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Empirical Studies of the Effective Interaction and of Exchange Effects for the Folding Model Approach of 104 MeV α -Particle Scattering

H.J. Gils, H. Rebel



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Empirical Studies of the Effective Interaction and of Exchange Effects for the Folding Model Approach of 104 MeV α -Particle Scattering

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ABSTRACT

Differential cross sections of elastic 104 MeV α -particle scattering from several target nuclei between 12 C and 116 Sn have been analyzed by a semimicroscopic folding model in order to obtain an adequate normalization of the effective nucleon- α -interaction and to study the influence of the normalization on the extracted rms-radii of the nuclear matter. By additionally introducing an effective exchange potential we studied the dependence of the matter parameters on exchange effects. Furthermore the exchange potential was applied to the inelastic scattering from 20 Ne, 56 Fe, 58 Ni, 60 Ni, 90 Zr, and 116 Sn. No significant deviations between deformation parameters and rms-radii, respectively, extracted with and without exchange potential could be observed. Isocalar transition rates have been determined and have been compared to results from different methods.

Empirische Untersuchungen der effektiven Wechselwirkung und der Austauscheffekte in der Faltungsmodellnäherung für 104 MeV α -Teilchen Streuung.

ZUSAMMENFASSUNG

Differentielle Wirkungsquerschnitte der elastischen Streuung von 104 MeV α -Teilchen an verschiedenen Targetkernen zwischen 12 C und 116 Sn wurden im Rahmen eines halbmikroskopischen Faltungsmodells analysiert, um eine geeignete Normierung der effektiven Wechselwirkung zu gewinnen. Der Einfluß der Normierung auf extrahierte mittlere quadratische Radien der Nukleonendichteverteilung wurde untersucht. Durch Einführung eines zusätzlichen Austausch-Pseudopotentials studierten wir die Abhängigkeit der Parameter der Dichteverteilung von Austauscheffekten. Darüberhinaus wurde das Austauschpotential bei der Analyse der inelastischen Streuung von 20 Ne, 56 Fe 58 Ni, 60 Ni, 90 Zr und 116 Sn angewendet. Es wurden keine Unterschiede der Deformationsparameter und mittleren quadratischen Radien zwischen den Analysen mit oder ohne Austauschpotential beobachtet. Aus den Resultaten der Nukleonendichteverteilungen wurden isokalare Übergangswahrscheinlichkeiten berechnet und mit Ergebnissen anderer Methoden verglichen.

1. INTRODUCTION

To the lowest order of a multiple scattering expansion the real part $U_{R}(\vec{r}_{\alpha})$ of the optical potential is generated by averaging an effective projectile-bound-nucleon interaction $V_{eff}(\vec{r}_{\alpha},\vec{r})$ over the nucleon density distribution $\rho_{m} = \langle 0 | \sum_{i}^{\gamma} \delta(\vec{r} - \vec{r}_{i}) | 0 \rangle$ of the target:

(1.1)
$$U_{R}(\vec{r}_{\alpha}) = \int V_{eff}(\vec{r}_{\alpha},\vec{r}) \rho_{m}(\vec{r}) d^{3}r$$

The folding model description of scattering of nuclear particles from nuclei is based on such a simple expression neglecting all higher order terms, the polarizibility of a complex projectile and effects arising from antisymmetrization and exchange between projectile and target. This approach has been extensively applied in recent α -particle scattering studies in order to extract nuclear size and shape information from measured differential scattering cross sections. As shown in a recent review Re 74 this approach is very successful and resulted in values of the rms-radii and of the nuclear deformation completely in agreement with results from other methods. However, before unambiguous information concerning the nucleon density distribution $\boldsymbol{\rho}_{m}$ can be deduced by the folding procedure one has to determine the effective interaction and to reduce its uncertainties to a minimum. The effective α -particle nucleon interaction has been discussed frequently, GI Ve 66, Be 69, Ba Fr 71, Le Hi 72, Bu Du 70. One approach |Gl Ve 66, Be 69, Bu Du 70 uses a double folding procedure and derives the α -nucleon interaction by averaging the nucleonnucleon interaction over the internal motion of the α -particle. Batty et al. Ba Fr 71 compared these attempts and concluded that the best choice for a local effective interaction is of the simple Gaussian form

(1.2)
$$V_{eff} = \lambda_R(E) \cdot V_o \exp\left[-|\vec{r} - \vec{r}_{\alpha}|^2 / \mu_o^2\right]$$

The strength V_o and the range μ_o were determined by Bernstein |Be 69| to be V_o = 37 MeV and μ_o = 2.0 fm. As pointed out by Batty et al. |Ba Fr 71| these values have to be corrected since Bernsteins derivation used the rms-radius of the charge distribution instead of the nucleon matter radius of the α -particle. The corrected values are V_o = 43 MeV and μ_o = 1.901 fm. The energy dependent factor $\lambda_{\rm R}({\rm E})$ is a "renormalization" of the free α -nucleon interaction due to the influence of the other bound nucleons. It has been argued that the quantity $\lambda_{\rm R}$ can be determined by calibrating the effective interaction at the α -particle scattering from 40 Ca. The nucleus 40 Ca is the heaviest T=0 nucleus and no difference between proton and neutron distribution is expected so that $\rho_{\rm m}$ may be taken from electron scattering results. Following this proposal of Bernstein and Seidler |Be Se 71| Lerner et al. |Le Hi 72| investigated the elastic α -particle scattering from 40 Ca between 40 and 115 MeV projectile laboratory energy and deduced values and energy dependence of $\lambda_{\rm R}$ on the basis of a Gaussian interaction with $\mu_{\rm o} = 2.0$ fm (and $V_{\rm o} = 37$ MeV).

In the present paper we report similar studies of a Gaussian effective interaction with the corrected value of the range parameter $~\mu_{_{O}}$ = 1.901 fm in order to provide a reliable value of $\lambda_{\rm R}$ for E_{α} = 104 MeV. Starting with nucleon density distributions the parameters of which are taken from electromagnetic results we extend previous investigations over ten nuclei from 12 C to 116 Sn aiming at some information about a possible Adependence and specific nuclear structure effects of the λ_R value. Furthermore the influence of exchange effects on the results of the folding model procedure are studied. Exchange effects are often said to be important |Scha 70|, in particular for inelastic transitions of high multipolarities, and they may influence the values of the free parameters of the transition densities extracted by the analyses. In particular, exchange corrections may affect the values of the deformation parameters when in the framework of collective models the transition densities are derived from deformed distributions $\rho_{m}.$ It is the purpose of this paper to explore these and other sensitivities on the parameters of the effective interaction and of the nuclear matter distributions, respectively.

The investigations are based on the data taken at E_{α} = 104 MeV and collected for several years by the group at the Karlsruhe Isochronous Cyclotron |Ha Lö 69, Ha Ha 70, Re Lö 72 a, Re Sc 72 b, Gi Re 74 a|. The differential cross sections are measured with high angular accuracy

and in sufficiently small angle steps so that position and slope of the diffraction oscillations are well determined. This is just the type of measured angular distributions which can reveal agreement and deficiencies of the reaction model under consideration. In most cases the Karlsruhe data are restricted to the forward region where the pronounced diffraction patterns are observed. We feel that such a restriction is in the spirit of the simple folding model represented by eq. 1.1 and based on "elementary" α -particles which interact only in the low density region of the nucleus. Certainly, the differential cross sections at backward angles reveal more complicated features of the reaction mechanism when the α -particles are probing deeper into the nucleus. But with the aspect of providing a tool for studies of the nuclear surface an application of the folding concept to the angular distributions of the backward angles would bring up more uncertainties rather than refined information on the nucleus.

2. STUDIES OF THE PARAMETER λ_{R}

2.1 General Procedure

We assume that for not too heavy nuclei the nucleon and the proton distribution are identical and introduce into eq. 1.1 a distribution $\rho_{\rm m}$ derived from experimental results of nuclear charge distributions by unfolding the charge distribution of a single proton via the relation

(2.1)
$$\langle r^2 \rangle_{ch} = \langle r^2 \rangle_{p} + \langle r^2 \rangle_{s.p.} = \langle r^2 \rangle_{m} + \langle r^2 \rangle_{s.p.}$$

For the rms-radius $\langle r^2 \rangle_{s.p.}^{1/2}$ of a single proton the value of 0.8 fm is adopted. As functional form of the distribution a two-parameter Fermi distribution (w=o) or a parabolic Fermi distribution is used.

(2.2)
$$\rho(r) = \rho_0 \left[1 + \exp\left(\frac{r-c}{a}\right)\right]^{-1} \left(1 + w \frac{r^2}{c^2}\right)$$

Converting charge distributions to nucleon distributions the difference $\langle r^2 \rangle_{ch} - \langle r^2 \rangle_m$ (eq. 2.1) is ascribed to a change of $c = c_{ch} + c = c_m$ while the other parameters remain fixed. Preceeding studies | Ma Li 73, Gi Re 74 b | showed that the differential cross sections are less sensitive to the specific values of c_m and a_m provided that the combination reproduces the

correct value of the rms-radius. The values for the charge distributions are taken from a compilation of Hofstadter and Collard |Ho Co 67| who presented as empirical A-dependence of the rms-radii

$$\langle r^2 \rangle_{ch}^{1/2} = 0.82 \cdot A^{1/3} + 0.58 \text{ [fm]}$$

From the average value of the measured rms-radii quoted by Hofstadter and Collard c_m is deduced using the relations (2.1) and

$$c_{\rm m} = \sqrt{\frac{5}{3} < r^2 >_{\rm m} - \frac{7}{3} \pi^2 a_{\rm m}^2}$$
 and

assuming $a_m = 0.5$. According to Elton |El 61| the half-way radius c_{ch} of a two parameter Fermi distribution follows

$$c_{ch} = 1.115 \cdot A^{1/3} - 0.53 \cdot A^{-1/3}$$
 [fm]

with $a_{ch} = 0.57$ fm for $A \ge 20$ while for ${}^{16}0$ and ${}^{12}C a_{ch} = 0.46$ fm is recommended as a suitable value |c.f. El 61|. Since the choice of the rms-radius affects the results much more than the particular functional form of the distribution the effects of various values of the rms-radius (compiled in tab. 1 for convenience) are compared.

In our calculations the imaginary part ${\rm U}_{\rm I}(\vec{\dot{r}}_{\alpha})$ of the optical potential was treated in two different representations: the macroscopic three parameter Saxon-Woods form

(2.3)
$$U_{I}(\vec{r}_{\alpha}) = W_{O}\left[1 + \exp\left(\frac{\vec{r}_{\alpha} - R_{W}}{a_{W}}\right)\right]^{-1}$$

and alternatively, according to Bernstein's proposal |Be Se 71|

(2.4)
$$U_{I}(\vec{r}_{\alpha}) = (\lambda_{I}/\lambda_{R}) \cdot U_{R}(\vec{r}_{\alpha})$$

the imaginary part proportional to U_R . The latter representation is chosen for a direct comparison with other investigations although the macroscopic Saxon-Woods-form frequently results in better fits to the experimental data. The fact that two completely different representations of the imaginary part lead to satisfactory and consistent results is also a consequence of the strong absorption emphasizing the surface region of the potentials.

Nuclide	Experimental charge rms-radii [Ho Co 67]	Average of value	experimental ues	Empirical Hofstadte	formula of r and Collard	Empirical formula of Elton		
	[fm]	charge	nucleon matter	charge	nucleon matter	charge	nucleon matter	
<u>. . </u>		[fm]	[fm]	[fm]	[fm]	[fm]	[fm]	
12 _C	2.53; 2.58; 2.41; 2.47; 2.42; 2.35	2.46	2.33	2.457	2.323	2.469	2.336	
16 ₀	2.75; 2.71; 2.79	2.75	2.63	2.646	2.522	2.630	2.506	
²⁰ Ne	2.91; 3.00	2.96	2.85	2.806	2.689	3.047	2.940	
24 _{Mg}	2.98; 2.91	2.95	2.84	2.945	2.835	3.160	3.057	
28 _{Si}	3.04; 3.14	3.09	2.99	3.070	2.964	3.266	3.166	
32 _S	3.12; 3.33; 3.19	3.21	3.11	3.183	3.081	3.360	3.264	
⁴⁰ Ca	3.50; 3.41; 3.49 [*]	3.47	3.38	3.384	3.288	3.536	3.445	
56 _{Fe}	3.85; 3.75; 3.74	3.78	3.69	3.717	3.630	3.834	3.749	
90 _{Zr}	4.27 ^{**}	4.27	4.19	4.255	4.179	4.332	4.257	
116 _{Sn}	4.55; 4.50; 4.67	4.57	4.50	4.579	4.509	4.639	4.570	

Tab. 1 Rms-radii of charge and nucleon density distributions adopted for the analyses.

* From Frosch et al. |Fr Ho 68]

** From Brissaud et al. |Br Bo 72|

2.2 $\lambda_{\rm R}$ -calibration by elastic scattering from $\frac{40}{Ca}$

The study of Lerner et al. |Le Hi 72| is based on a parabolic Fermi charge distribution of ⁴⁰Ca obtained by Frosch et al. |Fr Ho 68| The parameter values used were $c_{ch} = 3.676$ fm, $a_{ch} = 0.585$ fm and w = -0.1017 resulting in a rms charge radius $\langle r^2 \rangle_{ch}^{2/2} = 3.487$ fm and a rms radius of the proton density distribution $\langle r^2 \rangle_p^{ch/2} = 3.394$ fm. Lerner et al. fitted the measured differential cross sections for elastic scattering from ⁴⁰Ca by varying λ_R and λ_I . From the data measured by the Karlsruhe group at $E_{cr} = 104$ MeV they found

$$\lambda_{\rm R} = 0.86 \qquad \qquad \lambda_{\rm I} = 0.48$$

Proceeding as described in sect. 2.1 we repeated first the analysis for $E_{\alpha} = 104 \text{ MeV}$ with $V_0 = 37 \text{ MeV}$ and $\mu_0 = 2 \text{ fm}$. The obtained values given in tab. 2 are slightly different from the values of Lerner et al. This may be due to a different angular range used in the analysis and due to little differences in the procedure. Starting with the corrected range parameter $\mu_0 = 1.901 \text{ fm}$ an increased value of $\lambda_R \cdot V_0$ is expected according to the parameter ambiguity of the Gaussian interaction detected by Batty et al.| Ba Fr 71|

 $\lambda_{R} \cdot V_{o} \cdot \mu_{o}^{6} = \text{const.}$

The result given in tab. 2 is roughly in agreement with this relation. The values of the constant are 2060 MeV fm^6 and 1910 MeV fm^6 , respectively.

Tab. 2 compiles the results of various analyses with different conditions. Some cases are displayed in fig. 1. For the angular range $\Theta \leq 40^{\circ}$ no significant difference of the extracted $\lambda_{\rm R}$ -values has been found for the two different representations of the imaginary potential. But there is also some indication that for the larger angular range including clearly damped oscillations the macroscopic imaginary potential requires a somewhat higher $\lambda_{\rm R}$ -value as Bernstein's representation. This may reflect that in general, $\lambda_{\rm R}$ is not independent of the geometry of the imaginary part.

λ _R	c _{m'A} -1/3 [fm]	a _m [fm]	W	<r<sup>2>^{1/2} [fm]</r<sup>	λ _I or W _o [MeV]*	r _w [fm]	a _w V _o [fm][MeV]	μ _o Data [fm] range CM	χ ² /F
0.87(4) 0.94(4)	1.032	0.5851	-0.1017	3.394	0.40(2) 0.44(2)	-	- 37. 43.	2. < 75 ⁰ 1.901	95.1 77.5
0.95(4) 0.99(2) 1.04(1) 0.978(2)	1.023	0.55	0.0	3.394	0.44(2) 0.53(1) 31.(2) ^{**} 19.4(3) ^{**}	1.37(4) 1.66(5)	0.91(5) 0.57(7)	< 40° < 75° < 40°	75.1 12.7 55.4 1.1
0.96(3) 0.91(4) 1.05(3)	1.064 1.027 1.024	0.50 0.57 0.50		3.38 3.444 3.288	0.45(2) 0.42(2) 0.50(2)	-	-	< 75 ⁰	68.8 82.9 34.0
1.053(9) 0.981(2)	1.22(2) 1.034(8)	0.18(6) 0.54(1)		3.30(4) 3.39(4)	27.2(9) [*] 19.6(3) [*]	1.43(2) 1.659(9)	0.84(4) 0.58(1)	< 40	22.5 1.1

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Tab. 2 Results of the analysis of elastic scattering from ⁴⁰Ca. For better reading of the table there is only a number or sign given when the value has changed compared to the line above. The numbers in brackets are the errors in the last digit. The definitions of the errors are given in [Re Sc 72b]. Parameters without an error given have been fixed.







Fig. 2 Real (V) and imaginary(W) potentials of 40 Ca corresponding to the cross sections shown in fig. 1.

ו 30 1 In particular, the extracted $\lambda_{\rm R}$ -values depend on the adopted rms-radius of $^{40}{\rm Ca}$. The values of $\lambda_{\rm R}$ and $\lambda_{\rm I}$ seem to decrease with increasing rms-radius. In all cases the corresponding real potentials show a similar radial behaviour in therange between 3.0 and 4.0 fm which is the sensitive region of the cross sections. Fitting the experimental data the potential parameters are adjusted in such a way that a certain radial behaviour is reproduced (see fig. 2). Assuming that the averaged value of the experimental rms-radii of 3.38 fm is the correct value it is seen that this value also results from the best fits to the data, and that fits resulting in less reasonable parameter values do reproduce the data with minor quality. Therefore, done with some caution, it may not be unreasonable to adjust $\lambda_{\rm R}$ in every specific case by a best fit and simultaneously extract correct information on $\rho_{\rm m}$ although $\lambda_{\rm R}$ is determined from an independent calibration only within a 10 percent limit and will vary in this limit dependent on the specific conditions.

2.3 A-dependence

The same procedure used in the case of 40 Ca is applied to the elastic scattering cross sections of 12 C, 16 O, 20 Ne, 24 Mg, 28 Si, 32 S, 56 Fe, 90 Zr and 116 Sn. Two parameter-Fermi distributions ρ_m which are consistent with averaged experimental rms-radii or with calculated values (see tab. 1) are introduced into the folding formula (eq. 1.1). The parameters λ_R and λ_I are varied. Results are given in tab. 3 a and 3 b. There is a significant variation of λ_R and λ_I with A reflecting a dependence of λ_R on the CM-energy [Le Hi 72] superimposed by fluctuations which may be due to some structure effects.⁺) Furthermore we see for light nuclei a difference in the λ_R -values extracted only from the region $\Theta_{CM} \leq 40^{\circ}$ or including larger scattering

⁺⁾The case of ²⁴Mg resulted in a relatively bad reproduction of the experimental data and deviations from the general trends. The origin of the behaviour is not understood (see also tab. 4).

Nuclide	Experime	ental rms	-radii	Calcula (Hofsta	ted rms-r dter/Coll	adii ard)	Calcula (E	ted rms-ra lton)	dii	Average	values	E _{CM}	
	λ _R	λ _I	χ ² /F	λ _R	λI	χ ² /F	λ _R	λI	χ^2/F	λ _R	λ _I	[MeV]	
12 _C	0.75(2)	0.32(2)	49.3	0.75(2)	0.32(2)	50.0	0.75(2)	0.31(1)	42.0	0.75(1)	0.31(1)	78.	
160	0.81(3)	0.34(2)	93.2	1.04(7)	0.46(4)	115.	1.06(7)	0.48(4)	118.	0.87(3)	0.38(2)	83.2	
20 _{Ne}	0.95(3)	0.51(2)	83.8	1.13(4)	0.60(3)	82.6	0.87(3)	0.45(2)	84.9	0.96(2)	0.50(1)	86.7	
24 _{Mg}	0.81(2)	0.54(1)	703.	0.81(2)	0.54(1)	701.	0.75(3)	0.50(2)	754.	0.80(1)	0.536(8)	89.1	
28 _{Si}	0.97(2)	0.48(1)	6.2	0.99(2)	0.49(1)	5.9	0.81(2)	0.41(2)	16.0	0.92(1)	0.477(8)	91.	ı
32 _S	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- • ,	-	-	-	92.4	10
40 _{Ca}	0.96(3)	0.45(2)	68.8	1.05(3)	0.50(2)	63.2	0.91(4)	0.42(2)	82.9	0.98(2)	0.46(1)	94.5	
⁵⁶ Fe	0.92(1)	0.533(8)	16.6	0.99(1)	0.574(9)	17.1	0.86(1)	0.478(8)	19.1	0.923(6)	0.525(5)	97.1	
90 _{Zr}	0.99(2)	0.58(1)	66.7	1.00(2)	0.59(1)	67.1	0.95(2)	0.53(2)	63.	0.98(1)	0.58(1)	99.6	
116 _{Sn}	1.04(1)	0.70(1)	27.9	1.03(1)	0.69(1)	27.3	0.985(8)	0.631(8)	11.7	1.013(5)	0.667(5)	100.5	

Tab. 3a

Nuclide	Experimen	ntal rms-1	radii	Calculat (Hofstad	ted rms-ra ter/Colla	adii ard)	Calculat (E	ted rms-ra Lton)	adii	Average	values	E _{CM}
	λ _R	λI	χ ² /F	λ _R	λ _I	χ ² /F	λ _R	λI	χ^2/F	λ _R	λ ₁ [[MeV]
12 _C	1.09(4)	0.41(2)	14.3	1.09(4)	0.41(2)	14.2	1.078(6)	0.414(6)	8.2	1.08(2)	0.41(1)	78.
¹⁶ 0	0.92(6)	0.42(3)	93.5	1.06(6)	0.46(4)	86.4	1.07(6)	0.46(4)	88.2	1.02(4)	0.44(2)	83.2
²⁰ Ne	1.01(3)	0.59(3)	79.1	1.20(4)	0.69(3)	80.2	0.93(3)	0.53(2)	75.8	1.02(2)	0.58(2)	86.7
24 _{Mg}	0.79(2)	0.54(1)	763.	0.79(2)	0.55(1)	763.	0.72(2)	0.49(2)	708.	0.77(1)	0.539(8)	89.1
²⁸ si	0.97(1)	0.502(9)	2.9	1.00(1)	0.514(9)	2.7	0.81(2)	0.43(2)	11.0	0.966(8)	0.501(8)	91.
32 _S	1.00(2)	0.55(2)	22.9	1.03(2)	0.57(7)	23.6	0.86(2)	0.46(1)	16.4	0.96(1)	0.48(2)	92.4
⁴⁰ Ca	1.01(2)	0.55(1)	11.4	1.11(2)	0.61(2)	12.1	0.94(2)	0.50(1)	14.2	1.02(1)	0.534(8)	94.5
⁵⁶ Fe	0.930(9)	0.528(7)	12.7	1.00(1)	0.566(8)	13.5	0.867(9)	0.472(7)	15.3	0.928(5)	0.518(4)	97.1
⁹⁰ Zr	0.98(1)	0.541(9)	21.7	1.00(1)	0.55(1)	25.8	0.95(1)	0.50(1)	19.9	0.977(6)	0.531(6)	99.6
¹¹⁶ Sn	1.03(1)	0.70(2)	31.8	1.03(1)	0.69(2)	31.0	0.982(7)	0.633(8)	7.4	1.006(5)	0.65(1)	100.5

Tab. 3b

Tab. 3: Determination of λ_R and λ_I by fitting elastic α-particle differential cross sections based on fixed nucleon density distribution parameters. The radius parameters are deduced from tab. 1. The diffuseness adopted is 0.50 fm for columns 2 to 7 and 0.57 fm (¹²C, ¹⁶0:0.46) for columns 8 to 10. For details please refer to the text.
a) Data range θ_{CM} < 75[°]
b) Data range θ_{CM} < 40[°]

Nuclide	c _m · A ^{-1/3} [fm]	a _m [fm]	λI	χ ² /F	<r<sup>2>^{1/2} [fm]</r<sup>	<r<sup>2>^{1/2} [fm]</r<sup>
12 _C	1.29(12)	0.33(10)	0 43(1)	<u>م الح</u>	2 60(18)	2 72
16 ₀	1.16(11)	0.38(8)	0.43(2)	106.3	2.67(16)	2.79
20 _{Ne}	0.87(9)	0.58(4)	0.49(1)	82.4	2.84(12)	2.95
²⁴ Mg	0.56(9)	0.66(3)	0.62(1)	585.	2.74(10)	2.85
28 _{Si}	1.06(2)	0.44(2)	0.484(6)	5.5	2.98(4)	3.09
32 _S	<u></u>	-		-	-	-
⁴⁰ Ca	1.129(8)	0.41(2)	0.465(8)	62.0	3.36(3)	3.45
⁵⁶ Fe	1.05(1)	0.52(2)	0.525(6)	20.5	3.66(4)	3.75
90 _{Zr}	1.06(1)	0.56(2)	0.545(9)	63.5	4.24(4)	4.32
116 _{Sn}	1.073(4)	0.590(8)	0.604(6)	10.8	4.61(1)	4.68

Tab. 4a

Nuclide	$c_{m} \cdot A^{-1/3}$ [fm]	a _m [fm]	λŢ	χ ² /F	$< r^{2} >_{m}^{1/2}$ [fm]	$< r^2 > \frac{1/2}{ch}$ [fm]	
12 _C	1.342(5)	0.11(4)	0.38(2)	9.0	2,50(3)	2.62	
16 ₀	0.86(2)	0.52(7)	0.42(2)	94.7	2.57(19)	2.69	
20 _{Ne}	0.85(9)	0.60(4)	0.50(2)	86.7	2,85(12)	2.96	
24 _{Mg}	0.45(37)	0.70(6)	0.63(1)	599.	2.79(23)	2.90	
28 _{Si}	1.04(2)	0.47(1)	0.495(5)	2.2	2.99(3)	3.10	
32 _S	0.90(3)	0.61(2)	0.499(8)	15.9	3.16(6)	3.25	
⁴⁰ Са	1.10(2)	0.49(2)	0.530(8)	11.4	3.43(4)	3,52	
56 _{Fe}	1.04(1)	0.52(1)	0.538(6)	12.6	3.66(2)	3.75	
90 _{Zr}	1.061(9)	0.56(1)	0.511(7)	20.1	4.24(3)	4.32	
116 _{Sn}	1.071(3)	0.597(6)	0.603(6)	5.1	4.62(1)	4.69	

Tab. 4b

Tab. 4 Determination of the parameters of the nuclear matter distributions using $\lambda_{\rm P}$ = 0.96. Numbers in brackets are the errors in the last digits.

.

- a) Data range $\theta_{\rm CM}$ < 75^o
- b) Data range $\theta_{CM}^{ON} < 40^{\circ}$



Fig. 3 Measured and calculated elastic differential cross sections using λ_R = 0.96. The dashed lines show the fit to data ranging only up to $\theta_{CM} \leq 40^{\circ}$

angles beyond the grazing collision region. Moreover in the case of ^{12}C the α -particles penetrate more deeply into the nucleus where the density distribution deviates from the Fermi shape. As compared to the uncertainties the energy variation of $\lambda_{\rm R}$ for the fixed laboratory energy of 104 MeV is not so pronounced we deduce from the results a weightened value $\overline{\lambda_{\rm R}}$ =0.96 \pm 0.01 which may serve as a first prediction and starting point for an analysis in a specific case. Inverting the procedure and using this $\lambda_{\rm R}$ -value fixed the parameters of the nucleon distribution are determined by fitting the differential cross sections and varying $c_{\rm m}$, $a_{\rm m}$ and $\lambda_{\rm I}$.

The resulting rms-radii (cf. tab. 4) are in good agreement with the electromagnetic results (cf. tab. 1). Only in the case of ¹²C a larger discrepancy (cf. last column of tab. 4) is found which is reduced, when using only the forward scattering angles up to $\Theta_{\rm cm} \leq 40^{\circ}$. The measured and calculated differential cross sections are shown in fig. 3. The quoted errors do not include systematical errors arising from the limits of the model |cf. Re Sc 72 b |.In order to get a feeling of the uncertainty due to the $\lambda_{\rm R}$ -value chosen the analysis is repeated by scanning the $\lambda_{\rm R}$ -value from 0.75 to 1.15 for the cases of ²⁰Ne and ⁵⁶Fe. This is demonstrated in tab. 5 a and 5 b. For ⁵⁶Fe the macroscopic representation of the imaginary potential is used⁴. From the results we can deduce that an uncertainty $\Delta\lambda_{\rm R}=0.1$ contributes to $\Delta < r^2 > \frac{1/2}{m}$ by an additional uncertainty of about 2 %.

3. EXCHANGE EFFECTS

Effects arising from antisymmetrization and from exchange between projectile and target nucleons are not explicitely considered in the derivation of the effective interaction. Estimates of the importance of exchange effects can be made by use of a method proposed by Schaeffer |Scha 70| for DWBA analyses. Following this method we have to add a Gaussian pseudo potential

⁺⁾In this case the average value of λ_R obtained by the procedure described above proves to be $\lambda_R = 1.03$.

λ _R	c _m , A ^{-1/3} [fm]	a _m [fm]	λI	χ ² /F	Data range	<r2>1/2 [fm]</r2>	<r<sup>2>^{1/2} ch [fm]</r<sup>
0.75	1.29(4)	0.24(5)	0.402(7)	81.2	75 [°]	2.86(7)	2.97
0.85	1.07(7)	0.49(4)	0.44(1)	85.2		2.90(11)	3.01
0.95	0.86(9)	0.59(4)	0.49(1)	82.8		2.85(12)	2.96
1.05	0.8 (1)	0.61(4)	0.54(1)	80.0		2.77(12)	2.88
1.15	0.7 (1)	0.61(4)	0.59(2)	78.5		2.70(5.10)	2.81
0.75	1.07(7)	0.58(4)	0.41(1)	82.5	40 ⁰	3.12(11)	3.22
0.85	0.96(8)	0.60(4)	0.47(2)	78.9		3.01(12)	3.11
0.95	0.8 (1)	0.63(4)	0.52(2)	74.0		2.90(12)	3.01
1.05	0.7 (1)	0.64(3)	0.57(2)	71.1		2.81(11)	2.92
1.15	0.6 (2)	0.65(4)	0.62(2)	70.0		2.72(15)	2.84
0.96	0.87(9)	0.58(4)	0.49(1)	82.4	75 [°]	2.84(12)	2.95

Tab. 5a .

λ _R	$c_m \cdot A^{-1/3}$ [fm]	a _m [fm]	W _o [MeV]	rw [fm]	aw [fm]	χ ² /F	Data range	<r<sup>2>^{1/2} [fm]</r<sup>	<r<sup>2>1/2 ch [fm]</r<sup>
0.75	1 17(1)	0.51(2)	22.8(8)	1.61(1)	0.53(1)	8.8	750	3,95(3)	4.03
0.85	1, 12(2)	0.54(3)	38.(2)	1.54(2)	0.51(3)	15.1	15	3.88(6)	3.96
0.05	1.05(2)	0.56(2)	30.(2)	1.57(2)	0.53(2)	13.3		3.74(5)	3.83
1 05	1.06(5)	0.52(1)	67 (10)	1 <u>45(5)</u>	0.52(3)	14 5		3 70(9)	3 79
4 4 5	1.00(5)		60(10)	4 46/61	0.52(3)	411 6		7.60(9)	3.13
1.15	1.00(0)	0.50(4)	02.()1	1.40(0)	0.55(5)	14.0		5.00(9)	5.09
0.75	1.17(1)	0,52(2)	25.(2)	1.59(1)	0.54(2)	7.5	40 ⁰	3.95(4)	4.03
0.85	1.06(2)	0.54(3)	21.(1)	1.55(3)	0.65(3)	9.6		3.73(6)	3.82
0.95	1.07(4)	0.54(3)	38.(9)	1.53(3)	0.52(2)	10.4		3.76(7)	3.85
1.05	0.97(1)	0.57(2)	21.8(6)	1.57(2)	0.61(3)	5.4		3.56(4)	3.65
1.15	1.01(6)	0.55(4)	68.(40)	1.44(6)	0.52(3)	11.2		3.62(9)	3.70
1.03	1.07(5)	0.52(4)	62.(27.)	1.46(5)	0.52(3)	14.5	75 ⁰	3.71(9)	3.80

Tab. 5b

Tab. 5 Dependence of the nuclear matter distribution parameters on λ_R obtained from fits to elastic scattering cross sections.

a) ²⁰Ne

b) ⁵⁶Fe

(3.1)
$$V_{E} = V_{0}^{E}(E_{\alpha}) \exp(-|\vec{r}-\vec{r}_{\alpha}|^{2}/\mu_{E}^{2})$$

to the direct term $V^{D}(\vec{r}) \equiv V_{eff}(\vec{r})$ (eq. 1.2). Assuming a Gaussian nucleon-nucleon interaction $v = V_{n}e^{-(r/\mu_{n})^{2}}$, according to Schaeffer|Scha 70| the effective interaction including exchange effects can be written

(3.2)
$$V^{D+E} = V_0^D \left(\frac{\mu_n}{\mu_D}\right)^3 \exp(-|\vec{r} - \vec{r}_\alpha|^2 / \mu_D^2) + V_0^E \exp(-\frac{1}{4} k^2 \mu_n^2) \left(\frac{\mu_n}{\mu_E}\right)^3 \exp(-|\vec{r} - \vec{r}_\alpha|^2 / \mu_E^2)$$

with $k = \frac{m_n}{m_\alpha} \sqrt{2 \cdot m_\alpha} \cdot E = \frac{1}{4} k_\alpha$ (wave number of the incident nucleon with the same energy as the composite α -particle). The range parameters μ_n , μ_D and μ_F are related by

$$\mu_D^2 = \mu_n^2 + \mu_E^2$$

We adopt for μ_n the value of 1.52 fm |Sa 71, Be 69| and for μ_E the value of 1.31 fm |Schae 70| resulting in μ_D = 2.01 fm. Furthermore a Serber exchange mixture $V_0^E / V_0^D = 1$ |Ba Fr 71, Re Ta 70, Schae 70|is assumed. From this and taking $V_0 = V_0^D (\frac{\mu_n}{\mu_D})^3 = 43$ MeV we replace the effective interaction of eq. 1.2 by

(3.3)
$$V_{eff}^{D+E} = \lambda_{R}^{D+E} \cdot \{43 \cdot \exp(-|\vec{r} - \vec{r}_{\alpha}|^{2}/(2.01)^{2}) + 75 \exp(-|\vec{r} - \vec{r}_{\alpha}|^{2}/(1.31)^{2})\}$$

for $E_{\alpha} = 104 \text{ MeV}$.

The inclusion of an explicit exchange term in V_{eff} requires a readjustment of the λ_R -value in order to reproduce the experimental cross sections. Fig. 4 displays for ⁴⁰Ca the real potential $U_R \equiv V$ corresponding to eq. 3.3 ($\lambda_R^{D+E} = 0.62$) and compares it to the results neglecting exchange (eq. 1.1 $\lambda_R = 0.96$ with $\mu_0 = 1.901$).



Fig. 4 Real (V) and imaginary(W) potentials of 40 Ca without (D; $\lambda_{R} = 0.96$) and with (D + E; $\lambda_{R} = 0.62$) exchange term. The corresponding nucleon density parameters are given in tab. 4 and tab. 6, respectively.

We see that the exchange term leads to a steeper slope (smaller diffuseness) which can be roughly compensated in the surface region by a larger value of $\lambda_{\rm R}$ when neglecting the exchange term.

Proceeding as in sect. 2.3 an average value $\overline{\lambda_R^{D+E}}$ = 0.62 is deduced by fitting the data on the basis of eq. 3.3. The particular values for the nuclei fluctuate around this value qualitatively in the same manner as previously the results in tab. 3.

A compilation of elastic scattering analyses including the exchange potential and using $\lambda_{\rm R}$ = 0.62 fixed is given in tab. 6. There is nearly no difference between the matter parameters obtained with and without exchange potential (compare tab. 6 and tab. 4). The calculated cross sections do not deviate from those shown in fig. 3.

4. INELASTIC SCATTERING

The natural extension of the folding approach to inelastic scattering from collective states is introducing adequately deformed density distributions $\rho_{\rm m}(\vec{r})$ into eq. 1.1. For this we use as standard prescription(which is certainly not the most general way of deforming a nucleus [Tas 73]) an angular dependence of the half-way radius $c_{\rm m}$ of the two-parameter Fermi form. For a permanent deformation we refer to a body fixed system.

(4.1)
$$c_{m}(\Omega') = c_{0}(1 + \sum_{L,M} \beta_{LM} Y_{LM}(\Omega'))$$

If we assume axial symmetry terms with M \neq O vanish. More generally in the space fixed system c_m is parametrized by

(4.2)
$$c_{m}(\Omega) = c_{0}(1 + \sum_{L,M} \alpha_{LM} Y_{LM}(\Omega))$$

including dynamic deformation (vibrations). The interesting quantities are the deformation parameters β_{LM} and matrix elements of the transition operators which are built up by the operators α_{LM} .

Nuclide	c _m • A ^{-1/3} [fm]	a _m [fm]	λ _I	χ ² /F	<r<sup>2, [fm]</r<sup>	1/2 <r<sup>2>ch [fm]</r<sup>
12 _C	1.23(21)	0.41(13)	0.30(1)	61.8	2.67(25)	2.78
16 ₀	0.83(20)	0.54(7)	0.27(1)	118.4	2.59(23)	2.71
20 _{Ne}	0.90(8)	0.57(3)	0.319(7)	78.5	2.85(9)	2.96
24 _{Mg}	0.56(8)	0.65(2)	0.392(7)	569.	2.70(7)	2.82
28 _{Si}	1.09(7)	0.42(2)	0.303(4)	4.9	3.00(6)	3.10
32 _S	0.89(4)	0.60(2)	0.319(5)	15.7	3.13(6)	3.23
⁴⁰ Ca	1.13(1)	0.42(2)	0.294(4)	58.2	3.38(4)	3.47
56 _{Fe}	1.05(1)	0.51(1)	0.351(4)	17.1	3.65(2)	3.74
90 _{Zr}	1.07(1)	0.54(2)	0.352(6)	64.0	4.22(4)	4.30
116 _{Sn}	1.070(5)	0.586(9)	0.391(4)	11.2	4.59(2)	4.66

Tab. 6 Results of elastic scattering analyses including exchange effects ($\lambda_R = 0.62$). The numbers in brackets indicate the errors in the last digits. The derivation of the form factors for DWBA or CC calculations is straight forward and given in detail in ref. |Re~74|. As due to the strong coupling higher order excitation processes affect the cross sections and provide additional information we use the coupled channel method for calculating the differential cross sections. The numerical calculations were carried out with the modified Karlsruhe version |Sc~Ra~73| of the ECIS code. In general terms up to L = 4 are considered in eq. (4.1) and (4.2).Coulomb excitation is included by using a deformed Coulomb potential. Using the two alternative ways (eq. 2.3 and 2.4) in treating the imaginary potential we introduce a complex coupling.

In the case of the Saxon-Woods representation of the imaginary part the deformation of the imaginary potential is taken from preceding calculations on the basis of the extended optical potential.

The main purpose of the inelastic scattering analyses is a study of the applicability of the effective interaction derived from elastic scattering and of the influence of the exchange on the extracted nucleon density parameters, in particular, on the values of the deformation parameters. These questions are studied in six cases on the basis of several collective descriptions: ²⁰Ne, ⁵⁶Fe (symmetric rotator), ⁵⁸Ni, ⁶⁰Ni (anharmonic vibrator |Ta 65, 66, Re Lö 72 a|) 90 Zr, 116 Sn (harmonic quadrupole-octupole vibrator). We compare results of analyses (adjusting radius, diffusseness and deformation parameters of the nucleon density distributions) with (E) and without exchange pseudo potential using the corresponding expressions for the effective interactions (eq. 1.2 and 3.3, respectively), and $\overline{\lambda_R}$ -values. The results are compiled in tab. 7 and displayed in fig. 5 a - c. When introducing the exchange potential the values of the diffuseness parameters are slightly decreased in favor of a slight increase of the radius c_m . Within the error bars the values of the deformation parameters remain unchanged, even for the transition multipolarity L = 4. This shows that for E_{α} = 104 MeV the exchange contribution is completely absorbed in the phenomenologically adjusted λ_R -value of eq. 1.2. The influence of a significant mismatch of λ_R is demonstrated in the cases of 56 Fe and 116 Sn using for V_{eff} the expression with exchange potential (eq.3.3) but with the λ_p -value of 0.96) as for eq. 1.2). This requires smaller $c_{m}^{},$ larger $a_{m}^{}$ and $\beta_{L}^{}-values$ in order to

Nuclide	λ _R	λ _I or W _o [MeV] [™]	$c_{m} \cdot A^{-1/3}$ [fm]	a _m [fm]	^B 2		ßų	$r^{2} m_{m}^{1/2}$ [fm]	χ ² /F	Procedure
20 _{Ne}	0.96	0.348(4)	1.09(1)	0.42(4)	0.436(7)		0.29(1)	2.94(8)	40.8	A, dC
- 6	0.62	0.215(3)	1.12(6)	0.40(5)	0.41(2)		0.28(2)	2.95(15)	46.2	A, dC, E
⁵⁶ Fe	0.96	0.461(4)	1.11(1)	0.46(2)	0.228(4)		0.037(7)	3.75(4)	19.2	A, dC
	1.03	25.(2.)**	1.12(2)	0.47(2)	0.226(5)		0.009(7)	3.79(6)	16.4	A, dC, MI
	0.62	0.292(3)	1.13(2)	0.43(2)	0.222(4)		0.035(6)	3.75(6)	20.5	A, dC, E
	0.67	21.(1) [*]	1.021(3)	0.556(5)	0.240(4)		0.028(4)	3.70(1)	15.5	A, dC, E, MI
	0.96	0.436(4)	0.91(1)	0.52(1)	0.277(6)		0.046(8)	3.36(3)	21.1	A, dC, E
					[₿] 02	₿ ₀ 4	⁸ 24			
58 _{Ni}	0.96	0.473(5)	1.09(1)	0.48(2)	0.157(5)	0.121(4)	0.08	3.73(5)	23.4	B, dC
	0.62	0.300(3)	1.10(2)	0.48(2)	0.153(6)	0.115(4)	0.08	3.74(5)	23.9	B, dC, E
60 _{Ni}	0.96	0.478(5)	1.09(1)	0.48(1)	0.184(5)	0.108(5)	0.08	3.75(4)	14.4	B, dC
	0.62	0.302(3)	1.11(1)	0.46(2)	0.175(6)	0.107(5)	0.08	3.76(4)	14.2	B, dC, E
					[₿] 2	₿ ₃				
90 _{Zr}	0.96	0.499(4)	1.098(9)	0.49(2)	0.075(2)	0.170(2)		4.22(4)	27.0	С
	0.96	0.498(4)	1.089(9)	0.51(1)	0.081(2)	0.179(3)		4.23(3)	26.5	C, dC
	0.62	0.319(3)	1.10(1)	0.49(2)	0.080(2)	0.177(3)		4.23(4)	26.0	C, dC, E
¹¹⁶ Sn	0.96	0.540(3)	1.125(4)	0.502(7)	0.112(1)	0.154(2)		4.64(2)	11.9	С
	0.96	0.540(4)	1.119(4)	0.513(8)	0.123(2)	0.162(2)		4.64(2)	10.5	C, dC
	0.62	0.348(3)	1.129(5)	0.497(9)	0.122(2)	0.161(2)		4.65(2)	10.6	C, dC, E
	0.96	0.529(4)	0.977(1)	0.568(3)	0.144(2)	0.192(2)		4.25(1)	10.7	C, dC, E
	0.62	0.348	1.125	0.502	0.112	0.154		4.64	12.8	С, Е

Tab. 7 Inelastic scattering analyses without and with exchange term (E). The collective models used are: A: symmetric rotator model; B: Tamura's [Ta 72] anharmonic vibrator model; C: harmonic vibrator model. The numbers in brackets indicate the errors of varied parameters in the last digit.

Last column: E = exchange; MI = macroscopic imaginary potential; dC = deformed Coulomb potential.

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Fig. 5 Coupled channel analysis of inelastic scattering including the exchange term a) 20 Ne, 56 Fe; symmetric rotator model.

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Fig. 5 b 58 Ni, 60 Ni anharmonic vibrator model |Ta 65, 66, Re Lö 72 a|



Fig. 5 c 90 Zr, 116 Sn harmonic quadrupole-octupole vibrator model

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reproduce the radial behaviour of the potential in the surface region (4-7 fm) (see fig. 6).

In further calculations the effect of choosing the macroscopic Saxon-Woods representation of the (deformed) imaginary potential is studied. As demonstrated by two examples the best fit values of the parameters of the deformed Fermi distribution ρ_m are slightly different from those obtained by the different procedure, yet the values of the quadrupole moment and of the transition probability remain nearly unchanged (imaginary potential U_I = $\lambda_I / \lambda_R \cdot U_R : Q_{20} = 99.7 \pm 2.8 \text{ e fm}^2$, U_I with independent geometry: $Q_{20} =$ 97.9 \pm 3.7 e fm²).

In fig. 7 the sensitivity of the measured cross sections to the size and shape parameters is illustrated for the case of the scattering from ⁵⁶Fe. By very extensive coupled channel calculations contour plots of the χ^2 -values in the various parameter planes around the minimum value χ^2_{min} have been determined. As already found in elastic scattering |Gi Re 74 a| the cross sections are less sensitive to the particular choice of c_m and a_m provided that the combination reproduces the correct value of the rms-radius. Similar correlations are found between c_m , a_m and the deformation parameters. (The various curves in fig. 7 represent sections through the χ^2 -minimum point enveloped by the hyper surface $\chi^2 = 2 \cdot \chi^2_{min}$ in the multi dimensional parameter space). While the deformation parameters less affect the rms-radius value they distinctly influence the Q₂₀ value, which is rather well defined by the inelastic cross sections. The rms-radius and the intrinsic quadrupole moment seem to be the two independent quantities which determine the cross sections.

Finally we deduce isoscalar transition rates $B(IS L; 0 \rightarrow L)$ from the results of tab. 7 (without exchange term). On the basis of the rotational model these rates are given by

(4.1) B(IS L;
$$0 \rightarrow L$$
) = $\frac{2L+1}{16\pi}$ Q^2_{L0}



Fig. 6 Real central potential of ¹¹⁶Sn inelastic scattering analyses (see tab. 6 line 16-18) D = direct term only; D+E direct plus exchange term D+E; $\lambda_{\rm R}$ = 0.96 direct plus exchange term, $\lambda_{\rm R}$ mismatch.



Fig. 7 ⁵⁶Fe: Contour plots of the χ^2 -values in the various parameter planes around the minimum χ^2 -value.

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with

$$Q_{LO} = \frac{Z}{A} \sqrt{\frac{16\pi}{2L+1}} \int \rho_{m}(\vec{r}) \cdot Y_{LO} r^{L+2} dr d\Omega$$

In the vibrational case the reduced transition rates are calculated via the expression

(4.2) B(ISL; 0 + L) =
$$(\frac{Z}{A} \cdot |f^{(1)} < 0| |Q_L^{(1)}| |I> + f^{(2)} < 0| |Q_L^{(2)}| |I> |)^2$$

with the radial form factors

$$f^{(1)} = c_{m_0} \int r^4 \frac{\delta \rho}{\delta c_{m_0}} dr \text{ and } f^{(2)} = c_{m_0}^2 \int r^4 \frac{\delta^2 \rho}{\delta c_{m_0}^2} dr$$

The first order matrix elements $<0||Q_L^{(1)}||I>$ are identical with the β_l -values while the second order terms depend on details of the anharmonicities of the vibrational model. For the $0^+ \rightarrow 2^+_1$ transition the second order matrix element

$$<0 | |Q_{2}^{(2)}| |2_{1}> = \frac{1}{\sqrt{4\pi}} (\sqrt{2}b_{1} \beta_{2}^{2}<2200 | 20> + c_{1}\beta_{2}\beta_{4}<2400 | 20>)$$

depends on the two phonon admixture (b $_1$) and the one hexadecapole phonon admixture (c_1) to the first 2⁺ state (see | Re Lö 72 a|). In the cases where we apply the vibrational model these amplitudes are expected to be very small so that for the $0 \rightarrow 2_1^+$ transition second order terms are neglected.⁺⁾In the same way the octupole transition rate is calculated only in first order. For a $0^+ \rightarrow 4_1^+$ transition however second order contributions are certainly of importance as in the matrix elements

$$<0 | |Q_4^{(2)}| | 4_1 > = \frac{1}{\sqrt{4\pi}} (\sqrt{2} b_4 \beta_2^2 < 2200 | 40 > + c_4 \beta_2 \beta_4 < 2400 | 40 >)$$

the amplitude $b_4 \approx \beta_{24}/\beta_{02}$) has the order of magnitude of 1. The amplitude c_4 is expected to be small and a corresponding contribution is omitted. For the calculation of the transition rates the ${\rm c}_{\rm m}$ values quoted in tab. 7 have been converted into values c_{nm} of the nuclear mass distribution by the procedure

⁺⁾The amplitude b_1 is related to the static quadrupole moment by $Q_2 = \frac{12}{5} \frac{1}{\sqrt{7\pi}}$ $b_1 \cdot Z \cdot c_{m_0}^2 \cdot \beta_2$, so that second order effects would certainly contribute in applying the expression 4.2 to deformed nuclei.

Nuclide	B(IS 2; 0 ⁺ +2 ⁺ ₁) [e ² ·fm ⁴]	B(IS 2; 0 ⁺ +2 ⁺ ₁) s.p.y.	B(E2; 0 ⁺ +2 ⁺) s.p.u.	Reference	Method .
20 _{Ne}	323. (20.)	20. (1.3)	20. (3.8) 19.3 (3.0) 14.7 (2.3)	[St Gr 65, Be 69] ⁺ [Ko Fu 66, Be 69] ⁺ [Sp Ha 65, Be 69] ⁺	EM IS IS
56 _{Fe}	1095. (75.)	17.2(1.2)	14.1 (1.6) 15.2 (0.3) 12.4 (1.9)	[St Gr 65, Be 69] ⁺ [Le Cl 72] [Be 69]	EM EM reorientation IS
58 _{Ni}	484. (39.)	7.3(0.6)	9.9 (1.5) 10.3 (0.2) 15.8 (1.6)	[Du Bo 67, Be 69] ⁺ [Le Cl 70] [Ja Ha 67, Be 69] ⁺	EM Coulomb excit. EM reorientation IS
60 _{Ni}	696. (45.)	10.6(0,6)	14.0 (1.2) 13.1 (0.3) 20.0	[St Gr 65, Be 69] ⁺ [Cl Ge 69] [In 68, Be 69 ⁺]	EM EM reorientation IS
90 _{Zr}	446. (24.)	3.72(0.2)	3.5 (1.3) 5.7 (1.7)	[St Gr 65, Be 69] ⁺ [Ma Be 68]	EM IS
116 _{Sn}	2374. (68.)	14.1 (0.4)	14.0 (0.7) 17.0 (2.5)	[St 68, Be 69] ⁺ [Bi Ha 68, Be 69] ⁺	EM IS
	B (IS 3; 0 ⁺ →3 ⁻ ₁) [e ² fm ⁶]·10 ⁻ 3	B(IS 3; 0 ⁺ →3 <u>1</u>) s.p.u.	B(E3; 0 ⁺ →3 <u>1</u>) s.p.u.		
56 _{Fe} 90 _{Zr} 116 _{Sn}	19.8 (2.1) 69.4 (3.8) 157.6 (5.4)	15.2 (2.5) ⁺⁺ 20.6 (2.2) 28.2 (0.9)	4.8 20.0 (1.6) 15. (4.) ² 24.2 (3.6)	[Be 69] [Ma Be 68] [Cu 68, Be 69] ⁺ [Bi Ha 68, Be 69] ⁺	IS IS EM IS
	B(IS 4; 0 ⁺ →4 ⁺) [e ² fm ⁸] · 10 ¹⁻ 4	B(IS 4; 0 ⁺ →4 ⁺) s.p.u.	B(E4; 0 ⁺ +4 ⁺) s.p.u.	. · · · · ·	
²⁰ Ne 56 _{Fe} 58 _{Ni} 60 _{Ni}	7.9 (1.2) 7.6 (1.8) 22.3 (2.6) 19.3 (2.3)	47.6 (7.2) 2.9 (0.5) 7.8 (1.) 6.9 (0.7)	4.5 (1.0)	[Ja Ha 67]	IS

* Quoted values were taken from [Be 69]

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⁺⁺ The analysis of our data basing on the harmonic vibrator model resulted in $\beta_3 = 0.228$

Tab. 8 Isoscalar transition rates B(IS L; 0 + L) calculated from the results quoted in tab. 7, by the method given in the text. Column 4-6 show comparable experimental results obtained by various methods. Numbers in bracket indicate the errors in the last digits. used in sect. 2.1. In Tab. 8 the results are compiled and compared to findings obtained by different methods.

5. CONCLUDING REMARKS

The presented empirical studies of the effective interaction in the folding model approach of 104 MeV α -particle scattering results in the following statements:

- (i) Elastic scattering differential cross sections in particular in the diffraction region can well be described by a Gaussian effective interaction the strength of which phenomenogolically was adjusted to $0.96 \cdot 43$. MeV for 104 MeV α -particles. The resulting rms-radii of nuclear matter are in agreement with comparable values of the charge distribution, except for very light nuclei, for which the adopted form of the density distribution may not be reasonable.
- (ii) The effective interaction obtained from elastic scattering can be applied to coupled channel calculations of the inelastic scattering without further modification. RMS-radii and multipole moments of the nucleon density distribution are unambigously defined by the measured cross sections though some parameter correlations exist.
- (iii)Exchange effects frequently discussed Bi Ta 73, Schae 70 need not to be explicitely considered because their influence is sufficiently absorbed by the phenomenologically adjusted strength of the effective interaction.

Furthermore a method for deducing isoscalar transition rates from (α, α') reactions is proposed in this paper. It is directly based on the nucleon density distribution the parameter values of which were obtained from a folding model fit to the measured data. This procedure is more closely related to the induced transitions which are considered to be due to rotations or vibrations of the nuclear matter distribution. Therefore this method seems to be

more reasonable than those approaches |Be 69| which are primarily based on parameters of a deformed optical potential extracted from ordinary DWBA analyses.

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Appendix

Experimental cross sections of 90 Zr and 116 Sn: The quoted errors of the experimental cross sections include the error arising from the finite angular acceptance which is converted into a cross section error.

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SCATTERING OF 104 MEV ALPHAPAFTICLES (N - 50 ZR

C = 0.0 MEV I = 0+

ECM = 99.573 MEV K = 4.2724/FERMI ETA = 2.47120

LA	BORATCKY CA	ATA	RUTHERFORD		CM DATA	
THETA	SIGMA	DSIGMA	SIG ⊭A/SR	THETA	SIGMA	CSIGMA
DEGREE	MB/SR	8		DEGPEE	MBISK	ME/SR
6.55	8.2625+03	3.1	3, 3355-01	H 94	7.5646+03	2.318E+02
9.95	4.7205+03	6.6	3.490E-01	10.40	4.3231+03	2.645++02
10.45	2.879E+C3	9.5	2.588E-01	10.92	2.6376+03	2.618E+02
11.45	8.431E+02	16•0	1.091E-01	11.97	7.7251+02	1.238E+02
11.95	5.1052+02	5.3	7.8356-02	12.49	4.678E+02	2.471E+01
12.55	5.86/2+02	1.1	1.0556-01	13.12	5.3776+02	6.036E+00
12.95	7.0175+02	2.6	1.7256-01	13.54	5.335402	1.0010+01
13.95	7.8575+02	0.3	2.2345-01	14.58	7.205F+02	2.389E+00
14.45	7.161E+02	2.5	2.342E-01	15.10	6.568E+02	1.620E+01
14.95	6.103E+02	5.7	2.2656-01	15.62	5.599E+02	3.190E+01
15.45	3.690E+02	10.6	1.575E-01	16.15	3,386[+02	3.640E+01
15.95	2.139E+02	12.5	1.036E-01	16.67	1.963E+02	2.460E+01
16.45	1.014E+02	19.3	5.552E-02	17.19	9.308E+01	1.798E+01
16.95	1.81/E+01	47.3	1.1216-02	17.71	1.6686+01	7.897E+00
17.05	1.0412+01	18.6	1.0076-02	18.23	1.4156401	2.0310+00
18.45	7.9916+01	8.4	5.859E=02	16.28	7.3425+01	5.182E+00
18.95	1.1395+02	4.1	1.053E-01	19.80	1.047E+02	4.311E+00
19.45	1.266E+02	1.0	1.3476-01	20.32	1.164E+02	1.110E+00
19.95	1.251E+02	2.2	1.472E-01	20.84	1.150E+02	2+624E+00
20.45	9.853E+Cl	6.1	L-279E-01	21.36	9.062E+01	5.492E+00
20.95	6.555E+Cl	9.9	9.362E-02	21.89	6.031E+01	5.5448+00
21.45	3.397E+01	16.C	5.3266-02	22.41	3.126E+01	4-987E+00
21.95	1.1425+01	28.2	1.961E-02	22.93	1.0516+01	2.966E+00
22.45	1.946400	22.1	3+362t~U3 6 0855_03	23.45	1.8386+00	6.1045-01
22.45	8.4015+00	19.5	1.873F-02	23.91	7.7416+00	1.510F+00
23.95	1.8375+01	9.7	4.450E-02	25.01	1.693E+01	1.649E+00
24.45	2.623E+C1	4.2	6.894E-02	25.53	2.418E+01	1.C50E+00
24.95	2.963E+01	0.5	8.434E-02	26.05	2.733E+01	2.511E-01
25.45	2.831E+01	2.8	8.712E-02	26.57	2.612E+01	7.315E-01
25.95	2.189E+01	5.5	7.272E-02	27.09	2.020E+01	1.185E+00
26.45	1.556E+01	8.5	5.572E-02	27.61	1.4376+01	1.2228+00
26.95	8.712E+00	12.9	3.3585-02	28-14	8.0462+00	1.0362+00
27.42	4.3072+00	16.6	7.3685-03	20.00	4+035E+00	2.534E-01
28.45	1.6565+00	10.4	7.8535-03	29.70	1.5316+00	1.593E-01
28.95	3.336E+00	12.5	1.7026-02	30.22	3.085E+00	3.991E-01
29.45	5.929E+00	8.C	3.235E-02	30.74	5.486E+00	4.407E-01
29.95	8.C33E+00	3.8	4.6828-02	31.26	7.435E+00	2.813E-01
30.45	8.8485+00	1.6	5.501E-02	31.78	8.193E+00	1.2976-01
30.95	9.0876+00	1.5	6.021E-02	32.29	8.418E+00	1.261E-01
31.45	/.8622+00	3.1	5.545E-02	18.55	1.280E+00	2.0305-01
32 45	6.204E+00 4 712E+00	2+1 6 C	3 7545-02	33.85	4.370E+00	3-0346-01
32.95	3-023E+00	9.2	2,5565-02	34.37	2.805F+00	2.572E-01
33.45	1.9602+00	6.5	1.7575-02	34.89	1.819E+00	1.191E-01
33.95	1.786E+00	2.C	1.696E-02	35.41	1.659E+00	3.325E-02
34.45	1.97CE+00	4.C	1.980E-02	35.93	1.830E+00	7.273E-02
34.95	2.518E+00	4.7	2.677E-02	36.45	2.340E+0C	1.C93E-01
35.45	3.1026+00	3.3	3.484E-02	36.97	2.885E+00	9.560E-02
35.95	3.416E+00	1.4	4.050E-02	37.49	3.1782+00	4.5546-02
36.45	3.4476+00	1.6	4.3115-02	38.52	3-1455+00	5.0296-02
37.45	3.211E+00	2.4	4.458F-02	39.04	2.992E+00	7.231E-02
37.95	2.663E+00	4.4	3.891E-02	39.56	2.482E+00	1.0918-01
38.45	2.086E+00	5.1	3.206E-02	40.08	1.945E+00	9.857E-02
38.95	1.644E+00	5.6	2.655E-02	40.59	1.534E+00	8.596E-02
39.45	1.1915+00	5.5	2.020E-02	41-11	1.112E+00	6.562E-02
39.95	9.718E-01	3.0	1.730E-02	41.63	9.076E-01	2.756E-02
40.45	9.630E-01	1.6	1.758E-02	42.15	8.9981-01	1.6388-02
41.45	1.1165+00	2.1	2 • U 20E* U2 2 286E-03	42±00 43_19	1.0436+00	2.066F-02
41.95	1.1928+00	1.2	2.559F-02	43.70	1.1166+00	1.284E-02
42.45	1.159E+CO	1.6	2.603E-02	44.21	1.085E+00	1.729E-02
42.95	1.103E+00	2.C	2.590E-02	44.73	1.033E+00	2.114E-02
43.45	9.981E-01	3.C	2.449E-02	45.25	9.356E-01	2.765E-02
43.95	8.349E-01	4.6	2.140E-02	45.76	1.830E-01	3.005E-02
44.45	0.0/38-01 5 1726-01	5•1 4 f	1.4446-03	40.28	0+2021-01 4-8565-01	2.1806-02
44.90	4.5135-01	4.5	1.444E-UZ 1.314E-02	40+00	4.2406-01	1.4595-02
46.45	3.1695-01	3.8	1.002E-02	48.35	2.980E-01	1.120E-02
46.95	2.861E-01	2.4	9.4186-03	48.86	2.692E-01	6.396E-03
47.45	2.994E-01	2.2	1.026E-02	49.38	2.819E-01	6.517E-03
47.95	3.082E-01	2.3	1.058E-02	49.89	2.904E-01	6.654E-03
48.45	2.826E-01	2.4	1.047E-02	50.41	2.664E-01	6.400E-03
48.95	2.848E-01	2.4	1.0575-02	50.92	2.6861-01	5.5/1E-03
47447 50 45	2.9920-01	201 4.1	1+037E=V2 8-631E=03	71+44 52_47	1.8894-01	7.6535-03
51.95	1.3976-01	5.7	6.7215-03	54.01	1.3228-01	7.567E-03
53.45	1.2405-01	3.5	6.631E-03	55.55	1.176F-01	4.127E-03
54.95	1.330E-01	3.2	7.8795-03	57.09	1.264E-01	4.090E-03
56.45	1.104E-01	3.3	7.2216-03	58.63	1.051E-01	3.511E-03
57.95	1.000E-01	3.4	7.200E-03	60.17	9.540E-02	3.288E-03
59.45	9.698E-02	3.8	7.665E-03	61.70	9.2716-02	3.551E-03
60.95	1.062E-01	3.2	9.187E-03	63.24	1.0365-01	3 2025-03
62.45	4.120E-01	2.5	1.0096-02	04.11	8.7818-02	3.0335-03
65.45	9-1305-02	3.5	1 0 20F-02	67.83	8.801E-02	3.065E-03
66.95	8.475E-02	3.6	1.026E-02	69.36	8.188E-02	3.121E-03
68.45	7.047E-02	3.5	9.2225-03	70.88	6.823E-02	2.670E-03
69.95	6.785E-02	4.8	9.580E-03	72.41	6.584E-02	3.191E-03
71.45	5.8436-02	5.6	8.882E-03	73.93	5.682E-02	3.182E-03
72.95	5.029E-02	5.6	8.214E-03	75.45	4.90ZE-02	2./24E-03

SCATTERING OF 104 MEV ALPHAPARTICLES ON 90 ZR

Q = -2.186 MEV I = 2+

ECM = 97.387 MEV K = 4.2252/FERM1 ETA = 2.43878

LA THE TA DEGREE	BORATORY DA SIGMA MB/SR	TA DSIGMA	THETA	CM DATA Sigma MB/SR	DS IGMA
10.45	8+136E+00	5.8	10.93	7.445E+00	4.281E-01
11.95	1.098E+01	3.3	12.50	1.005E+01	3.350E-01
12.45 12.95	9.402E+00 4.726E+00	0.8 18.9	13.02	8.605E+00 4.328E+00	7.549E-01 8.162E-01
13.45	1.928E+00	24.3	14.06	1.766E+00	4.292F-01
14.45	1.5228-01	104.8	14.59	1.3958-01	1.4628-01
14.95 15.45	1.502E+00 2.843E+00	21.1	15.63	1.377E+00 2.606E+00	2.902E-01 2.540E-01
15.95	3.823E+00	6.9	16.68	3.565E+00	2.420E-01
16.95	3.859F+00	4•1 5•4	17.72	4.433E+00 3.546E+00	1.8282-01 1.910E-01
17.45	3.660E+00 3.038E+00	5.2 6.2	18.24	3.358E+00 2.788E+00	1.746E-01 1.716E-01
18.45	2.828E+00	9.2	19.29	2.596E+00	2.377E-01
19.45	7.416E-02	\$5.2	20.33	6.811E-02	6.481E-02
19.95 20.45	1.432E-01 4.666E-01	40.5 18.6	20.85	1.316E-01 4.288E-01	5.334E-02 7.969E-02
20.95	9.053F-01	11.9	21.90	8.322E-01	9.906E-02
21.95	1.480E+00	4.3	22.94	1.361E+00	5.808E-02
22.45 22.95	1.622E+00 1.842E+00	4.0 2.6	23.46 23.98	1.492E+00 1.695E+00	6.034E-02 4.466E-02
23.45	1.486E+00	6.4	24.50	1.368E+00	8.775E-02
23.95	5.429F-01	12.9	25.54	5.001E-01	6.447E-02
24.95 25.45	3.709E-01	12.4	26.06	3.416E-01 1.537E-01	4.253E-02 2.352E-02
25.95	2.5805-01	10.4	27.11	2.379E-01	2.470E-02
26.45	3.283E-01 5.409E-01	11+1 9+5	27.63	4.991E-01	3.347E-02 4.720E-02
27.45 27.95	7.682E-01 7.805E-01	5.0 4.0	28.67	7.091E-01 7.207E-01	3.574E-02 2.847E-02
28.45	7.849E-01	4.3	29.71	7.251E-01	3.1116-02
28.95 29.45	5.999E-01 4.985E-01	6.7	30.23	5.544E-01 4.609E-01	3.741E-02 3.121E-02
29.95 30.45	3.901E-01	8.7 12.2	31.27	3.608E-01	3.132F-02
30.95	1.680E-01	12.3	32.31	1.555E-01	1.908E-02
31.45 31.95	1.455E-01 1.714E-01	10+5 5+6	32.83 33.35	1.347E-01 1.588E-01	1.412E-02 1.517E-02
32.45	2.4598-01	6.9	33.87	2.279E-01	1.579F-02
33.45	2.817E-01	4.3	34.91	2.613E-01	1.135E-02
33.95 34.45	3.104E-01 2.937E-01	5.5 4.7	35•43. 35•95	2.880E-01 2.727E-01	1.570E-02 1.282E-02
34.95	2.390E-01	5.9	36.46	2.220E-01	1.312E-02
35.95	1.424E-01	9.0	37.50	1.324E-01	1.188E-02
36.45 36.95	1.130E-01 1.067F-01	7.9 10.0	38.02 38.54	1.051E-01 9.928E-02	8.295E-03 9.964E-03
37.45	1.239E-01	10.9	39.06	1.153E-01	1.253E-02
38.45	1.1805-01	7.3	40.09	1.100E-01	8.009E-03
38.95 39.45	1.489E-01 1.520E-01	5.6 5.7	40.61 41.13	1.388E-01 1.418E-01	7.757E-03 8.044E-03
39.95	1.424E-01	6.1	41.65	1.329E-01	8.062E-03
40.95	1.317E-01	5.0	42.68	1.230E-01	6.181E-03
41.45 41.95	1.234E-01 1.053E-01	5.6 6.7	43.20 43.72	1.153E-01 9.849E-02	6.429E-03 6.556E-03
42.45	7.955E-02	7.7	44.23	7.444E-02	5.711E-03
43.45	6.201E-02	6.3	45.27	5.809E-02	3.669E-03
43.95 44.45	6.370E-02 6.387E-02	10•3 7•2	45.78 46.30	5.976E-02 5.989E-02	6.154E-03 4.335E-03
44.95	6.414E-02	6.0	46.82	6.018E-02	3.6285-03
46.45	7.0745-02	5.4	48.37	6.649E-02	3.593E-03
46.95 47.45	6.259E-02 5.687E-02	6.0 6.8	48.88 49.40	5.886E-02 5.351E-02	3.544E-03 3.663E-03
47.95	5.088E-02	7.6	49.91	4.790E-02	3.632E-03
48.95	3.783E-02	7.6	50.94	3.566E-02	2.705E-03
49.45 50.45	3.314E-02 2.936E-02	8.2 10.5	51.46 52.49	3.126E-02 2.773E-02	2.561E-03 2.919E-03
51.95	2.139E-02	17.7	54.03	2.024E-02	3.589E-03
54.95	1.680E-02	11.6	57.11	1.596E-02	1.857E-03
56•45 57•95	1.176E-02 1.220E-02	13.5 12.5	58.65 60.19	1.119E-02 1.163E-02	1.510E-03 1.459E-03
59.45	9.476E-03	17.2	61.73	9.054E-03	1.561E-03
62.45	9.057E-03	15.7	64.79	8.690E-03	1.368E-03
63.95 65.45	6.369F-03 7.882E-03	19.3 16.9	66.32 67.85	6.124E-03 7.595E-03	1.179E-03 1.280E-03
66.95	6.700E-03	20.2	69.38	6.470E-03	1.306E-03
69.95	6.798E-03	21.2	72.43	6.594E-03	1.399E-03
71.45 72.95	5.643E-03 2.927E-03	25.4 43.0	73.95 75.48	5.486E-03 2.852E-03	1.392E-03 1.225E-03

- A4 -

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SCATTERING OF 104 MEV ALPHAPARTICLES ON SC ZR

Q = -2.748 MEV I = 3-

ECM = 96.825 MEV K = 4.2130/FERMI ETA = 2.506C2

LA	BCRATCRY DA	AT A		CH DATA		
THE TA DEGREE	SIGMA MB/SR	DSIGMA %3	THETA Cegree	SIGMA MB/SR	D SIGPA MB/SR	
8.55	3.016E+01	5.7	8.54	2.7586+01	1.562E+00	
10.45	2.551E+00	27.5	10.93	2.334E+00	6.425E-01	
11.45	8.801E+00	14.2	12.50	3.780E+CC 8.056E+CO	5.379E-01 1.112E+00	
12.45	1.742E+01	4.7	13.02	1.595E+C1	7.429E-01	
12.95	1.829E+01	2.0	13.54	1.675E+C1	3.2838-01	
13.95	1.761E+01	2.7	14.59	1.613E+C1	4.401E-01	
14.95	9.181E+00	10.7	15.63	8.413E+0C	5.C28E-C1	
15.45 15.95	5.5852+00 2.447E+00	12.6	16.16	5.115E+00 2.243E+00	6.450E-01 4.106E-01	
16.45	1.326E+00	11.5	17.20	1.216E+00	1.3968-01	
17.45	2.875E+00	14.3	18.24	2.637E+CC	3.773E-01	
17.95	5.275E+00 6.093E+00	7•1 3•7	18.77	4.840E+CC 5.552F+CC	3.44CE-01 2.081E-01	
18.95	7.198E+00	2.2	19.81	6.6C8E+0C	1.459E-01	
19.45	6.449E+00	1.9	20.33	6.4786+00 5.9236+00	2.337E-01	
20.45	4.818E+00	7.7	21.38	4.4276+00	3.4C9E-01	
21.45	1.343E+00	17.8	22.42	1.235E+CC	2.203E-01	
21.95	5.811E-01	14.2	22.94	5.343E-01	7.568E-02	
22.95	1.498E+00	10.6	23.98	1.378E+C0	1.4626-01	
23.45	2.212E+00 3.029E+00	7.3 5.3	24.50	2.036E+C0 2.789E+CC	1.485E-01 1.484E-C1	
24.45	3.717E+00	2.3	25.55	3.423E+CC	7.71CE-02	
25.45	3.307E+00	3.5	26.55	3.048E+CC	1.065E-01	
25.95	2.584E+00	6.3 8.1	27.11	2.382E+CC	1.497E-01	
26.95	1.217E+00	8.6	28.15	1.123E+CO	5.670E-C2	
27.45 27.95	7.834E-01 5.813E-01	9.0 5.0	28•67 29•19	7.230E-C1 5.367E-C1	6.481E-C2 2.671E-C2	
28.45	6.596E-01	6.0	29.71	6.092E-01	3.670E-02	
28.95	1.229E+00	6.0	30.75	1.136E+CC	6.863E-02	
29.95	1.529E+00	2.7	31.27	1.414E+CC	3.885E-02	
30.95	1.386E+00	3.2	32.31	1.283E+CC	4.122E-02	
31.45 31.95	1.189E+00 9.473E-01	4.6 5.2	32.83	1.101E+CC 8.774E-C1	5.06CE-02 4.538E-02	
32.45	7.609E-01	6.4	33.67	7.050E-01	4.546E-02	
33.45	3.864E-01	5.0	34.51	3.583E-C1	1.781E-62	
33.95	3.930E-01	4.6	35.43	3.646E-C1	1.690E-02	
34.95	4.854E-01	4.4	36.47	4.507E-C1	1.570E-02	
35.45	5.553E-01 5.848E-01	4•2 2•7	36,99 37,51	5.159E-C1 5.435E-C1	2.187E-C2 1.457E-C2	
36.45	6.048E-01	2.5	38.02	5.624E-01	1.4056-62	
37.45	5.459E-01	3.1	39.06	5.081E-C1	1.5868-02	
37.95	4.578E-01	4.6	39°28 40°10	4.263E-01	1.971E-02	
38.95	3.072E-01	5.5	40.62	2.864E-01	1.5876-02	
39.45	2.442E-01 2.581E-01	4.5 4.0	41.13	2.277E-C1 2.408E-C1	1.025E-02 9.542E-C3	
40.45	2.502E-01	3.7	42.17	2.336E-C1	E.741E-C3	
41.45	2.997E-01	3.3	43.20	2.801E-C1	9.136E-03	
41.95 42.45	3.420E-01 3.348E-01	2.3	43.72	3.198E-C1 3.132E-C1	7.456E-C3 6.587E-03	
42.95	3.144E-01	3.4	44.76	2.943E-C1	1.CC7E-02	
43.45	2.4846-01	2.4 4.8	45.75	2.326E-C1	1.117E-02	
44.45 44.95	2.137E-01	4.6	46.31	2.004E-01	5.152E-03	
45.45	1.668E-01	3.3	47.34	1.566E-01	5.143E-03	
46.45 46.95	1.510E-01 1.486E-01	3.2 3.2	48.37	1.419E-01 1.397E-01	4.59CE-03 4.527E-03	
47.45	1.488E-01	3.3	49.40	1.400E-C1	4.568E-03	
41.95	1.3726-01	3.6	49.92 50.43	1.292E-01	4.594E-03	
48.95 49.45	1.598E-01	3.1	50•55 51-46	1.506E-01	4.641E-03	
50.45	1.112E-01	4.8	52.49	1.050E-01	5.089E-03	
51.95 53.45	7.308E-02 6.681E-02	8.0 4.9	54•04 55•58	6.332E-02	p.518E-03 3.134E-03	
54.95	6.322E-02	4.8	57.12	6.003E-02	2.901E-03	
57.95	4.555E-02	700 504	50°56 60°20	4.343E-C2	2.332E-03	
59.45 60.95	3.665E-02 4.127E-02	6.6 5.4	61.73 63.27	3.501E-02 3.951E-02	2.302E-03 2.136E-03	
62.45	4.189E-02	5.5	64.80	4.019E-02	2.196E-03	
63.95 65.45	3.737E-02 3.877E-02	5.4 6.2	66.33 67.86	3.593E-02 3.736E-02	1.558E-03 2.305E-03	
66.95	3.126E-02	6.4	69.35	3.019E-02	1.937E-03	
00+45 69+95	2.904E-02	204 804	72.44	2.817E-C2	2.361E-03	
71.45 72.95	2.456E-02	8°1 7°2	73.96 75.48	2.388E-C2 2.646E-C2	2.080E-03 2.047E-03	

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SCATTERING OF 104 MEV ALPHAPARTICLES CN 116 SN

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Q = 0.0 MEV I = 0+ ECM = 100.532 MEV K = 4.3135/FERMI ETA = 3.08900

LA	BORATCRY DA	ΓΑ	PUTHERFORD		CM DATA	
THETA	SIGMA	DSIGMA	SIGMA/SR	THETA	SIGMA	DSIGMA
DEGREE	MB/SR	R		DÉGRÉÉ	MB/SR	M8/SR
7 66	3 0105104	۸ C	4 7 205 01	7 0 2	2 8005104	1 7446407
8.05	2.2906+04	4.6	4.7290-01	1.02	2.1375+04	1.0235403
8,55	1.915E+04	3.6	4.9455-01	8.85	1.788F+04	6.714E+02
9.05	1.572E+04	5.0	5.093E-01	9.37	1.468E+04	7.347E+02
9.55	1.129E+04	7.1	4.533E-01	9.89	1.0548+04	7.496E+02
10.05	7.696E+03	9.1	3.788E-01	10.40	7.186E+03	6.562E+02
10.55	4.2735+03	11.8	2.553E-01	10.92	3.990E+03	4.728E+02
11.05	2.6382+03	9.3	1.8565-01	11.44	2.4645403	2.2816+02
12.05	1.577E+C3	1.7	1.6015-01	12.47	1.4735+03	2.479E+01
12.55	1.589E+03	0.6	1.856E-01	12.99	1.485E+03	9.009E+00
13.05	1.581E+C3	0.5	2.205E-01	13.51	1.477E+03	7.8C9E+00
13.55	1.540E+03	2.4	2.494E-01	14.03	1.439E+03	3.429E+01
14.05	1.228E+03	5.6	2.258E-01	14.54	1.148E+03	6.405E+01
14.55	8.612E+02	8.3	1.852E-01	15.06	8.051E+02	6.6916+01
15.05	5.140E+02	11.6	1.2646-01	15.58	4.8066402	5.598E+01
12.32	2.0302+02	14.1	1.422E-02 4.498E-02	10+09	2.4100402	3.5026+01
16.55	1.1635+02	1.6	4.173E-02	17.13	1.088F+02	1.705E+00
17.05	1.557E+02	5.5	6.2885-02	17.65	1.457E+02	7.999E+00
17.55	2.013E+02	4.4	9.117E-02	18.16	1.884E+02	8.257E+00
18.05	2.436E+02	1.5	1.233E-01	18.68	2.280E+02	3.394E+00
18.55	2.330E+02	2.5	1.315E-01	19.20	2.181E+02	5.3615+00
19.05	1.8765+02	5.8	1.176E-01	19.71	1.757E+02	1.018E+01
19.55	1.246E+02	9.8	8.657E-02	20.23	1.167E+02	L.149E+01
20.05	6.552E+01	14.9	5.0316-02	20.75	6.137E+01	9.122E+00
20.55	2.7362+01	20.4	2.3165-02	21.20	2.5632+01	5.2326+00
21.05	9.7000+00 4 7510+00	21.2	9.003E-03	21.18	4 3 2 0 L 4 0 0	1+939E+00 5 5175-01
22.05	1.55555+01	16-6	1.7395-02	22.50	1.458F+01	2.4196+00
22.55	3.251F+01	9.6	3.9735-02	23.33	3.049E+01	2.9225+00
23.05	4.655E+01	3.5	6.203E-02	23.84	4.366E+01	1.529E+00
23.55	4.858E+01	0.7	7.045E-02	24.36	4.558E+01	3.183E-01
24.05	4.461E+01	3.5	7.028E-02	24.88	4.186E+01	1.484E+00
24.55	3.3185+01	7.C	5.669E-02	25.39	3.114E+01	2.181E+00
25.05	2.148E+01	10.8	3.973E-02	25.91	2.017E+01	2.174E+00
25.55	1.010E+01	18.3	2.019E-02	26.43	9.485E+00	1.734E+00
26.05	3.0515+00	31.2	6.583E-03	26.94	2.866E+00	8.932E-01
26.55	6.020E-01	20.5	1.4005-03	27.46	5.657E-01	1.1836-01
27.00	1.8012+00	22+1	4.5050-03	21.91	1.0935400	4.2536-01
28.05	3.1042+00 8.426E+00	6.6	2-4305-02	20.47	7.924E+00	5.5016-01
28.55	1.093E+01	2.5	3.379E-02	29.52	1.028E+01	2.605E-01
29.05	1.100E+01	1.5	3.640E-02	30.04	1.035E+01	1.5786-01
29.55	9.4855+00	5.2	3.355E-02	30.55	8.928E+00	4.598E-01
30.05	6.1402+00	8.5	2.319E-02	31.07	5.781E+00	5.131E-01
30.55	4.0602+00	11.7	1.636E-02	31.58	3.824E+00	4.464E-01
31.05	1.430E+00	24.6	6.137E-03	32.10	1.347E+00	3.319E-01
31.55	5.467E-01	18.1	2.457E-03	32.61	5.152E-01	9.337E-02
32.05	4.5438-01	17.3	2.206E-03	33.13	4.2835-01	1.3975-02
32.55	1.3075+00	12.9	6 • 7 42E= 03	30.64	2 7716+00	1.3095-01
34.05	2.930E+00	4.1	2.1105-02	35.19	3-242E+00	4.6025-02
34.55	3.2025+00	3.0	2.082E-02	35.70	3.0246+00	9.0236-02
35.05	2.5635+00	5.C	1.762E-02	36.22	2.421E+00	1.2155-01
35.55	1.9642+00	6.3	1.426E-02	36.73	1.856E+00	1.1685-01
36.05	1.3665+00	9.3	1.047E-02	37.24	1.291E+00	1.201E-01
36.55	7.218E-01	12.2	5.836E-03	37.76	6.826E-01	8.311E-02
37.05	5.0948-01	5.8	4.341E-03	38.27	4.819E-01	2.815E-02
37.55	4.751E-C1	6.4	4.263E-03	38.79	4.496E-01	2.866E-02
38.05	7.667E-01	6.3	7.240E-03	39.30	1.258E-01	4.545t-02 3.7676-03
38.22	9.1302-01 1.1016+00	4.5	9.000E-03	40.33	1.043E+00	3.7786-02
39.55	1.2375+00	2.4	1.355E-02	40.84	1.172E+00	2.8266-02
40.05	1.271E+00	2.1	1.461E-02	41.36	1.205F+00	2.515E-02
40.55	1.144E+00	3.6	1.3796-02	41.87	l.085E+00	3.862E-02
41.05	9.4705-01	5.1	1.157E-02	42.38	8.986E-01	4.558E-02
41.55	7.1956-01	6.5	9.524E-03	42.90	6.830E-01	4.4356-02
42.05	5.2272-01	1.0	7+242t-03	43.41	4.9042-01	3.4945-02
42.55	3.240=-01	0.2	2 • 0 472= U3 6 · 0 245-03	43.72	3-0885-01	1.379F-02
43.56	3.3056-01	4.3	5.2365-03	44.94	3.1436-01	1.3258-02
44.05	3.780E-01	4.2	6.252F-03	45.46	3.596E-01	1.500E-02
44.55	4.0776-01	4.3	7.039E-03	45.97	3.880E-01	1.687E-02
45.05	4.816E-01	3.7	8.674E-03	46.49	4.585E-01	1.676E-02
45.55	4.791E-01	3.5	8.958E-03	47.00	4.563E-01	1.575E-02
46.05	4.4416-01	4.1	8.692E-03	47.51	4.232E-01	1.746E-02
46.55	3.8126-01	4.2	7.772E-03	48.02	3.634E-01	1.5446-02
47.05	3.6175-01	5.1	7.678E-03	48.54	3.4508-01	1.7435-02
47.55	2.5796-01	1.2	5.65712-03	49.05	2.4010-01	1.3406-02
48.00	2.1500-01	0.0	9+940E-03 3 6 26E-03	47.50	1 4505-01	1 0935-02
40.77	1.3516-01	1.7	3.3545-03	50.59	1.2916-01	7.4556-02
49.55	1.3696-01	J.C 5.F	3.5316-03	51_09	1.309F-01	7.5446-03
50.05	1.363E-01	6.0	3.650E-03	51.61	1.304E-01	7.792E-03
50.55	1.166E-01	6.7	3.241E-03	52.12	1.116E-01	7.445E-03
51.05	1.2135-01	6.1	3.457E-03	52.63	1.161E-01	7.028E-03
51.55	1.215E-01	6.5	3.633E-03	53.14	1.164E-01	7.5126-03
52.05	9.0759-02	7.7	2.813E-03	53.65	8.696E-02	6.653E-03
52.55	9.3495-02	7.0	3.003E-03	54.16	8.963E-02	6.239E-03
53.55	7.152E-C2	9.4	2.4638-03	55.18	6.863E-02	0.4/42-03 5.2545-03
54.05	5.2416-02	10.4	1.00000-03	22.09	5.U32E-U2	5.0556-03
55.05	4.0015-02	11.5	1 220E-A2	57 55	7.9925-02	3.5676-03
52055 56 55	3.9516-02	11 0	1-6645-03	58.24	3.8034-02	4.1945-03
58.05	2.8855-02	13.4	1-337F-03	59.77	2.781E-02	3.734E-03
59.55	2.3518-02	15.7	1.196E-03	61.30	2.270E-02	3.572E-03
61.05	1.056E-02	21.5	5.878E-04	62.83	1.021E-02	2.196E-03
62.55	1.449E-02	20.6	8.803E-04	64.35	1.404E-02	2.898E-03
64.05	1.722E-02	18.7	1.1396-03	65.87	1.671E-02	3.130E-03
65.55	8.378E-03	30.4	6.018E-04	67.40	8.1428-03	2.4736-03

SCATTERING CF 104 MEV ALPHAPARTICLES CN 116 ZR

Q = -1.293 MEV I = 2+

ECN = 99.239 MEV K = 4.2857/FERMI ETA = 3.10906

LA	BORATORY C	A T A		CM DATA		
THETA	SIGMA	CSIGMA	THETA	SIGMA	DSIGMA	
0 LONCE	107 51	•	CLONEL	1407 51	107 51	
7.55	1.967F+01	21.8	7.82	1.835E+01	4.002E+00	
8.55	3.753F+00	73.0	8.85	3.5628+00	4.158E+00 2.558E+00	
9.05	2.3525+01	16.0	9.37	2.195E+01	3.505E+00	
9.55	3.2075+01	8.6	9.89	2+993E+01	2.584E+00	
10.55	4.404F+01	6.1	10.92	4.1118+01	2.511E+00	
11.05	4.293E+01	6.2	11.44	4.0C8E+01	2.504E+00	
11.55	3.9055+01 2.1955+01	7.4	11.96	3.646E+()1	2.6868+00	
12.55	8.250E+10	27.2	12.99	7.765E+00	2.092E+00	
13.05	2.421E+03	44.8	13.51	2.261E+00	1.014E+00	
13.55	2.9875-02	2971.7	14.03	2.796E-02	8.291E-01	
14.55	1.036F+01	10.9	15.06	9.681E+00	1.051E+00	
15.05	1.330E+01	9.0	15.58	1.243E+01	1.123E+00	
15.55	1.553E+01	7.8	16.10	1.4528+01	1.126E+04	
16.55	1.3385+01	8.3	17.13	1.251E+01	1.035E+00	
17.05	8.405F+00	11.3	17.65	7.861E+90	8.870E-01	
17.55	4.2055+00	17.4	18.17	3.933E+C0	6.8395-01	
18.55	2.502E-01	32.7	19.20	2.3416-01	7.662E-02	
19.05	1.287E+00	20.3	19.72	1.265E+r 0	2.451E-01	
19.55	2.7385+00	17.3	20.23	2.563E+00	4.436E-01	
20.05	6.702E+00	2.8	21.27	6.277E+00	1.7755-01	
21.05	6.739E+00	2.6	21.78	6.313E+00	1.646E-(1	
21.55	5.690E+00	4.5	22.30	5.331E+00	2.385E-01	
22.55	2.644F+00	13.8	22.82	4.102E+00	2.959E=01 3.423E=01	
23.05	8.587E-01	28.0	23.85	8.C51E-01	2.251E-01	
23.55	2.836E-01	21.4	24.37	2.660E-01	5.6818-02	
24.05	3.001E-01 1.011E+00	14.2	24.88 25.40	3.3/66-01 9.4868-01	8.114E-02 1.351E-01	
25.05	1.728F+00	9.2	25.91	1.622E+00	1.488E-01	
25.55	2.499F+00	5.4	26.43	2.346E+0U	1.275E-01	
26.5	2.9868+00	1.7	26.95	2+864E+00	4.8728-02	
27.05	2.4435+00	4.9	27.98	2.295E+00	1.121E-01	
27.55	1.6815+00	5.2	28.49	1.580E+00	1.4548-01	
28,05	9.368E-01	13.5	29.01	8.8676-01	1.1938-01	
29.05	2.3075-01	9.7	30.04	2.170E-01	2.104E-02	
29.55	2.624E-01	15.2	30.56	2.469E-01	3.741E-02	
30.05	6.1040-01	10.7	31.07	5.745E-01	6.161E-02	
31.05	1.215F+00	7.4	31.39	1.144F+00	4.281F-02	
31.55	1.2745+00	2.0	32.62	1.2008+00	2.441E-02	
32.05	1.2505+00	3.6	33.13	1.178E+09	4.2118-02	
32+55	9.5336-01	10.0	33.65	8.987E-01 4.728E-01	5+372E-02	
34.05	2.670E-01	12.7	35.19	2.5208-01	3.207E-02	
34.55	1.8585-01	5.8	35.71	1.754E-01	1.009E-02	
35.05	2.697F-01 3.165E-01	6.1	36.22	2.547E-01	1.702E-02	
36.05	4.215E-01	6.2	37.25	3.983E-01	2.4716-02	
36.55	5.275E-01	3.4	37.77	4.987E-01	1.589E-02	
37.05	4.7175-01	3.5	38,28	4.461E-01	1.5745-02	
38.05	4.0428-01	8.3	39.31	3.825E-01	3.169E-02	
38.55	1.919E-01	17.0	39.82	1.817E-01	3.0926-02	
39.05	1.082E-01	14.2	40.34	1.025E-01	1.459E-02	
40.05	9.143E-02	10.2	41.36	8.6666-02	8.866E-03	
40.55	1.1678-01	9.0	41.88	1.1078-01	9.921E-03	
41.05	1.455E-01	8.0	42.39	1.38CE-01	1.0986-02	
42.05	2.0675-01	5.8	43.42	1.962E-01	1.1325-02	
42.55	2.290F-01	4.8	43.93	2.175E-01	1.049E-02	
43.05	2.168E-01	5.3	44.44	2.060E-01	1.088E-02	
44.05	1.483E-01	7.9	45.47	1.4108-01	1.115E-02	
44.55	1.242E-01	7.5	45.98	1.182E-01	8.839E-03	
45.05	1.086E-01	7•8 8-5	46.50	1.034E-01 8.921E-02	8.081E-03 7.542E-03	
46.05	8.0608-02	8.5	47.52	7.678E-02	6.539E-03	
46.55	9.034E-02	7.6	48.03	8.616E-02	6.573E-03	
47.05	8.7805-02	8.2	48.54	8.372E-02	6.893E-03	
47.55	9.952E-02 8.446E-02	7.4	49.00	9.493E-02 8.06CE-02	5.976F-03	
48.55	8.742E-02	7.3	50.08	8.347E-02	6.086E-03	
49.05	1.000E-01	6.7	50.59	9.556E-02	6.374E-03	
47.22	6.8828-02	9.1	51.62	6.580E-02	6.013E-03	
50.55	6.821E-02	8.4	52.13	6.525E-02	5.486E-03	
51.05	6.093E-02	9.2	52.64	5.831E-02	5.349E-03	
51.55 52.05	4.556E-02 5.300E-02	9.2	53.15	4.J62E-02 5.C77E-02	4.500E-03	
52.55	3.367E-02	13.3	54.17	3.227E-02	4.288E-03	
53.55	3.838E-02	12.2	55.19	3.682E-02	4.509E-03	
54.05	3.951E-02	10.8	55.70	3. 792E-02	4.110E-03	
55.55	3.281E-02	12.2	57.23	3.1546-02	3.840E-03	
56.55	2.6705-02	14.0	58,25	2.569E-02	3.606E-03	
58.05	2.2118-02	14.9 14.9	59.78	2.1318-02	3.185E-03	
27.25	5.992E-03	44.7	62.84	5.793E-03	2.5888-03	
62,55	1.580E-02	19.5	64.36	1.53CE-02	2.9778-03	
64.05	1.115E-02	24.3	65.89	1.0828-02	2.628E-03	
02022	201115-03	J 4 6 U	01041	200126-03	** * * * C - O 3	

- A7 -

SCATTERING OF 104 MEV ALPHAPARTICLES ON 116 SN

Q = -2.266 MEV I = 3-

ECM = 98.266 MEV K = 4.2646/FERMI ETA = 3.12441

LA THETA DEGREE	BORATORY DA SIGMA MB/SR	NTA DSIGMA X	THETA Degree	CM DATA SIGMA MB/SR	DSIGPA MB/SR
8.55 9.05	2.980E+01 2.612E+01	9.6 14.0	8.86 9.37	2.780E+C1 2.437E+01	2.659E+60 3.418E+60
9°55 10°05	6.802E+00 8.081E+00	41.0 19.2	9.89 10.41	6.346E+CO 7.54CE+GG	2.604E+C0 1.446E+C0
10.55	2.286E+00	64.7	10.93	2.133E+CC	1.38CE+CO
11.55	1.262E+01	16.5	11.96	1.178E+C1	1.947E+CO
12.05 12.55	2.121E+01 2.247E+01	7.8 6.1	12.4e 13.00	1.58CE+C1 2.098E+C1	1.535E+00 1.285E+00
13.05	2.382E+01	4.2	13.51	2.2246+01	9.294E-01
14.05	1.481E+U1	12.4	14.05	1.383E+C1	1.721E+00
14.55 15.05	8.274E+00 3.797E+00	15.4	15.07 15.58	7.725E+CC 3.548E+CC	1.187E+GO 1.016E+00
15.55	1.647E-034	3398.3	16.10	1.535E-C3	6.675E-01
16.55	6.194E+0U	12.8	17.13	5.790E+00	7.385E-01
17.05	9.246E+00 1.103E+01	5.9 3.8	17.65 18.17	8.644E+C0 1.031E+C1	5.101E-01 3.516E-01
18.05	1.295E+01	4.0	18.69	1.211E+C1	4.806E-01
19.05	7.318E+00	6.1	19.72	6.847±+00	4.159E-01
19.55	4.052E+00 1.784E+00	15.3 19.4	20.24	3.792E+CC 1.67CE+CC	5.791E-01 3.238E-01
20.55	8.948E-01	13.2	21.27	8.377E-C1	1.105E-01
21.05	1.515E+00	13.0	22.30	1.415E+00	1.8468-01
22.05	2.782E+00 4.303E+00	10.3	22.82 23.34	2.606E+00 4.032E+00	2.693E-01 2.457E-01
23.05	5.099E+00	1.9	23.85	4.775E+CC	5.188E-02
23.55 24.05	4.591E+00 3.788E+00	3.5 5.7	24.85	4.504E+UC 3.552E+CC	2.010E-01
24.55	2.764E+00	8.2	25.40	2.593E+00	2.116E-01
25.55	7.619E-01	16.0	26.43	7.150E-C1	1.142E-C1
26.05 26.55	4.741E-01 5.430E-01	5.8 10.6	26.55	4.451E-C1 5.099E-C1	3.025E-C2 5.422E-C2
27.05	1.0262+00	11.2	27.98	9.641E-C1	1.C76E-C1
28.05	1.912E+00	2.9	29.01	1.797E+00	5.181E-62
28.55 29.05	2.107E+00 2.036E+00	2.3 3.0	29.53 30.05	1.581E+CC 1.915E+CC	4.598E-02 5.802E-62
29.55	1.623E+00	6.2	30.56	1.527E+CC	9.508E-62
30.05 30.55	7.772E-01	8.5	31.55	7.315E-01	6.211E-C2
31.05 31.55	4.504E-01 3.117E-01	11.1	32.11 32.62	4.241E-01 2.936E-()	4.690E-02 1.580E-02
32.05	3.880E-01	8.1	33.14	3.655E-C1	2.577E-02
32.55 33.55	5.580E-01 8.578E-01	6.0 4.1	34+68	5.259E-CI 8.09CE-CI	3.297E-02
34.05 34.55	9.378E-01 8.070E-01	2.4	35.20 35.71	8.847E-01 7.616E-01	2.147E-C2
35.05	6.266E-01	5.6	36.23	5.915E-01	3.316E-C2
35.55 36.05	5.102E-01 3.896E-01	5°1 7°2	36.14	4.818E-01 3.681E-01	2.841E-02
36.55 37.05	2.595E-01 2.241E-01	8.3	37.77	2.452E-C1 2.115E-C1	2.036E-02
37.55	2.315E-01	5.9	38.80	2.185E-C1	1.2948-02
38.05	2.472E-01 2.633E-01	5.3 5.7	39.83	2.4928-01	1.4216-02
39.05 39.55	2.981E-01 3.203E-01	4.8 4.2	40.34 40.86	2.823E-C1 3.034E-C1	1.356E-C2 1.272E-C2
40.05	3.058E-01	4.4	41.37	2.898E-61	1.275E-C2
40.55 41.05	2.6258-01	6.0	42.40	2.8496-01 2.4896-01	1.484E-02
41.55	2.105E-01	7.8 8.4	42.91 43.42	1.997E-C1 1.415E-C1	1.548E-02 1.195E-02
42.55	1.435E-01	8.5	43.94	1.363E-61	1.156E-C2
43.55	1.2356-01	8.7	44.56	1.174E-C1	1.C22E-02
44.05 44.55	1.343E-01 1.528E-01	7.2 6.4	45•48 45•99	1.277E-C1 1.453E-C1	5.137E-03 5.295E-C3
45.05	1.5548-01	6.5	46.50	1.479E-C1	9.613E-03
40.05 46.05	1.595E-01 1.598E-01	6.2 6.9	47.53	1.5228-01	1.048E-C2
46.55 47.05	1.148E-01 8.825E-02	9.8 10.9	48.04	1.094E-01 8.413E-02	1.073E-C2 5.147E-03
47.55	6.623E-02	12.0	49.06	6.316E-02	7.56CE-03
48.05	7.790E-02	8.4	50.09	7.436E-C2	6.249E-C3
49.05 49.55	6.973E-02 5.840E-02	9.1 10.5	50.60 51.11	6.659E-C2 5.58CE-C2	6.085E-03 5.87CE-03
50.05	7.405E-02	8.7	51.62	7.075E-C2	6.172E-03
51.05	6.980E-02	9.1	52.65	6.675E-C2	6.109E-03
51.55 52.05	6.151E-02 5.443E-02	11.0 11.1	53.16 53.67	5.886E-C2 5.213E-C2	6°423E-03 2°728-03
52.55	4.587E-02	12.4	54.18	4.395E-02	5.449E-03
54.05	2.131E-02	24.9	55.71	2.045E-02	5.085E-03
55.U5 55.55	3.653E-02 3.317E-02	13.7 11.6	56.73 57.24	3.509E-02 3.188E-02	4.820E-03 3.713E-03
56.55	3.675E-02	13.8	58.26	3.536E-C2	4.850E-03
59.55	1.073E-02	30.0	61.32	1.036E-C2	3.1C7E-03
61.05 62.55	3.102E-03 6.647E-03	77.5 34.1	62.84 64.37	2°362-03 9°365-03	2.325E-03 2.193E-03
64.05	1.506E-02	19.3	65-89	1.461E-02	2.826E-03
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