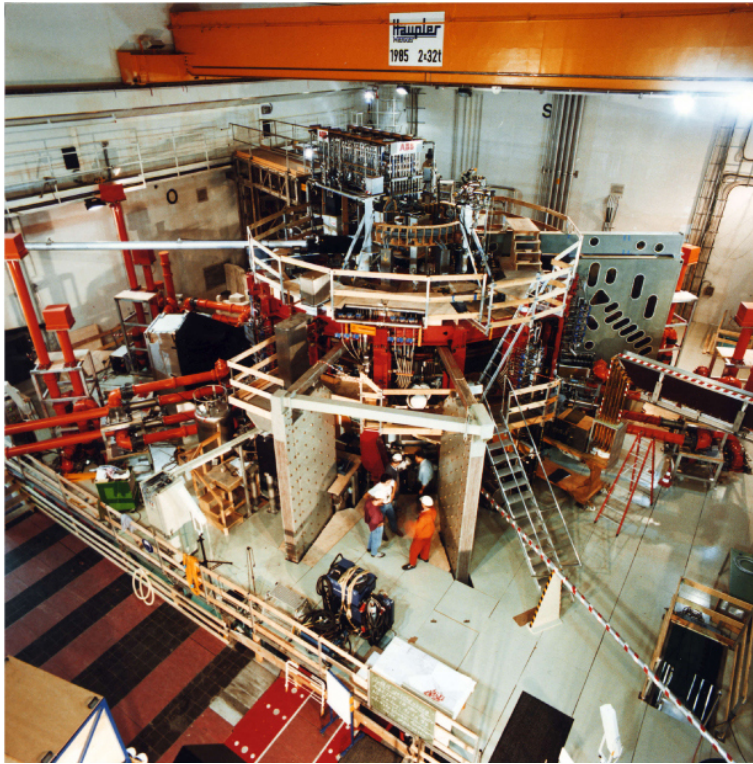
Mass fabrication of tungsten parts

...W monoblocks - various size and shape - assembly to a component...



Mass fabrication of tungsten parts

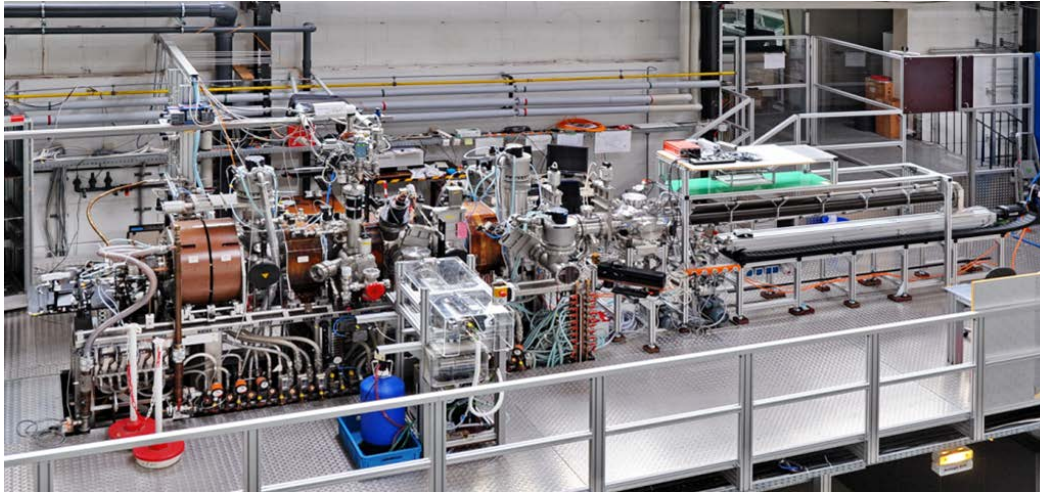
...W PIM samples for ASDEX Upgrade...



3 PIM (pure W) samples + 1 PLANSEE reference sample produced and delivered to IPP Garching by KIT in April 2015

Mass fabrication of tungsten parts

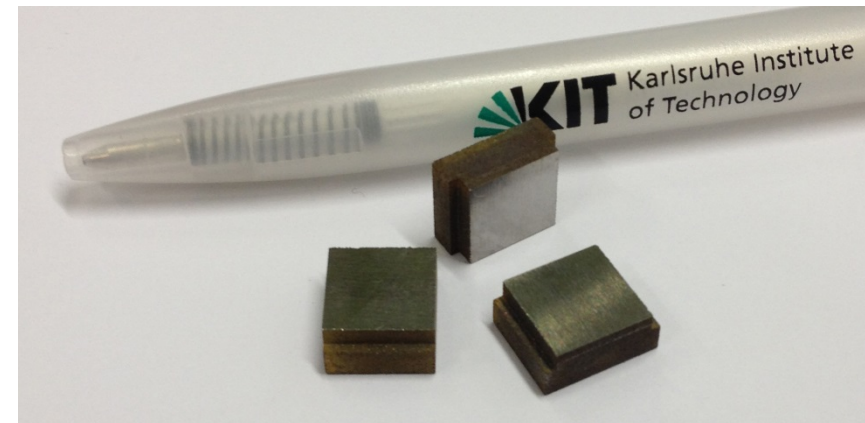
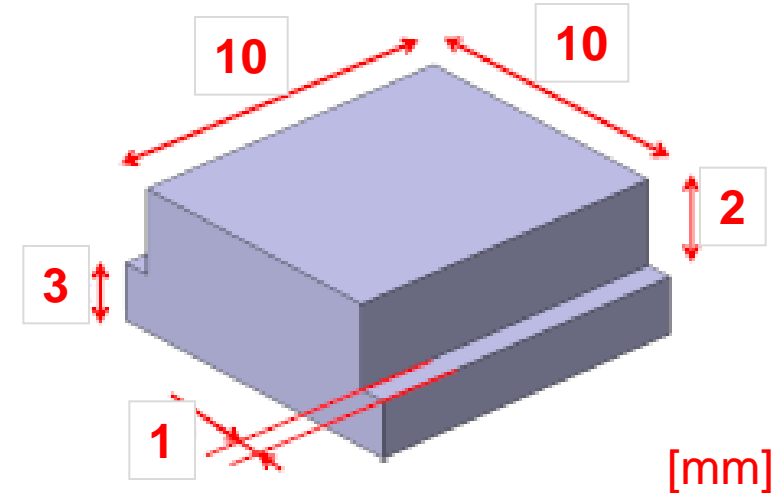
...W PIM samples for plasma-wall interaction...



The PSI-2 linear plasma device at Juelich*

22 samples of pure W for PSI-2
produced and delivered to FZ Juelich
by KIT begin of November 2015

→ See talk of Bernhard Unterberg



* http://www.fz-juelich.de/iek/iek-4/EN/Research/02_Linear_plasma_devices/artikel_2014.html?nn=668414

Mass fabrication of tungsten parts

...W PIM samples for WEST...

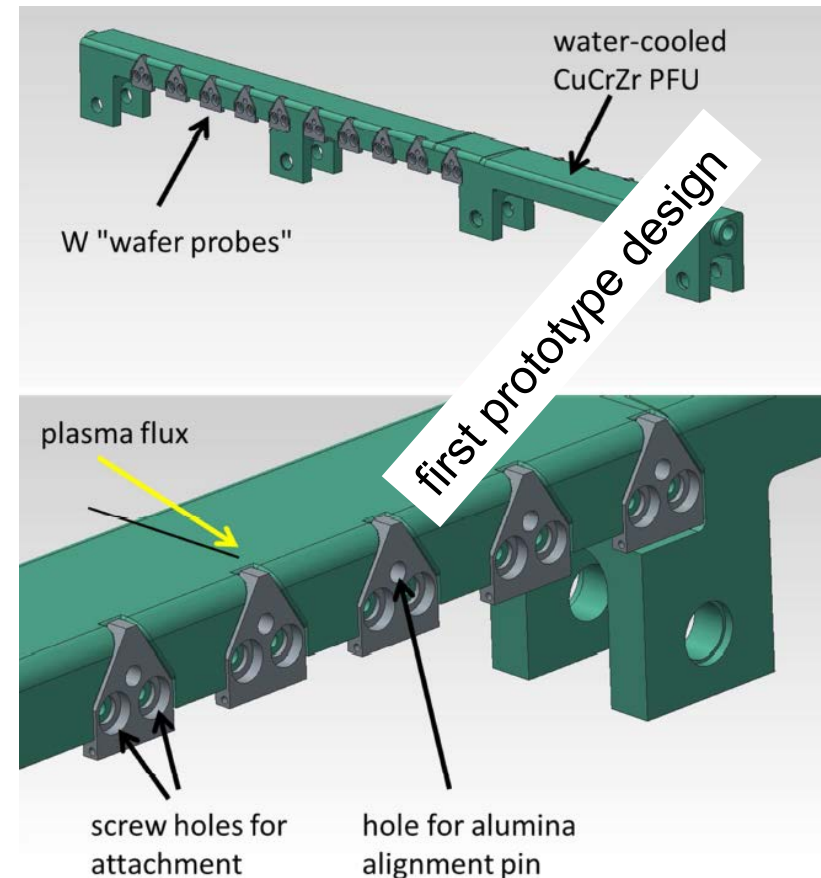
WEST: Langmuir probes (pure W)



Device to determine the electron temperature, electron density, and electric potential of a plasma.

2 prototype samples for HHF tests in GLADIS produced and delivered to CEA by KIT in September 2015

Production of a series of 60 Langmuir probes in progress



- Powder Injection Molding @ KIT
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- Summary

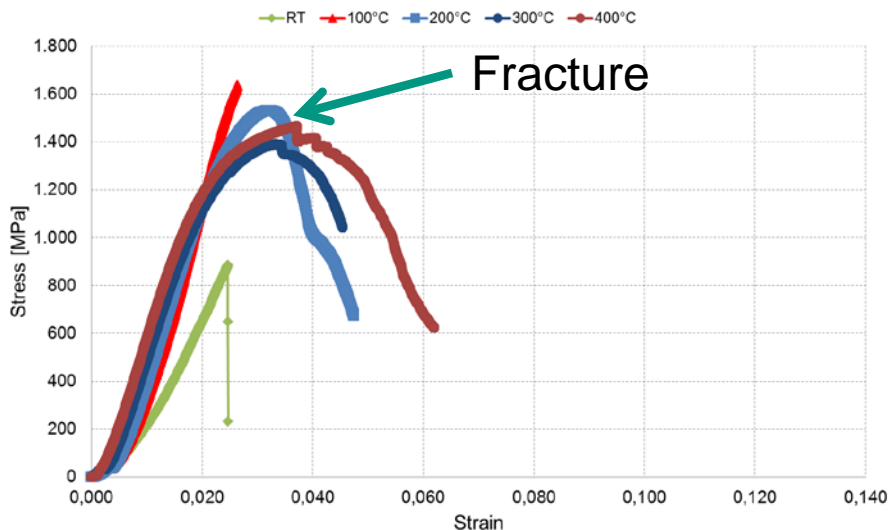
Development of new materials

...Mechanical testing via 4-PB tests from 20 °C to 400 °C...

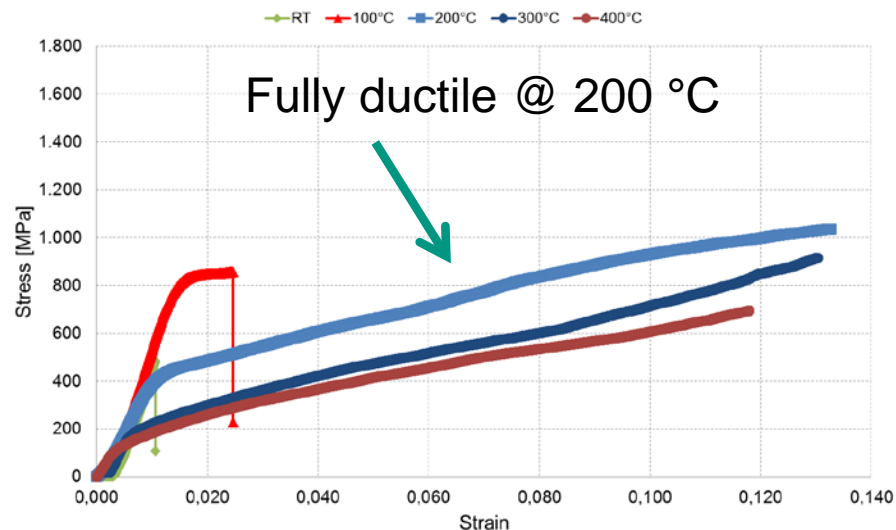
Sample geometry: (12 x 1 x 1) mm

Constant strain rate: 0.0330 mm/min

W PLANSEE (rolled)



W (PIM)



High strength in rolling direction



Same strength in all directions



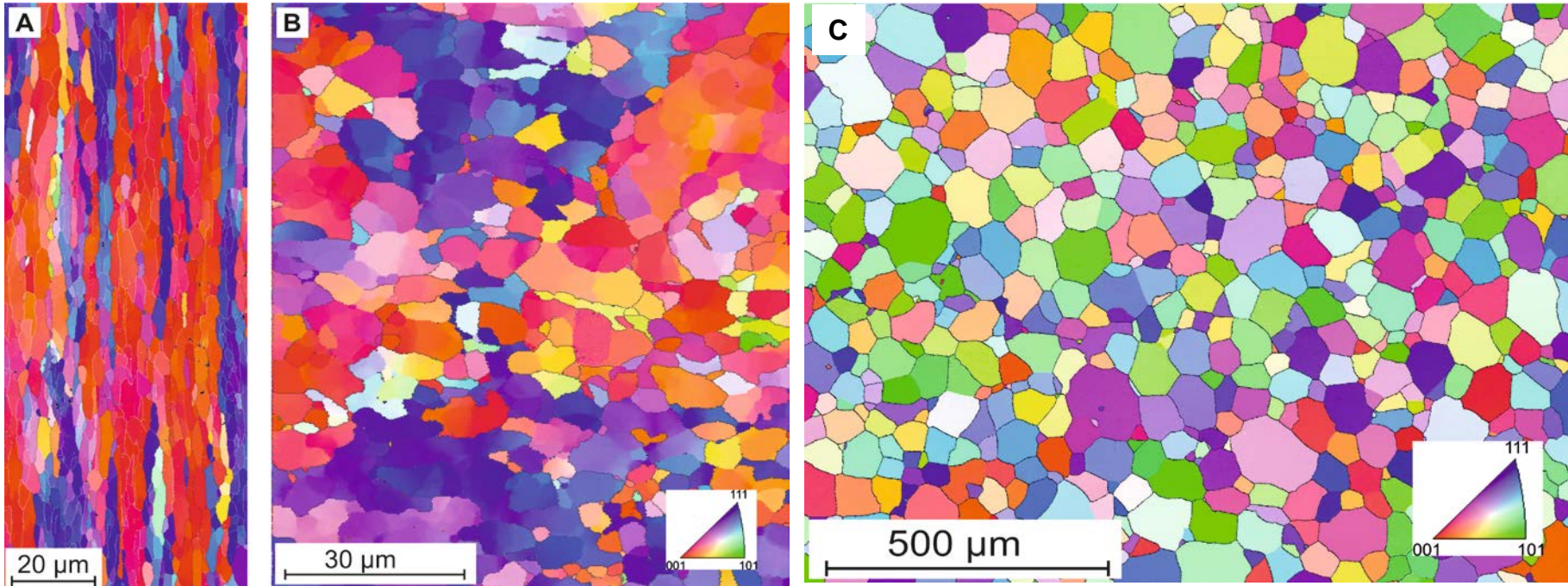
400 °C

Development of new materials

...Texture analysis via EBSD...

W-Plansee (rolled)

W-PIM



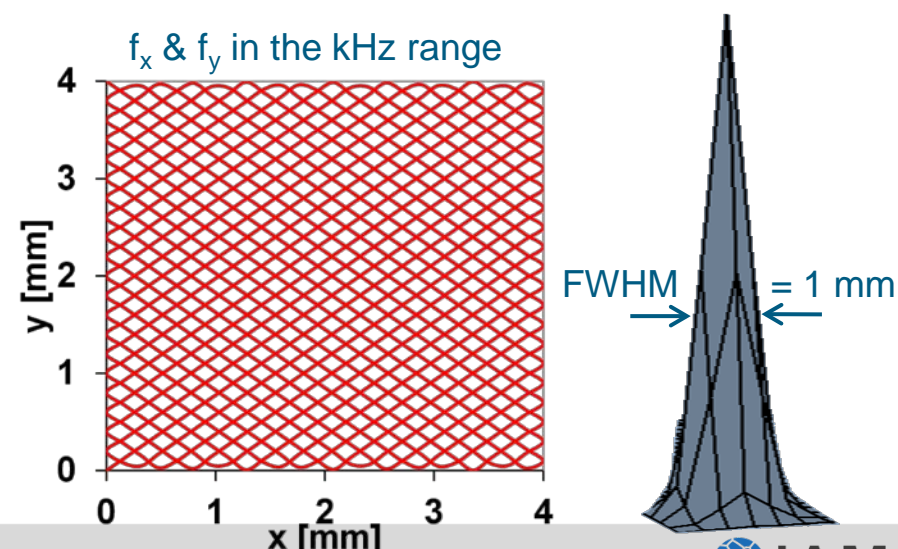
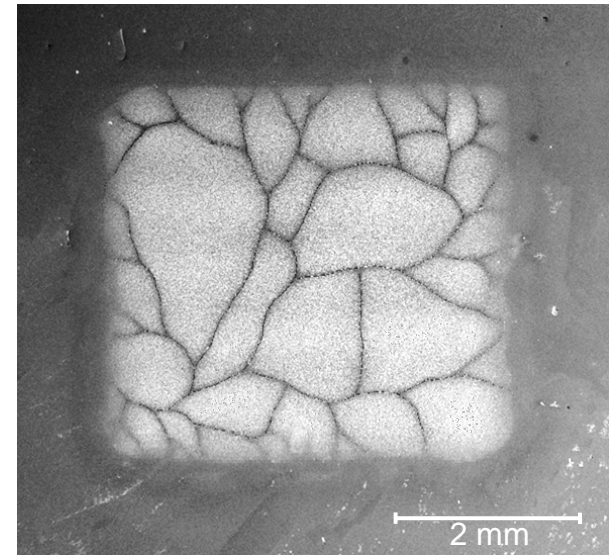
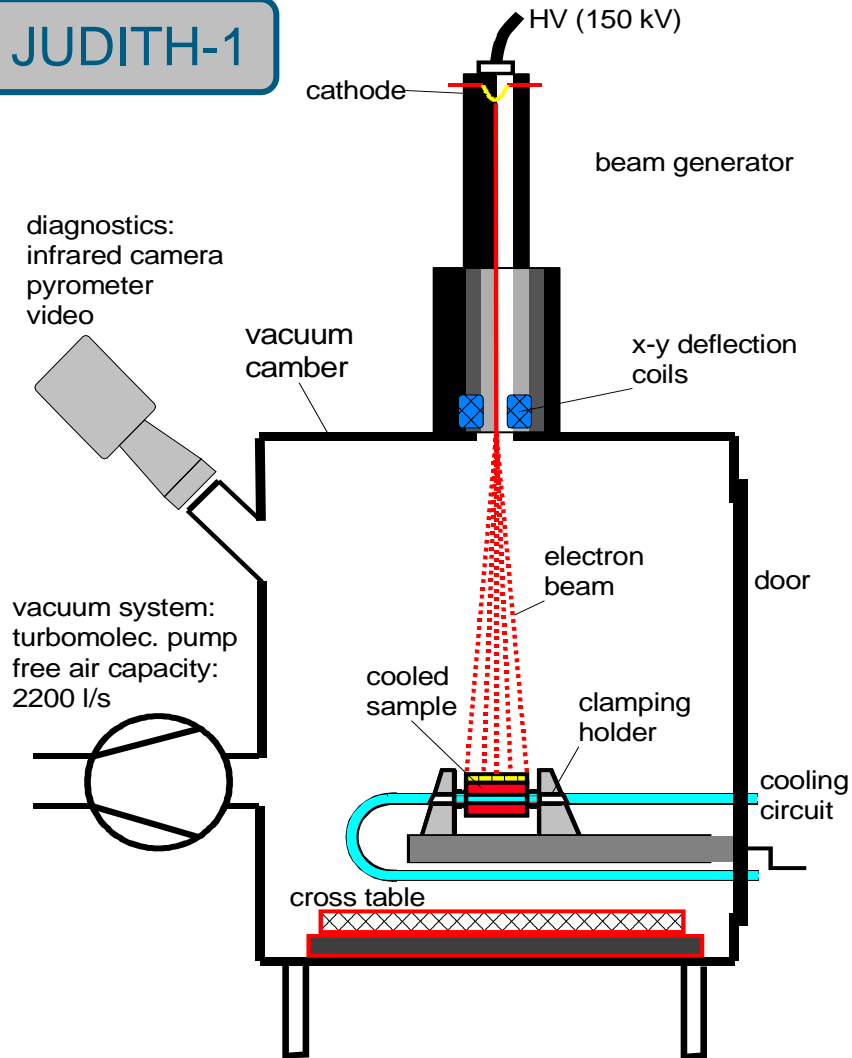
EBSD texture of rolled tungsten (Plansee): (A) in rolling direction; and (B) perpendicular to the rolling direction. The beneficial material properties - e.g. high strength, bending toughness - are only achieved in the rolling direction. EBSD texture of W PIM: (C), the material is fully anisotropic.

Development of new materials

...Thermal shock testing with e-beam in JUDITH-1...

Courtesy of G. Pintsuk (FZJ)

JUDITH-1



Total power: 60 kW
Acceleration voltage: 120 kV

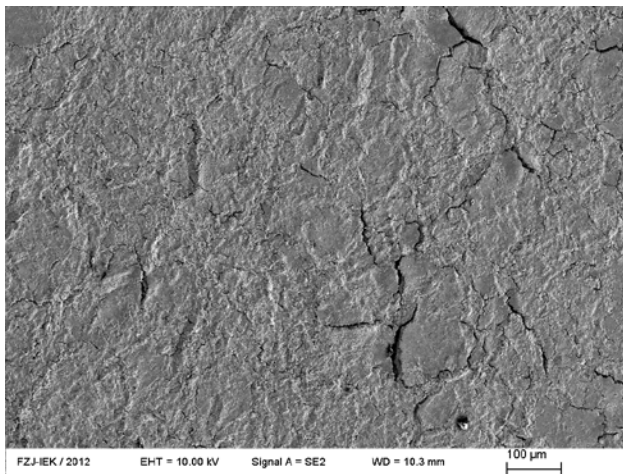
Development of new materials

...Thermal shock tests via e-beam @ JUDITH-1...

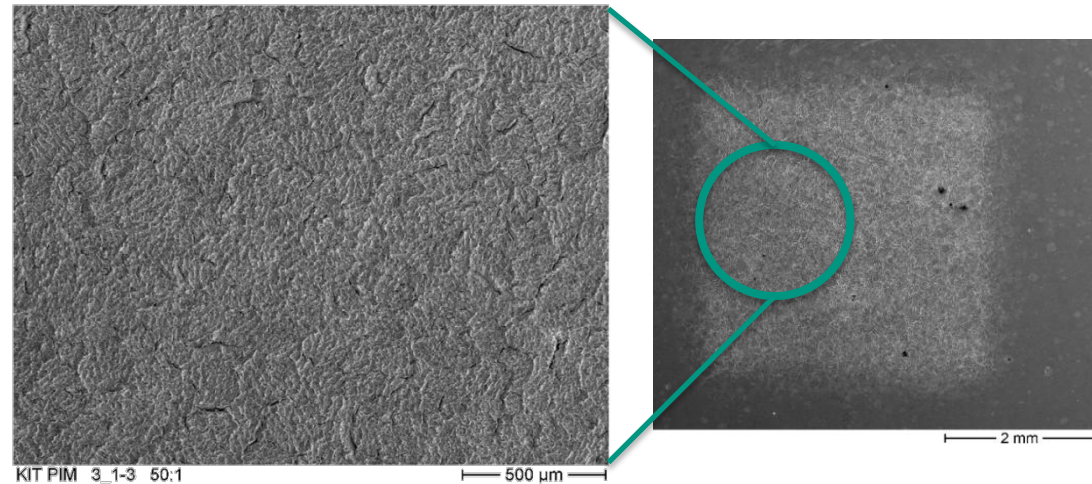
Courtesy of G. Pintsuk (FZJ)

#	T [°C]	P _{abs} [GW/m ²]	Δt [ms]	E _{abs} [MJ/m ²]	FHF [MW/m ² *s ^{1/2}]	# shots
C	1000	0.38	1	0.38	12	1000

W PLANSEE
(single forged)



W
(PIM)

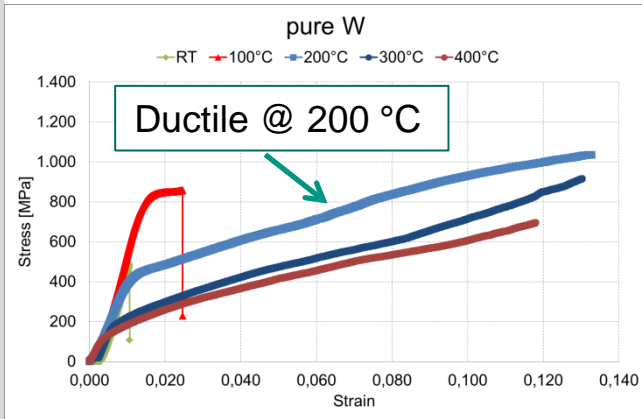


Note the different scale markers !



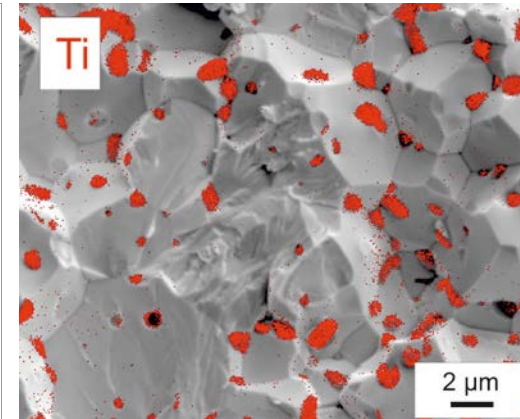
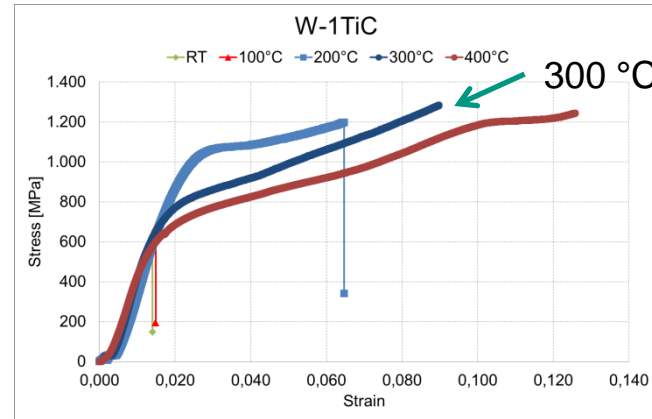
Development of new materials

... Mechanical testing via 4-PB tests from 20 °C to 400 °C ...

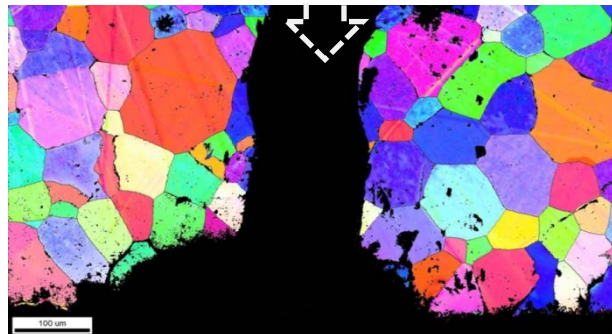
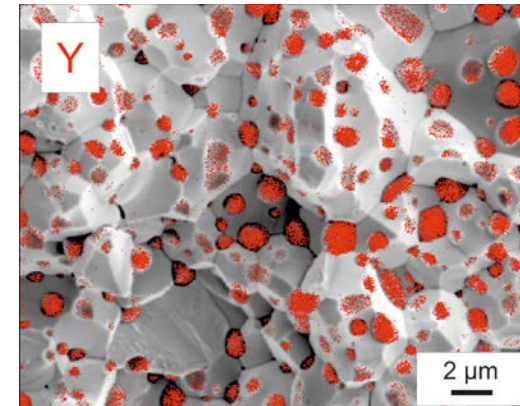
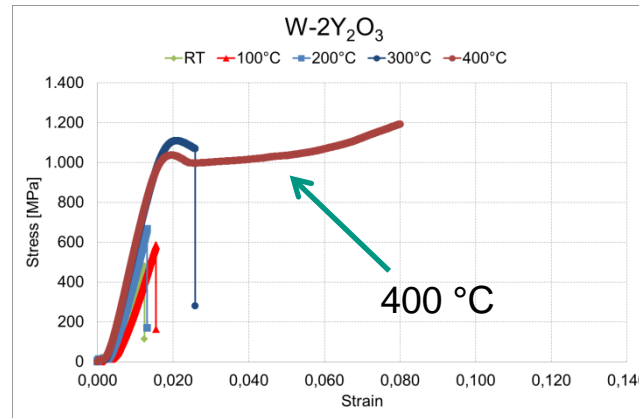
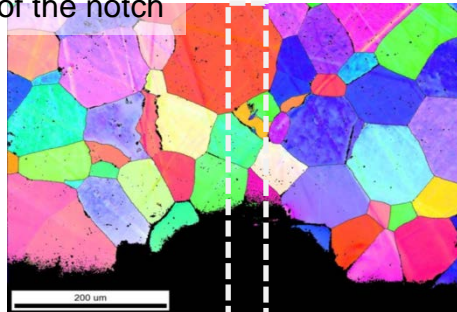


Sample geometry: (12 x 1 x 1) mm
Constant strain rate: 0.0330 mm/min

Grain size
Pure W: 50 – 100 μm
W-1TiC: 4 – 6 μm
W-2Y₂O₃: 4 – 8 μm



EBSD of the notch



Transgranular crack @ RT

AES: Microstructure & element allocation

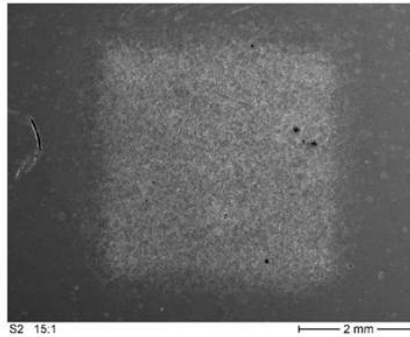
Development of new materials

... Thermal shock tests via e-beam @ JUDITH-1 ...

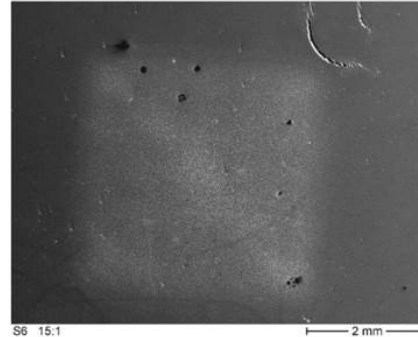
Courtesy of G. Pintsuk (FZJ)

T [°C]	P _{abs} [GW/m ²]	Δt [ms]	E _{abs} [MJ/m ²]	F _{HF} [MW/m ² *s ^{1/2}]	# shots
1000	0.38	1	0.38	12	1000

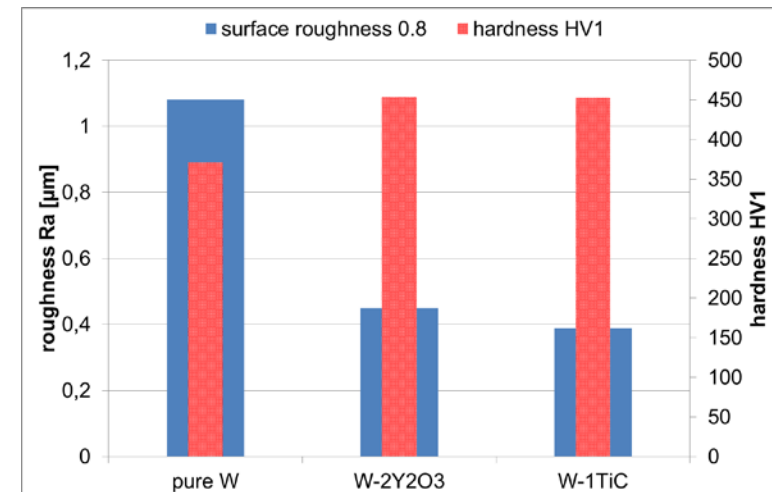
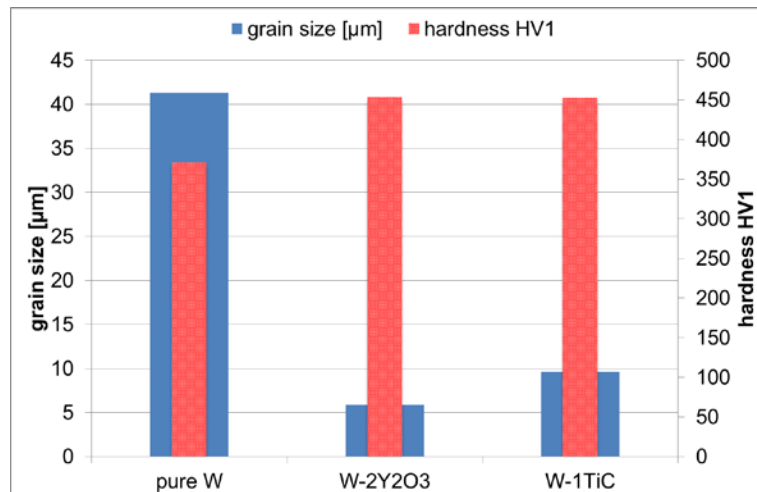
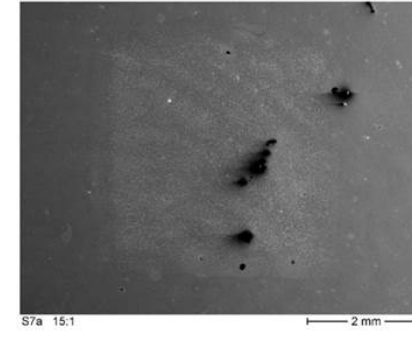
W



W-2Y₂O₃



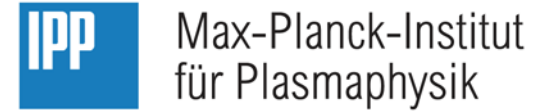
W-1TiC



- Powder Injection Molding @ KIT
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Summary

- **Mass production** of near-net-shape parts (~ **20 Monoblocks / hour**)
via PIM @ KIT
- Brittle to ductil transition for **pure PIM W** at **200 °C (low strain rates)**
- No porosities or cracks, high density (better than 99 % T.D.)
- No recrystallisation – possible grain growth at very high temperatures only
- Fully anisotropic material properties
- High thermal shock resistance
- PIM is an ideal tool for rapid **material development** (oxide and carbide doped tungsten)
- Further projects with FZJ and IPP Garching: W_f/W and self passivated W
→ See talk of Jan Coenen



THANK YOU VERY MUCH!

