

Metal-Isolator-Metal Varactor Based on Inkjet-Printed Tunable Ceramics

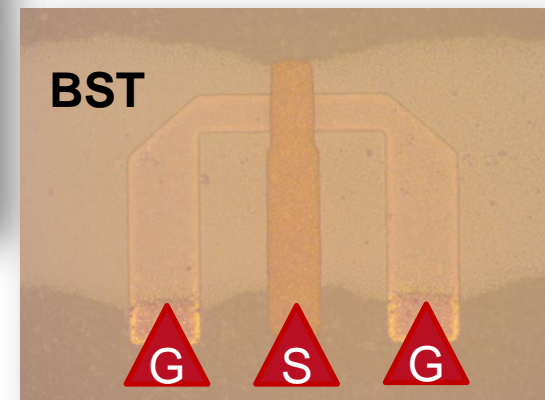
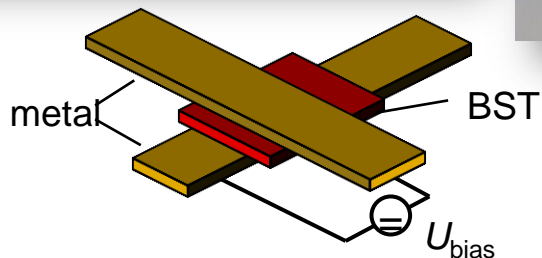
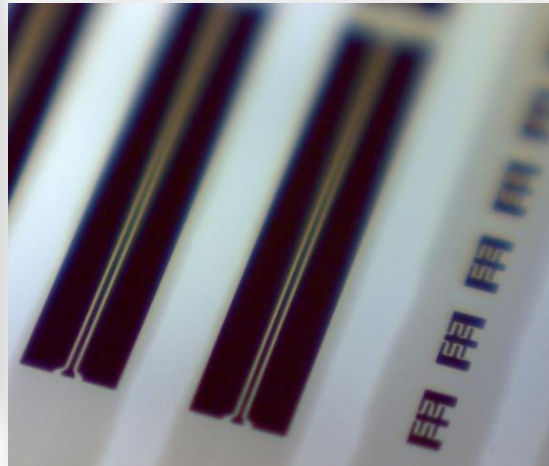
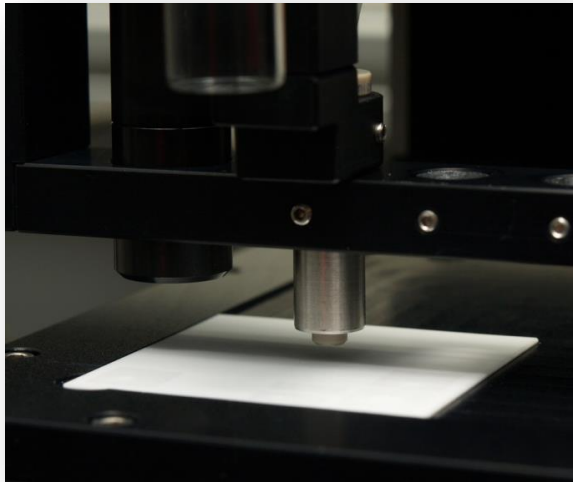


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German Microwave Conference
10-12 March 2014





- Introduction
- Inkjet Printing of BST
- Varactor Fabrication
- Prototype and Measurement Results
- Conclusion & Outlook

Introduction

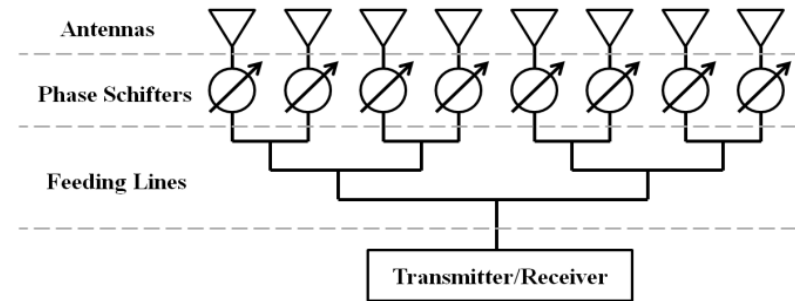
➤ Multi frequency functionality:

- Tunable phase shifters
- Tunable antennas
- Tunable filters

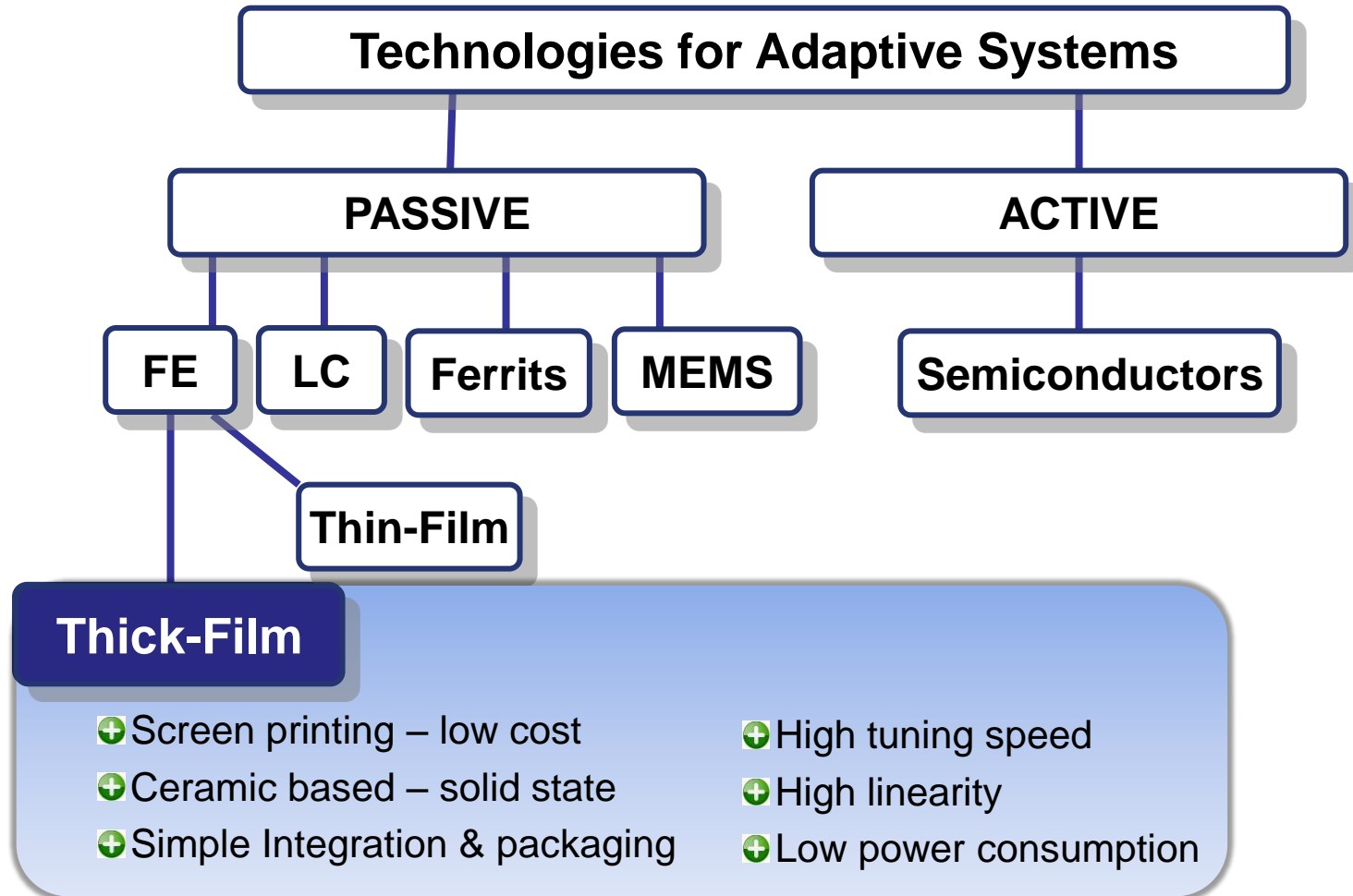
➤ A tunable component can reduce

- Size
- Complexity
- power consumption

➤ The functional components in a tunable circuit are tunable varactors or switches



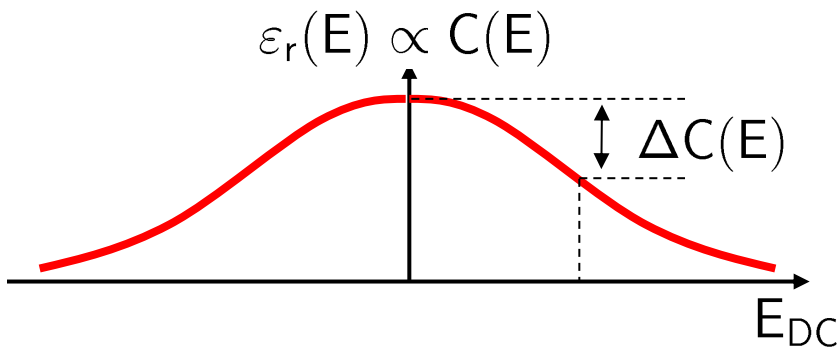
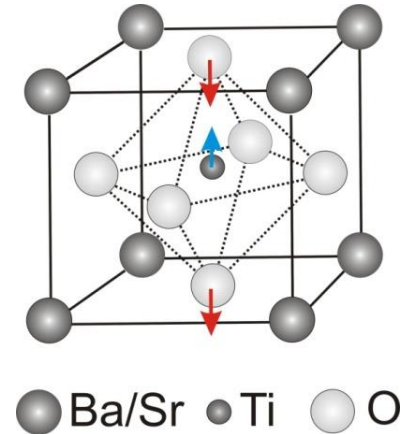
Why BST Thick-Film?



Barium-Strontium-Titanate (BST)

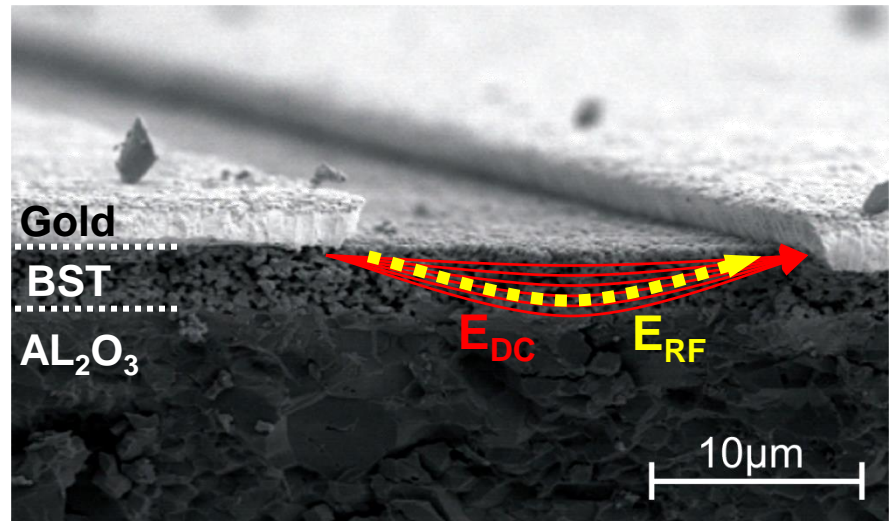
Tunable Dielectric

- Permittivity changes by applying an electrostatic field
- Basic tunable component
 - Tunable Interdigital Capacitor (IDC)
 - Minimum gap 10 μm



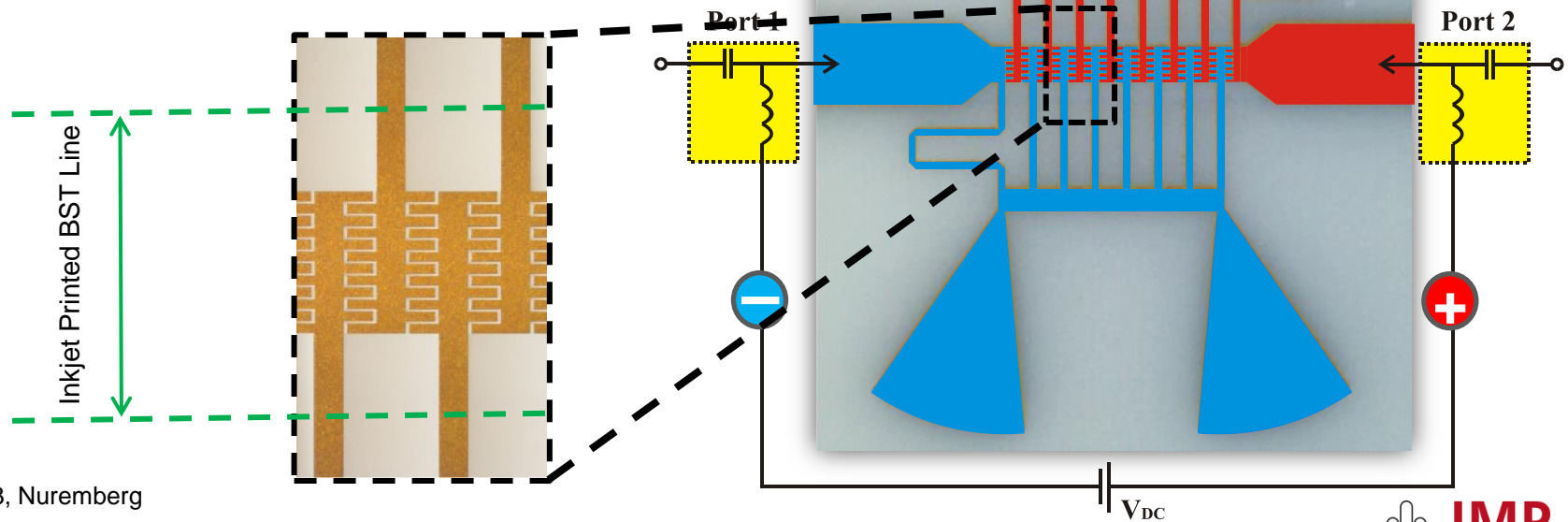
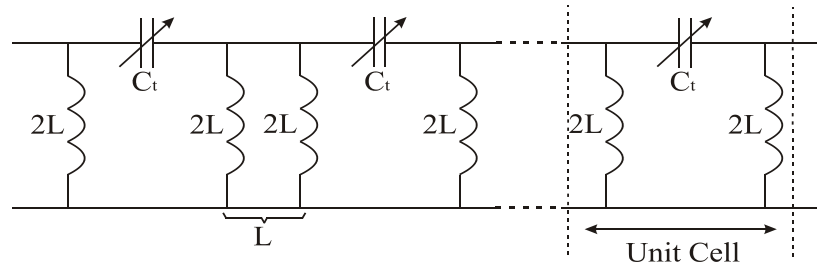
Tunability

$$\tau_C(E) = \frac{C(0) - C(E)}{C(0)}$$



Left-hand Transmission Line Phase Shifter

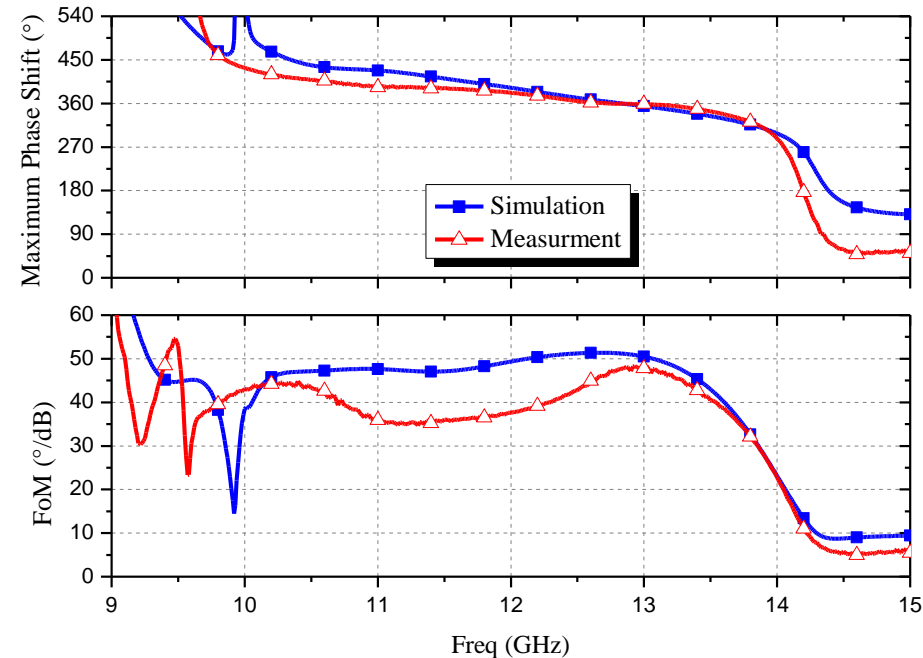
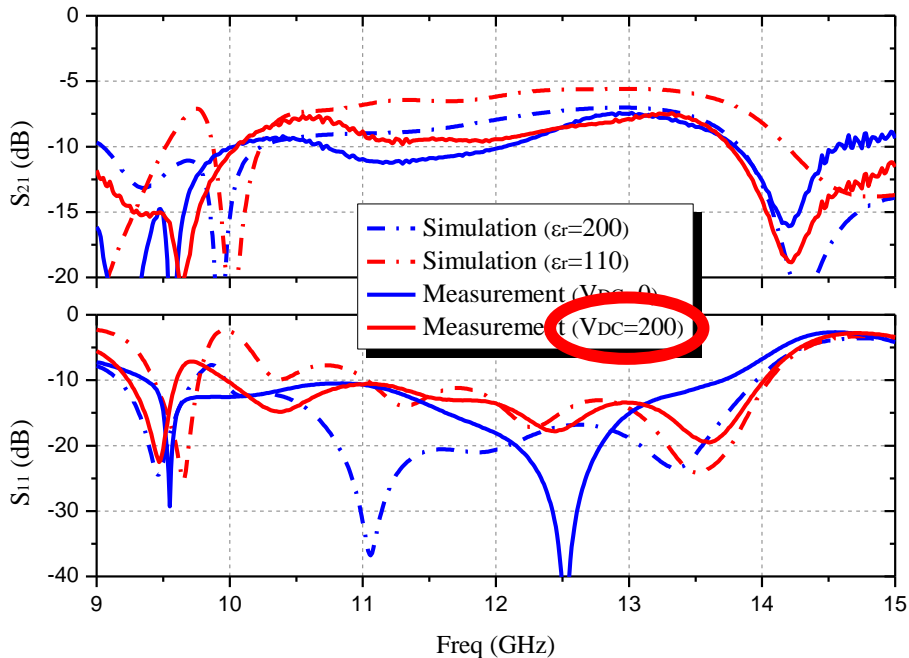
- Top view of the manufactured tunable phase shifter
 - The BST line is printed in the IDCs region.



EuMA 2013, Nuremberg

Phase Shifter Measurement Results

- Simulated and measured s-parameter of the phase shifter
 - The maximum insertion loss is 10dB at 12GHz



Component Design

Geometry Efficiency

Material Tunability

$$\tau_{\varepsilon}(\mathbf{E}) = \frac{\Delta\varepsilon_r(\mathbf{E})}{\varepsilon_r(0)}$$

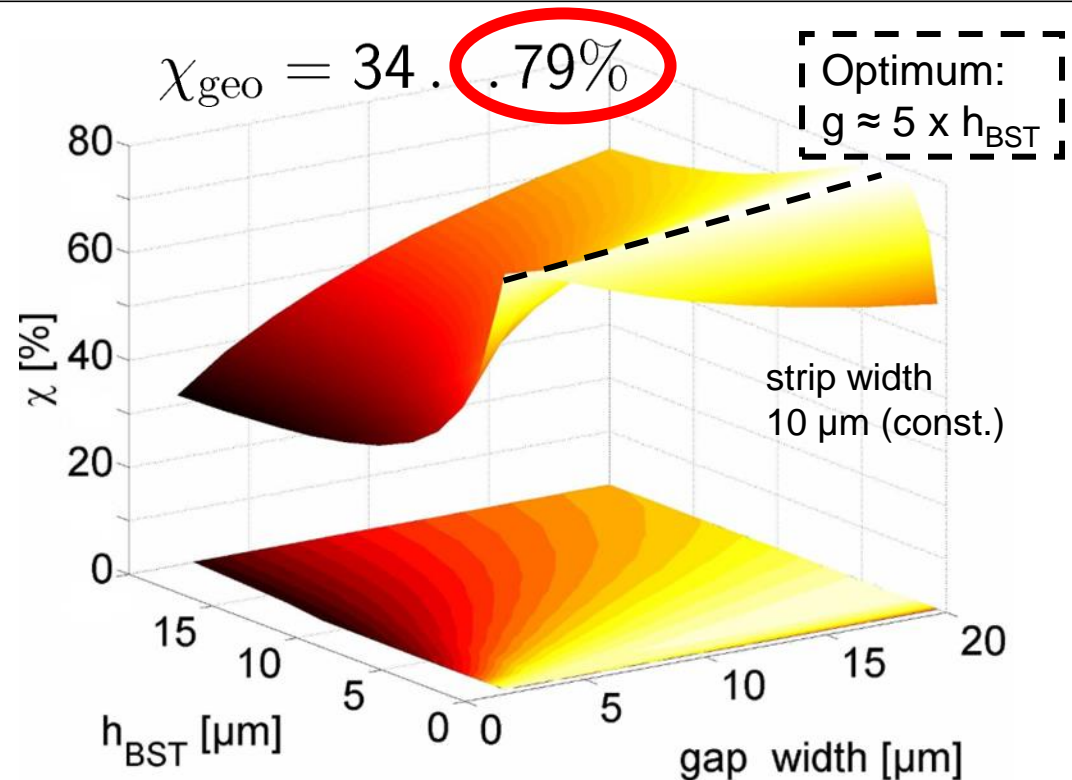
Component Tunability

$$\tau_C(\mathbf{E}_{\text{eff}}) = \frac{\Delta C(\mathbf{E}_{\text{eff}})}{C(0)}$$



Geometry Efficiency

$$\chi_{\text{geo}}(\mathbf{E}_{\text{eff}}) = \frac{\tau_C(\mathbf{E}_{\text{eff}})}{\tau_{\varepsilon}(\mathbf{E}_{\text{eff}})}$$



The component geometry is a critical parameter for the design of tunable components.

Limitation of the technology

| Tunable phase shifters by using BST thick-film | Advantages | Disadvantages |
|--|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | Tuning Speed | High biasing voltage (max 200V) |
| | Low power consumption | Low FOM |
| | Compact Size | Frequency limitation |
| | Compatible with planar structure | Delicate fabrication process |

Limitation of the technology



Tunable phase shifters by using BST thick-film

Disadvantages

High biasing voltage
(max 200V)

Low FOM

Frequency limitation

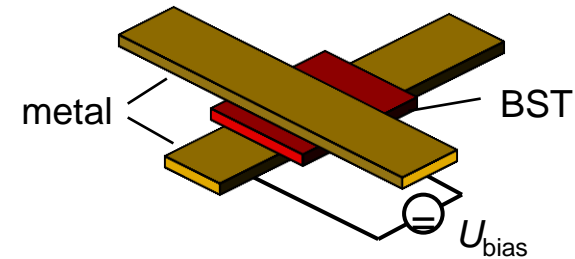
Delicate fabrication process

Metal Isolator Metal Capacitors (MIM)

Limitation of the technology

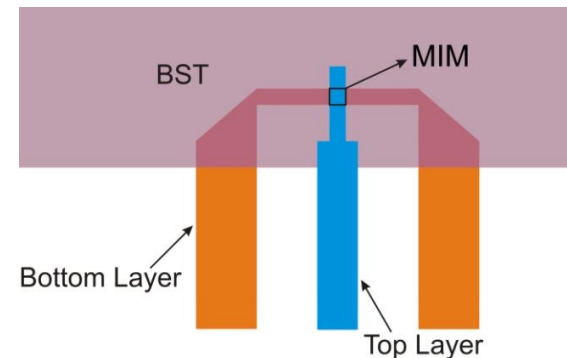
➤ Metal Isolator Metal Capacitors (MIM):

- Reduce biasing voltage
- Increase breaking voltage
- Increase maximum tunability
- Improver Insertion Loss
- Decrease number of tunable units

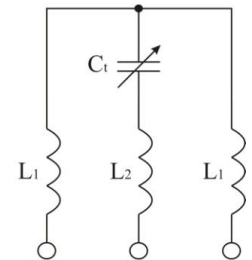


➤ MIM Varactor fabricated by selective printed BST film:

- Top and bottom conductor layer fabricate by Photolithography process
- BST layer Printed

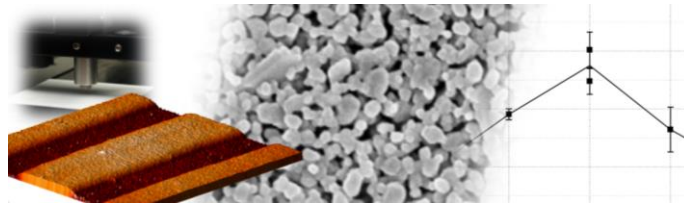


Layout of the MIM varactor



Equivalent circuit of the MIM varactor

Inkjet Printing of BST



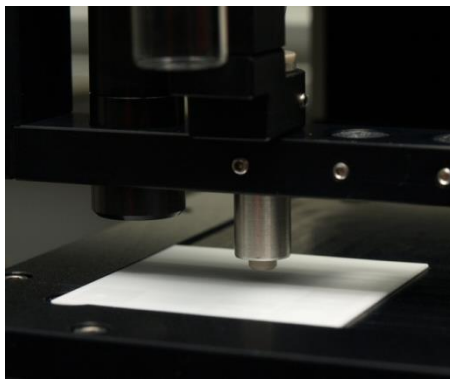
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➤ The inkjet printing technology:

- Selective BST material printing
- Flexible fabrication process
- Simultaneous multi material printing option
- Single nozzle printhead with $100\mu\text{m}$ orifice diameter



BST-Powder



Inkjet Printing

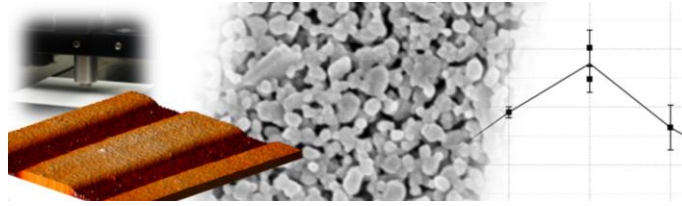


Sintering



BST-Line

Inkjet Printing of BST

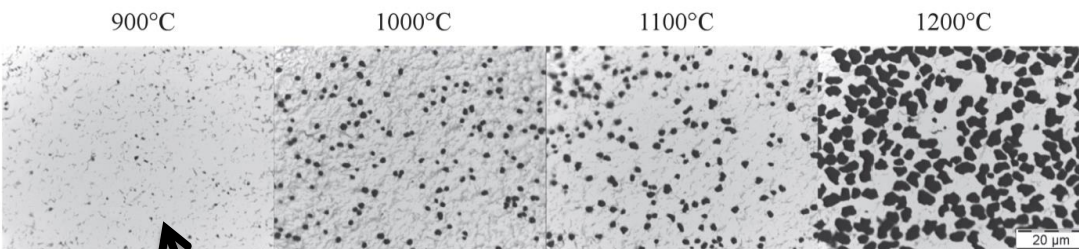


➤ The inkjet printing technology:

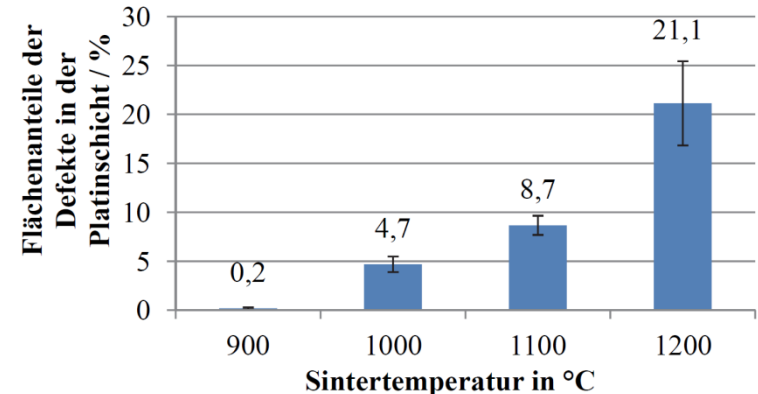
- Selective BST material printing
- Flexible fabrication process
- Simultaneous multi material printing option
- Single nozzle printhead with 100 μ m orifice diameter

➤ Degradation of the platinum layers

- The increase in the number of defects in the platinum layer (200nm) on top of Al₂O₃ substrates (sintered 1h) at different sintering temperatures.



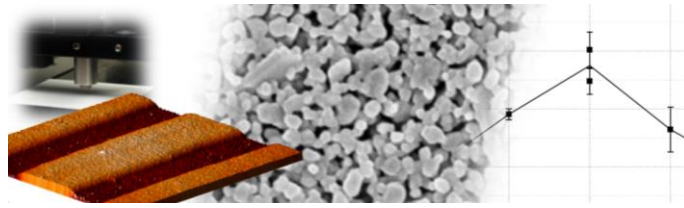
Taken with light microscope at 1000 \times magnification



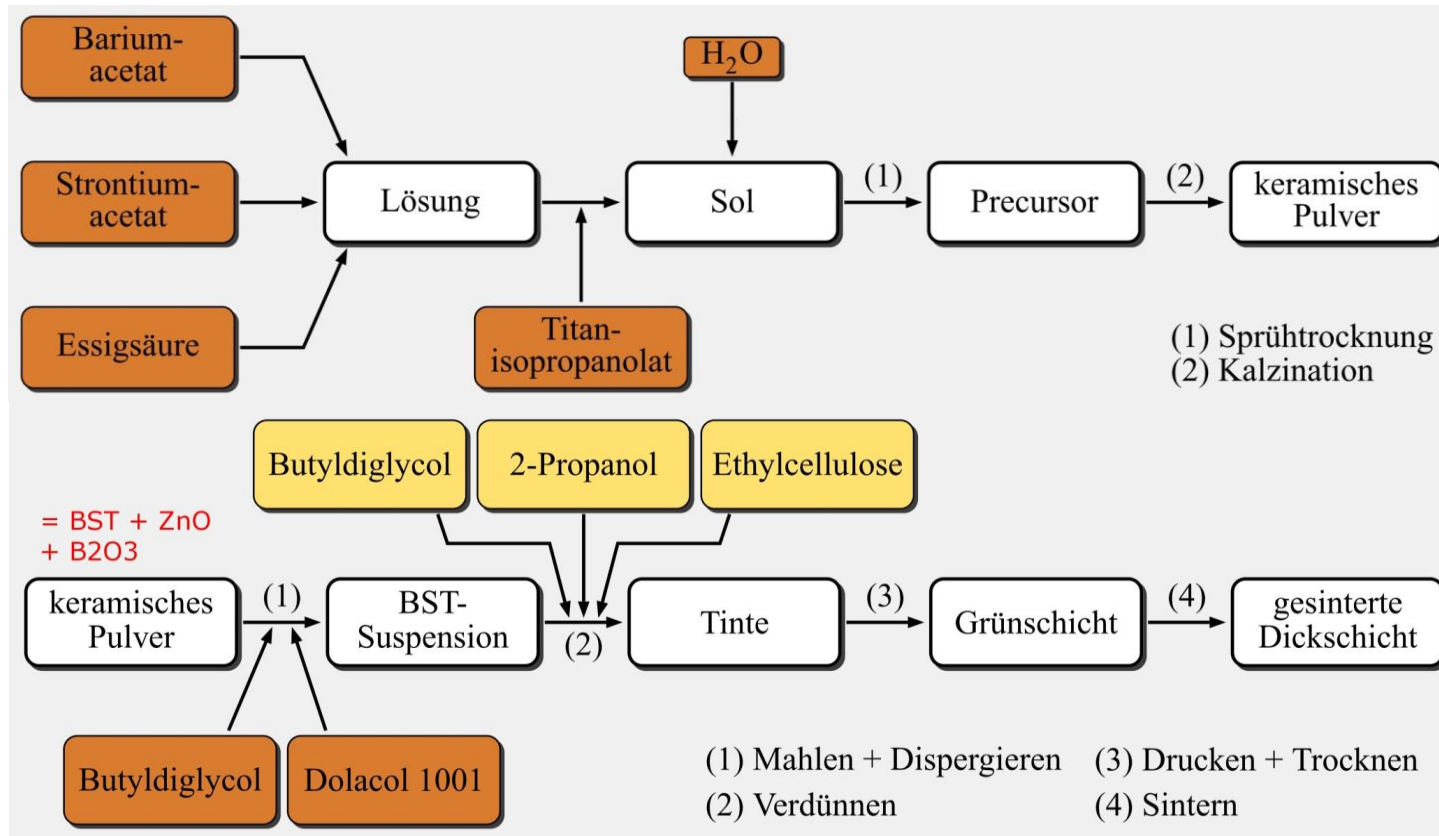
➤ Goal:

Reducing BST sintering temperature below 900°C

Inkjet Printing of BST

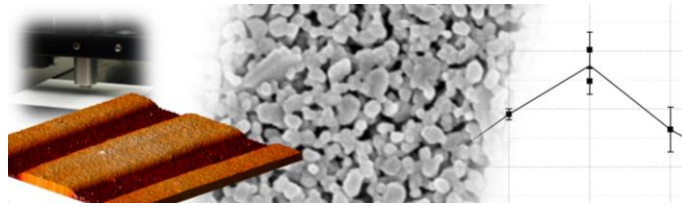


➤ Past preparation for low sintering BST thick-film:



C. Kohler "Effects of ZnO–B₂O₃ Addition on the Microstructure and Microwave Properties of Low-Temperature Sintered Barium Strontium Titanate (BST) Thick Films"

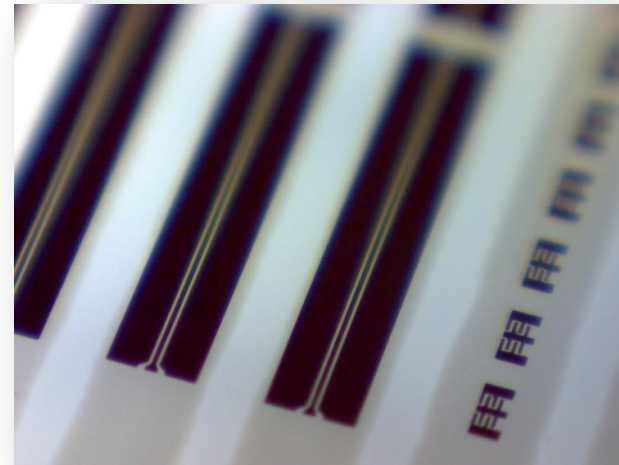
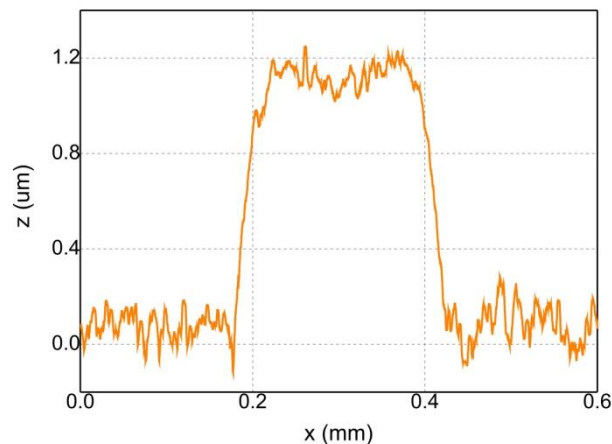
Inkjet Printing of BST



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➤ 850°C sintered BST inkjet printed line characterization by IDC:

- Topography of an inkjet printed BST line, dried at $T = 50^\circ\text{C}$ and sintered at $T = 850^\circ\text{C}$
- Patterned CPW on top of the printed BST line. The minimum gap of the CPW is $10\mu\text{m}$.
- CPW line has been measured by on-wafer probes



The characteristics of inkjet printed BST film:

| | |
|--------------|--------------------------|
| Freq | 10GHz |
| Permittivity | 133 |
| Tunability | 23%(10V/ μm) |
| Loss Tangent | 0.07 |

photolithography process

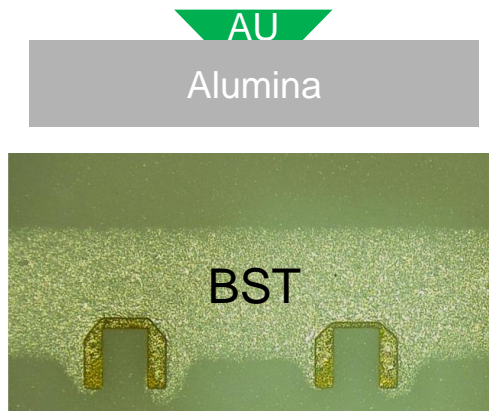
Metal Isolator Metal Capacitors (MIM):

- MIM capacitor by using photolithography process
 - Minimum line wide 10 μ m
 - Cr/Ni as a seed layer because of 850° sintering temperature
chrome-nickel/gold (20nm/60nm) seed layer

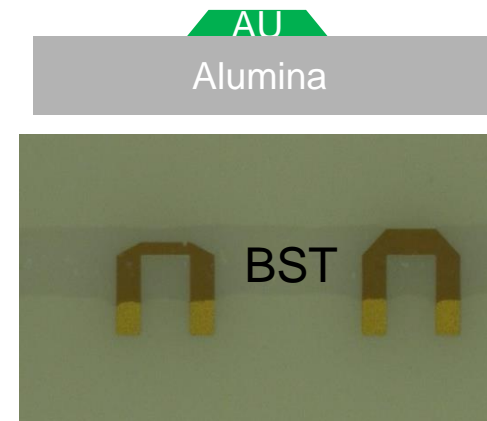


➤ Bottom electrode edge angle influence:

- Electroplating by Positive Photoresist



- Electroplating by Negative Photoresist

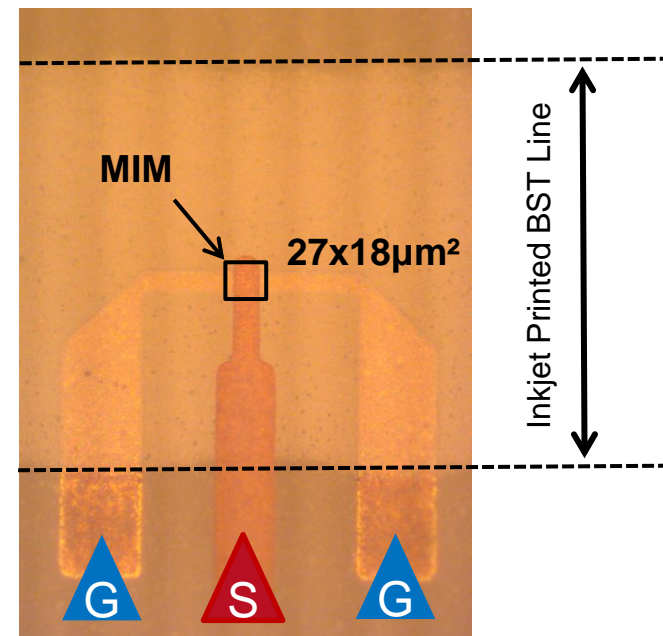
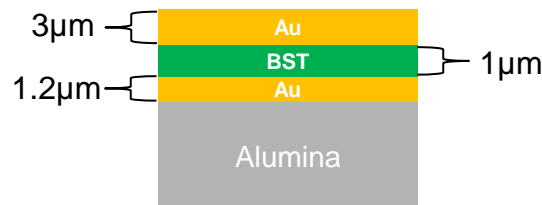


Prototype of The MIM Varactor

➤ Multilayer structure by Metal Isolator Metal (MIM) capacitor

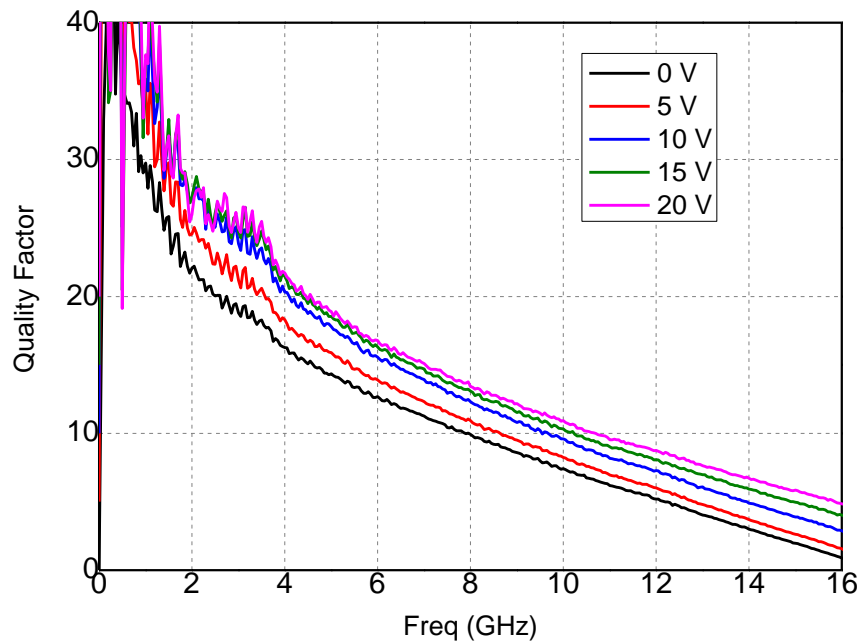
(1.2um bottom layer)

- Alignment was done using a fiducial camera system and alignment markers which were applied together with the bottom electrodes
- GSG with 150μm pitch were used to contact the component



Measurement Results

- Measurement result of Multilayer structure by Metal Isolator Metal (MIM) capacitor
 - The biasing voltage has been applied by bias-tee at the RF-port



The Quality factor of the MIM varactor in different biasing voltage

| | 10GHz |
|-------------------------|---------------------------|
| Capacitance | 0.75pF |
| Quality factor | 8(Lt 0.12) |
| Permittivity | 200 |
| Tunability | 37%(20V/ μm) |
| Maximum Tunability | 70%(100V/ μm) |
| Maximum Leakage Current | 0.03mA |

Biassing voltage significantly reduced



➤ Conclusion

- The realization and measurements of an inkjet-printed tunable MIM varactor
- The tuning voltage is significantly reduced
- The tunability of 37 % was reached at 20 V biasing voltage (maximum 75%)

➤ Outlook

- The fabricated MIM capacitor demonstrates a simple and flexible preparation
- The quality factor of 8 is achieved at 10GHz which can be increased by reducing conductor and BST layers loss
- Future tunable microwave components based on inkjet printing



Thank you for your attention



Cooperation Partners

